

HENNESSY SLATE FOR PRIMARY IS MADE UP

All Parts of State Represented in Independent Democratic Ticket.

SEABURY FOR HIGH COURT

Gubernatorial Candidate Silent on Making Race Outside of Party.

The names of the men who will make up the ticket in the Democratic State primaries with John A. Hennessy, seeking the nomination for Governor, and Franklin D. Roosevelt for United States Senator were made public yesterday.

The slate follows:

Lieutenant-Governor—WILLIAM GORHAM ROCK of Albany.

Secretary of State—SIDNEY NEWBORG of New York.

Comptroller—GEORGE G. DAVIDSON, JR., of Buffalo.

State Treasurer—CHARLES E. SUNDERLIN of Rochester.

Attorney-General—JOHN LARKIN of Westchester.

State Engineer and Surveyor—RALPH H. HENNESSY of Watertown.

Associate Justice of the Court of Appeals—Supreme Court Justice SAMUEL SEABURY.

Fourteen of the fifteen men who are candidates on the Hennessy ticket for delegates to the Republican State constitutional convention were also elected yesterday. The other delegates will be elected today.

The slate was arranged by a committee of members of which were selected at a meeting at the Hotel McAlpin on August 15. That committee, consisting of Sheriff D. Henry Brown of Suffolk, Milton E. Gibbs of Rochester, Judge Roscoe Irwin of Kingsford, Bert Hanson of New York, Verne M. Bowie of Westchester and Stuart G. Gibboney, was charged with the duty of inviting well known Democrats to become candidates at the primaries on an anti-Murphy ticket.

The committee announced yesterday that petitions for the nomination of the candidates would be sent throughout the State today.

It was reported yesterday afternoon that Mr. Hennessy would not run for Governor on an independent ticket if defeated in the primaries. Mr. Hennessy himself said that nobody had any authority to make such a statement for him.

URGES SUPPORT OF WILSON.

His Administration Democracy's Best Asset, Says F. D. Roosevelt.

Stuart G. Gibboney, one of the active men backing the candidacy of Franklin D. Roosevelt for United States Senator and John A. Hennessy for Governor, gave out last evening a copy of a telegram which he said had been sent to Mr. Roosevelt from Eastport, Me., to William Church Osborn, Democratic State chairman, in Saratoga. The telegram follows:

"Newspapers received report Mr. Murphy and others endeavoring to prevent any or at most lukewarm endorsements of national Administration in platform. Men with such utter lack of conviction of real political leadership are unfit to be trusted with control of even a city ward.

"With a Mexican policy so successful that Republicans dared not mention it in a State platform and the establishment of currency and banking reform that has stood test of greatest financial shock world has ever known, national Administration is strongest asset Democracy party has. Endorsement not only calmly indorse but point out necessity of electing men at this critical time whose political party insures that they will not flinch executives by seeking party patronage in embargo under the Administration, Congress and all State governments must work in absolute harmony with executives to insure our present peace and security in this war of the world. Every man of the party should be made to stand out squarely for or against support of Administration policy in order that Democratic voters may influence or regulate their leadership at the primaries."

CONVENTION CASE IS ARGUED.

Court Reserves Decision on Appeal by Citizens Union.

The Appellate Division of the Supreme Court heard an appeal yesterday on the appeal by William J. Schieffelin of the Citizens Union from the decision of Justice Seabury denying his injunction application to restrain the election of delegates to the constitutional convention on the ground that a majority of the valid votes cast at a special election were against the proposition.

Louis Marshall, arguing for the plaintiffs, contended that the proposition won by a majority of 318 of all the votes counted, but that the majority of the entire vote cast, including the void and protested ballots, and of which the proposition did not receive a majority.

The court reserved decision, but will hand down a ruling promptly in order that the Court of Appeals may hear the suit when the City Court cases are argued.

REPUBLICANS PICK HILLES.

Send Him With Olcott and Saxo to Revise Constitution.

The three candidates for nomination at the Republican primaries for delegates to the constitutional convention selected from the Eighteenth Senate district, it was announced yesterday, are Charles D. Hilles, chairman of the Republican National Committee; William M. K. Olcott and State Senator Martin Saxo.

The men were selected at a meeting held yesterday at the residence of the members of the county committee of the Nineteenth Assembly District Republican Club on Tuesday evening.

McCarren Clubhouse Sold for Debts.

The old Kings county Democratic clubhouse in Schermerhorn street, Brooklyn, was sold yesterday in the Real Estate Exchange in foreclosure of mortgages aggregating \$115,000. The only bidder was the plaintiff in the foreclosure action, and the price was \$1,750 in excess of the mortgage. The club rapidly declined following the death of Senator P. H. McCarran.

Murphy Leads Applause for President Wilson

Democrats in Happy Mood After Adopting Platform at Saratoga Without a Fight—Only Delegates to Constitutional Convention Are Named

WOMEN SUFFRAGE ADVOCATES GAIN BIG POINT

SARATOGA, Aug. 26.—The Democrats ended their day conference at 6:30 o'clock to-night. They adopted a distinctly advanced platform, designated fifteen candidates for delegates at large to the constitutional convention, gave the woman suffragists more than they hoped for and listened to speeches by State Chairman Osborn and National Chairman McCombs. There was no attempt to indicate a State ticket.

Far more platform discussion was heard than in last week's Republican convention. "The spirit was that of a town meeting. But there was no squall. Charles F. Murphy and his band led the applause for President Wilson and the anti-Murphy men swelled the chorus. Everybody is delighted at the escape from trouble. Chairman McCombs says it has been demonstrated that the Democrats of the State and nation must play the open game in politics. Mr. Osborn is no happier than Mr. Murphy. State nominees will be designated all right, but not before August 8, when the petitions are all filed, the final choice of the organization will be made from among the multitude. The first choice for United States Senator seems to be Ambassador James W. Gerard.

Convention Delegates Named.

Selection of the fifteen men for delegates at large was the last act of the conference. Their names are the party's honor roll. Here they are:

Edgar M. Cullen of Brooklyn, ex-Chief Justice of the Court of Appeals; ex-Gov. John A. Dix, D-Cady Herick of Albany, William F. McCombs of New York, William Church Osborn of Garrison, Morgan W. Littleton of Nassau county, Michael P. McDermid, lawyer, of Brooklyn; Samuel Untermyer of New York, Herman Ritter of New York, Labor Commissioner James M. Lynch of Saratoga, Robert B. Van Cortlandt of Westchester, Morgan J. O'Brien of New York, Senator John F. Fitzmaurice of Elmira, Thomas B. Lockwood of Buffalo and ex-Senator Harvey T. Ferris of Oneida.

The conference made only three changes in the platform prepared by the platform committee, of which Mr. McCombs was chairman. The changes were:

First: A sentence of the executive reform plank saying that the Governor should have absolute power of removal was struck out and replaced by the more explicit "should have the absolute power of removal of executive and administrative State officers."

Second: In the same plank the important sentence, "The number of elective offices should be reduced," was killed entirely.

Mr. Warner had agreed to the short ballot provision in the platform committee sessions, but in today's big meeting Congressman Fitzgerald and Alfred E. Smith showed that they have minds of their own on occasion by asserting that the principles of the party demand more elective offices instead of fewer. The short ballot advocates surrendered rather than force a fight and a roll call. They did not mind anyway, for the executive plank says, "We favor an amendment to the Constitution providing for the selection only of the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, Comptroller and Attorney-General," which clause was adopted.

Suffragists Pleased.

Third: Thanks to Alfred E. Smith, the woman suffrage advocates were raised to the seventh heaven of satisfaction. Their plank as reported to the conference said: "We recognize the widespread interest in this question and pledge ourselves to the submission of a constitutional amendment to the voters of the State, either through the act of the next Legislature or the constitutional convention."

This gave the women no more than the Republicans gave them last week. It had been said it was all they would get. But Al Smith of Tammany and said bluntly:

"If this is all we are going to say about suffrage it's no more than we said two years ago. Let's recognize in some explicit manner our attitude on this question with it or not. Let's insert the words 'growth of' making the plank read, 'We recognize the widespread interest in and growth of this question.'"

Upon the question of graft in the Democratic administration at Albany the platform says:

"That there may be no mistake as to what the actual issue is to be an expression of opinion will be obtained from representative Republicans throughout the State on the State committee chairmanship question and a fight opened along the whole line on the square issue of the elimination of boss rule from the Republican party or a continuation of the present rule and ruin policy, which has accomplished the infamy of Tammany in power in the State."

Great Opportunity Ahead.

Mr. Osborn's speech was calculated to prepare the minds of the conference for advanced platform planks dealing with executive reform.

"All we are trying to do," he said, "is to make effective the constitutional clause which vests the executive power in the hands of the Governor. In our present system the Governor is not the controlling figure. The platform committee's proposal broadens the power of the people, and reduces the power of bureaucracy. I ask you not to look at our suggestions in a small way, for there is a great opportunity right in our path."

In the afternoon all the real work was done. Mr. Murphy sat with J. Sergeant Crane and Alfred Smith, with Secretary Tom Smith of Tammany one seat ahead, John A. Dix and Nathan Straus were conspicuous in the front row. As in the morning, the women were grouped at the rear of the old fashioned, high-ceilinged, sombre ballroom of the Grand Union Hotel, where the conference was held.

Many of the "elder statesmen" invited by Mr. Osborn were absent. Only the State committee, county chairman and executive committee could vote.

McCombs Proud of Platform.

Mr. McCombs led off with an earnest harmony speech. He said the proceedings of the platform committee had been "free, frank and candid and without rancor, and that the platform was one to be proud of. Every Democrat must do his share now."

"I have a hope at stake," he said, "not only party success in this State, but also must uphold the hands of our great President in carrying out a magnificent constructive programme."

There must be harmony in the Democratic party in this State as elsewhere. Candidates must be nominated whom all Democrats can and will support. We must convince the voters of this State that the Democratic party presents candidates who are intent upon giving them good government in its fullest sense.

"Those Democrats who even suggest that the party should not support candidates elected by the popular primary method of voting in this State do not reveal that generous spirit of conciliation and assent to the wisdom of the majority which is in the Democratic party. It is the duty of the Democratic party to support the candidates who will give us the best government in this State."

PRESIDENT IS PRAISED.

Platform Also Asks a Halt on Business Interference.

SARATOGA, Aug. 26.—The Democratic platform as presented to the conference at its noon meeting here today indorses without stint the Federal Administration, and dealing personally with President Wilson says:

"We declare our faith in the wisdom and patriotism of Woodrow Wilson and pledge him our support in discharging the grave duties and solving the complex problems imposed upon him by the high office to which he was called by the people. With singular fortitude and patience our President has steered the impulsive spirit of war and translated for all mankind the meaning of a republic intent on liberty and peace. In dealing with the painful problems of the stricken republic of Mexico we have won and deserves the unstinted approval of his fellow countrymen."

Regarding Federal interference with business the platform says:

"We believe that after the least interference by the Government with industry and business consistent with the demands of the times will insure business prosperity and promote industrial progress."

The woman suffrage plank reads:

"The Democratic Legislature redeemed the party platform of 1912 with regard to woman suffrage. We recognize the widespread interest in and growth of this question."

Upon the question of graft in the Democratic administration at Albany the platform says:

"That there may be no mistake as to what the actual issue is to be an expression of opinion will be obtained from representative Republicans throughout the State on the State committee chairmanship question and a fight opened along the whole line on the square issue of the elimination of boss rule from the Republican party or a continuation of the present rule and ruin policy, which has accomplished the infamy of Tammany in power in the State."

The platform specifically condemns the recall of judges and judicial decisions.

The State control of water powers is favored and the labor and compensation laws passed during the Democratic administration are indorsed.

One plank commits the State to the construction "without delay of dams and reservoirs to regulate the flow of our rivers and for the construction, ownership and control of these dams and reservoirs by the State."

Gov. Glynn's financial policies and reforms are indorsed, and regarding the Governor himself the platform says:

"The present Governor of the State, the Hon. Martin H. Glynn, came to that high office under unprecedented conditions and confronted with unusual difficulties, and the dignity, ability and fearlessness with which he has discharged the duties of his position are equal to the best traditions of the State and deserve the hearty approbation of its people, and we submit to them without regard to party the record of his administration as one of integrity, economy and efficiency."

In the plank on executive reform the platform says:

"In addition to the power of removal now possessed by him the Governor should have the absolute power of removal of all executive and administrative State officers."

RETURNS SHOW BLEASE IS BEATEN BY 16,000

Race in South Carolina for Governor Is Close Among the Three Leaders.

SPARTANBURG, S. C., Aug. 26.—Additional returns from the Democratic primary election yesterday show Senator Ellison D. Smith's defeat of Gov. Cole L. Blease for the party's nomination for the United States Senate to have been decisive. L. D. Jennings and W. P. Potter, the other candidates, are not factors, having received only a few thousand votes. With 22,708 votes, Smith still out, the count this evening stood Smith 49,242, Blease 33,633.

Of the eleven candidates for Governor the following three lead: John G. Richardson, with 22,708 votes; Robert A. Cooper, 22,551; and Richard L. Manning, 22,557.

When Blease was victorious in his race for Governor two years ago in spite of the opposition of Governor Benjamin R. Tillman, he sent Tillman a telegram in which he referred to the "raging of the heathen." Senator Tillman to-day telegraphed Blease: "The heathen still rages, but the people rejoice. See Deuteronomy III, 2-15. Good-by."

HINMAN TURNS GUNS ON BARNES

Chairman Planning to Keep Reins on G. O. P., He Says.

Harvey D. Hinman, Republican candidate for the nomination for Governor, issued a statement last night attacking William Barnes, chairman of the Republican State committee. He said that Barnes is working for the election of State committee members who will select him as chairman. The statement follows:

"Mr. Barnes's statement that his election as chairman is up to the new State committee confirms information received from many sources that he is now making every effort to select candidates for State committee members who will support his reelection."

"This determination of Barnes to continue his disastrous domination of the party organization regardless of effect has aroused Republicans to the vital necessity of following Senator Hinman's lead in making a determined fight not only against Whitman and other Barnes candidates but against Barnes himself as a candidate for reelection as chairman."

"That there may be no mistake as to what the actual issue is to be an expression of opinion will be obtained from representative Republicans throughout the State on the State committee chairmanship question and a fight opened along the whole line on the square issue of the elimination of boss rule from the Republican party or a continuation of the present rule and ruin policy, which has accomplished the infamy of Tammany in power in the State."

DAVENPORT LEADS IN PROGRESSIVE FIGHT

But Hamlin Leads 50 of His Gubernatorial Boomers to Utica Conference.

WORK ALL NIGHT ON PLANK

Steering Committee Will Also Recommend a Full State Ticket.

UTICA, Aug. 26.—The vanguard of Progressive leaders from various sections of the State arrived here to-night for the conference to-morrow on the State ticket. Included in to-night's arrivals were the majority of the members of the steering committee of twenty-one, who within half an hour after reaching headquarters in the Hotel Utica had assembled behind locked doors to discuss platform and candidates preliminary to preparing a report to be submitted to-morrow to the Progressive State committee.

It is understood that the steering committee's report will contain a full State ticket to be recommended to the State committee and also a complete platform. The party declaration of principles, it is said, will contain less than 1,000 words, its main plank being an argument against so-called machine run government.

The meeting of the committee of twenty-one started at 10 o'clock to-night and it was anticipated that it would last until dawn.

The big question that agitated the 200 or more Progressives in the hotel lobby as the steersmen assembled was whether or not the favor of the committeemen should fall on Charles J. Hamlin of Buffalo or ex-Senator Frederick M. Davenport of Clinton as the party's candidate for Governor. Hamlin, the only avowed candidate, arrived here this evening leading half a hundred or more supporters from Erie county.

He announced that he was desirous of leading the Progressive State ticket, but added that if another were nominated by the Bull Moose party for Governor he would do his utmost in behalf of such person's candidacy. He incidentally remarked that he sincerely hoped ex-Senator Hinman would be nominated by the Republicans and John A. Hennessy by the Democrats. In that event, he said, the crushing of the Barnes and Murphy organizations would be assured regardless of whether a Republican, a Democrat or a Progressive won the Governorship.

Senator Davenport is generally regarded among these in close touch with affairs as the man the committee of twenty-one and the Progressive State committee will put forward as the party's candidate for the Governorship. Davenport to-night refused to say that he was a candidate, though his demeanor indicated he was in a receptive mood.

State Chairman Theodore Douglas Robinson favors Davenport. It is believed, and as Robinson appears to reflect the sentiments of Col. Roosevelt, it is generally agreed that Davenport can have the combination if he will take it.

William H. Hotchkiss, ex-State Superintendent of Insurance, who has also been mentioned as a possible candidate for the gubernatorial nomination, said to-night:

"I have made no public announcement of my position, but my friends are aware where I stand. Beyond that I have nothing to say."

The rest of the State ticket, it was understood to-night, will be about as follows:

For Lieutenant-Governor, Assemblyman B. C. Dunlop of Rockland; Comptroller, Harold J. Richardson of Lewis county; William Hamlin, Chief of Kings county; George W. Sisson, Jr., of St. Lawrence; Attorney-General, James L. Dowdy of Nassau; State Treasurer, Homer D. Call, incumbent of the office; State Engineer, Prof. G. M. Leland of Cornell University; Secretary of State, Ernest Cawcroft, Assemblyman Michael M. Schaap or Jacob H. Schiff, leader of the Twenty-sixth Assembly district of New York; United States Senator, Bainbridge Colby; Associate Judge of the Court of Appeals, Supreme Court Justice Samuel A. Seabury and City Court Justice William J. L. Ransom; delegates at large to the constitutional convention, John Mitchell, the labor leader, and Homer D. Call.

COUNTING THE COST

The cost of employing us on a building operation is so infinitely less than the cost of doing without us, that Thompson-Starrett service may be said to be costly only to those who have neglected its advantages for an inferior choice.

The Owner who fails to investigate the worth of the Thompson-Starrett service often lives to count the cost of his mistaken judgment.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY Building Constructors

SULZER TALK TABOO IN MOOSE COUNCILS

Colonel Finds Violent Opposition to His Caller Among Leaders.

OSTEER BAY, L. I., Aug. 26.—Col. Roosevelt came back to Sagamore Hill to-night after a day in town still insisting that he will have nothing to do with the picking of the Progressive candidate for Governor.

Other Progressive leaders, it was learned, have declared war on William Sulzer's candidacy and are going to wage a bitter fight to prevent the ex-Governor from getting the Bull Moose nomination at the primaries.

As soon as Col. Roosevelt got within earshot of Progressive headquarters in New York to-day he sensed the violent opposition to Sulzer. As a topic of discussion Sulzer was taboo. William H. Childs, chairman of the committee of twenty-one, conferred with Col. Roosevelt just before making the train for the Utica meeting of the State committee and brusquely put the question of Sulzer aside. H. Gordon Miller called full of Sulzer talk and left without a shred of it. He said the Progressives couldn't stand for Sulzer.

Another caller, Suspendor Jack McGee, who stamped the 1912 convention for Oscar S. Straus, was overburdened with Sulzer faith. He walked vainly for three hours to get an audience with Col. Roosevelt. He said he was going to Utica to boom Sulzer, but the Progressive leaders have determined that the conference there shall be a select convalee of the State committee and that no word for Sulzer shall be allowed to creep in.

The Bull Moose leaders will go ahead and pick their candidate from among Hotchkiss, Davenport and Hamlin and still support their choice with all their might and main in an effort to beat Sulzer.

Child Tries to Die by Gas.

Freda Morrison, 13, turned on all the gas jets in her home at 315 Marcy avenue, Brooklyn, yesterday and tried to commit suicide because her mother had scolded her for neglecting house work.

AMBASSADOR SHARP SAILS

Going to France Without Special Instructions, He Says.

William G. Sharp, appointed Ambassador to France in succession to Myron T. Herrick, sailed for his post yesterday on board the French liner France. He will not present his credentials to President Poincare for some time after arriving in Paris, he said, but would work with Ambassador Herrick, Robert Bacon, Mr. Herrick's predecessor, also sailed on the France, although he did not go in an official capacity, he said.

"I shall lean heavily upon Ambassador Herrick," said Mr. Sharp. "It is not my intention to present my credentials for some time after I arrive in Paris. Mr. Herrick will go ahead for the time being, when I study the situation and acquaint myself with affairs."

Mr. Sharp said he was going to his post without special instructions.

COL. KLINE IS OUT FOR GOVERNORSHIP

Ex-Mayor Says Saratoga Convention Overrode Primary Law Principle.

ARDOLPH L. KLINE, Tax Commissioner for Brooklyn, who served as Mayor after the death of William J. Gaynor until the installation of Mayor Mitchell, announced yesterday his candidacy for the nomination for Governor in the Republican primaries.

Col. Kline, who served in a trying position when he assumed the duties of Mayor Gaynor, is making the fight as a request of many Republican friends, who hope that he may bring about a peaceful solution to the troubles besetting the Republican party with Whitman and Hinman fighting for the nomination.

Asked if he was running as an independent Republican, he said:

"You know that I am an organization Republican, but I believe that the organization should do things for the benefit of the party and not for individuals."

Col. Kline's statement follows in part: "It seems to me to be the consensus of opinion that the Saratoga convention was called for the purpose of overriding the primary law of the State and the action in hastily indorsing candidates for the various offices of the State amounts to a nullification of that law. As the result of that, feeling my friends have expressed the belief that to harmonize the differences in the Republican party as a candidate for the Governorship. Therefore, at their earnest request, I have at last consented that my name be used. My petitions for the nomination are being circulated by my friends and are being signed. My name will go on the official ballot at the primary."

STUDEBAKER

Optimism and Opportunity

As we said in our advertisement of August 16th, "it is very good these days to be an American."

During this month our country has encountered a trying experience in which our finances, our foreign trade and even our domestic business have been disturbed by the sudden and tremendous wars in our ancestral countries.

Yet, we are coming out of it well.

The President, with his cabinet and the Congress, and the co-operation of bankers and business men called to Washington for the purpose, have promptly and nobly met the emergency by sensible rulings and wise laws, which will largely free our industries and commerce from restraint.

They have arranged for the issuance of emergency currency, through amendment of the Aldrich-Vreeland Law, under which national banks can obtain all the currency needed for legitimate business.

They have organized the Federal Reserve Board which will insure the opening of the twelve new Federal Reserve Banks inside of sixty days, thus giving ample banking facilities for business to every section of our country.

They have amended the ship registry laws so that American capital will buy foreign ships, which together with the large number of ships already owned by Americans, will fly the flag of the United States and furnish ample carrying capacity for our foreign trade.

They have opened the Panama Canal, and thus provided shorter routes for our commerce with South America, Australia and the Far East.

They have under consideration a plan of financing the surplus cotton crop so that our southern planters will be enabled to hold their cotton until normal markets are restored.

The foundations of our National prosperity have been laid too deep and too strong to be seriously disturbed, even by so great a catastrophe as the war of all Europe.

We regret deeply and sincerely that the war must be—yet, we are in no wise to blame and are happily far removed from the theater of its activities.

Friendship we feel for all—and toward all we must remain in both thought and action entirely neutral.

Our duty to ourselves and our moral obligations to the rest of the world compel us Americans to be up and doing; to maintain a cheerful and hopeful spirit, to operate our industries and business enterprises, to pay our bills as usual, and to conduct our affairs generally on conservative, but enthusiastic lines.

The great nations of the earth are depending upon the integrity of her friendship—the safety and saneness of her diplomacy—the extensiveness of her trade and the soundness of her finance.

It is time for Americans to show their optimism, their patriotism and their aggressive earnestness.

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