

WARSHIP WATCHES TURKEY--SEAMAN'S BILL A DANGER

SAYS SEAMAN'S BILL MAY LEAD U. S. TO A WAR

Representative Humphreys Tells House Japan Will Resort Action.

MEASURE IS PASSED WITHOUT A ROLL CALL

Foreign Treaties Must Be Revoked if Bill Becomes Law.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—In the course of the debate in the House to-day on the seaman's bill, which was passed without the formality of a roll call, the suggestion was made by Republican leaders that the enactment of the measure into law at this time may lead to trouble with one or another of the belligerent powers of Europe.

Despite these alarmist views not even the men who uttered them asked for a roll call when the bill was called up on its final passage.

However, it is admitted by Democratic leaders that the seaman's bill will increase the cost of operation of vessels in the coastwise and foreign trade.

Complaint is now made that the Democratic Administration should not give countenance to such a bill at a time when the United States finds itself practically unable to find ships to transport its products to foreign markets.

The seaman's bill, in a more drastic form, passed the Senate a year ago. It was brought out of committee and passed by the House upon the insistence of organized labor.

Section 16 of the bill is the provision that critics of the measure fear will lead to international complications. In the bill arrest as a punishment for desertion is abolished.

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Critics of the bill declare that the enforcement of the provisions relating to desertion and desertion of the United States to terminate all treaties and conventions in so far as they provide for the arrest and imprisonment of American seamen who desert in foreign countries and foreign nations who desert in the United States.

Mr. Mann addressed himself particularly to the provisions of the bill affecting the treaty obligation of the United States on shipping questions.

"The only thing that concerns me," said Mr. Mann, "is to keep the United States at peace with the world. I fear that some of the warring nations may lose the business in this country at the expense of foreign countries and some of them may think that we are passing this bill now with the provision in it that I have mentioned because they are unable to protect themselves.

Representative Humphreys of Washington, Republican, who was opposed to the section of the bill imposing restrictions regarding crews of steamers, predicted that if the measure became a law it would lead to a war with Japan.

The seaman's bill now goes to conference. It will be closely scrutinized by the Administration before it is permitted to become a law.

Every Paper Reprints Interview on Purchase of German Ships.

PARIS, Aug. 27.—The interview with Senator Henry Cabot Lodge, printed in THE SUN, on the purchase by Americans of German merchant vessels has been reprinted in every paper here.

Sighted British Patrol Cruiser.

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\$30,000,000 MARINE BILL TO BE REPORTED Measure Provides for Purchase or Construction of Thirty Naval Auxiliaries.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—A bill authorizing an appropriation of \$30,000,000 to enable the President to construct or purchase thirty naval auxiliaries which may be converted into merchantmen for use in the overseas trade during the war in Europe or like emergencies has been completed and will be reported soon by the House Committee on Naval Affairs.

The bill provides that these vessels shall be turned over to the Panama Steamship and Railway Company, a Government owned concern, and that the company shall operate them in the coastwise trade of the United States or between American ports or ports of Central and South America and in the overseas trade in the discretion of the President.

It is further provided that the ships may be taken from the navy and put in trade or taken from trade and transferred back to the navy at any time in the discretion of the President.

The bill prepared by the naval committee was drawn in accordance with directions given by the President. It is designed as a substitute for the Weeks bill, recently passed by the Senate, authorizing the use of naval vessels for commerce between the United States and ports of Central and South America.

This particular bill may be offered as a substitute for the Alexander bill, which proposes to create a \$10,000,000 corporation to buy and operate ships under the auspices of the Government.

The bill in its complete form will be submitted to the President on his return from New Hampshire. It is expected that he will indicate then that he desires the withdrawal of the Alexander shipping bill.

HEAR OF REVOLT IN AUSTRIA. Insurrectionary Spirit Reported in Whole Empire.

ROME, Aug. 28.—A despatch from Trieste to the Messenger confirms the reports that there is an insurrectionary spirit in all provinces of Austria. Executions are made en masse and the prisons are filled with revolutionaries.

SLAIN PRINCE'S SON WOUNDED. Ernest of Saxe-Meiningen in Mau-Beuge Hospital.

PARIS, Aug. 27.—The War Office confirms the report that Prince Ernest of Saxe-Meiningen has been seriously wounded and is in a hospital at Mau-Beuge.

HESSIE PRINCE CAPTURES FLAG. Kaiser's Brother-in-Law Carries Standard to Victory.

FRANKFORT-ON-MAIN, via London, Aug. 27.—Prince Frederick Charles of Hesse, brother-in-law of Emperor William, seized a flag from the flag bearer when the latter was wounded in a recent battle and carried it to victory.

GENERAL'S SON DIES IN BATTLE. Gen. Curieres de Castelnaud of French Staff Beheaded.

PARIS, Aug. 27.—Navier Curieres de Castelnaud, the young son of Gen. Curieres de Castelnaud of the General staff of the French army, was killed in action recently.

U. S. Orders Warship to Rush to Constantinople

The North Carolina, Now at Falmouth, England, Will Proceed at Once to Turkish Waters to Aid Americans and Protect Them.

UPRISING AGAINST CHRISTIANS IS FEARED

WASHINGTON, Aug. 27.—The armored cruiser North Carolina, now at Falmouth, England, has been ordered to Turkish waters to relieve the Americans stranded there and also to guarantee their personal safety in case Turkey becomes involved in the present European conflict.

Assistant Secretary of War Breckinridge and the party of army officers aboard the North Carolina will accompany the vessel to Turkey and will cooperate with Ambassador Morgenthau in succoring distressed Americans. The stay of the North Carolina in Turkish waters will be indefinitely prolonged in case such action becomes necessary.

PARIS IS PREPARING FOR STATE OF SIEGE War Ministry Will Turn City Into Intrenched Camp, if Necessary.

WORK IS FAR ADVANCED Provisions Being Rushed Into City—Special Attention Given Inlets.

PARIS, August 27.—Alexandre Millerand, who became Minister of War yesterday, consulted with the subordinates of the Department and with members of the General Staff to-day on the measures necessary to render Paris able to withstand a siege and possible assault.

ENGLAND TO TELL REAL NEWS OF WAR Premier Asquith Gives Promise That Censorship Will Be Lifted.

PRINCE LICHNOWSKY'S WORK FOR PEACE NEGOTIATED BY BERLIN.

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ALL PARTIES PRAISE NEW FRENCH CABINET

Change in War Portfolio, in Particular, Is Welcomed in Paris.

MINISTRY OF STRONG MEN

Selection of Delcasse, Briand and Two Unified Socialists Warmly Approved.

PARIS, August 27.—The constitution of the new Ministry gives general satisfaction here, as it combines the best men of all parties and brings about what is regarded as a very necessary change in the Ministry of War.

THEOPHILE DELCASSE, the head of the Foreign Office, directed this department at the time of the Moroccan affair and his appointment is all the more favorably received because he was the chief architect of the entente cordiale between France and Great Britain.

ARISTIDE BRIAND, the new Minister of Justice, is doubly welcomed in the new Cabinet as the author of the three years conscription bill.

THE INCLUSION of two Unified Socialists, Marcel Sembat and Jules Guesde, is regarded as a particularly happy combination.

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which said "A great battle has begun between Maubeuge and the Donon. The fate of France and Alsace depends upon it."

PARIS, August 27.—The Paris press confines itself to-day to announcing the formation of the new Cabinet, without offering any criticism, as it is generally felt that the present is not the moment for criticizing anything.

THE FIGARO, formerly a bitter opponent of M. Delcasse, says not merely that no better choice could have been made, but that no other choice was possible than that of the man who first in France caught a vision of the Triple Entente.

GABRIEL HANOTAUX, commenting in the Figaro on Earl Kitchener's speech, says that the most virile part of the address was that dedicated to the novel character of the war, which, he said, is unprecedented and "must demand constantly increasing sacrifices from those engaged in it."

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European War Was Begun Just One Month Ago To-day

Two months ago to-day, on June 28, a Serb assassinated Archduke Francis Ferdinand, heir to the Austrian throne, at Sarajevo, the capital of Bosnia.

THE FIRST of these events struck the match which started the European conflagration. Since the latter of the two dates history has been made rapidly.

Now Italy is restless and her entry into the general war is predicted. Possibly she will issue a declaration to-day—another twenty-eighth day of the month.

stantly increasing sacrifices from those engaged in it." M. Hanotaux emphasizes Earl Kitchener's assurance that Great Britain is supplying constantly increasing forces, while the strength of Germany, with her maximum forces far ahead from the beginning of the struggle, must constantly diminish.

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