GOV. HARRISON ADMITS CLASH WITH FILIPINOS

Denies They Tried to Seize Corregidor Island on Christmas Eve.

SEES NO POLITICAL SIGNIFICANCE IN IT

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Confirmation of published reports of disturbances in the Philippines on Christmas eve, but a denial of alleged conspiracies to seize Corregidor Island from the American forces, was received at the War Department to-night from Governor-General Harrison, who has just returned to Manila after a holiday cruise to other parts of the archipelago.

While confirming in almost every detail the reports of the demonstrations of Christmas eve Gov. Harrison's despatch conveys the impression that he does not consider the occurrences as having any political significances or of sufficient consequence to cause any anxiety about conditions in the islands.

"Nobody of any standing or influence is concerned in this movement," Gov. Harrison cabled, referring to the clash in Manila and the attack on the authorities at Navotas ten miles from Manila, both of which occurred the night of December 24.

It now seems clear that whereas there is little difference between the unofficial and the official reports of these occurrences so far as facts are concerned, the interpretations placed on them by Administration officials here and in Manila are quite contrary to that of unofficial observers both here and in the islands. The Administration is rapidly promulgating the view that these disorders mean nothing and that they are wholly unrepresentative of the situation in the islands.

Different View Taken.

In other reliable quarters, though, it is pointed out that such occurrences have been conspicuously absent in the last few years, and that their recurrence is a trustworthy barometer of conditions in the islands.

In making public Gov. Harrison's despatch acting Secretary of War Breckinridge and Brig.-Gen. McIntyre, chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs, included recent corespondence between the War Department and the authorities at Manila, all with reference to alarming reports published in the newspapers during the last three weeks.

No explanation was offered as to the cause of the delay of the Manila authorities in answering Secretary Garrison's second cable of inquiry sent on December 24, the reply to which was received only this evening. This was as follows:

"On Christmas eve there was a small and unsuccessful movement in Manila connected with the Ricarti campaign. Ricarti has for several years conducted from Hongkong revolutionary propaganda, appealing to the most ignorant classes of Filipinos and granting through his agents in the islands commissions in his so-called army for sums from a peseta to 10 pesos (10 cents to $5). During the last three months five of the Ricarti leaders have been arrested and sentenced to four and six years, including Ricarti's right hand man. It has been regarded as a graft scheme under a revolutionary guise, but from time to time arouses excitement among the uneducated classes.

"Christmas eve about seventy-five men extremely ignorant, without firearms, met at the botanical garden in Manila and were dispersed by the municipal police without disorder, except that three shots were fired into the air by police and twenty men arrested. Eight of the latter were held upon the charge of carrying concealed weapons—knives and bolos. Nobody was injured except one man shot by a policeman later in the night in another part of the city when he attacked a policeman with a bolo.

Tried to Loot City's Safe.

"Movements of similar character occurred at Navotas, ten miles from Manila, where forty men assembled and endeavored unsuccessfully to loot the municipal safe, taking prisoner the provincial Governor, who afterward escaped uninjured. Twenty of this party were captured by constabulary or by municipal police.

"Ten men without firearms in Laguna De Ba attempted to make trouble last night with no results. Everything is quiet and a vigorous attempt will be made to secure the leaders, chief of whom is believed to be a man under sentence of imprisonment for homicide, who has jumped his bail. Nobody of any standing or influence is concerned in this movement."

Although this despatch from Gov. Harrison was obviously intended to allay any uneasiness in Washington about the situation, the fact that there have been three separate outbreaks so close together is very disquieting to many here in view of the tranquillity in the islands under the late Republican rule.

The War Department also made public a resume of the reports published in American newspapers regarding unrest in the Philippines and Secretary Garrison's inquiries about them. Gov. Harrison denied reports that plots to seize Corregidor Island had been discovered.

Natives Are Resentful.

Interesting sidelights on the present state of affairs in the Philippines was obtained here to-day from an American who has recently returned from the islands. He declares that already the Filipino is manifesting in a thousand ways his resentment against the country which is giving him much but not all that he asks. President Wilson's action in giving to Filipinos a majority on the Philippine Commission, it is asserted, will be followed by annoying manifestations upon the part of the natives.

A protest of practically all the business organizations of the islands against the tax law recently passed by the Philippine Legislature and approved by Gov. Harrison has been received here. This protest, directed to the Secretary of War, asks that the President be appealed to to prevent the law from going into force.

CALL ON HARRISON.

Manila Business Men Ask Suspension of Revenue Law.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

MANILA, Dec. 27.—The combined commercial bodies of Manila were received by Governor-General Harrison to-day. They presented a petition asking for the suspension of the new revenue law.

Business men of the islands, including Filipinos, abandoned Senor Quezon's allegations that the revolt was fomented to defeat the Jones bill.

GENESIS OF AN IMPENDING SLAUGHTER OF GAME BIRDS

It Dates Back to About a Year Ago, When Young Sam Turned Crystal Gazer and Discerned a Most Improbable Thing.

Speaking of Broadway and the technick of the drama, Jawn McGraw, Matty, the Cobb boys—Irv and Ty—Harry N. Hempstead, Young Sam Crane, Damon Runyun, better known in the sand lot dugouts as Demon Rumyun because he's a teetotaller; Lawyer John Conway Toole and Sid Mercer are carrying home their bottle of typewriter oil these nights to polish up their shot guns. They're headed for a swagger shooting party.

Almost a year ago to the day Boss James E. Gaffney and Manager George Stallings of the Boston Braves were sitting at a table in the cafe of the Waldorf. The youthful Mr. Crane happened along. About the same time into the cafe came a youngster who, glancing fearfully to right and left so that he could beat Oscar to the door if Oscar should happen along and try to put the boots to him, proffered some Christmasy wares he had for sale.

Part of the youth's stock consisted of big glass alleys with tiny white elephants occupying the core. Young Sam, an idea coming on suddenly, bought one of the alleys.

"I'm a seer, a crystal gazer, Jim," exclaimed this lad Sam. "I'm gifted. Listen while I gaze into this glass alley and I'll tell you what'll happen to your Braves during the 1914 season."

"They'll finish away, 'way up at the head of the second division," sighed Boss Gaffney.

"Oh, better than that, much better," said Mr. Crane as he stared intently at the globe of glass in his hand. And then—believe it or not, but this is a true record of what Sam Crane said next—the seer spoke as follows on that Christmas week night a year ago:

"The Braves will win the pennant. I can see them engaging the Ath-a-letics in the World's Serious. They'll win the serious in four straight games. Chief Bender'll be knocked out of the box in the first game. I have spoken. Waiter, make a fuss over us. What'll yuh have, men?"

"I'll tell you what I'll do, seer," said Boss Gaffney, who had been silently considering what the crystal gazer had said, Manager Stallings in the meantime having gone out to answer a telephone call, "If what you say comes true—and I don't believe for a minute that it——"

"And I don't believe so myself," interrupted young Sam Crane.

"I say," continued Boss Gaffney, "if that part about the Braves winning the pennant comes true you may pick your own party and I'll pay the shot to take them all down to George Stallings's place in Georgia some time during the winter of 1914-15 to have a week of quail shooting. Fares, Pullman, all meals—everything goes."

"Done!" cried Mr. Crane, who, it is plain, couldn't lose, no matter how things turn d out. Then, as Mr. Stallings came back to the table, Boss Gaffney had to say so long. Once the boss was out of earshot Mr. Crane bunked Manager Stallings into making a bet that if the Braves finished in the second division Manager Stallings would take a party selected by Mr. Crane down to his Georgia estate for a week of quail shooting this winter. And then Sam called it a day and beat it home, for he had them going and coming.

Everybody knows what happened. The Braves won the pennant. They met the "Ath-a-letics" and won the world's "serious" in four straight games. Even the detail of the Big Chief being knocked out of the box in the first game came true.

Early in the afternoon next Sunday the proud Sam Crane will lead his gang—listed above—down the stairs at the Pennsylvania Railroad station, all lugging shotguns in leather cases. Boss Gaffney will be on hand with a bunch of personally bought railway and Pullman tickets in his hand.

On Monday down at The Meadows, Manager Stallings's forty-four acre estate at Haddock, Ga., George will be primping himself up to meet the party. Not only has George forty-four acres but also he had up to two years ago a little bundle of Confederate bills amounting to $44,000,000 and some hundreds of dollars extra which his father had foodled since the war in the hope that the Government some day would redeem the roll with regular money. But the mastah's ol' fam'ly mansion burned down two years ago and the Confederate fortune at the same time burned up.

"I have not been out for birds on the farm this season," George Stallings wrote to young Crane a few days ago, "but the niggers tell me that quail are very plentiful. Regarding guns, I sent Tom Heath in Buffalo the 16s and I have left two 20s and two 12s. I have ordered 1,000 twenty shells, 1,000 sixteens and 1,500 twelves, all loaded with the proper shot. Ty Cobb will come over from Augusta. I am trying to arrange for a special car on the Atlantic Coast Line direct from New York to the plantation."

The Mr. Crane mentioned above said yesterday that inasmuch as he's no piker he will refuse to take the party unless the special car is obtained.

* * *

The drama is going to be boosted again next season. There's a story running up and down the street that Jack Lait, the Chicago newspaper man who wrote "Help Wanted" among other things, is writing a play without music in which Mrs. Evelyn Nesbit Thaw is to be starred by William Morris.

Mr. Belasco once said that he thought Mrs. Thaw had the makings of a good actress concealed about her. To those who read of her but do not know her she's merely Evelyn Nesbit Thaw of Broadway. Others who know her personally marvel at the fact that although she has had no "education"—she spent two years in a public school when she was a little girl—she speaks French and German fluently, writes remarkably well, plays the piano very acceptably and turns out clay portrait busts and other bits of sculpture of technical excellence.

This year, as vaudeville patrons know, she has added singing to her list of attainments. There are Broadway experts who, like Mr. Belasco, believe that if Mr. Lait writes a suitable part for her Mrs. Thaw will blossom out as a sure enough actress.

* * *

The devilishly handsome gent, fur coated and all that, leaning against a pillar in the Sing Sing chapel at the Brady production of "Sinners" for the prisoners on Christmas Day was Robert Warwick, a good actor, but perhaps the worst tennis player in the known world.

Mr. Warwick is not a prisoner in Sing Sing. Just now he's doing *Jimmy Valentine* for the movies and he went to Sing Sing on Christmas Day to get Warden Osborne's permission to act the prison scenes of "Alias Jimmy Valentine" before the movie camera there on the following day.

* * *

"There's the devil and all to pay along the Yes Suh," said Macklyn Arbuckle as he breezed into the Lambs just before packing his dinner pail and starting for Chicago recently to go to work for Mr. Brooks.

"Along the what?"

"The Yes Suh," repeated Mr. Arbuckle in his best Suthn accent. "The Y-e-s-s-r, the Yes Suh."

"Yes?"

"Yes, suh!"

* * *

Dan Hubbell, composer, at, for the moment, spotter for the America Society of Composers, Authors and Publishers, the organization which, among other things, aims to stop restaurant orchestras from playing copyrighted music unless somebody or other comes across, called the head waiter to him at a Broadway restaurant a night or two ago.

"Max," said the composer severely, "has your orchestra leader stopped to think that his band is now playing 'Debutante' music copyrighted by Victor Herbert?"

"So? So?" cried Max, immediately all concern, even if he didn't grasp very clearly just what Spotter Hubbell was talking about. "Together we will speak to the leader perhaps, Mr. Hubbell, when the moosic stops."

"Loodvik," cried the head waiter at the end of the "Debutante" excerpts, "Mr. Hubbell, the great composer, he say you should be ashamed to play copyright moosic."

"But look, Mr. Hubbell," said the orchestra leader, pointing to the bare music stands. "Not a sheet of moosic is there. Don't you see we are not using copyrighted moosic? We know the 'Debutante' moosic by heart and it only from memory."

CONFESSION IN DEATH CASE CAUSED BY $13.13

Garret Stagg Admits Striking Jersey Watchman Found Dead, Sheriff Says.

HACKENSACK, N. J., Dec. 27.—Sheriff Robert N. Heath of Hackensack said this afternoon that he had obtained from Garret Stagg, 24, a confession that he struck Louis Walters, night watchman at the American Paper Company's mills, Bogota, on the head with a club Thursday night. Walters was found dead by Day Watchman Manness. His skull was fractured and his pay envelope was missing. Stagg at the time of his confession did not know Walters had been killed. He thought the watchman had only been stunned and would recover. When told Walters was dead Stagg collapsed.

Sheriff Heath was called on the case Christmas morning. He learned that a number of employees of the mill had stayed after hours the night before to play craps. Stagg was the last of a party of five to be rounded up by the Sheriff after an all night search. He was found in bed yesterday morning at his home in Westervelt place, Hawthorne, near Paterson.

The Sheriff asked Mrs. Stagg how much money her husband had brought home and was told $13.13. An examination of Robert Hendrickson, Charles Tuck, Miller Hardy and William Gleason, participants in the craps game, revealed that Stagg had left the game broke. It then remained to ask Stagg how he was able to bring home $13.13.

During the night Stagg seemed restless and the Sheriff took his fingerprints and showed him the prints on the torn pay envelope of the dead watchman, which had been picked up by one of the Sheriff's men. This afternoon the Sheriff told Stagg he would take him to see the watchman, not letting him know the man was dead. He suddenly asked him: "Didn't you strike Walters over the head?"

"Yes, I struck him over the head with a club. It was part of a broken paddle," the Sheriff says Stagg answered. "I did it because I was broke and needed the money to take home to my wife, 'cause she expected it. I lost in the craps game and had to do something—I was desperate. It was Christmas eve and I wanted to bring something home. I stood behind the door through which the watchman was to come at 9:15 and as he came I struck him over the head. He dropped to the floor face downward and I went through his pockets. I found the pay envelope in his vest pocket. After getting it I started for home."

The Sheriff asked Stagg what he did with the club and was told that it was thrown on the ice in the Hackensack River.

CRUELTY TO HORSES FOR WAR IS CHARGED

League Headed by Mrs. James Speyer Starts Inquiry Into Shipping Conditions.

The New York Women's League for Animals, of which Mrs. James Speyer is the president, is investigating charges of cruelty in the handling of horses bought for the French army and shipped from New York and Montreal.

Complaints have come to Mrs. Charles R. Flint of 4 East Thirty-sixth street, chairman of a committee of the league, that fifty out of a shipment of 700 horses from Texas to Montreal died because of the lack of proper attention in transit.

Mrs. Flint said the purchasing officers for the French army had shifted the blame to the contractors.

It is reported that Sir Frederick Benson, the purchasing agent of the English army in Montreal, has called the attention of Commandant L. Feline, the French agent, whose headquarters are in the Hotel Vanderbilt in this city, to the reports which had reached him in Montreal of the improper handling of horses bought for shipment. It is feared that a public scandal might embarrass the buying of all of the Allies in the United States.

The league will investigate the charges fully, Mrs. Flint said. The committee of which she is the chairman will meet to-day to consider ways and means of bringing the matter to the attention of the French Government. The members of Mrs. Flint's committee are Mrs. Dunlap Hopkins, Mrs. Kate S. Warner and Mrs. F. W. Furman.

After the committee meeting the matter will be laid before the officers of the league, who in addition to Mrs. Speyer include Miss Ella Maiel Clark, first vice-president; Mrs. Cornelius C. Cuyler, second vice-president; Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt, third vice-president, and Mrs. J. Dyneley Prince, assistant treasurer.

ARREST HORSE SHIPPER.

Baltimore S. P. C. A. Officers Say Animals Were Neglected.

BALTIMORE, Dec. 27.—Louis Riesgo, an agent for the French Government, who has been shipping horses to France, was arrested to-day at the instance of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals in the infirmary pen in the stockyards, in open shed, where a score of sick horses were mixed with about forty animals suffering from severe injuries received during shipment here.

Riesgo, who has shipped more than 5,000 horses and who will get a hearing to-morrow, says that the horses have received every attention.

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31,881 TONS OF FOOD GIVEN TO BELGIANS

Official Report Received on Distribution of Supplies From America.

BRABANT GETS THE MOST

Fourteen relief ships and eighteen lighters bearing food and clothing for stricken families in Belgium had arrived up to December 7 at Rotterdam, according to the first official report received in this city yesterday by the Commission for Relief in Belgium from the headquarters of the commission in London.

The report shows that the ships contained, in tons of 2,240 pounds each, some 31,881 tons of food, representing a valuation of $1,617,693.20. The clothing and foodstuffs were delivered to the people in eleven of the Belgian provinces and eight large cities. The greatest quantity of foodstuffs was shipped to the province of Brabant, which includes the cities of Brussels and Louvain. The consignment to this province was made up of 17,537 tons of food, including 7,269 tons of wheat, and forty-one packages of clothing. Liege and the surrounding province of Namur received the next largest allotment of food and clothing, 3,585 tons of foodstuffs, mostly wheat, and 200 packages of clothing.

Lack of transportation facilities to the district of Hainault, the most southerly province of Belgium, which includes the towns of Mons, Charleroi and Chimay, mine and steel manufacturing centres, has greatly hindered the relief work there and the suffering is intense. The Belgian canal system does not reach to this province and supplies must be sent over the railroads whenever the Germans are not using them for military purposes. Only 2,282 tons of food have been distributed there. East Flanders has received 2,000 tons, but West Flanders, where the fighting overlaps into Belgium, has received even less than that amount.

The medical stores sent to Belgium have not been distributed, but have been used for the immediate necessities of the refugee Belgians in Holland. Owing to the hardships these people have suffered in escaping from their country into Holland they are in need of medical attendance more than the Belgians remaining behind.

Another shipment of La Fayette kits to the French soldiers in the trenches will be sent this week by the La Fayette Fund. At the same time between 2,000 and 3,000 blankets for French soldiers will be sent by the Vacation War Relief Committee.

A new working arrangement to enlarge the scope of usefulness of the La Fayette Fund has been brought about by a partial coalition of the interests of the fund and the Vacation War Relief Committee, of which Miss Anne Morgan is treasurer. Under the new plan the La Fayette Fund will purchase the articles contained in the comfort kits from the workers of the Vacation Relief Committee, which was originally formed to give employment to those who have lost their positions through the war and for the wives and sisters of the reservists who have gone home to fight. Miss Morgan said yesterday that the committee can furnish the supplies to the La Fayette Fund much cheaper than they could be purchased anywhere else.

This afternoon children will be given a chance to assist in relieving the little ones who have been made destitute through the war. "Ah Sin and Chu Toy," Chinese spectacle for children, will be given during the "Children's Hour" in the ballroom of the Plaza Hotel. The entertainment has been arranged by the Committee of Mercy under the patronage of Mrs. Vincent Astor, Mrs. Norman Hapgood, Miss Alice Lewisohn and Mrs. John Purroy Mitchel.

It is announced that the steamship Camino, the third ship to leave the Pacific coast for the relief of war sufferers in Belgium, will start in a short time. The California Committee of Mercy is cooperating with the other committees in loading the ship, which will carry enough food to relieve a large part of the suffering in Poland, Servia and France as well as in Belgium.

At the headquarters of the American Polish Relief Committee, 487 and 489 Fifth avenue, $595 was added to the fund yesterday. Among the contributions was $200 from a "Sympathizer."

The Dollar Christmas Fund, which was started about six weeks ago as an American branch of the London Shilling Fund, closed on Saturday. The fund started out to raise $50,000 as a Christmas gift from America for the Belgian destitute. On Christmas eve Henry Clews, treasurer of the fund, was $1,000 short of the desired amount, but on the following day at a matinee in the Cort Theatre, San Francisco, Sir Johnston Forbes-Robertson raised the amount of the deficit. He received his reward a few hours later when a cablegram announced that Lady Forbes-Robertson (Miss Gertrude Elliott) had presented him with a fourth daughter.

The Theatre Francais has announced it will give two special performances on January 6 at the Century Opera House, in the afternoon and the evening. Half of the proceeds will go to the poor of New York and the other half to the women and children in the north of France whose husbands and brothers were called to the front.

THEATRE USHER ARRESTED.

G. W. Armstrong Denies Knowledge of $407 Taken From Strand Safe.

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 27.—George W. Armstrong, 24, of 34 Franklin street, head usher in the Strand Theatre, at 120 Market street, was arrested to-night, charged with grand larceny on the complaint of Emil Gerstel, manager of the theatre. Armstrong denies the charge.

According to Gerstel, $407 in bills was taken from the theatre safe to-day, but $150 in silver was not touched. Gerstel says that Armstrong had a key to the theatre and knew the combination of the safe. Armstrong's story is that he went into one of the anterooms of the theatre and that in passing out he noticed that the safe door was open and papers and books were scattered about the floor. He hurried to the home of Gerstel and reported the robbery.

When Armstrong was searched the police found only $16, and at his home they found only $10 more. He admitted that he is not living with his wife, who he says is with relatives on Long Island. The police also allege that the prisoner admitted "keeping company" with Miss Louise Rice of 212 Bond street, Paterson, waitress in a restaurant. She told a detective that some time ago she loaned Armstrong $50 and that he had promised to return it this evening.

VILLA-ZAPATA BREAK LIKELY OVER KILLINGS

Northern Leader's Espousal of Gutierrez's Edict May Cause Clash.

RESIDENTS TO CARRY ARMS IN MEXICO CITY

EL PASO, Dec. 27.—That Villa and Zapata will be fighting each other in a month is the declaration of Americans from Mexico city acquainted with conditions there. The break will come over the executions now taking place in the capital, it is declared. Villa and Gutierrez are opposed to the executions and their stand may result in their alignment against Zapata at the convention in January, in which event they could hold control.

This would bring the open rupture between Villa and Zapata to an immediate head. The only chance for continued peace in the "convention" party, it is now asserted, is for Zapata to take a stand with Villa and Gutierrez against executions.

Gutierrez's edict yesterday that executions must cease was issued right after Villa arrived in the capital.

Before Villa returned Gen. Palafox, secretary to Zapata, was in command in Mexico city and the executions were by his orders, although Rodolfo Fierro, a close friend of Villa, is said to have been in charge of the actual killing. However, he was subordinate to Palafox.

One American who reached here to-day from Mexico city declared that when Leon J. Canova, Bryan's representative, left Mexico city for El Paso Gen. Villa was at the station to bid him farewell and that Villa, with his arm about the shoulders of Canova, asked: "What do you think of our Government?"

Canova is quoted as saying: "I think there are too many executions. The world will not countenance such action against enemies."

To this Villa is said to have replied: "I am here to stop this." This declaration of Villa, preceding the proclamation by Gutierrez, is taken to mean that the General of the North is to back up the provisional President.

REFORMS COME FIRST.

Then Carranza Plans to Defeat Villa and Zapata.

The Carranza consul here received the following telegram to-day from Vera Cruz:

"I have just reviewed our line of defence from Orizaba to Ixtaxco, consisting of more than 30,000 well equipped troops. Great enthusiasm and loyalty prevail among the soldiers and the people. The Constitutionalist chiefs have agreed to advance slowly in order to establish political and social reforms.

"Mexico city will be ours in less than two months. Many reports of victories claimed by Villistas are without foundation. Puebla and Guadalajara were evacuated for the purpose of isolating the enemy. The organization of the Revolutionary Confederacy is now definitely established.

"The Mexican people are with the Constitutionalists. There are perfect harmony and unity of ideas and purpose among the generals and the chiefs who are fighting for the people's cause.

"DR. ATL,
"Ministry of Communications."

ROW IN MEXICO CITY.

Troubles Expected Between Gutierrez and Palafox Over Iturbide.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 27.—Despatches were received at the War Department to-day confirming earlier unofficial reports from the border to the effect that Gen. Maytorena had withdrawn his forces from the immediate vicinity of Naco.

Gen. Scott is not hopeful of the action taken by Gen. Maytorena leading to the establishment of a neutral zone about all the important towns on the borders which are ports of entry.

A few days ago it was reported that another Maytorena force was threatening Agua Prieta, which is also on the border, separated by only a street from Douglas, Ariz.

That the relations between provisional President Gutierrez and Gen. Palafox, Zapata's right hand man in Mexico city, are far from harmonious is the belief here, following the publication of an interview with Palafox, in which the latter expresses deepest resentment at the release of Gen. Iturbide, ex-Governor of the Federal district.

It was by Gutierrez's personal order that Iturbide was released, following urgent representations by State Department representatives in Mexico city. The fact of Iturbide's release was kept a secret in Mexico city for some time at the wish of Gutierrez. That Palafox on discovering it should have so openly objected is taken here as an indication that Palafox by no means regards himself as a subordinate of Gutierrez.

Enrique C. Llorente, Villa agent in Washington, declared to-day that an error must have been made in attributing to Palafox the statement that Silliman and Canova, the State Department's agents in Mexico city, received bribes in connection with the release of Iturbide. Secretary Bryan said to-night he had taken no action on this report of Palafox's charge, which reached the State Department from Mr. Silliman himself.

The charge itself is regarded here as quite absurd, as it is known that Silliman and Canova acted under the most explicit orders from Washington in their efforts to secure the release of Iturbide, who at one time was threatened with execution by authorities in Mexico city.

Reports that Gen. Angeles, Villa's chief of artillery and his choice for the Presidency, had quarrelled with Zapata were denied here to-night by Llorente. He asserted that all the chiefs in control on the Villa-Zapata-Gutierrez side were working together in complete harmony.

MEXICO CITY TO ARM.

Government Grants Permits to Carry Weapons at $2.50 Each.

MEXICO CITY, Dec. 27.—As a protection to the public against the aggressions of the military, the local Government has begun to grant permits to private individuals to carry pistols and shotguns in the streets upon the payment of 5 pesos ($2.50) license fee.

The Government announced this in the press.

Master Painter Dies Suddenly.

BORDENTOWN, N. J., D. 27.—Frank W. Ford, a master painter employed by the Pennsylvania Railroad, died at his home here to-day after an illness of only a few hours. Death was caused by heart disease. He was a son of the late John Ford of Bordentown. He leaves a wife and a son.

"OPEN Air to Everywhere" means more now than ever, for you can go by 'Bus every few minutes from

Washington Square to the Harlem River via Seventh Avenue, the great boulevard of Harlem—

And skirting Morningside Heights past the College of the City of New York up St. Nicholas Avenue nearly to the historic Jumel Mansion—

And along Cathedral Parkway, passing the Cathedral of St. John the Divine and St. Luke's Hospital, to and up Riverside Drive.

So, you see the pleasantest means of transportation in the city is better suited to your convenience—

Take advantage of it—

Take a 'Bus.

Fifth Avenue Coach Company
102d Street east of Fifth Avenue

SIX CHINESE FOUND IN A SEALED FREIGHT CAR

Near Death After Trip From Vancouver—Paid $50 Each to Smuggler.

Michael Dugan, a watchman employed by the Erie Railroad at Jersey City, was passing a sealed car in the freight yards there about daylight yesterday when he heard strange sounds coming from the car. He got a policeman and they pried open the car. They found six Chinese sitting in a circle around a few loaves crusts and a water pail which was almost empty.

Tom Chung, the only one of the gang who boasted of any familiarity with the English language, told the police that he and his companions got into the car in Vancouver, British Columbia, after paying a smuggler $50 each for the privilege of coming to New York by fast freight. A man in New York in league with the Vancouver man was to let them out of the car as soon as it reached Jersey City. Twelve hours had elapsed, however, before the men were found.

The Chinese boarded the train, they said, with 300 sandwiches. They had blankets with them, but suffered greatly from the cold, for they wore only jackets, baggy pantaloons and broken slippers.

The Orientals will be arraigned before United States Commissioner James E. D. Carpenter, Jr., at Jersey City to-day. Their names, Anglicized by Tom Chung, are Yung Puk, Hong Chung, Lee Wong, Lee Bok and Tom Egg.

NEW PRINCESS CALLED MARIA

Date Not Set for Baptizing of Italian Queen's Babe.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN.

ROME, Dec. 27.—The Princess Jolanda to Queen Elena yesterday afternoon has been named Maria. She will be baptized later.

A member of the Italian royal family other than the sovereign will be chosen godfather.

"If only I had that old-time endurance"

AND as the years slip by, there comes to every man a longing for that old-time endurance of youth when no task, no effort seemed too much.

You, too, have known that longing; and perhaps you, too, have come to realize that stimulants can not supply the reserve forces on which endurance rests. Know, then, that in Sanatogen you are offered a *true* tonic which science has *proved* will actually make good the overdrafts upon the system, help you regain the old-time energy and store up new vigor for the days to come.

For Sanatogen, at once a *food* and a tonic, not only nourishes the nerves and the tissues, replacing the waste and reinvigorating, but tones up the whole system through its steady *rebuilding* influences.

David Belasco, the eminent dramatic author, writes:
"It gives me pleasure to let you know the wonderful benefit I have derived from the use of your Sanatogen. It has a most invigorating effect upon the nerves, and I heartily recommend it to those who, like myself, are obliged to overwork. After trying many other preparations, I can readily vouch for its invigorating qualities."

Sir Gilbert Parker, M. P., the eminent novelist-statesman, writes from London:
"Sanatogen is to my mind a true food tonic, feeding the nerves, restoring the energy, and giving fresh vigor to the overworked body and mind."

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