

COE WILL NEVER GO HOME AGAIN, HE SAYS IN ALASKA

Left Boston. He Insists, Because He and Wife Couldn't Live Within Means.

HE WALKED 400 MILES TO GET A NEW START

FAIRBANKS, Alaska, May 3.—Because he could not get ahead nor even live within his means with a young wife who was used to the good things in life Harry Clarke Coe, Jr., quietly said good-by, slipped away across the country from Boston to Alaska, while thousands hunted him, and just as unostentatiously settled himself into a new life.

The young man admits his identity and frankly discusses his reasons for quitting a good position with the Standard Oil Company, giving up wife and friends and suffering hardships to reestablish himself in the far North to "get ahead."

To accomplish his new start Coe walked 400 miles from Cordova to Fairbanks. When he started from Boston he had only \$200 in his pocket, having left his wife \$400 of the \$600 "nest egg" he had in the bank.

Coe got to Seattle, he says, on February 4 and headed at once for Fairbanks, arriving there on February 22. He got a job as machinist with the Samson Hardware Company at \$150 a month. He quietly assumed his duties and earned the respect of his employers and the friendship of the men he worked with.

A few of the many thousand creditors sent out by the family of Coe and by detective bureaus reached Fairbanks. One of the residents of the city saw a resemblance between the picture on the circular and the young machinist and wired to the Burns detective agency.

Coe did not deny his identity and would not deny he left Boston and his travels to Alaska.

He says that he is glad to be free from the social life he led in Boston and New York. It pulled on him and he never will return to it.

Dynamite Bomb Wrecks Borough Hall of Bronx



Effect of the bomb explosion in the old Bronx Borough Hall. Interior of the office after the Superintendent of Highways, which was directly above the spot where the bomb exploded. Inspector of Combustibles Owen Egan examining what he thought might have been a fragment of the bomb.

Explosion Rips Great Holes in Floors of Officials' Rooms—Men and One Woman in Building Jarred—Believed Work of Slavers.

The most powerful bomb which the police of New York have yet gained a knowledge of exploded just before 8 o'clock last night in a court of the Bronx Municipal Building, at Tremont and Third avenues, and blew the Department of Highways room into a dusty mess.

Fortunately there was no one in the rooms which were most seriously affected, but the few persons in the building were jarred from their feet and almost stifled by the aerial shock which poured up through a great hole in the highways room floor.

The upward force of the explosion blew a corner of the big iron safe, six feet high, and given it a shift to one side on the weakened floor.

The force of the explosion broke windows on a passing elevated train more than 200 feet away. The ticket chopper in the Tremont station was thrown from his chair and a man going up the elevated steps was thrown down. Many persons within a block of the building were partly stunned by the crash of the explosion.

One woman in building. The only persons in the building when the crash came were William H. Thompson and N. Harris Piser, watermen; Thomas Bolan, an attendant in Borough President Matthews's office; Chief Engineer John W. F. Bennett and Mrs. Mary Cahill of No. 1524 street.

When the smoke had subsided a bit Piser and policeman who had rushed through the building began to explore the ruins of the highways room. It had the appearance of an abandoned attic. Broken furniture was piled and thrown about in heaps, and partition walls leaned crazily, with glass blown out cleanly.

RIPPER KILLS ANOTHER CHILD ON EAST SIDE

Boy of 5 Slain in Hallway Not Far From Where Cohn Girl Was Murdered.

POLICE SEEKING MAN SEEN HURRYING AWAY

Not far from the house at 352 Third avenue, where little Leonora Anna Cohn was murdered on March 19 in the dark hallway, another murder, identical in many details with the mysterious slaying of the Cohn child, occurred last night.

Five-year-old Charles Murray was strangled and stabbed to death as he entered the hallway of his home at 276 First avenue shortly after 7 o'clock.

The murderer is believed to have been the "ripper" who murdered the little girl.

One suspect was arrested early this morning by the detectives, who were searching every lodging house in the city. In the lodging house at 342 East Twenty-third street, commonly known as the Olive Tree Inn, Capt. Cray and Detective Burgess arrested Tony Cumonella, 48, a shoemaker out of work.

He tallied with the description furnished by the murdered boy's eight-year-old sister, Mamie, who saw the scene in an automobile without being informed of what he was suspected, the police say.

In Cumonella's pocket the police found a razor edged shoemaker's knife, a pair of scissors and a water can. He was with some such instrument the child was murdered.

A new angle in the mystery was furnished by Dr. Lehmann, who after a careful investigation of the body of the boy declared that the water can was missing. The house has been searched for the missing organ, but without success, and the police think the murderer carried it away.

Shortly after midnight detectives arrested a negro, apparently insane, near the scene of the murder. He was taken into custody at West 107th street and 157th street. In his pockets were a revolver and a stained razor blade.

JERSEY RESERVE BANKS MAY GET INTO N. Y. ZONE

Federal Board, Outside of McAdoo and Hamlin, Favor Change.

FINAL DECISION IS EXPECTED THIS WEEK

WASHINGTON, May 3.—The Federal Reserve Board is expected this week to order the withdrawal of the north Jersey territory from the Philadelphia reserve district and add it to the New York reserve district.

It became known to-day that a committee of the board, to which had been referred the protest of the north Jersey banks against their inclusion in the Philadelphia district has submitted a report to the full board favoring the change.

The change, if it is decided upon, will be McAdoo's first important turndown by the board, for he and Comptroller Dr. Wolff of Boston Hospital, who constituted a majority of the organization committee, which delineated the reserve districts as they now stand.

The action of Secretary McAdoo and Comptroller Williams in slipping off north Jersey from the New York district and including it in Philadelphia was regarded last summer as a part of a plan on the part of these two officials to minimize the importance of New York city as a financial center.

North Jersey bankers in the arguments they made to the Federal Reserve board last summer in support of their plea to be included in Philadelphia reserve district declared that Mr. McAdoo's arrangement, however consistent with the policy of the Federal Reserve, had given little consideration to their own convenience and to the natural trend of their business.

It was pointed out that most of the New York banks are within from twenty to fifty miles from the city of New York, whereas for the most part they are at least two hours from Philadelphia.

No strong opposition. Representatives of the Philadelphia reserve bank, while they opposed the change, expressed no strong opposition, did not make a determined fight against it.

The Philadelphia reserve bank asked that if the change was decided upon the board new territory in western Pennsylvania be taken from other districts and added to Philadelphia district. This territory was attacked most persistently by critics of the committee.

AUSTRIANS CRUSH RUSSIAN FRONT IN WESTERN GALICIA

Victory in Russian Baltic Provinces. Germans Report Also Decisive.

8,000 OF CZAR'S TROOPS CAPTURED

BERLIN, via London, May 3.—Important advances by the Germans and Austrians at several points in the eastern arena of the war are announced in an official communication issued at German army headquarters to-day.

One section of the report tells of a notable victory by the Austrians in Galicia which the Russian front in western Galicia was crushed in desperate fighting. The text of this information is as follows:

In the presence of the Austrian commander in chief, Field Marshal Archduke Frederick, and under the leadership of Gen. von Mackensen, the allied troops yesterday, after bitter fighting, pierced everywhere and crushed the entire Russian front in West Galicia, from the neighborhood of the Dunajec River with the Vistula. More than 8,000 of the enemy were taken prisoner and the Russians were forced to retreat across the lower Dunajec.

Most of the enemy succeeded in escaping as in hasty retreat toward the east, closely pursued by the allied troops. The trophies of the victory cannot yet be even approximately estimated.

The point at which the Dunajec and the Vistula join is fifteen miles north of Tarnow and about thirty-two miles northeast of Cracow.

The capture of 1,700 Russian prisoners south of Mitau, the failure of the Russian attacks southeast of Kalvaria and the defeat of Russians northeast of Skiernowice are among the successes of the Polish army.

It is understood, however, that the present disposition of the board is against making any compensatory changes in the Philadelphia district on the ground that the resources of Atlanta bank moved to New Orleans. Baltimore may get a branch reserve bank, but it is not likely that the Philadelphia reserve bank will be transferred to Baltimore.

Representatives of the Philadelphia reserve bank, while they opposed the change, expressed no strong opposition, did not make a determined fight against it.

THE GULFLIGHT TORPEDOED WITHOUT WARNING; STRONG PROTEST TO BE MADE BY U. S.

Oil Ship Was Struck in Broad Daylight While Flying American Flag—Story of Attack Told by Member of Steamer's Crew.

FOUR OTHER NEUTRAL VESSELS DESTROYED BY GERMAN RAIDERS

Three Norwegian and One Swedish Vessel Sent to Bottom in North Sea—Crews, Including Women, Barely Escape With Lives.

Survivors of the American oil steamer Gulflight, which was torpedoed by a German submarine off the Selly Islands on Saturday, say that the ship was attacked without warning. The two men who were drowned jumped overboard in the excitement, while the captain died from shock the next day on the patrol boat which rescued the crew.

Four other neutral vessels were destroyed by German raiders in the waters around the British Isles in the last three days. Three Norwegian and one Swedish vessels were among those lost.

Officials in Washington regard the torpedoing of the Gulflight as the most serious event of the war as far as the United States is concerned. It is believed that this is rather the culmination of a series of German assaults to the United States than an isolated incident.

The seriousness of the situation between the United States and Germany was reflected in the stock market yesterday. Stocks reacted sharply, the pressure being chiefly due to apprehensiveness over the results that might grow out of the torpedoing of the Gulflight.

CREWS OF SHIPS SUNK HAD NARROW ESCAPES

Two Women Aboard One of Neutral Vessels Destroyed. Special Cable Dispatch to The Sun.

LONDON, May 3.—Four more steamships belonging to neutral nations have been torpedoed and sunk by German submarines in the North Sea. Three of them belonged to Norwegian companies and one to a Swedish firm.

The survivors of the Gulflight, which was torpedoed by a German submarine off the Selly Islands on Saturday, say that the ship was attacked without warning. The two men who were drowned jumped overboard in the excitement, while the captain died from shock the next day on the patrol boat which rescued the crew.



Harry C. Coe, Jr.

Intentions he says he notified her of his whereabouts on April 15, but got no answer.

FEARS FOR SON'S MIND.

Dr. Coe Denies Extravagance of Missing Man's Wife. Dr. Henry Clarke Coe said last night at his home, 8 West seventy-sixth street, he was being told of a despatch received by Mrs. Coe from Fairbanks, Alaska, that his last doubt that the man found recently really was his son had been removed.

"I shall not force him to return," said Dr. Coe. "I shall wait until I hear from him directly. So far neither his wife nor I have heard a word."

"I am quite convinced that he is mentally unbalanced," Dr. Coe continued. "He could not say those things about his wife if he were quite himself. Why, he certainly did not live beyond their means. She did her own work, and only when before Henry disappeared I got a letter from him saying how happy he was."

BULLDOG KILLS POISON SQUAD.

Holds College Pen Holding 120 Incubated Guinea Pigs. ANN ARBOR, Mich., May 3.—A slaughter which renders practically useless the two years work done by Prof. C. V. Vetter of the University of Michigan pathological department occurred to-day when a bulldog broke into a pen and killed 120 guinea pigs, which were being used for research work in lead poisoning cases.

BIG GOLD STRIKE IN ALASKA.

Stamped On to District 40 Miles From Fairbanks. FAIRBANKS, Alaska, May 3.—One of the richest gold strikes in Alaska's history has been reported in a district about forty miles from here. Already there is a stampede from surrounding towns.

1,700 STRIKE AT BORDEN'S MILL.

Weavers Refuse to Work 20 Minutes Longer Than Union Time. FALL RIVER, Mass., May 3.—More than 1,700 weavers employed in the seven factories of the Borden mills went on strike at 1 o'clock this afternoon as a protest against alleged tactics of the management.

RUMORED FAUROT MUST GO.

Report That C. F. Murphy's Brother-in-Law Will Get Place. The Tribune this morning says it is rumored that the Chicago district attorney is expected to name C. F. Murphy's brother-in-law as successor to the office of Joseph A. Faurot, who has been in charge of the detective force several years, it is to be expected that the new appointment will be made in the near future.



The dotted outline in the above map shows the points at which the German fighting is taking place. The Gulflight was torpedoed off the Selly Islands, which are shown in the map.

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