

FEAR TROUBLE WHEN SLATON QUILTS TO-DAY

Two Regiments of Militia Will Be in Line at Harris Inauguration.

COMMUTER OF FRANK WILL TAKE LONG TRIP

ATLANTA, June 25.—As soon as his secretary, Judge Nat E. Harris, is inaugurated Governor of Georgia, Gov. John M. Slaton intends to leave Atlanta on a long trip. Harris will become governor tomorrow afternoon, inauguration ceremonies being planned to take place at the State capital at noon.

It is reported here that Mr. Slaton will leave in the afternoon. His destination is not yet known. Many Georgians believe that he will be for the best for him to leave Georgia until the present excitement over the Leo M. Frank case comes to an end.

Reports still continue that there will be a monster demonstration tomorrow against Georgia's Chief Executive as well as his ruling in the case. There will be thousands of Georgians at the inauguration exercises. From Macon there will come several thousand people to pay a tribute to their fellow townsman who becomes Governor at noon.

Whether the demonstration will take place at the exercises or later, during the procession, is not known, but it is generally believed it will be during the parade. Mass meetings continue to be held in all parts of the State and particularly within a radius of twenty miles of Atlanta. There has been a change recently in their nature. Several have been held at night, and reports have been persistent that there was bitter feeling manifested against the Governor and even threats of personal violence.

It is said that there was a meeting of a body of men a night or so ago at the home of Mary Phagan in Marietta, which was taken to avoid the death of the victim of the murder. A meeting was held on the river bank last night at which the names of the murdered Atlanta Atlanta were read. The names of Cobb and Fulton counties were present. The case was thoroughly discussed, but the plans made are being kept secret. It is reported that a secret gathering was held near Hapeville.

Another bill was introduced in the Legislature to-day by Senator Eakes amending the Constitution so that the Governor will not have the right to pardon. It is taken to avoid the possibility of the Governor's pardon of the murderer of Mary Phagan, who was born in the Cobb county. Friends of the murdered Atlanta Atlanta have erected a monument in Marietta in honor of Mary Phagan, who was born in the Cobb county. Friends of the murdered Atlanta Atlanta will take place next Friday morning. The simple slab of gray granite is to be placed on one side of the inscription.

Mary Phagan, Executed by Marietta, Ga., June 25, 1915.

CONSUL-GENERAL RETIRES.

Mr. Courtenay Walter Bennett Ends 25 Years Service Here. Sir Courtenay Walter Bennett, who has been British Consul-General in New York for nearly twenty years, after forty years of British consular service, chiefly in ports of North and South America, Sir Courtenay, who has reached the age limit, will retire next month and will live at his home in Devonshire for the remainder of his life.

"Have your duties as Consul-General increased during the war?" he was asked yesterday.

"Indeed they have," Sir Courtenay responded. "You have no idea how many tedious and unexpected complications have to be taken care of for British subjects who come here for aid. Then the strain night and day of the responsibilities of the post, which has continued for a year or longer, and has therefore decided to retire me at this time. As it is to my country's interest to have a ready-made man in the post, Sir Courtenay, it is understood, has been recommended to the Foreign Office extension of his term of service, approval and thanks for his long career."

126 BANK JUDGMENTS FILED.

Stockholders of Northern Responsible for \$1,000,000. Judgments against 126 persons for judgments aggregating nearly \$1,000,000 were filed in the Supreme Court yesterday in the case of the Northern Bank. The judgments were filed against the stockholders of the Northern Bank liable for the bank's deficit in proportion to the number of shares they owned. The largest judgment amounting to \$271,000 was against Joseph G. Robin, alleged president of the bank, who served a term of prison for his financial dealings. Judgments were also recorded against the following: Postmaster Edward M. Moran, \$112,400; Assistant Postmaster William H. Magowan, \$112,400; Assistant Postmaster George W. Plunkitt, \$112,400; Charles W. Morse, \$112,400; and his sister, Mrs. Morse, \$112,400.

FRANK A. MAGOWAN DYING.

Mayor of Trenton Picked Up on Street Dying.

Mexico City Captured by Carranzistas Is Report

Gen. Gonzales Is Said to Have Entered the Capital After Fifteen Hours Bombardment—Zapatistas Retreating in Confusion.

VILLISTAS DECLARE THE ATTACKS REPULSED

GALVESTON, Tex., June 25.—Gen. Pablo Gonzales, leading the Carranzista army, occupied Mexico City this afternoon, according to despatches from Vera Cruz to Carranza representatives here. It is reported that Gonzales entered the city after heavy artillery fighting, which lasted for seven hours. No mention is made of numbers of or damage done to the city during the fighting. The despatches declare that Zapata is retreating in confusion.

In Villista circles here to-night it was declared that the attacks of Gonzales had been repulsed with heavy losses and that shells from Carranzista guns had wrought havoc in the city. Villa representatives say that Gen. Gonzales consigned food sent by the Red Cross near Mexico City.

ZAPATA OPENS FIGHT.

El Paso Reports the Battle Still in Progress. El Paso, June 25.—A battle for the possession of Mexico City is in progress, according to the latest reports. Carranzista officials expressed surprise to-night that the Zapata garrison defending Mexico City had attacked their forces which have invested the city. They expected that the Zapata garrison would evacuate without a fight.

The officials assert that their artillery is better and that their forces can take the city. They fear the killing of many innocent civilians in the city. It is asserted that the Zapatistas opened fire on the Carranza army of investment without warning the natives to leave and that the Carranzistas were forced to reply.

An American's Report. An American who arrived here from Zacatecas to-day says there are no large forces of Villistas anywhere along the railroad near Mexico City. To-day's despatches have received from the State Department which have received from Mexico City since June 18, when Gen. Gonzales, Carranza commander, cut the line connecting Vera Cruz with the capital. The despatches seemed to indicate that the Carranzista troops were making considerable difficulty in their control of the capital. Information received here tends to discredit reports that have been put into circulation that Carranzistas are being driven near Mexico City. To-day's despatches have received from the State Department which have received from Mexico City since June 18, when Gen. Gonzales, Carranza commander, cut the line connecting Vera Cruz with the capital. The despatches seemed to indicate that the Carranzista troops were making considerable difficulty in their control of the capital. Information received here tends to discredit reports that have been put into circulation that Carranzistas are being driven near Mexico City.

Another denial was received to-day from Gen. Obregon that he has deserted Carranza. Obregon has been bombarded by Carranza, who is reported to have had deserted Carranza. To-day's denial from Obregon reads as follows: "Please deny daily and in my own name the reports that Carranza has been driven from the district west of Tampico. A list of American families stranded in the Atascadero colony, west of Tampico, is being prepared by the State Department."

SOCIALISTS ATTACK GERMAN CONQUESTS

Herr Braun, in Prussian Chamber, Refers to "Wild Plans" of Empire.

BERLIN, via London, June 25.—The Berlin newspaper, which much attention has been given to the debate in the Prussian Chamber of Deputies yesterday in which Progressive and Socialist members discussed the attitude of the German people toward peace. Herr Wiener, Progressive, quoted an article by Hugo Heinemann, Socialist, in which Herr Heinemann said that no German wants peace until Germany's rights are willing to concede her right to develop her economic and cultural powers. The statement was received with approval, but Dr. Karl Liebknecht interrupted, saying that the Socialists have the masses with them and that the masses want peace.

Herr Wiener asserted that the cooperation of all classes was essential and that such cooperation meant German victory and protection against attacks in the future. The great majority of the German people, he said, wish no opportunity for an early peace to be lost, and emphatically reject annexation plans of all kinds. "Democracy," he said, "is opposed to these objectionable projects, if only for the reason that they prolong wars and the consequent unheard of sacrifices and wasting of the strength of the people. The German people want no conquests and no annexations. They want peace without bringing humiliation or subjection to other peoples."

Replying to Herr Braun, Herr Delbrueck, Prussian Minister of the Interior, said: "While we are involved in such a war as this we can have but one thought, namely, to win it as quickly as possible. It is the goal which the Imperial Chancellor and the allied Governments have set themselves, and that is the goal you must strive for along with us."

WILLIAM THAW WANTS RIFLE.

Aviator Says He Missed Killing Two German Pilots. Special Cable Despatch to The Rev. Paris, June 25.—William Thaw, the American aviator with the French army, has been to Paris for a Winchester repeating rifle. In his letter he wrote: "I missed killing two German aviators and could have got both aviators if I had had a Winchester. The short pistols and carbines are of too short range."

THEM EXPLOSION AT PITTSBURG

Government Experiment on TNT Had Just Left Spot in Pittsburg.

SEVERAL WORKMEN HURT

PITTSBURG, June 25.—One man was killed and nine others were burned, three seriously, in an explosion which occurred in the Junction Hollow plant of the Aetna Explosives Company, a subsidiary of the Aetna Explosives Company, this afternoon. Dr. Walter F. Rittmann, the Government chemist, who says he has discovered a new process for making benzene and toluol and who is conducting his experiments in the plant, left the building in a stampede of minutes before the explosion occurred.

Despite the secrecy maintained by the officials and employees of the company it was learned that the explosion was the second in the plant during the last four weeks. The first man, Stephen Homer, was badly burned and died soon after. George Lobdell, superintendent of the plant, has been in Pittsburg only a few days. He is now being used only as an experiment station. According to J. T. Crabbe, division manager of the company, Lobdell was conducting an experiment with heated crude oil in a furnace which was 18 inches in diameter and 8 feet high. He was bending over a faucet at the bottom of the tube and several men were near by assisting him. The furnace was at work on machines not far away.

In some manner the oil ignited. There was a loud roar and instantly the furnace exploded, blowing away a large piece of the iron ceiling. Lobdell, who was directly under the rain of flaming oil, leaped high into the air and was struck and blinded him. He reached a doorway and fell. Others, rushing from the fiery shower, caught fire as they ran. They were driven back by the flames. Several of the men who were hurt were installing new machinery for the manufacture of benzol and toluol from crude oil. It has been said on several occasions that the explosion necessitates the use of high pressure and great heat to make it commercially valuable. While the officials refuse to admit that the explosion was caused through the use of the Rittmann process, it is believed that such was the case.

A. J. Moxham, president of the Aetna Explosives Company, denied here yesterday rumors that one of his plants was blown up. Mr. Moxham said that there was a small blowout in one furnace of the company, as a result of which several men were seriously injured and several slightly burned. The blowout did not cause any explosion of powder and the damage can be easily repaired. He said that the explosion was caused by the operation of the plant.

SAIL TO-DAY TO AID SERBIA.

Committee of Mercy Party Leaves on Thermistocles. The expedition consisting of twenty-four Columbia men, twenty-five Serbian Americans and Miss Anna Mitchell and Miss Edna, a trained nurse, which the Committee of Mercy is sending to Serbia, will sail on the steamship Thermistocles at 4 o'clock this afternoon. The committee has received yesterday contributions of \$729.65 for war relief, making the total to date \$503,176.21.

MRS. REYNOLDS LEFT \$2,943,053 IN REALTY

An interest of \$2,943,053 in real estate, nearly all of which is in the vicinity of Union Square, is disclosed in the transfer tax appraisal of the estate of Mrs. Emily A. Van Beuren Reynolds, who died at 1068 Fifth avenue on February 26, 1914. Mrs. Reynolds owned 19 Union Square West, \$125,000; 71 Fifth avenue, \$108,408; 84 to 105 17th avenue, \$112,312; 96 Fifth avenue, \$82,680; and 11 to 22 West Fourteenth street, \$23,000. This is an old Van Beuren property, a landmark in the vicinity. The only realty she owned outright was her Fifth avenue residence, valued at \$250,000.

WILLS HUSBAND \$1 OF \$60,000.

Mrs. George H. Thomas Provides for Daughters in His Will. GREENWICH, Conn., June 25.—By the will of Mrs. Adelaide K. Thomas, which was admitted to probate here to-day, her husband, George H. Thomas, of 529 West 156th street, New York, is left \$1,000 to his son, Andrew R. Shiland, and \$5,000 each to his stepson, George B. Hedges, and Elizabeth Shiland, his sister. He owned 1,000 shares of the Oakland Golf Club property, worth \$101,000.

WILLS AND APPRAISALS.

ANDREW SHILAND, who died on March 24, 1914, left an estate of \$289,894, of which his wife Ada I. Shiland, received a life interest in \$145,422. He was \$260 to his son, Andrew R. Shiland, and \$5,000 each to his stepson, George B. Hedges, and Elizabeth Shiland, his sister. He owned 1,000 shares of the Oakland Golf Club property, worth \$101,000.

ASK \$100,000 FOR EXPENSES.

Admiral Place Value of \$1,000,000 on Kouvenhoven Estate. Affidavit filed yesterday with Henry C. Johnson, Jr., transfer tax appraiser at Queens, was a valuation of the estate of Louie Kouvenhoven, who died at his home on the Shore road in the Steubenville section of Long Island City, as \$1,000,000.

For expenses in connection with the settlement of the estate, Leach & Williams, attorneys for the executor, Mrs. Emma K. Williams, make application for \$100,000. The attorneys also ask \$11,000 for the executor. The executor, Mrs. Williams, is a widow and the real estate of \$300,500. The personal estate included ninety mortgages of a total value of \$1,225,518 and \$1,684 on deposit in banks.

STATE WANTS EVELYN TO TESTIFY AGAINST THAW

Continued from First Page.

The women, when they thought about woman's courage, he became an every-body and smiled joyously as he drew from one after the other the impression of New Hampshire left out of her jewelry when Thaw left for Manhattan. Thaw Discussed Religion. Walter M. Lang, the real estate agent who was the first to discuss the case, said that he and Mrs. Lang met Thaw first at a football game. He found Thaw well up on the points of the game and had a very good opinion of him. He said he did not choose the topics, but just rambled along from one subject to another. Among other things he discussed religion and Mr. Lang wanted to know what church Mr. Lang attended. Mr. Lang said the First Church of Christ, Episcopal, but he said he did not know what denomination that was, which brought giggles from those who had been led to believe that New Hampshire was a confirmed atheist. You wouldn't know dementia propter if you met her on the street, would you? Mr. Lang took, and Mr. Lang admitted he would not.

Mrs. Lang became a bit confused when Mr. Cook asked her what she meant by a confessed atheist. She was not egotism, but at the suggestion of Justice Hendrick she said she knew it when she saw it, even if she couldn't find it in a dictionary. She said she was rational and that she would say that "a sane man was rational and an insane man was irrational," which contributed to the confusion of the jury. Mr. Macdonald was followed by the assertion that as for speaking "medically," generally of plain New England "I was not a confirmed atheist," Justice Hendrick remarked that that was pretty good speaking.

Formerly United States Marshal Edward J. Sturtevant testified that he knew about such things as Thaw was one of the best bridge players they had ever seen. He confessed that he didn't know anything about it, but that he would be surprised if it were true that the best chess player in the country had been a confirmed atheist and didn't know anything about it.

Couldn't Get Thaw to Dance. It was Robert P. Johnson, four member of the jury, who testified that he was at a party at the Manhattan Club in New York City on the night of the murder. He said that he saw Thaw and that he was with him at the party. He said that he was with Thaw at the party and that he was with him at the party. He said that he was with Thaw at the party and that he was with him at the party.

DR. ELIOT DENIES STORY.

Says He Didn't Give Thaw Three Hours to Get Out of Harvard. BOSTON, June 24.—If the State of New York desires the testimony of Dr. Charles W. Eliot, president emeritus of Harvard University, concerning the incidents which led to Harry K. Thaw leaving the college, it will be obliged to send a subpoena to the doctor, according to the college office at noon and ordered Dr. Eliot to appear at Harvard before 3 o'clock that same day.

SOUTH AMERICA FOR EQUITABLE VOTING TRUST TO CONTINUE

U. S., SAYS BURTON Ex-Senator, Back From 22,000 Mile Trip, Tells of Friendship of Republics, Safeguarded. Former United States Senator Theodore E. Burton of Ohio, who returned yesterday from a 22,000 mile tour of all the Republics of South America, Ecuador, Venezuela and Colombia, said that his observations had verified his impressions of South America, which had been written before he ever set eyes on the country's vastness and its gigantic possibilities. Most orators and writers, he remarked, first looked over the themes of their oratory and essays before venturing opinions. He had had nothing to say about the progress of the trip. South America, Mr. Burton said, had a feeling of independence and independence for the United States. The Southern Republics' institutions were similar and their methods almost identical. South America was growing more rapidly than any other part of the world. Germany had monopolized much of the South American trade, and now that the German empire was in the game, at least temporarily, it was the opportunity of the United States to jump in and win supremacy.

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G. G. MOORE TELLS OF SIR JOHN FRENCH

Continued from First Page.

Witness lets loose a word susceptible of a double meaning. Dr. Macdonald makes a note of it. He heard Mr. Smith say the word "indignation" and immediately made a note of it. Now we want to question Mr. Shurtleff as to what Jerome told him about taking Thaw away by force. When Dr. Macdonald takes the stand and testifies that Thaw's fear of being kidnapped from New Hampshire was an indication of his insanity and his insanity we will be in a position to show that his fear was not a delusion, but was based on a fact, and being what Mr. Jerome told Mr. Shurtleff and what was in turn communicated to Thaw. Justice Hendrick overruled the objection of the State and permitted Mr. Shurtleff to ask during none of his many talks with Thaw had the latter shown any indications of irrationality. Irving W. Drew, law partner of Mr. Shurtleff, said that Thaw never showed any animosity toward Jerome and that his only comment on Jerome's activities was that he supposed Jerome was working for his work and was doing it as effectively as he knew how.

Thaw Guardian Got 85 a Day.

Clarke B. Stevens said that after twenty-seven years service on the Manchester police force he resigned and took an appointment from the Sheriff as guardian of Thaw in 1913. During all that time he said, he was never away from Thaw's side, day or night, for more than three hours. Thaw received \$5 a day and expenses, which were paid by the prison. When asked if the prisoner had any other money, Mr. Stevens said that he didn't know anything about payments to the Sheriff. Mr. Topping of the Manchester Daily Mirror said that he realized Thaw had put his town on the map and that as a newspaper man he would like to know what the incident for which he was worth. He said that he had a hard time getting Thaw to make statements to him for publication. He testified also that Thaw's interest in the children of the town and that after a Christmas eve party which Thaw gave the children presented a loving gift to his wife. Mr. Stanchfield announced that the hearing is resumed at 10:30 o'clock on Monday morning he will call several witnesses who will testify as to the facts of the case. Those who will testify as experts on Thaw's mental condition are Dr. Percy H. Hocking of the government North End Hospital at Washington, D. C.; Dr. Charles P. Bancroft, superintendent of the New Hampshire Hospital for the Insane at Concord, N. H.; and Dr. Frank S. Streeter, who headed the New Hampshire Hospital for the Insane at Concord, N. H. Thaw's mental condition previous to his being admitted to jail while the matter of his extradition was pending in the Federal court.

HOW MOORE GOT RICH.

Detroit, Mich., June 25.—George Gordon Moore, whose intimacy with John French has enabled him to be near the firing line since the British expeditionary force went to France and whose presence there has been resented by some of the Powers of England, perhaps is least known among those of his own country. And what is more, he never has been mentioned in the newspapers, although his operations have been among the most extensive in America in the last decade.

Mr. Moore was born in Lampton county, Ontario, on October 2, 1876, so he is now only 39 years old. Though a Canadian by birth he is an American citizen. His family consisted of a wife and young daughter, Virginia. Mr. Moore's first business was in the lumber trade. He was admitted to the bar as a student law, was admitted to the bar as a student law, was admitted to the bar as a student law, was admitted to the bar as a student law.

WHITMAN TO INSPECT PARK.

Denies He Ever Said He Would Remove Commissioners.

Gov. and Mrs. Whitman spent last night at the home of George W. Perkins in Riverdale. This morning with Mr. Perkins as guide, they will cross the Hudson on the new ferry from Dyckman street to inspect the Philbrick estate in Park from Fort Lee to Bear Mountain. National Republican Chairman Charles D. Hilles and William M. Calder visited the Governor at the home of Mr. Perkins. Mr. Whitman told Mr. Hilles that every publican on his Western trip he found the publican confident of success. He said that he was satisfied with the work of the Whitman investigating committee says you told him before the committee was organized that you were satisfied with the work of the Whitman investigating committee and would remove Chairman McCall and the other Commissioners.

Portugal Affirms Sympathy.

PARIS, June 25.—A Havana Agency dispatch from Lisbon states that an official declaration read in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday affirms the Government's sympathy for the Allies and its readiness to seek revenge for damage suffered in 1914.

One Day EXCURSIONS.

Lake Hopatcong \$1 TO-MORROW Also Every Sunday and Holiday. Lake Hopatcong, N. J., is the largest inland lake in the State. It is 10 miles long and 2 miles wide. It is a beautiful spot for a day's excursion. The boat ride is very comfortable and the scenery is beautiful. The boat ride is very comfortable and the scenery is beautiful.