

MRS. NICHOLS'S MAID SAW MASKED THIEF

Says She Recognized Woltonen, Discharged Servant, but Wasn't Frightened.

THOUGHT IT WAS JOKE

One of the fugitives hunted by the police for robbing the home of Mrs. Elizabeth Griggs Nichols at 4 East Seventy-ninth street and frightening the widow to death was seen in the house wearing a mask at the time of the robbery by Edith Langfeldt, the maid. She said yesterday that after Arthur, or Arturo Woltonen, the second man before Onni Talas took the place, was discharged he was so often at the Nichols home that when she looked up and found him bending over her with his face masked she was not startled. She merely asked:

"What foolishness are you doing with that thing?"

The value of Mrs. Nichols's jewelry, which the three men sought for as murderers and Onni Talas, the servant who has confessed, believed was worth at least \$200,000, may have amounted to only \$20,000. The police believe the share of each man, if they can sell the \$16,000 worth of jewelry they got, will be only about \$1,500. Assistant District Attorney Skinner believes the men can be convicted of first degree murder if they are caught.

The police have been unable to learn just what jewelry the robbers got or what Mrs. Nichols had when her home was entered. Mrs. Nichols's nephew, Maitland F. Griggs, has given the police what he believes to be a complete list of the jewelry she possessed. Only a few small articles were found in the house. Unless jewelry is found in a safe deposit vault to-day, the conclusion must be that the thieves got almost all of the jewelry Mrs. Nichols had.

Police Watch on Pawnshops.

While steps were being taken to seize the three robbers if they try to get money by pawning the stolen jewelry, Inspector Faurot secured a fairly good description of the thieves. This has been sent throughout the city and to surrounding towns.

Woltonen, the Finnish former second man, who is described by Onni Talas, his successor, as the moving spirit in the plot to rob the house, is described as follows:

"Twenty-five years old, 175 pounds, 5 feet 10 or 11 inches in height, blond hair, brushed back, nose straight, light complexion, one gold tooth in upper jaw, blue cap and sack suit, tan shoes, white shirt and collar, white scarf on back of one hand."

"Eddie," also a Finn, whose last name is unknown and who often visited Woltonen at the Nichols home, is described as 23 years old, 5 feet 6 inches in height, 160 pounds, light hair and complexion, blue eyes, black suit, hat and shoes. He is a carpenter.

The third man's name is not known to the police, but he is dark and is believed to be an Italian. He is about 23 years old, 5 feet 8 inches in height, weighs 150 pounds and wore a dark suit and straw hat.

All of the men are described as of good appearance, especially the Italian.

Jewelry Taken by Robbers.

The jewelry that Inspector Faurot thinks they got was as follows: A diamond neck chain set in gold, containing ninety-five diamonds, valued at \$2,000. A ring set with one emerald and two diamonds, all large stones, valued at \$2,000. An open faced platinum watch, studded with diamonds, valued at \$2,000. A ring set with two diamonds, worth \$2,000. Two solitaire rings with 2 1/2 carat stones, worth \$2,000. A circular diamond brooch with 5 carat stones, worth \$250. A plain gold wedding ring, value unknown.

After sending out this list to the pawnshops for use until a more complete one is received, Inspector Faurot took Onni Talas before Coroner Rioridan, who remanded him to the Tombs on a charge of hindering justice.

Judge Swann sent Heona Toivonen, the cook, and Edith Langfeldt, the maid, to the House of Detention as material witnesses.

It has been difficult for the police to be sure that they have checked up completely the amount of Mrs. Nichols's jewelry, because she seems to have lived very much alone and to have confided in no one. Inspector Faurot thinks now that servants' stories of her fondness for forming herself her jewels at night were responsible for the robbery, and that robbery and also for the belief that she had a collection of gems that he had lost.

Mrs. Nichols's Jeweler, Cyril F. Peck of 353 Fifth avenue, intimated that she had many more gems than the police list shows, though Mr. Griggs doubts it. There is no evidence that she kept other jewelry in the house.

Although a study of pictures in the rogues' gallery at Police Headquarters by Talas yesterday failed to lead the police to photographs of any of the men and the police believe they are first offenders, Assistant District Attorney Skinner is sure he recognized them of first degree murder, because they caused Mrs. Nichols's death while committing a felony. He expects to present his evidence to the Grand Jury on Monday and secure indictments of the three fugitives and of Talas. Though Talas says he had no agreement to share the loot of the robbery, Mr. Skinner says he is already an accomplice on his own confession.

Mr. Griggs got an order from Surrogate Power last night to search a strong box in the vault of the Guaranty Safe Deposit Company, 512 Fifth avenue, in order to make a complete list of the widow's jewels and to determine what was stolen. Mr. Griggs said that he and his brother, John B. Griggs, were the only heirs and next of kin and would inherit the estate, as they believed that Mrs. Nichols left no will.

ACTRESS DROPS DOWN SHAFT.

Lulu Estwing Falls Three Floors.

Miss Lulu Estwing, 16, of 224 West Forty-third street, who was playing with her two sisters, Edie and Katharine, for a new Winter Garden production, fell down an elevator shaft in a three story building at 1648 Broadway, adjoining the theatre, late yesterday afternoon and was seriously injured. She had crossed from the roof of the theatre after rehearsal to visit a customer on the third floor of 1648 Broadway. A door-way leads from the theatre roof to that floor, and the show girls use it frequently.

When she left the customer instead of returning by the same way Miss Estwing tried to go down through 1648. In the dark she opened a door and stepped into the freight elevator shaft, dropping three floors to the roof of the elevator in the basement. Dr. Kats, who took her to Polyclinic Hospital, said she suffered a possible fracture of the skull, fracture of the nose, both elbows and wrists and the right leg.

MRS. CAZENOVE JONES, JR., BRINGS DIVORCE ACTION

Former Miss Gladys Dorothea Kemp Eloped With Harvard Student in 1909—He Will Contest the Suit—Correspondent's Name Withheld.



Mrs. Frank Cazenove Jones, Jr.

That the romance of Miss Gladys Dorothea Kemp and Frank Cazenove Jones, Jr., who eloped and were married in Providence in 1909 before the bride made her debut, has come to a sudden end was disclosed in the Supreme Court yesterday when Supreme Court Justice Donnelly appointed Charles S. Guggenheimer referee in a suit for divorce brought by Mrs. Jones.

When the papers were filed it became known that Mrs. Jones left her husband not long ago and is now living with her mother, Mrs. George Kemp, at 37 Madison avenue. William F. S. Hart, attorney for Mrs. Jones, refused to discuss the case yesterday and neither the plaintiff nor her husband could be found in the city. The fact that Jones intends to defend the case was shown through the appointment of the referee to hear the suit in secret. While the identity of the correspondent was not made known because the papers are sealed, it is understood that she is a young woman of the same social set as the parties to the suit, who may become the second Mrs. Jones if a decree is granted.

Mrs. George Kemp, mother of the plaintiff, was herself married as the result of an elopement with the son of the late George Kemp, a wealthy wholesale druggist. Her brother-in-law, Arthur Kemp, married the sister of Kathleen Nelson, who is the wife of Reginald Vanderbilt. About a month before her daughter eloped, Mrs. Kemp was quoted as making this statement: "If my daughter were of marriageable age I would say to her, 'Don't be a fortune teller. You are a fortune teller for a young man means idleness, and idleness, as every thinking person knows, is the mother of all vices. First comes idleness, then amity, then doubt, full amusement, and at last vicissitudes.'"

In spite of Mrs. Kemp's views her daughter, then scarcely 19, eloped with Frank Cazenove Jones, Jr., when the latter was a student at Harvard and about a year her senior. His father, Frank Cazenove Jones, lives at 147 West Seventieth street and is wealthy.

SPIES AND THREATS WORRIED DR. MOHR

His Lawyer Tells of Man Who Followed Physician Just Before the Murder.

PROVIDENCE, Sept. 10.—A private detective who was engaged by Mrs. Mohr a year ago to get divorce evidence against her husband was questioned by Chief of Detectives O'Neil for an hour to-night about a report that he had been asked by Mrs. Mohr to get men to "do away" with her husband, Dr. C. Franklin Mohr, murdered on August 21. The man denied the report emphatically, although he admitted meeting Mrs. Mohr and having a long talk with her about her husband. The only purpose for which she wished to engage him, he said, was to get evidence that would aid her in a suit for separate maintenance or divorce.

Claude R. Branch, Assistant Attorney-General, will handle the State's case against Mrs. Mohr.

The reason Dr. Mohr became worried about his safety a few days before his death was learned to-day. Five days before the murder the machine in which he was riding from Providence to Newport was followed from Bristol Ferry to his home by a motorcycle. The rider kept pace with the changing speed of Dr. Mohr's automobile, driven by Healis, the negro chauffeur who drove him on the night he was killed.

By the time Newport was reached Dr. Mohr's courage was badly shaken by the persistence of the man following him, on the next day he went to Philip S. Knauer, his lawyer, and told him about the occurrence.

Whether the man on the motorcycle was Brown, the negro now held for shooting him, the doctor did not say. He was alone in the car at the time, his housekeeper, Miss Burger, who was shot and severely wounded, being in Newport.

Confirmation of the meetings between Mrs. Mohr and Brown in the stable at Newport came to-day from Martha Wilson and another servant in the Newport house. They said that Mrs. Mohr had several long talks with Brown.

Testimony that was to have been given in the divorce suit brought by Dr. Mohr after his wife started suit for separate maintenance will probably figure largely at her trial for instigating his murder. Much of that evidence was to have dealt with threats that Mrs. Mohr is alleged to have made against her husband before the servants and corroborated many details of the story told by Mrs. O'Connell, Dr. Mohr's secretary. "He told me that he was worried by the threats which appeared to be in the handwriting of Mrs. Mohr."

"But he never told me that Mrs. Mohr had threatened his life," he said. "He seemed to be more worried by the divorce proceedings than he did by the threats until within a few days of his death."

SAYS CORD WITNESS KNEW A SLAIN GIRL

Peterson Had Dealings With Mamie Sullivan, Killed in 1895, Sister Asserts.

ADMITS HE FOUND BODY

CAMDEN, N. J., Sept. 10.—Further investigation into the story of Olaf Peterson, former partner of Samuel S. Cord, the wealthy Laurel Springs real estate operator, on August 31, has revealed that Peterson knew Mamie Sullivan, the Peterson school teacher who was murdered in 1895.

Peterson, detained as a material witness in the Cord murder, has already made interesting revelations regarding his past. Yesterday he told Prosecutor Kraft that he was the man who found the body of Miss Sullivan after the murder for which no one has ever been convicted. He testified at the inquest, he said, and was completely exonerated of all suspicion.

Peterson did not say, however, that he had known the murdered girl before her death. A sister of the girl, however, who is now living in Philadelphia, told Prosecutor Kraft to-day that such was the case. The sister, Mrs. Josephine Copperfield of 921 North Broad street, she told the Prosecutor also that her sister had been involved with Peterson in a business deal before her death.

Another sister, she said, died of grief at Mamie Sullivan's death.

Detective Brothers, who took Mrs. Copperfield's statement, said that Peterson had been engaged to be married to a friend of her family and that after he was discharged, absolved of connection with her sister's death, he disappeared entirely without a word to his fiancée. The first she heard of him after that time was when she read in the newspapers of his detention.

The police are interested in the fact that Peterson said he washed his clothes in the attic on the day Cord was murdered. He said he did this because the washwoman did not appear.

The Camden authorities are endeavoring to locate Lewis Crozier, who is wanted in Philadelphia and New York for an alleged \$25,000 swindle, believing that Peterson harbored him while he was on the run. It is a source of concern that he can be traced to Peterson's quarters.

Peterson admitted to-day that he knew about Lewis, saying he visited him at a doctor's office in New York, which he had had business dealings. Mrs. Rae Peterson, his wife, said to-day that she was astounded at the revelations of his past career, that she had brought to light, but would stand by him no matter what happened. For a week after his detention in jail she did not come near him.

BICHLORIDE FOUND IN CANDY.

Poison Sent to Woman at Insane Asylum Discovered by Nurse.

NEWARK, N. J., Sept. 10.—It was determined to-day that a tablet found in a piece of candy sent to a woman patient in the County Hospital for the Insane contained bichloride of mercury. Chemical analysis established the fact that a nurse had discovered the tablet by hitting into one of the chocolate creams contained in the box of candy.

The candy, which was intended for a woman in middle age, was given to the nurse by a man who called at the institution. This man asked that the candy be given to his wife. It is said that the woman had a husband living in Newark, but the hospital authorities would say nothing about the case. Only one chocolate in the box contained such a poison tablet.

BELLEVUE FOLK IN A PLAY.

Children of Tuberculosis Patients Appear as Actors.

The children of tuberculosis patients at Bellevue Hospital last night gave a one act playlet called "The Heart of Hearts" in the Garden across the street from the entrance to the hospital on East Twenty-sixth street. Mrs. Elizabeth Shaw, who is in charge of the outdoor tuberculosis service department, selected the children and coached them in the parts. Ethel Bickman, 13 years old, played the leading role. Seven other girls in the cast were William L. Hurst, O'Brien and some other ladies interested in social work at the hospital paid for the lighting and the music. The play, which neighbors attended and the playlet, calculated to make every one happy, achieved its purpose fully.

DYNAMITE SHIP CHASED AWAY.

Explosives Loaded in Violation of Fire Department Rule.

The Pathfinder, a freighter of the Mutual Steamship line, was chased yesterday afternoon by James R. Healy, chief of the Bureau of Combustibles, because it was discovered that she was loading 2,500 pounds of dynamite from the pier in violation of Fire Commissioner Adamson's recent order.

The dynamite was already on the pier when discovered and the only thing for Chief Healy to do was to order the captain to take it aboard as quickly as possible and leave the port. The city ordinance permits loading up to 2,500 pounds within the city limits, so no law was violated. The infraction was of the Fire Department's rule that all explosives must be shipped from some point outside of the city limits.

The cargo in question was bound for a sugar plantation near Matanzas, Cuba.

Brooklyn Girl Drowned.

MIDDELBURG, N. Y., Sept. 10.—Seized with cramps while bathing in Greenwood Lake, Margaret W. Crosby, 14 years old, of Brooklyn was drowned in six feet of water to-day. Her sisters and two other girls were bathing near the shore.

I. W. W. S. CHEER SANGER'S SENTENCE

Noisy Court Scene Follows Birth Limit Advocate's Effort to Be Martyr.

JUSTICE SCORES HIM

When William Sanger, architect and decorator, was sentenced by Justices McInerney, Herbert and Salmon of Special Sessions yesterday to pay a fine of \$150 or serve thirty days in prison for circulating an alleged indecent book entitled "Family Limitation," which was written by Margaret Sanger, his wife, he declared:

"I will not pay the fine. I would rather be in prison with my ideals and convictions intact than out of it stripped of my self-respect and manhood."

A storm of applause burst from a hundred men and women well known in I. W. W. and radical circles who thronged the court room. Alexander Berkman, the anarchist leader, stamped and clapped his hands in company with Leonard Abbot, president of the Free Speech League, and Carlo Tresca. Elizabeth Gurley Flynn, the I. W. W. agitator, was among the women who waved fans and cheered defiantly. Mrs. Amos Pinchot watched the proceedings near the bench.

Justice McInerney, after pounding vainly with his gavel, ordered the room to be cleared, directing that any one who resisted should be arrested. The attendants charged on the crowd, but it was ten minutes before the court was empty and the shouting resumed.

No sympathizer thought to take advantage of the opportunity to accompany Sanger to jail. In the corridor outside the court a mass meeting was held at which Leonard Abbot stated that no appeal would be taken, but that \$1,000 had been raised to circulate "a million copies" of the forbidden pamphlet, with additional material on the Sanger case. When District Attorney Perkins was informed of this counterstroke he said that all future offenders would be prosecuted in the same way as Sanger.

The pamphlet, which dealt with birth control, was obtained from Sanger on December 19, 1914, at his studio, 10 East Fifteenth street, by Charles Bamberger, an agent for Anthony Comstock, Comstock testified that when he arrested Sanger a month later he found five copies of the work in the studio and that his investigation disclosed that Sanger had previously distributed the book with injunctions not to reveal the name of the distributor, as that would cause trouble for him.

Mrs. Sanger left the country after having been indicted by the Federal Grand Jury for sending through the mails a publication called "The Woman Rebel," which was suppressed after three issues. It was stated by Sanger before his trial that she would return from Europe shortly and stand trial.

Sanger undertook to defend himself without an attorney, having dispensed with the services of Gilbert E. Roe, the lawyer who represented him in two unsuccessful appeals for a jury trial before Judge Swann of General Sessions and the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court.

In a five page, typewritten statement, which Sanger attempted to present to the court Sanger contended that his wife's aim in writing the pamphlet was to disseminate certain vital information among the laboring classes so that their condition would be alleviated by insuring that "fewer and better children would be born and fewer children would die." Early in his remarks he made this assertion:

"I admit that I broke the law, and yet I claim that in every real sense it is the law and not I that is on trial here before you."

Sanger accused Anthony Comstock of promising to have the court suspended sentence on him provided he pleaded guilty. Finally the Justice shut off all further statements by saying:

"If that's all you've got I think you're crazy."

After the Justice convicted him unannounced Justice McInerney declared:

"In my opinion this book is not only indecent, but immoral. You may think that the law is on trial, but I feel that the book is contrary not only to the laws of the State but to those of God. Any man or woman who is guilty of circulating literature like this is a menace to the community."

"Many people believe to-day that it is a crime to bear children, and you evidently believe that class. There are communities where the birth rate is at a standstill. If some of the women who go about advocating equal suffrage would spend their time advocating that Christian women should bear children this town—and many other communities—would be better off. That is my personal opinion."

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Macy's R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices. Special Entrance 35th St., Broadway. Store open to-day until 6 P. M.

Men's Clothes Store

We Will Specialize This Season In Suits for Men and Young Men At \$24.75. ANNOUNCING A New Standard of VALUE in Suits at \$24.75. The millions in CASH resources and the tremendous buying influence of an institution like Macy's is a real force in merchandising when concentrated on a single point. They are smartly tailored, some silk lined, finished in custom fashion and up to the very highest notch of value at the price. Macy standards in workmanship, Macy quality in fabrics and Macy economy in cost and wear, are points on which the Men's Clothes Store cannot be surpassed. "Think of Macy's when you think of clothes"—and you'll think well of your judgment later! Others \$14.75 to \$34.75 Macy's-Fifth Floor.

Browning, King & Company

Hats in the new blocks are ready to-day. Soft and Derby hats in new shapes and colors. The B-K Specials are exceptional values at \$3.00. Stetson Hats, \$3.00 to \$5.00. New Suits & Furnishings are now ready for Fall.

Hotels and Restaurants

Euchow's

Hotel Albert 11th St. & Ave. 19. 1 block west of B'way. Rates \$10 to \$15. Buffet restaurant, cafe, moderate prices. Special rates for permanent guests. Modern, cheerful.

Amusements

CANDLER W. 42 St. Eves. 8:15 Sharp. THE HOUSE OF GLASS. Best American Melodrama.

ASTOR B'way & 42 St. Eves. 8:20. THE HOUSE OF GLASS. Superior to any other play.

YOUNG AMERICA. Eves. 8:20. THE HOUSE OF GLASS. Superior to any other play.

ANTOR Theatre. Special-Commuting NEXT MON. Sept. 13 Seats NOW. GENE M. COHAN'S AMERICAN FAIR.

HIT-THE-TRAIL HOLLIDAY with FRED NIBLO and a Great Cast.

LONGACRE W. 45th St. Eves. 8:20. THE HOUSE OF GLASS. Superior to any other play.

THE GIRL WHO SMILES. World in Wax. European War Heroes. NTRA Attractions. OPEN EVERY DAY FROM 10:30 TO 10:30.

New York's Leading Theatres and Successes.

EMPIRE B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:15. MR. CYRIL MAUDE. In his international triumph GRUMPY. LYCEUM West 45th St. Eves. 8:15. MARIÉ TEMPEST. ELTINGE West 42d St. Eves. 8:15. SEE MY LAWYER. GAIETY B'way & 40th St. Eves. 8:15. RUTH CHATTERTON. DADDY LONG-LEGS. FULTON 40th St. Eves. 8:25. SOME BABY! ELTINGE West 42d St. Eves. 8:30. BELASCO West 41st St. Eves. 8:20. THE BOOMERANG. REPUBLIC West 42d St. Eves. 8:20. COMMON CLAY.

Winter Garden

PASTING SHOW OF 1915. Evenings 8:00, 8:15, 8:30, 8:45. SUNDAY NIGHT CONCERT. All Winter Garden Favorites and Stars from other B'way Successes. Seats Now.

COMEDY

JUST BOYS

CLARA KIMBALL YOUNG and WILTON LACKAYE TRILBY.

LEXINGTON 11th & Lex. Eves. 2:30 & 8:15. SEVEN KEYS TO BALDAPATE.

STANDARD B'way & 30th St. Eves. 2:30 to 8:15. THE YELLOW TICKET.

YORK 11th St. & Lex. Eves. 2:30 & 8:15. THE NATURAL LAW.

P. F. KELT'S Gertrude Hoffmann & Co. of 6th St. Eves. 8:15. B'way & 47th St. Eves. 8:15. COLUMBIA B'way & 47th St. Eves. 8:15. DAVE MARION.

Mandala! Carnival Nights. REFINED AMUSEMENTS & DANCE. LEAVING B'way at 10:30 P.M.

STOLEN. THE BATTLE CRY OF PEACE. VITAGRAPH THEATRE.