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# CHIEF KENLON'S \$10,000 PAY MAY BE CUT

## Indignant Official Threatens to Resign When Surprised by Move.

### 100 DOCK EMPLOYEES' JOBS ARE IN DANGER

The Board of Estimate's Bureau of Standards recommended yesterday that the salary of John Kenlon, chief of the Fire Department, be cut from \$10,000 to \$7,000 a year. Chief Kenlon, to whom, as well as Fire Commissioner Adamson, this action was a startling surprise, virtually threatened to resign if it was approved by the Board of Estimate.

The bureau also recommended that the salary of Deputy Chief Thomas Kelly, who served the service in 1870 and who now, although the deputies, is in charge of Brooklyn's fire fighting, be reduced from \$7,000 to \$5,000 a year. Borough Presidents Pounds and Mathewson, the latter also holding the proxy of President McAneny of the Aldermen, were sitting in the Finance subcommittee when the Kenlon and Kelly proposals were revealed. Although a majority of the Estimate Board's main budget committee was present and a vote could have been taken right there it was decided to have the cases of Kenlon and Kelly specially considered by the full committee at a meeting to be held in a few days.

Earlier in the day the subcommittee recommended that the secretaryship of the Dock Department be held in 1916 by William C. Malone, father of Collector of the Port Dudley Field Malone, a friend of Mayor Mitchell, he advised Malone to resign his other Department jobs were slated for elimination.

### Situation Further Complicated.

Further confusing the salary situation, the Bureau of Municipal Research, which for two years has worked out the classification plan with the Bureau of Standards, repeating the method of applying the new standards adopted by the budget subcommittee. In a letter to the Mayor, Frederick A. Cleveland, director of the Bureau of Research, said that standardization improperly applied "may be used as a new instrument of torture."

When Commissioner Adamson, representing the Fire Department at yesterday's meeting of the budget committee, mentioned the cut abruptly: "Who recommended this?" "Didn't you know about this?" said President Pounds.

Chief Kenlon, his face red and covered with perspiration, jumped up. "Who is there anybody here," he asked, "who is recommending a new chief of the Fire Department?"

President Mathewson said soothingly: "Oh, don't fret in your resignation, Commissioner. The budget committee has studied the question."

"I'm much interested in this matter," Kenlon pursued, looking at Pounds. "May I ask you to state that?"

Fire Chaplain Reduced.

Commissioner Adamson himself had recommended that his secretary, Theodore Stitt, be reduced from \$7,500 to \$5,000 a year. This was recommended by the subcommittee and approved by the board.

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# TRAINED ARMY OF 1,000,000 IS GARRISON PLAN

## Would Organize Force of "Continental" With Six Year Enlistment.

### 600,000 REGULARS IS PART OF PROGRAMME

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—Secretary Garrison's plan for strengthening the military estimate, which has been approved by President Wilson and will be submitted to Congress at the beginning of the next session in December, will at the end of six years give the United States a trained force of considerably more than 1,000,000 men subject to a call to arms in the event of war.

The details of the Garrison programme which President Wilson is going to try to push through Congress in the face of determined opposition became known yesterday.

### Schwab Gets Control of \$49,000,000 Plant

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15.—Ownership of the Pennsylvania Steel Company, which operates the big works at Steelton, Pa., and the Sparrows Point, Md., shipyard, is to pass to the interests headed by Charles M. Schwab at prices for the stocks which make the properties cost \$49,532,000.

At a special meeting to-day the board of directors of the Pennsylvania company authorized the sale of \$12,317,000 of the \$31,215,500 stock owned by the Pennsylvania Railroad interests for some years. No official announcement of the deal is yet made.

Sale of control of the Cambria Steel Company through the stock market is approaching completion. The Donner brothers, who hold the controlling interest in a turnover valued at above \$60,000,000 for the \$15,000,000 outstanding capital stock. It is expected that big financial development plans will be carried out by the Cambria Steel Company as soon as the transfer of control is completed.

### U. S. NAVY STATION WRECKED

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The explosion of an alcohol tank wrecked the navy wireless station at Cordova, Alaska, to-day and caused the injury of three enlisted men, according to a report received at the navy department.

### Ryan Tax Put at \$584,400

WASHINGTON, Oct. 15.—The House of Representatives today passed a bill which would tax the income of the estate of John D. Rockefeller, Jr., at \$584,400.

### Ford Iron Direct From Ore

DETROIT, Oct. 15.—Charles A. Brownell of the Ford Motor Company announced today that hereafter the 700 or more tons of iron daily consumed at the plant will go into the blast furnaces in its crude state and be refined by open-hearth furnaces.

What seemed to be an impossibility has been accomplished, said Mr. Brownell. The elements while still in molten state are changed and finally finished and poured direct into moulds. This new process not only effects great economy, but produces iron of much greater strength and durability.

This discovery will prove of tremendous importance in all lines of manufacture in which gray and malleable iron are used.

# Extent of the Recent French Advance in Champagne

## The accompanying map, reproduced by courtesy of "L'Illustration" of Paris, shows the extent of the recent French offensive in Champagne on a front extending from Auberive to Ville-sur-Tourbe.

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Committee in London Must First Sanction All Purchases of Munitions.

### DISREGARDED ONLY ONCE

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# WAR DECLARED ON BULGARS BY GREAT BRITAIN

## Russia and Italy Likely to Take Similar Step Without Delay.

### SERB RESISTANCE SURPRISES TEUTONS

Berlin Announces Occupation of Pozarevac by Assault.

### CAPITAL MAY BE MOVED FROM NISH

Invaders Are, However, Only a Few Miles Inside Frontier.

### Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN

LONDON, Oct. 15.—Great Britain declared war on Bulgaria to-night. France and Russia are expected to take a similar step at once.

Announcement of the British declaration of war against Bulgaria was made in the following statement issued by the official press bureau:

The Foreign Office announces that in view of the fact that Bulgaria has announced that she is at war with Serbia and is an ally of the central Powers, the British Government has informed the Bulgarian Government through the Swedish Minister, who is looking after Bulgarian interests, that a state of war exists between Great Britain and Bulgaria from 19 P. M. October 15.

Serbia also has declared war on Bulgaria, announcing that the declaration is made as a result of Bulgarian attacks on Serbian armies on the Zaitchev and Radovitch fronts. Athens despatches yesterday announced that Bulgaria had declared war on Serbia, asserting that the latter was the aggressor.

It is expected that Czar Nicholas, as chief protector of all the Slavs, will issue a manifesto to the Bulgarians declaring that King Ferdinand is guilty of treason in joining the Teutonic allies, the enemies of Russia.

The Russian Government has let it become known that a Russian army will be sent to the Balkans as soon as the necessary troops are available. A formal declaration of war by the Czar against Bulgaria and the sending of this Russian army will in all probability follow close upon the manifesto.

Italian Aid Assured.

Italy is at last defending Serbia against the Teutonic-Bulgarian-Turkish attack, as regarded as assured. In Italy's case there is the peculiar circumstance of Italian-Serbian relations to be considered, since these two nations are nominally at peace with each other.

War with Austria, Germany's ally. This difficulty probably will be surmounted by Italy's sending troops against either Turkey or Bulgaria, thus establishing directly with the German invaders of Serbia.

The Italian Ministry will take up a cabinet council to-morrow the effect on Italy's part in the war of the new developments in the Balkans and Italy's future course of action is expected to be one of the most important decisions since the war began.

No direct news has been made public regarding the Anglo-French forces at Salonica and it is not known whether they have advanced or not. The lack of positive information regarding the movements of our troops is attributed to the fact that a recent report coming through German sources stated that the Entente forces were still encamped within a six mile area at Salonica, access to which, according to German information, Serbia's right under a treaty with Greece. A report that Sir Ian Hamilton, commander in chief of the British forces at the Dardanelles, has gone to Nish has not been confirmed. A Vienna despatch quotes information from Salonica under date of October 12 that the Anglo-French landing of Anglo-French troops continues at the Greek port under the protection of a French cruiser and the Russian flag.

The position of the Greek government continues to be anomalous. A despatch to the Times under date of Tuesday, October 12, states that the Greek government has declared throughout Greek Macedonia and that there are persistent but as yet unverified reports that Bulgarian troops are concentrating on the Greek frontier.

An Athens despatch to the *Observer* under date of October 12 says the Greek government is cooperating with the Entente Powers by keeping their army mobilized, thus warding off any possible Bulgarian attack on the basis of Salonica. The Anglo-French expeditionary force. The despatch adds that in return for this assistance Greece is to receive funds for maintaining her army and that a sum of \$6,000,000 has been extended to the National Bank of Greece at London and Paris.

Japan Against Participation.

The probable attitude of Japan regarding the Balkan situation is indicated in a Tokio despatch to the *Times*, which says that both the military and the public opinion in Japan oppose the suggestion made in English newspapers that a Japanese army be sent to Salonica. The Tokio despatch adds that Serbia is undergoing increasing pressure on three fronts. The enemy is choosing vulnerable points and is endeavoring to cut the Serbian communications. The Serbians are resisting strongly, yielding inch by inch. The enemy has not yet reached the Balkan roads toward Salonica. The Anglo-French forces have penetrated the frontier. A despatch to the *Times* under date of October 12 says that the Berlin government has announced that the Serbian town of Pozarevac, two miles south of Semendria, has been captured by one of our airships.

King's Letters Stolen.

Documents Include Kaiser's Missives to Greek Monarch.

### Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN

LONDON, Oct. 15.—The German version of Gen. Joffre's order of the day for the recent allied offensive in Champagne, as made public recently by the German War Office, was characterized as unauthentic in an official announcement here to-day.

The French statement was to the effect that the order has been found on a dead officer and that in it Gen. Joffre had asked the French officers to explain the proposed drive as aimed at "clearing French soil of the enemy" and as going a long way toward deciding the war.

The official statement points out that there is only the slightest chance that an order of this kind would be found under such circumstances, as officers usually destroy such instructions before they go into action.

Another version of the now famous order, published in *Revue* newspapers, is described by the press bureau as a letter dictated by the chief of staff, but as equally unauthentic.

### "Joffre Order" Denied

Paris Says Berlin Version of His Instructions Is Unauthentic.

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German Report Recapture of Positions in Verdennes Region.

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# THE WEATHER FORECAST.

Fair to-day and to-morrow; moderate winds.

Highest temperature yesterday, 77; lowest, 60.

Detailed weather, mail and marine reports on page 12.



# BIG GUNS CLEAR WAY FOR GERMAN GAINS

## Some of the Points Lost to French Recaptured in Heavy Fighting.

### VOSGES DRIVE FURIOUS

PARIS, Oct. 15.—An attempt to regain a part of the trenches in Champagne, lost to them in the French attack on September 25, the Germans last night and to-day followed up a terrific two days bombardment by launching a violent infantry attack upon the extreme left wing of the new French front, concentrating it upon a point just east of Auberive. They succeeded, according to the night communiqué, in gaining a foothold "at one point in their old trenches" in this neighborhood.

For several days past the Germans' heavy guns have been battering the new French front, and to-day's attack against the left wing is believed here to be but the forerunner of more attempts.

Simultaneously with the action in the Champagne the Germans started a furious drive in the Vosges to-day, bringing their partial success. After despatching an avalanche of shells and bombs of all calibers into the French lines they dashed forward on a front of a little more than three miles with the much-contested Hartmannswillerkopf again as their objective.

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