

BOTH PARTIES CONFIDENT AS CAMPAIGN ENDS

Continued from First Page.

The Republicans are basing all their calculations on the fact that the source of the Moss vote, one of the county leaders said yesterday he could tell whether Moss would get 5,000 or 25,000 votes or whether Moss would draw most of his strength from the Republicans or the Democrats. Moss had only the nominations of the Progressive and Independent parties whose vote is not large. The Progressive last year got only a little more than 3,000 in votes. But Moss himself is a Republican and his quest is mainly for Republican votes.

The Aldermanic Struggle.

The Republican-Democratic struggle for control of the Board of Aldermen continues with ferocity. Each side asserts that it will gain a majority of the board. The Democrats are more emphatic about this than the Republicans. The present board is forty-one Fusion and thirty-two Democrats. To gain the majority the Democrats must overturn five districts. They count on doing that and in winning five additional districts from the Fusion, making the board stand as twenty-five Democrats and thirty-one Fusion. In New York county the best that Tammany can possibly do, according to reports from district leaders, is to gain six Aldermen. At present Fusion has seventeen and Tammany sixteen Aldermen in this county.

One of the sharpest fights is in the Twenty-sixth district, where Henry H. Curran, vice-chairman of the present board, has found a formidable Tammany opponent in Edward W. Gilmore, president of a lightening and transportation company. As Curran is the man whom the Republicans want to seat in the Board of Aldermen, Gilmore is the acting successor for a year, they are making a prodigious effort to elect him to the Board of Aldermen. Mr. McAneny and other independent Democrats are helping him, and Gov. Whitman and State Chairman Tanner are doing all they can. Mr. Curran expects to win, but by not much more than 1,500 votes.

Chance in the Sixth.

In several districts that have been chronically Republican Tammany sees a chance to elect an Alderman this year. One of those is the Sixth, where the Republican leader is County Chairman Koenig and which has regularly sent Frank J. Dolan to the Legislature. Alderman to City Hall. Another is the Eighth, where Morris Tolk of Tammany is giving Alderman Louis Jacobson a good fight. The Twenty-ninth is also a Republican district, but Tammany whose candidate is August M. Weiss, rates it as a doubtful this time.

Tammany fully expects to elect Edward V. Gilmore in the Twenty-second over the present Alderman, Henry Ottes, Republican. They are also counting on beating Alderman Frederick Trau, Republican, in the Twenty-fifth. In the district the Progressives have a candidate of their own, Lawrence Cioffi, well known as a Tammany ally. In the Tammany candidate, Thomas H. Barry, believes that the opposition's division will elect him. There are five other districts where the Progressives are running alone but most of them are safely Democratic.

In the Bronx the present Aldermanic lineup is 4 to 4. Tammany inherits from the Bronx Democrats that they count on carrying all eight districts. In the Forty-first, however, George Henry Payne has succeeded in winning the nomination of the Republican. Progressives and several other parties, and his election is predicted by impartial observers.

The Democrats have all three of the Richmond Aldermen, the Republicans expect to gain one there and to hold their own in Brooklyn and Queens.

SEES PERKINS VICTORY.

Campaign Manager Says Great Surprise Awaits Murphy. Lucian S. Brockbridge, manager of the campaign of District Attorney Charles A. Perkins, issued the following statement last night from the Hotel McAlpin:

"In these closing hours of the campaign to elect an anti-Tammany District Attorney we are convinced that a profound surprise awaits Boss Murphy. The reports which the campaign committee has received from different sections of the county indicate that Mr. Perkins will be elected by a heavy margin next Tuesday beyond all doubt."

"The canvases made by leaders and organizations interested in the candidacy of Mr. Perkins indicate that the people of this county who are interested in the cause of decent government have risen to the call which has been made and will elect him to continue in the office which he now holds. A vote for either of the two candidates running against Mr. Perkins is a vote in favor of restoring the evil conditions notorious in the years past when Tammany controlled the office of District Attorney."

PERKINS JABS AT SWANN.

Says His Opponent is Tammany Hall Figurehead. District Attorney Charles A. Perkins told an overpacked audience in Durand's Riding Academy at Sixty-sixth street and Central Park West last night that if it was not for the exchange of experience for inexperience and a certainty for an uncertainty in the management of the District Attorney's office he could get the exchange by voting for his opponent, Judge Swann.

"Every indictment in the last fourteen years," he said "has passed under my supervision and I feel that I have served my apprenticeship and know my trade."

"Because Judge Swann has made a good District Attorney. He might, and he might not."

"Judge Swann is a Tammany candidate. He is a figurehead through which Tammany Hall is trying to crawl back into the District Attorney's office. The reason why Tammany wants Judge Swann elected is so Tammany may have this District Attorney's staff and all that means. Mr. Swann is a Tammany man. He will reorganize the staff."

"The chairman of the non-partisan meeting was William Hawke, once foreman of a grand jury."

CALLS FOR VOTE WATCHERS.

Honest Ballot Association to Use Ex-Football Players. The Honest Ballot Association called yesterday for 7,000 watchers for election day. It is going to have a special squad of ex-football players under Lucius Horatio Bigelow, Jr., former Yale and all-American.

Among the Yale students who have volunteered to cow New York repeaters is Holme Segawa, a Jiu-Jitsu expert. Another is William Hawke, once foreman of a grand jury.

THREE BALLOTS WILL BE HANDED TO VOTERS WHEN THEY GO TO THE POLLS NEXT TUESDAY

Table 1: JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT FOR THE FIRST JUDICIAL DISTRICT (Vote for six). Candidates include Francis B. Delahanty, John Proctor Clarke, Samuel Greenbaum, Clarence J. Sheeran, Edward R. Finch, John N. Tierney, Daniel Danery, John J. O'Connell, Hugo Winter, Adolph Warshaw, Jacob Hillquit, Leon A. Mankel, Nicholas Alenikoff, Irving S. Ottenberg, Jacob Henfield, James T. Hunter, Edmund Seidel, Arnold Petersen, Robert Glaser, Joseph P. Johnson.

Table 2: JUSTICE OF THE CITY COURT (Vote for one). Candidates include Lorenz Zeller, Philip C. Samuels, Charles E. Manierre, Alexander Levine, Simon Moskowitz, Sheriff (Vote for one). Candidates include Frank K. Bowers, Alfred E. Smith, Albert T. Hill, William Halpin, William Kohn, Herman Tahlke. District Attorney (Vote for one). Candidates include Charles A. Perkins, Edward Swann, Frank Ross, George K. Hinds, John B. Alexander.

Table 3: MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY—Twenty-third Assembly District (Vote for one). Candidates include Nicholas H. Pinto, Daniel G. Oliver, Robert Lynn, Jos. L. Lind, Frank Felberstein. Table 4: ALDERMAN—Twenty-fourth Aldermanic District (Vote for one). Candidates include Stanley L. Otis, Frank Mullen, William L. Sackheim.

REPRODUCTION OF THE GENERAL BALLOT.

Three ballots will be handed to each voter at the polls on Tuesday. One is the so-called general ballot, bearing the names of the county, judicial, Assembly and Aldermanic candidates, and, in the case of the twenty-third Congressional district, of the candidates for Congress. This ballot has no new features. As was the case last year, there is no party column. The names of the candidates for each office appear at the right of the emblem of the party or parties that nominate them. The second ballot contains three questions to be answered separately by an X mark in one of two squares labeled "Yes" and "No." The three questions are: Shall the revised Constitution be adopted? Shall the article changing the basis of legislative apportionment be approved? Shall the new article relating to taxation be approved? The third ballot is a copy of the general ballot with three more questions: Shall the State have woman suffrage? Shall the method of refunding the State debt be changed? Shall the State issue \$27,000,000 bonds to complete the large canal?

SOCIALIST MAYOR FOR SCHENECTADY LIKELY

Dr. Lunn's Cause Aided by Split of Fusionists—Assembly Candidate Strong. SCHENECTADY, Oct. 30.—Scheneectady, the first city in the State to elect a Socialist Mayor and send a Socialist man to the Legislature, may repeat this year. After the Socialist candidate this year, the other parties have managed to keep offices from them by splitting, but this fall the Republicans, Democrats and Progressives all have complete tickets in the field and the outlook favors at least the election of Dr. George R. Lunn as Mayor and Herbert M. Merrill to the Assembly. Two years ago the fusion Majority choice fell to a Democrat, and both Republicans and Progressives gave their support, with the result that Dr. Lunn was beaten by a plurality of 1,857 out of a vote of 16,667. This year the Fusionists named Horace S. Van Vleet, who has twice served his party as chief executive of the city, but the Democrats and Progressives refused to fuse and elected their own candidates in the field. It is expected this divided vote will result in the election of the Socialist candidate, Dr. Lunn, by at least 2,000. Much depends upon the way the independent voters vote. Many voters of both Democratic and Republican party are willing to give their support to either candidate in an endeavor to prevent the election of Dr. Lunn. However, these voters don't know which way to turn. Walter S. McNab, Republican, the present Assemblyman from this county, who is seeking reelection, has organized the labor vote and unless he overwhelmingly carries the town districts his chances are rather poor. On the other hand, Herbert M. Merrill, a Socialist, is strong with the union men. In the General Electric strike, which started four weeks ago and is not yet settled, he was a leader, addressing many meetings of the strikers and otherwise working in their behalf. Last year McNab was elected by a plurality of 2,200, but the switch by a plurality of 2,000 to Albany for his second term in the Assembly, Frank very weak and it is doubtful if he will draw 2,000 votes. Last year the Democratic nominee had 1,992 votes out of a total of 16,240 in the county. Although the Socialists may elect their Mayor, they are not expected to secure a majority vote in the city council or county board of supervisors. In many wards the Democrats and Republicans have fused with a Democrat or Republican for supervisor, or vice versa.

SOCIALISTS HOLD A PARADE.

Fifteen Thousand Follow Red Autos to Boost Candidates. East Side and Brownsville Socialists, about 20,000 in all, paraded yesterday in an effort to elect their eight candidates for the Board of Aldermen and the Assembly. The campaign manager, Dr. George R. Lunn, a Socialist, predicted that at least two of the candidates would be elected. Meyer London, Socialist Congressman from the Twelfth Assembly district; Abraham Cahin, managing editor of the New York Daily Forward, and Dr. Goldfarb delivered speeches in an Assembly district. They led a general parade of 15,000 adherents in red automobiles after the meetings.

DEMOCRATS OF BAY STATE LEAD RACE

Voters Apathetic, Although Registration Is Large—Suffrage Issue to the Fore. Boston, Oct. 30.—The political campaign in Massachusetts is drawing to a whirlwind finish as regards the extraordinary activity of the various candidates, offset by astonishing apathy on the part of the people. The heads of the four big tickets in the field are stampeding the State with a thoroughness rarely equalled in recent years, and the importance of several of the issues has resulted in an increased registration, but the public is not taking politics, business is the topic of the hour. As a matter of fact, the public is tired of politics; as though annual elections were not a great enough burden to bear, the adoption of the open primary has brought about two elections every twelve months. Like the clerk in the confectionery store, the voter does not want any more candy. From now on there will be an agitation for the abolition of the annual election, and eventually Massachusetts hopes to get rid of the nuisance.

WALSH GOOD CAMPAIGNER

Some of the political meetings, such as that held in Forest Hill today, where Senator Gore and candidate in Brooklyn his Democratic opponent, Gov. Walsh, represents silent government in Massachusetts, have brought about two elections every twelve months. Like the clerk in the confectionery store, the voter does not want any more candy. From now on there will be an agitation for the abolition of the annual election, and eventually Massachusetts hopes to get rid of the nuisance.

WILSON IN 1916, SAYS GORE.

Oklahoma Senator Is Sure President Will Be Renominated. United States Senator Gore and Mrs. Gore reached here yesterday from Massachusetts, where the Oklahoma Senator has been campaigning for Gov. Walsh. Senator Gore said that Gov. Walsh's chances were excellent. When asked about the probability of the renomination of President Wilson, Senator Gore said, "There is no doubt of his renomination. If the election was set for Tuesday he would be re-elected. I have recently returned from Nebraska, Kansas and Colorado and the sentiment there, despite the fact they are Republican States, is in favor of the President. This is due to the fact that he has taken for neutrality and his success in piloting what I might term a ship through its most dangerous passage. I find that the people are for peace and for Wilson."

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Senator Gore said he also found that there was considerable sentiment for the re-election of President Wilson. He would have made a fight for the nomination. "He can't drift in," said the Senator.

PROHIBITIONISTS HOLD BALANCE.

As was the case three months ago the issue still depends largely upon the size of the Prohibition vote, which has threatened the defeat of McCall. William Shaw, the Prohibition candidate, is a general officer of the Christian Endeavor Society, and it has been charged that he has been using this organization for his political purposes. The Washington or Progressive vote, which has been the mainstay of the Fusion ticket, is expected to be a surprise to the entire county. They take it for granted that no one outside seriously expects woman suffrage to win at this time in the State.

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There are about 1,200,000 voters in Pennsylvania. Little more than half of the number are expected to take part in the balloting. If the suffragists poll 200,000 votes, which is twice the figures conceded by the organization leaders, they will still be defeated two to one. It is difficult for careful observers to believe that woman suffrage is at present favored by more than 200,000 active voters of Pennsylvania.

All organized political strength in Pennsylvania is opposed to woman suffrage. The Republican organization workers have their orders. The Prohibitionists are everywhere. The reorganized Democracy is fighting no part in this campaign, awaiting the opportunity to reelect Wilson in 1916. The Washington or Progressive party, which would have supported votes for woman, is virtually in a state of disorganization. The Socialist party cuts very little ice.

The suffragists have waged an impressive campaign. They have gone into every village in the State. But for immediate purposes they have not created enough sentiment. There are matters besides suffrage which will engage the attention of voters on Tuesday. Three other amendments to the Constitution are proposed. One is to increase the borrowing capacity of Philadelphia from 10 to 15 per cent, the proceeds to be used exclusively for port and transit developments. The entire State will vote upon it, and it will be carried.

WILSON IN 1916, SAYS GORE.

A bitter warfare is being waged in Philadelphia between the Republican organization and the forces seeking to elect an independent successor to Mayor Blackwelder. George D. Porter, until recently Blackwelder's Director of Public Safety, in the reform campaign, while the organization is lined up socially behind Thomas B. Smith, ex-Postmaster and ex-Public Service Commissioner.

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There is a religious aspect to the campaign and it may be the deciding factor on election day. Back of Porter's candidacy is lined up the strength of two religious organizations recently formed with political purposes. They are anti-Catholic, and their memberships are said to exceed 100,000. Their meetings have been secret, and they have been held in Convention Hall, where on several occasions 16,000 were admitted by signed card and password. No one but a sworn member is admitted.

An indication of the confidence of Republican organization leaders in the outcome may be seen in the offer of one of them to let \$10,000 on the election of Smith and the general city ticket. It has had no takers. Senator Penrose predicts the election of the organization ticket by 100,000 majority.

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Mr. Beck declared that giving the vote to women would increase the number of incompetent voters by a greater number than it would increase the number of competent voters. "A large majority of the men who have the franchise today," he said, "are incapable of exercising it intelligently. They are men who are less than men about vital public questions that they cannot be expected to vote more intelligently than their brothers and husbands. Therefore, if the existing male suffrage is far from perfect, it is too much to hope that conditions will be improved by granting the franchise to women who are less competent voters."

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SUFFRAGE TO LOSE IN PENNSYLVANIA

Two to One Defeat Predicted—Religious Issue in Majority Fight. PENROSE IS CONFIDENT. PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 29.—Although several thousand offices are to be filled by the voters in the sixty-seven counties in Pennsylvania at Tuesday's election there is but one real statewide issue—woman suffrage. It promises to bring out a greater percentage of the total voting strength than ever appeared before to express itself upon a proposed constitutional amendment.

Leaders of the dominant Republican organization say the equal franchise proposal will receive the most crushing defeat ever administered to a proposed amendment in the history of the Commonwealth.

Impartial observers, certain that the woman suffrage idea is vastly more popular than organization leaders and liquor men imagine, are confident that it will be emphatically rejected at the polls. Meanwhile, the suffragists themselves are quite sure that the people of Pennsylvania recognize and will cause them to sweep political machines and liquor dealers from the political map before they will be defeated two to one.

Politicians who favor extending suffrage to women are sure that the amendment will be defeated two to one. At the same time they also declare that the number of voters in Pennsylvania who will cast affirmative ballots on the question will be a surprise to the entire county. They take it for granted that no one outside seriously expects woman suffrage to win at this time in the State.

There are about 1,200,000 voters in Pennsylvania. Little more than half of the number are expected to take part in the balloting. If the suffragists poll 200,000 votes, which is twice the figures conceded by the organization leaders, they will still be defeated two to one. It is difficult for careful observers to believe that woman suffrage is at present favored by more than 200,000 active voters of Pennsylvania.

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2,000 ATTEND ANTIS RALLY IN CARNEGIE

Beck, Wickesham, Col. Irish and Miss Chittenden Among Speakers. Two thousand anti-suffragists gathered in Carnegie Hall last evening to voice their opposition to giving women the franchise. Speeches were delivered by James M. Beck, former Assistant Attorney-General of the United States; Col. John P. Irish of California, John H. Matthews of Newark and Miss Minnie Bronson, general secretary of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage.

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Half an hour after Col. John P. Irish of California spoke against woman suffrage at Carnegie Hall last night, J. Stitt Wilson, former Mayor of Berkeley, in the same State, was answering his statements at a large rally on the east side of Madison Square Park. A crowd of 2,000, mostly men, listened when he declared that when Col. Irish said that "suffrage, demoralized and outraged women are entitled to the right of the ballot," he slandered the women of his home State.

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One thousand women gathered yesterday at the Elizabeth Cady Stanton centennial luncheon at the Hotel Astor. A number of men were there also to do honor to the equal rights pioneer. Mrs. Harriet Stanton Blatch, Mrs. Stanton's daughter, presided for Mrs. Robert Ingersoll, the chairman, who asked to be relieved of the gavel. There were speeches by Samuel Entenryer, Dr. John Elliott Lovejoy, Dr. S. Josephine Hager, Miss Helen Todd, Cleveland Moffet, Mrs. Charles de Verrier, the French suffragist; Mrs. Raymond Robins, Roger Foster, Mrs. Havenmeyer and Dr. Anna Howard Shaw.

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Most of these had known Mrs. Stanton. All had anecdotes to tell of her goodness, her cleverness, her courage, her unswerving faith and her sweetest as a woman. Dr. Shaw paid a tribute to what she said was Mrs. Stanton's greatest quality, her humanness. Mrs. Blatch, in the course of her remarks, served notice on the Democrats and the Republicans that if they failed to enfranchise women this State would, in the next Presidential election, lose the honor it has held of polling the largest number of votes in the Union.

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