

HUNGRY SHARK WILL FIGURE IN TRIAL OF HAMBURG OFFICIALS

Aided Skipper Supplying German Cruisers by Swallowing His Clearance Papers.

THEN GOT HOOKED AND GAVE UP DOCUMENTS

A shark story will figure in the trial of the Hamburg-American officials set for to-morrow before Judge Howe in the Criminal Branch of the Federal District Court.

A shark with a large appetite for anything that drops into the sea is reported to have swallowed the clearance papers of the steamship Quezada, which were dropped overboard by order of the captain when the ship was anchored off Pernambuco many months ago, but afterward the shark was captured and when he was searched the papers with all the papers were found and they are to be presented as evidence at the trial.

Captain Paints a Sillier. The customs officials of Pernambuco became suspicious and they sent to the captain for his papers, but the captain replied he had lost them. That reply made the officials still more suspicious and they sent a cruiser out to make an investigation.

While this story gave a little luster to the solemn investigation now being carried on by the United States government, the fact that the prosecution has complete evidence to support its contention that the Hamburg-American officials long had planned to send supplies to the German warships.

That evidence shows that the ships were chartered by the Hamburg-American Line officials even before the war started in Europe. On August 2, 1914, the day before the war was declared between England and Germany, the steamer Ther sailed from this port with supplies for the German cruisers.

On August 5, the day after the war was started, the steamer Bertha and Lorenzo set sail, on August 5, the steamer Fran and Commodore set sail for Philadelphia with coal and provisions.

Blame Put on Incendiaries. Fire Marshal Reports on Flames in Three Munitions Plants.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 20.—Every one of the fires in plants making munitions and other supplies for the Allies were of incendiary nature, said Joseph L. Haldwin, state fire marshal, who was in this city to-day. He said thorough investigation at Bethlehem, at Edystone and at Trenton had convinced him that the blazes were deliberately started.

Lincoln Loses Again. Confessed Spy Sees Extension to England, but Will Appeal.

Ignatius T. T. Lincoln, confessed German spy, yesterday got another setback in his fight to prevent extradition to England for trial for alleged forgery by a decision of Judge Chatfield in the United States Court in Brooklyn dismissing the writ of habeas corpus and certiorari issued out on Lincoln's behalf.

Special Guard Against Spies. Elizabeth, N. J., Nov. 20.—Humors that spies have been working in munition plants of New Jersey have prompted the officials of the Niles Bement Ford Company to engage a special guard at its Plainfield factory.

Mr. Morgan to Town to-morrow. J. P. Morgan, who has been convalescing from an operation for appendicitis at his home in Glen Cove, L. I., has intended to return to New York to-morrow.

IMBECILES, SAYS MANN OF DEMOCRATIC LEADERS

Wilson Getting Deeper in Mire as Big Questions Are Being Manhandled—Favors Increasing Defence Fund—Sees Long Session.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Representative James R. Mann, the Republican leader of the House, expressed the belief to-day that the activities of the Government in the United States are crippled because "imbecility and incompetence" are running riot in the Democratic Administration.

"The Democrats for some reason or other appear to be incapable of administering the large affairs of the Federal Government," said Mr. Mann. "They have manhandled most of the big questions that have come up to them for consideration and are getting deeper into the mire as the Wilson Administration progresses toward March 4, 1917, when I hope for the good of the country its tenure of power will come to an end."

Mr. Mann declared that he was in favor of increasing appropriations for the national defense. "Do you favor the Administration plan?" he was asked. "I do not know what the Administration plan is," he replied. "It is the business of Congress to fashion the military policy of the country, and I do not think any change will be made in the policy at this juncture."

"If this question is treated in a non-partisan way I am willing to join with the Administration in determining what the wise thing is for the country to do. I shall not take orders from the President, but I am willing to consult with him. I am really asked to consult, and no attempt is made to tie me up to a certain line of action."

It was announced at the White House that Mr. Mann and Senator Gallinger of New Hampshire, the dean of the Republicans in the Senate, had been invited to the White House to discuss the question of preparedness with the President.

Mr. Mann apparently had in mind the White House announcement that Republicans would be consulted on the question of national defense when he remarked "not only do they [the Democrats] need Republican votes but they need Republican brains."

Mr. Mann expressed the opinion that the drift of sentiment is toward the Republican party and he has no doubt that the nominees of the 1916 Republican convention will be elected.

Mr. Mann predicted that Congress will be in session a year from now. He believes, in other words, that the Democrats will attempt so much legislation and have so much difficulty in enacting it that they will keep Congress in session to the end of the present Administration.

It was his discussion of this possibility that brought forth Mr. Mann's criticism of the Democratic party. "Ideological incapacity to do anything is the chief affliction of the Democratic party," in the opinion of the Republican leader. He thinks the country has discovered this to be a fact during the last two years.

Our army is not recruited up to the maximum strength allowed by law," he said, "and there is much dissatisfaction among the men. This is all caused by the failure of Congress and the War and Navy departments to show proper consideration for the men who enter the service. The government will have great trouble in finding men worth while to enlist for service in the army and the navy unless better treatment is accorded to the men and better opportunities given them for obtaining promotion and commissions as officers."

The memorial building will be of two stories, in the Colonial design, flanked by two one-story wings. The main portion is to be supported by six Ionic columns. Attached to the corner is a tablet inscribed:

ERECTED 1915 To perpetuate the name and achievements of William McKinley, twenty-ninth President of the United States of America. Born January 29, 1823. Died September 14, 1901.

Quakes in California. Volcano at Andrade, Mex., Also Bursts Into Activity.

LOS ANGELES, Nov. 20.—Accompanying earthquake shocks that rocked the Southwest, damaged buildings in Mexico and the Imperial Valley and buried pedestrians from their feet, a volcano at Andrade, Mexico, across the line from Yuma, became active this afternoon. The Coronado electric plant was emptied and wires were shaken down. Shocks caused by the eruption were felt as far north as San Diego and were reported as more or less heavy in all parts of the Imperial Valley. In Mexico severe shocks were also reported.

Stromboli More Violent. Volcano Pouring Streams of Molten Lava, Visible From Afar.

ROME, Nov. 20.—Reports have reached here from the Lipari Islands that the eruption of Stromboli is increasing in violence. Streams of flaming lava flow from the crater at the top and are visible far out to sea.

Humphreys' Seventy-seven For Grip, Influenza, Coughs.

The successful use of "Seventy-seven" has made many converts to Homeopathy—especially when the following suggestion has been observed. To get the best results, take "Seventy-seven" at the first feeling of a cold—lassitude. If you wait until you begin to cough and sneeze, it may take longer. A small vial of pleasant pellets, fits the vest pocket. 25c. and \$1.00, at all druggists or mailed. Humphreys' Homeo. Medicine Co., 156 William Street, New York.

BLOCKADE USED TO AID BRITISH GOODS

English Foreign Office Tries to Force Substitutes for German Articles.

APPEAL TO WASHINGTON

The charge that Great Britain is making use of its blockade to force Americans to buy British made goods was made yesterday by Otto E. Giese of August Giese & Son, 4 Cedar street. He and other importers have laid the same accusation before the State Department at Washington.

Otto Giese was born in Brooklyn and is a member of the Crescent Athletic Club and the Brooklyn Civic Club. He imports firm filters. It imports from Germany, or did import before the war, Berkefeld filter tubes, which are used in the manufacture of anti-toxins and serums. According to Mr. Giese, sixty-six cases of these tubes, ordered and payment arranged for before March 1 last and paid for since that date, are held up in Rotterdam, and the British War Office has declined to issue a permit for their shipment to New York.

Abundant proof of ownership has been sent to the foreign trade advisers of the State Department and by them submitted to the British Embassy at Washington, Mr. Giese says. He says that Sir Richard Crawford of the embassy told him that the filters "should come through."

On September 14 William B. Fleming, foreign trade adviser of the State Department, sent to the Giese firm a copy of a letter from the secretary of the British Embassy. According to this letter, the British Foreign Office has ascertained that there were three makes of filters, one English, the second French and the third, the Berkefeld filter, German, and that the English filter was "regarded as the most efficient."

An adequate substitute for the Berkefeld filter is known in the United States, the Foreign Office reported. Mr. Giese also showed a Swiss reporter correspondence regarding the Berkefeld filters that had passed between the H. K. Mulford Company of Philadelphia and the London office of this firm. On October 27 the London agent cabled to Philadelphia:

"Authority and release filters very uncertain. They claim English makes as good if not superior. Latter being used by local manufacturers."

"The filters recommended to us by the British Government," Mr. Giese said yesterday, "are water filters and are not at all suitable for the filtration of anti-toxin. We have received letters from several laboratory manufacturers warning us to know why they can't get the filters they are used to. We are simply in the clutches of the British Foreign Office. It is an interesting feature of the situation that the allied armies are depending to a large extent upon these American laboratories for material with which to immunize their soldiers against contagious or infectious disease."

Inquiry into Anthrax Case. State Seeks Shop Which Sold Infected Cat Fur.

Inspectors of the division of Industrial Hygiene of the State Department of Labor yesterday continued their hunt for the fur shop which put forth originally the blue strip of cat fur which may have afflicted Sophia Rosen with anthrax.

The task is a big one because the retailer who sold the girl the fur for her dress is not able to say just where he bought the particular strip. It is of a kind very common and made up by many of the cheap furriers on the East Side. It is said that it may mean an examination of half a dozen establishments and an analysis of all the skins and furs in stock.

"We do not expect a report for several days," said Dr. C. T. Graham-Rogers, director of the division. "It is a heavy task, but the men are working hard at it."

\$200,000 Bid for Convention. San Francisco Leads in Race for Democratic Meeting Place.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 20.—Two hundred thousand dollars, the biggest offer ever made, is the bid being rung up by San Francisco to capture the 1916 Democratic national convention.

When the National Committee meets here December 7 it will also have \$100,000 offers each from Dallas, St. Louis and probably Chicago before it has had time to bid on other cities to compete with San Francisco. Omaha is also said to be in the race. Buffalo has dropped out; it was said. In addition to the money bids the various cities will also offer to defray some expenses and furnish an auditorium.

San Francisco and Chicago are also bidding for the Republican convention. As the Democrats, in power, will hold their convention first, an early date in June is most favored.

Flatbush Pastor to Quit. The Rev. Dr. Daniel Dorchester, who has been pastor of St. Mark's Methodist Episcopal Church, Flatbush, for six years, has notified the official board that he will terminate his pastorate at the close of the conference year in April next. Since he took charge of St. Mark's the debt on the church has been reduced by \$49,000.

B. Altman & Co. FIFTH AVENUE - MADISON AVENUE Thirty-fourth Street NEW YORK Thirty-fifth Street

Special Mid-season Exhibition of PARIS GOWNS B. Altman & Co. announce that through the co-operation of their permanent Paris organization, a Special Mid-season Collection of French Gowns has been received, and will be shown commencing to-morrow (Monday) Famous Paris Couturiers are represented. Included are: Callot Soeurs, Bulloz & Cie., Rondeau & Cie., Bernard & Cie., Paquin, Jenny Maurice, Erte, Weeks, Worth, Etc. FRENCH HATS The Paris makers of Hats will also be represented at this remarkable exhibition of late French Fashions. A group of distinguished names, by which the world of fashion has long been swayed, gives to the collection an undisputed place in the season's exhibition. Among them are: Lewis, Louison, Reboux, Marie Louise, Suzanne Talbot

House Gowns, Negligees and Lounging Robes (suitable for gifts) An unusually interesting sale is announced for to-morrow (Monday), presenting garments of charming mode at exceptionally attractive prices: House Coats of heavy brocaded crepe de Chine, silk lined throughout, and with handsome lingerie collar and cuffs of Philippine embroidery \$24.00 House Gowns of crepe de Chine; coat effect, embroidered and lace trimmed \$14.50 Imported Negligees of albatross; collar and cuffs of lingerie, hand-embroidered, \$14.50 Kimonos of Japanese hand-embroidered mes-saline \$12.50 Negligees of crepe de Chine, lined throughout with soft wool crepe; swansdown-trimmed at \$12.75 Blanket Robes, bound with satin ribbon, at \$3.35 & 5.00 (Third Floor)

Women's and Misses' Sweaters and Sweater Coats will also be on special sale Monday, affording advantageous selections at the following very reasonable prices: Sweaters of brushed wool, in rose, or Rocky Mountain blue \$7.50 Sweater Coats of Jersey wool; a belted model, with collar of Beaver; in green, cerise, brown or blue \$16.50 The regular stock contains interesting assortments of Sweaters, Coats, Scarfs, Caps, Tam o'Shanters, and Hats, adapted for skating, motoring, for Winter resort wear, and the usual outing purposes. The latest fashion novelties are expressed in many individual models. (Second Floor)

CHIN CHILLA Coat with Silver Fox detachable animal Scarf. The lines of this coat are absolutely perfect in every detail, and the coat itself is particularly adapted for evening wear. Made in Russian Sable, Labrador Mink, and the finest grades of Baby Lamb and Caracul. Fur Coats for all occasions are considered indispensable this phenomenal Fur year. A. Jaeckel & Co. Furriers 384 Fifth Avenue Telephone, Greeley—2044. Bet. 35th and 36th Sts.