

ROOSEVELT SAILED TRIEST BOY FROM DEATH AS A SPY

Appeal Chief Cause of Release of Young American by Britain.

FATHER BRINGS SON BACK TO NEW YORK

The charges of Col. Theodore Roosevelt were made known yesterday, were chiefly responsible for the decision of the British Government to release Kenneth Triest, the Princeton student who enlisted in the British navy and then undertook to betray naval secrets to Germany.

After young Triest, in the care of his father, arrived here yesterday on the American liner New York, Mr. Triest's attorney, J. Mayhew Wainwright of 39 Wall Street, made this statement: "Now that Kenneth Triest is safely back in this country the American public should be informed of the contrast between the well this case was treated by the British Government and the action of the German military authorities in the Cavell case.

Young Triest, who had enlisted in the British navy, was charged with espionage, an offense punishable with death. He might not have been able to successfully maintain before the naval court-martial the defence of insanity. In making this, I am following the counsel and friend, left justified in bringing to his aid whatever influence could be secured.

Gives Credit to Roosevelt.

"Several people of prominence gave me generous aid. We have been regularly indebted to Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British Ambassador, and Capt. Guy Gault, the British naval attaché, for their sympathy, consideration and assistance. The British Government brought about the result, in fact saved this boy's life, was the intervention of Mr. Roosevelt. I appealed to him. He responded with the greatest readiness, force and directness, writing in his own hand to the British Ambassador a statement of the case as he saw it and expressing his judgment of the course which ought to be followed. The British Government in the matter. This letter was sent by the Ambassador to Arthur J. Balfour, the present First Lord of the Admiralty, and Sir Edward Grey, the Foreign Secretary, together with, as I believe, a strong letter from the Ambassador himself endorsing Mr. Roosevelt's views.

"Mr. Roosevelt has consented to permit me to publish the following letter which he sent me after we were informed of the decision reached in the case: "I have received from the British Ambassador at Washington a letter stating that Sir Edward Grey and Mr. Balfour have carefully gone over the letter which Mr. Triest set forth in my letter. They show no signs of madness but may have an unbalanced mind, and that the British Government is prepared to give him the benefit of the doubt. I continue: "What they are prepared to agree to is the following: If the father comes over to England and make himself known to the British Government, they will give him the benefit of the doubt. I have my own personal charge and escorting him back to America the boy will be handed over without being brought to trial. I am sure that the British Government can hardly fail to end in condemnation, the facts being as they are. The only way to avoid a trial is the suggestion of the father and myself. Please inform the persons concerned."

Colonel Wants to Chide Boy.

"Please show this letter to Mr. Triest. I understand that he has agreed to the conditions, that is, will make himself responsible for taking care of his own personal charge to America with him. If the boy shall appear to be still of unbalanced mind my own judgment is to let him go to some sanitarium, at least until this war is over. If he has in any way recovered, then Mr. Triest should bring him to me and give me the opportunity of examining him in the presence of his father and of yourself the terrible character of the offense he has committed and the heavy load of sin he and his family are under of the British Government. "I wish him to understand that the British Government is not only an offense against the law of nations but an offense against the conscience of the world. If it had not been committed when his mind was unbalanced, would not the search for truth and the standards of a high standard of professional and personal probity and honor. Moreover, he should understand and appreciate the contrast between the treatment of the British Government in his case and the conduct of the German Government in permitting and sanctioning the execution of Triest, that the German Government had put to death Miss Cavell. The boy should be made to understand the mercy and magnanimity with which the British Government has treated him."

Denies Receiving Letter.

Regarding the alleged smuggling of a letter into his office in Munich, Mr. Gaffney said his knowledge was limited to a newspaper account that Denis A. Spillane, secretary-treasurer of the American Committee of Irish National Volunteers, had tried to send him a letter through the American Consulate in Munich. Mr. Gaffney denied that he had received the letter.

Has Ready a Resolution Containing Terms Which He Thinks Will End War.

"My first act in Congress when that body convenes will be to present a resolution calling upon the President to convene a congress of all neutral nations to urge upon the belligerents a speedy settlement of the war," said Meyer London, the Socialist Congressman from New York, yesterday.

\$5,000 FOR MALLORY ALIVE.

Head, His Body Is Found.

Head, Nov. 28.—The family of David H. Mallory, who disappeared from his boat, has offered a reward of \$5,000 if he is found alive and for the recovery of his body if he is dead.

MEYER LONDON TO ASK FIVE HOSPITAL AUTOS FOR PEACE CONGRESS

Gift of Flotilla Made Possible by \$12,000 Check From Mrs. Guggenheim.

Some time Tuesday afternoon or Wednesday morning a flotilla of five motor cars, carrying a complete hospital and sanitation equipment, will start for the trenches of the French army in Alsace, the gift of the Vacation War Relief Committee, was made possible Saturday when Mrs. Daniel Guggenheim sent a check for \$12,000, the entire cost of the flotilla, to Miss Gertrude Robinson Smith, chairman of the committee charge of the work.

PLANS FIGHT ON FOES WITHIN.

Defence Society Will Combat Peace at Any Price Men.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 28.—Steps for the organization of an army of defence against "foes within" as well as enemies without have been started by the American Defence Society, which intends to enroll under one "preparedness" banner many organizations which it believes would make invaluable reinforcements in the preparedness movement.

DR. KOO ARRIVES AS CHINESE MINISTER

Youngest Diplomat to Hold the Rank—Surprised at Appointment.

GREETED BY COLLEGIANS

Dr. Vi Kuyin Wellington Koo, formerly editor in chief of the Columbia Spectator and now Chinese Minister to the United States, arrived yesterday on the American liner New York, from Liverpool, which flew from her main trunk the five striped flag of the Republic of China in honor of the distinguished voyager.

"U. S. UNJUST TO ME," SAYS GAFFNEY; SOCIALIST LEADER WARNS U. S. TO ARM

C. E. Russell Asserts Germany Will Win Present War, Then Attack America.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 28.—A call for Americans to arm themselves and prepare for a death grapple with Germany at the close of the present war in Europe was issued by Charles Edward Russell of New York, author and socialist, in an address on "After the Whitehead" today before the Socialist Literary Society in the Broad Street Theatre.

Germany, according to Mr. Russell's belief, will win the gigantic contest in Europe and establish the greatest empire the world has ever seen. Canada, he said, will be seized by the Germans and a chain of forts will be established along the Canadian American frontier. The German empire, he said, will be without conscience or morals and inspired only by lust of conquest.

If Americans, he asserted, hope to preserve the ideal of this republic from the German propaganda they must prepare for war and that immediately. He urged a bigger army and a bigger navy than that of any nation that might become an enemy of the United States.

In answer to a question from the audience as to whether he did not believe that his plea for preparedness disqualified him as a member of the Socialist party he snapped back:

"If my convictions on preparedness interfere with my being a Socialist, which I believe they do not, then I will get out of the Socialist party. If Germany wins good night to socialism and every progressive cause. The whole world will be turned into an armed camp and the world has refused to prevent war by abolishing the competitive system, and now we must fight. I don't care who makes the munitions. It is not of the slightest concern to me whether they are made by Charlie Schwab or by John D. Rockefeller. The main thing is to get the tools, and you have to lose them quickly, for there is no time to lose."

Mr. Russell termed Henry Ford's peace ship proposition a "jitney" excursion and rapped the German Socialists and charged that they were responsible in a large measure for the war in Europe when in 1913 they voted for enormous additions to the war chest of Germany.

He said that the German Socialists who voted for the war in Germany had no right to come to this country and argue against the United States taking adequate measures for defence.

The convictions expressed by Mr. Russell shocked many Socialists in his audience, especially as there had been a strong likelihood that the author would be the Socialist candidate for President in 1916.

Mr. Russell declared that the women of Canada spoke when the Windsor, Ontario, representative of a military group uttered the words assailing our efforts and questioning the motives of Miss Guggenheim.

"The plan of the conference in Europe has been called a huge undertaking, impossible of failure. To all it means only a trip across the ocean, a call to the representatives of other neutral people. Then will come the notification of the warring Governments that such a court of the people exists. What effect will it have? That must await the moment before we will know."

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It isn't the actual numbers that make a second peace transport inevitable, it's the trouble making arrangements. Nothing could be more astonishing than the number of invited guests who can't go themselves but who know people that Mr. Ford ought really, in justice to himself and his enterprise, to take along.

Those appear also to be a considerable number of inhabitants of the United States who were not invited to sail and of whom Mr. Ford and his associates have heard, whose names are in no "Who's Who" and whose fame is yet young, but who think Mr. Ford will regret it later if he omits to have them aboard.

Those persons are sending in telegrams to the Baltimore praising Mr. Ford's project. Most of them are promptly invited to go on the trip and so far as known last night not a single one had declined.

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FORD SAYS HIS FOES CAN'T STOP HIM NOW

Will End War Despite Opposition, Then Crush "Reptile Preparedness" in U. S.

DETROIT, Nov. 28.—Henry Ford returned from New York to-day after a busy week in preparation for the sailing of his peace ship and the plans for his neutral conference in Europe.

"I will go to Europe on the Oscar II, and I hope that before I return something will have started toward peace, 'out of the trenches by Christmas,' is not a boast—it is a prayer—a prayer that all the world joins in," said Mr. Ford at his home this evening.

"There has been opposition, unscrupulous and determined, but that is the stuff that makes men fight for the right, and the right this time is peace. First, the European conflict must be stopped. Then comes the fight against the reptile that is creeping through the country carrying the deceptive and dangerous word 'preparedness' written upon its back.

"The fight to stop the war, for it is a fight, is too big a thing, too heavy with the grief and hope of the world, to stop before the vapors of editorial writing comedians or of 'high authorities' who dig up laws that do not put men in jail.

"The President of the United States has not expressed an opinion one way or another upon the project as yet. It is doubtless a project that he, in his official position, must consider at some length before coming to a decision. But I know the opinion in his bosom, and my heart is behind his plan, or any plan that will start things toward peace. We hope to get the support of the President, but I do not believe that the cool diplomacy of some other system prohibits his sanction we will go to Europe without it.

"What struck me hardest of all were the words of those Canadian women who deprecated an effort for peace. It is terrible to realize that women are led by their men to such a state of mind as to believe that they cry out their willingness to sacrifice their sons so that the 'enemy' may be crushed.

"But I do not believe that the women of Canada spoke when the Windsor, Ontario, representative of a military group uttered the words assailing our efforts and questioning the motives of Miss Guggenheim.

"The plan of the conference in Europe has been called a huge undertaking, impossible of failure. To all it means only a trip across the ocean, a call to the representatives of other neutral people. Then will come the notification of the warring Governments that such a court of the people exists. What effect will it have? That must await the moment before we will know."

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