

MARSHALL SUGGESTS PARTY PLATFORM

Vice-President Is Candidate for Delegate at Large to Fight Bryanism.

ON JEFFERSONIAN BASIS

Expresses Dissent With Commander on Prohibition and Takes Job at Wilson.

Special to THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.—The appearance of Vice-President Thomas R. Marshall as the chief opponent of William J. Bryan and possibly President Wilson at the Democratic national convention was forecast to-night in a letter from the Vice-President to G. O. Hoffman, of Fort Wayne, Ind., secretary of the Democratic National Committee.

In his letter Mr. Marshall declared unequivocally for the return of the Democratic party to the principles of Thomas Jefferson. He insisted that the United States is still a federal republic and that the Democratic party should be the party of legislative powers.

Mr. Marshall set out in detail his ideas of what ought to go into the platform of the Democrats for their 1920 campaign, and to Mr. Hoffman that if a faith of this kind appeals to the Democrats of Indiana I desire to go as a delegate at large to the convention at San Francisco to advocate the kind of platform and to ascertain whether everything that made the republic great was right or wrong.

The Vice-President, who has always been an opponent of Bryan's prohibition, declared his opposition to Bryan's principles when he insisted that "the States discharge the duties of local self-government; resist the usurpation of the general government; Bryan has indicated that the question of States rights does not affect the prohibition issue, but Mr. Marshall is known to believe differently, and his letter is taken to indicate that he will support Bryan on this issue before the San Francisco convention.

The Vice-President made a left handed jab at President Wilson when he declared that the Democrats should insist that the legislative branch of the Government shall be responsible for the discharge of its duties, although he qualified this phrase with another in which he said that the Democrats should be served upon Congress "that it cannot look behind an alleged interference upon the part of the executive branch."

The letter follows: "Another Presidential campaign impends. Thus far the President, who is the chief of our party, has not deemed it expedient to express his opinion as to what the issues will be. As I am desirous of being a delegate at large from the State of Indiana I wish, in correspondence with what I hope has been my entire public career, to state the substance of what I think the Democratic party should stand for. It is not possible to accomplish our rehabilitation other than through the instrumentalities of political parties. How shall the Democratic party propose to rehabilitate the political system of America, if entrusted with power, is the question.

"I have watched in other countries the effects of so-called unbridled democracy, and I have seen its menace to this country, until I am quite convinced that the peace, prosperity and perpetuity of the American republic must rest finally upon a few ancient time honored Democratic doctrines.

"No one says God can remove the individual as the unit of good government. Legislative efforts to produce justice and good order in society by listening according to the demands of persons and classes will, in the hour of need, produce failure. The only sure foundation for a stable republic must rest upon the Jeffersonian right to life, to liberty and the pursuit of happiness.

"The Democratic party should stand for this and pledge itself to rebuild the American political structure along this line by clearly dividing its citizens into the law abiding and law breaking, making its laws rest equally upon all men, admitting the individual citizen who is honest to succeed by honest methods, giving to no class legislative advantage, speedily punishing any who unjustly obtains success by crooked and dishonest means, recognizing that this is a federal of States, demanding that the States discharge the duties of local self government, resisting the usurpations of the general government, improving corrupt and biased judges but depending always on the constituted authorities of court and the constituted au-

thority, insisting that the legislative branch of the Government shall be responsible for the discharge of its duty, and serving notice upon it that it can not look behind an alleged interference upon the part of the executive branch, electing an executive pledged to discharge the countless officials and innumerable agents made necessary by the war and to administer public affairs along economic lines even to the point of the veto of every bill carrying not only unnecessary and ill-advised appropriations but appropriations for the benefit of a few citizens rather than for the common good, regulating strictly every public utility, and punishing all those seeking to profiteer either personally or through aggregated companies of men or money; in short, the presentation to the people for their suffrages of a man upon an old-time Democratic platform, under the principles of which the Republic for so many years was contented, prosperous and inviolate.

"If a faith of this kind appeals to the Democrats of Indiana, I desire to go as a delegate at large to the convention at San Francisco to advocate the kind of a platform, and to ascertain whether everything that made the Republic great was right or wrong."

BRYAN ALSO GIVES OUT HIS PLATFORM

He Opposes Compulsory Military Training.

Special to THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. MIAMI, Fla., Feb. 15.—William J. Bryan outlined the principles which he planks he hopes to see incorporated in the Democratic national platform at the San Francisco convention. He says he does not attempt to dictate but merely summarizes the beliefs and opinions as a result of his studying the political pulse. He places the more important planks in the following order: endorsement of the administration of President Wilson; national prohibition; military training; opposition to enforced military training; opposition to profiteering.

Mr. Bryan practically predicted the elimination of Gov. Edwards of New Jersey and soldier candidates on both sides for the Presidential nomination.

TALK OF STRIKE ON B. R. T. WITHOUT BASE

No Confirmation of Rumor and Officials Discredit It.

Officials of the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system expressed confidence last night that the reports of an impending strike which would tie up all of the city's lines beginning at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning, had been issued without proper authority and that relations between the company and its employees were at present entirely friendly.

Mr. Shea, chairman of the Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees, in which plans for a strike are being discussed, said that he had declined to confirm or deny the telephone having made such a statement.

William S. Menden, general superintendent, declared that the threat of a strike was a surprise to him, and that he knew of no friction between the company and the committee representing our employees. The relations have been and are entirely friendly. The chairman of the committee referred to is E. L. Smith of 199 Fifth avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Menden said Mr. Smith could not be reached at his home last night. Mr. Shea and other members and officers of the local of the Amalgamated are also represented on this committee.

When the committee met for its regular weekly session with company officials last Friday, company officials understood that certain matters would be referred to the committee to the men. Assuming that these matters related to schedules which have not yet been put into effect, a representative of the company said that many new schedules had been put into effect already and that the others would be as soon as the delay caused by the influenza epidemic and the storm had passed. Representatives of the company and its employees will meet this afternoon. Lindley M. Garrison, Federal receiver, is out of town it was said at his residence last night.

Hoston Labor Favors Berger.

Boston, Feb. 15.—A resolution calling upon Congress to seat Victor L. Berger, elected from the Fifth Congress district of Wisconsin, was adopted by the Boston Central Labor Union to-day, by a vote of 62 to 25.

SAYS ANARCHY TRAIL IS IN WHITE HOUSE

Ex-Gov. Brown of Georgia Assails Wilson as Helping Lawless Unions.

ALLIANCE WITH GOMPERS

He Asserts It Has Caused the President to Disobey Constitution.

Ex-Gov. Joseph M. Brown of Georgia, a Democrat, sent yesterday an open letter to the Senators and Representatives of Congress charging that President Wilson, officially and personally, has made himself the patron of organizations advocating anarchy and the overthrow of the republic.

Mr. Brown accuses the President of forcing upon the State of Georgia the "anarchistic Amalgamated Association of Street and Electric Railway Employees of America after its members and their allies had brutally shot the blood of citizens of Georgia and after Georgia had expelled it from her capital city."

The other instance of which Mr. Brown complains in bitter terms is the President's course in the Mooney case of San Francisco. "The State of California," he writes, "convicted the multi-murderer and anarchist, Mooney, and sentenced to death for his atrocious crime. President Woodrow Wilson handed himself further with international unions of men who openly defy the laws and practically force the Governor of California into allowing anarchy and murder to triumph over American laws."

Logic of President's Course.

"What else is the logic of the President's course in the two above named States? He has taken a solemn oath to see that the laws be faithfully executed. Why does he now shrink from using the powers already in his hands to protect us from internal rebellion?"

The ex-Governor of Georgia asserts further that the "international union power" has brought President Wilson into subjection to its will, and that a crisis has arrived which demands that Congress take action in its own hands to protect the Constitution, the economic powers and the lives of men, women and children. This has come about, he adds, because President Wilson's course has established for certain combinations preferential privileges over those allowed to all the other inhabitants of the United States, principally "the tolerated exercise of the power to suspend the business of other people, depriving the public of necessities and transportation."

Mr. Brown calls the attention of Congress to the fact that dynamiting and murder were proved against the street railway union in Georgia, but that the President forced Georgia to shelter the unions, and he warns the Democracy that "Georgia declines to follow her President blindly or to be his rubber stamp." After instancing many cases of assault and homicide by the unions, he calls attention to the President's "unflinching loyalty to them," and asserts that if more murders and dynamitings result the President must be held responsible for reinducing anarchy after Georgia had tried to exile it.

Cleveland and Wilson Compared.

"One difference between Grover Cleveland and Woodrow Wilson is that Cleveland liked to lay his mind alongside the Constitution," while President Wilson says he likes to lay his mind alongside that of Samuel Gompers. The President

has obeyed Gompers by openly disobeying the Constitution and openly bringing about the nullification of decisions of the Supreme Court. There is a Gompers-Wilson alliance against the Constitution. The trail of anarchy leads right into the White House. The poisoned arrows of anarchy and murder are being shot from the White House official enclosure into the homes of the law abiding people of the United States.

"Georgia gave President Wilson in 1916 the second largest popular majority he received in the United States. He proved his gratitude by giving to Georgia in 1918 the incubus of an organization notorious throughout the Union for deeds of anarchy and bloodshed. California gave him her electoral votes in 1916. He proved his gratitude by assailing the moral integrity of her State officials in behalf of a convicted murderer, the man who, with a time bomb, murdered ten and wounded fifty men, women and children.

"President Wilson is thus making himself a potent factor in dragging society back to its status of law, order and security. Under his law no longer commands labor unionism, it pleads with it. The union label has supplanted the Great Seal of the United States. It is time there was an awakening and an uprising of the loyal citizens of the United States to hurl anarchy into the abyss and to reseat Law upon its throne."

CITY NEWS MEN AT BANQUET.

Writers in Nyma Society Get Insurance Policy.

Members of the recently organized Nyma Society, composed of employees of the New York City News Association, held their first annual dinner yesterday morning in the Hawaiian Room of Reisenweber's, Eighth avenue and Fifty-eighth street. The dinner was preceded by an entertainment that included vaudeville features from the Columbia Theatre, Reisenweber's cabaret and boxing bouts. Joseph A. Larkin, president of the society, presided.

During the dinner insurance policies were given to the sixty members of the society, they being among the benefits of the organization. Members of the society presented gold fountain pens to James E. Hardsbergh, secretary and general manager, and William G. Henderson, treasurer, of the New York City News Association. Former employees of the association relieved the members from their news gathering duties so that they might attend the dinner.

SOUNDPROOF ROOM URGED.

To Accommodate Noisy Women at Bedford Reformatory.

The few rebellious women who frequently turn the State Reformatory at Bedford, N. Y., into a bedlam of sound simply by feigning hysteria and with their own screams coating at least one scream each from all the other women prisoners may have a chance to do their worst in a soundproof room, it became known yesterday when the institution's annual report was made public. In the report the mention of the trouble makers is followed by the recommendation that the special detention room be constructed.

TO RUN FOR COMPTROLLER.

Deputy A. J. Wendell Has Been in State Office 27 Years.

James A. Wendell, Deputy State Comptroller, announced in Albany yesterday that he will conduct an active campaign for the Republican nomination for State Comptroller.

Mr. Wendell is a native of Fort Plain, Montgomery county, where he maintains his residence. He has been in the Comptroller's office for the last twenty-seven years in charge of the internal affairs of that office. He has been inducted for the nomination by his Congressional and Senatorial districts, and his supporters say he will receive the backing of all the business men and banking officials who have dealt with the Comptroller's office through him.

BENNETT WILL NOT FIGHT WADSWORTH

Senator Not an Issue in the Unofficial Republican Convention.

HARMONY IS OUTLOOK

Platform Will Deal Largely With National Issues, It Is Reported.

While there are rumblings of trouble on the part of insurgents at the unofficial Republican State convention to be held in Carnegie Hall Thursday and Friday, it is probable that most of it will be quieted in advance.

Some of the women delegates are planning a drive to get one of their number on the "Big Four" slate. Miss Mary Garrett Hay has said she did not care to make a fight to go as a delegate-at-large, nor would she take part in any movement to prevent the selection of United States Senator James W. Wadsworth, Jr., in that capacity.

William M. Bennett, who is to run as a candidate for delegate-at-large in the primaries, said yesterday that so far as he knew no attempt would be made to inject his name in the convention.

"I shall not make Senator Wadsworth my issue," said Mr. Bennett, when told of the general opinion that he had gone into the fight to aid the women who are opposed to the Senator. "I believe the Senator is entitled to renomination. We understand one another thoroughly." The first session of the convention will be held Thursday night. It will be preceded by a meeting of the State committee in the Republican Club at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. At that time Ellihu Root will be formally chosen as temporary chairman. He will make a keynote speech, which it is planned will set the pace for Republican thought this year.

Former Senator Root has also had a hand in drafting a platform, which will bear largely on national issues. As head of a special committee he has been at work on this draft for some time.

In addition to adopting the platform the convention will recommend to the Republicans a slate for the "Big Four." As now fixed it consists of the two United States Senators—James W. Wadsworth, Jr., and William M. Calder—William Boyce Thompson and former Senator Root.

There has been a disposition in some quarters to attack Mr. Thompson, but it is believed the slate will not be broken. There is talk of an attempt to pass resolutions instructing the delegates for the Presidential nomination. The bulk of sentiment among the leaders is against this, however.

W. M. BENNETT WILL BE CANDIDATE AGAIN

Completes His Petitions for Delegate at Large.

William M. Bennett, who is to be a candidate again in a primary, has completed his petitions for delegate at large to the Republican National Convention. Twice the number of signatures required by law were obtained and the petitions will be filed on March 2, which is the first possible day under the law.

So far Mr. Bennett is the only person in the field against the slate to be named

at the unofficial State convention on Friday. He is head of the movement for United States Senator Hiram W. Johnson in this State and is to run pledged to the Californian.

"We have selected several Congress districts in New York City in which we shall put up candidates for district delegates," Mr. Bennett said yesterday. "We expect to make a straight out Johnson for President fight without indulging in any personalities. The Johnson sentiment is so strong we expect to elect every delegate we put up."

PLANS "PIGRIM" EXERCISES.

Sulgrave Institution to Announce Details of Dinner Saturday.

Plans for the celebration of the tercentenary of the sailing and landing of the Pilgrim Fathers will be announced at a dinner to be given by the Sulgrave Institution at the Hotel Astor next Saturday. The guests of honor will be the Vice-President of the United States, Thomas R. Marshall; R. C. Lindsay, representing the British Ambassador, and Dr. C. Vollenhoven, representing the Ambassador from the Netherlands.

Preceding the dinner there will be an annual service in honor of George Washington's birthday at noon in St. Paul's Chapel. Bishop Burch will preach the sermon and the Rev. Dr. William T. Manning, rector of Trinity, and the Rev. Joseph P. McComas, vicar of St. Paul's, will take part. The service will be attended by Vice-President Marshall and the other guests of honor, after which luncheon will be served in the parish house. Alton B. Parker, chancellor of the Sulgrave Institution, will preside.

METROPOLIS THEATRE FIRE.

Audience Waits Outside Until Flames Are Put Out.

Five hundred spectators engrossed in a movie thriller at the Metropolitan Theatre, Third avenue and 142d street, kept their heads when the manager, Peter Pecklin, suddenly ordered the lights up and in a speech from the stage announced that the theatre was afire. He told every one to obey the Fire Department instructions in going quietly to the exits without crowding. The movie fans went out while the orchestra was racking jazz music with as much orderliness as if the show had come to its usual ending. On Manager Pecklin's advice most of the people waited outside until the firemen had done their work. The manager then invited the spectators into the house and went on with the show.

NEWBERRY TRIAL TO DRAG.

Conspiracy Case Not Due to End Until Near Easter.

GRAND RAPIDS, Mich., Feb. 15.—"About Easter" was declared by attorneys to-night to be the time for the probable ending of the Newberry elections conspiracy trial. The prosecution indicates that it "hopes" to close its testimony the first week of March. The time to be consumed by the defence is problematical, but estimates obtained averaged it at about three weeks. Another week was allowed for arguments and instructions to the jury.

PASTOR RAPS GOV. EDWARDS.

Says He Preaches Treason and Is Likened to Emma Goldman.

Governor Edwards of New Jersey was compared to Emma Goldman last night in an address delivered at the First Methodist Episcopal Church, Hoboken, by Dr. F. J. Rockey, national chairman of the speakers' committee of the Anti-Saloon League. Dr. Rockey asked his hearers why the Governor should not have been sent out of the country on the Soviet ark, the Buford.

"He is preaching treason against the Constitution of the United States," he continued. "If he succeeds in passing his bill for a 4 per cent. brew what will be the attitude of the Government?" He quoted a Government official as saying the "Yosted act would be enforced over Gov. Edwards' head."

FIRE IN PHONE BUILDING.

A fire caused by an electric iron which had not been disconnected and became overheated caused \$1,000 damage early this morning in the haberdashery of William Morgan & Sons, New York Telephone Building, No. 3 Dey Street.

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2.50 ties now...	1.85

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1.50 Pure silk...	85c

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45	35
49.50	39.50
50	45.00
55	47.50
75	65
75	57.50
85	65

OVERCOATS

Wares	Sale Prices
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45	35
49.50	39.50
50	45.00
55	47.50
75	65
75	57.50
85	65

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