

PRIMARIES COST AT LEAST \$10,000,000

Enormous Sum Spent for Candidates as Shown in Senate Inquiry.

\$1,252,919 PAID FOR WOOD

His Boom Nursed at 'Dry' Luncheons in City Club in Manhattan Borough.

WASHINGTON, June 4.—Total expenditures in behalf of Major-Gen. Leonard Wood ran to more than a million and a quarter dollars, according to additional accounts submitted to-day to the Senate committee investigating Presidential primary expenditures.

The Senate has put a quietus on the proposal of Senator Pomerene (Ohio), Democrat, to prolong the inquiry until next December and enlarge its scope to include Senatorial as well as Presidential and Vice-Presidential candidates.

While a few witnesses may be questioned further, it is understood that the inquiry virtually is completed.

Late to-night the inquiry was still in progress, but the expectation was that the investigation would be ended, at least until after the two national conventions. The proposal to have the committee continue its sessions in Chicago appears to have been abandoned.

Enormous Total is Estimated.

While it is impossible from the Senate investigation to show the total amount spent by all Presidential candidates, Republican and Democratic, in their pre-convention campaigns, it is figured that the total spent by local, state and national headquarters will be an enormous sum.

The amount spent by the Wood campaign far exceeds that expended in behalf of any other single candidate. Official estimates of the total amount expended by the Senate investigation are \$10,000,000, and it is believed the additional amounts spent by organizations whose funds were not reported to the committee will greatly increase this amount.

The committee hopes still to obtain information from William Loeb, Jr., one of the Wood managers, who up to this time either has evaded the subpoena served upon him searching for him or has "taken to the woods" on a vacation and is unaware that he is wanted.

Mr. Stebbins expressed considerable indignation to the committee to-day over reports he said had been cast upon him for his failure to be within reach of the Senate inquiry. He explained that it was not due in any way to a desire on his part to evade service, that he had nothing to conceal and responded to the summons as soon as it reached him in a remote section of the Canadian woods beyond Montreal, where he had gone for a vacation.

In explaining why he had not responded before to the summons to appear, Mr. Stebbins furnished the following formal statement:

By implication it has been made to appear that I went away to avoid testifying before this committee. Nothing could be more false. I had planned the trip to the woods of Canada for a month. For nine days I was sixty miles from the nearest telephone, telegraph or railroad station. On Tuesday a telegram was sent to me by a runner summoning me to Washington to testify. I left the next morning and telegraphed Senator Kenyon before leaving Montreal. I have nothing in the world to hide. The idea that I was trying to hide is ridiculous. My partners and family have been persecuted by officials who would persist in believing I was hiding.

"I was puzzled about it," commented Senator Pomerene. "Usually the first ten days of a campaign is not the time a man takes to the woods."

Loeb Again is Mentioned.

Explaining the contributions he had received, Mr. Stebbins listed them thus: William Loeb, Jr., \$130,000; Ways and Means Committee of the New York Wood Committee, \$40,000; direct from Wood committee, \$17,400; from 1,800 small subscribers, \$21,300; from Ambrose Monell, \$13,600. He explained that the New York committee included David M. Goodrich of the Goodrich Rubber Company; Grenville Clark, lawyer; 221st Street, Jr.; Harold B. Clark, banker; A. G. Thatcher, lawyer, and one or two others. He said also he had received \$1,000 in a check from Ogden Reid, but returned it because he could not endorse it.

"All the money I have accounted for," Mr. Stebbins said, "except \$75,000, has been accounted for by S. S. Sprague, Chicago treasurer of the committee."

A discrepancy in the statement of the "creditors" submitted by Mr. Stebbins was apparently overlooked by the Senate committee. After submitting the items he had received, Mr. Stebbins said that from the Leonard Wood League he had received \$156,271 and from the Leonard Wood Campaign Committee \$20,213, of a total of \$426,484.

He expended \$1,444, he said, for the league and \$275,259 for the committee, or a total of \$421,703.

The committee tried in vain to analyze his figures and finally accepted as conclusive his general statement that, except for an additional sum of \$75,000 not hitherto reported by other witnesses' disbursements and receipts he submitted already had been made a part of the record.

Loeb Subscribers Not Listed.

The committee sought to obtain information as to the sources of the funds turned in by William Loeb, Jr. Mr. Stebbins said he had tried to get in touch with Mr. Loeb by telephone but was unable to reach him on the phone.

"I have not the faintest idea who contributed to the Loeb fund," he said. Asked to explain how the movement started to collect funds for the nomination of Gen. Wood, Mr. Stebbins said some of the propaganda was worked up at luncheons held in New York.

Weekly luncheons were held for some time, he said, "prior to the launching of his campaign to talk over the question of its probable cost and the method of meeting the expense, which it was recognized might be large."

These luncheons, he said in response to an inquiry by Senator Kenyon (Conn.), were held often at the City Club.

In behalf of Mitchell Palmer's candidacy. Warren Gregory, president of the Hoover Republican Club of California, testified to-night that the total expenses incurred in California in connection with the Johnson-Hoover primary fight there and in other Pacific coast States amounted to \$82,210.72.

Mr. Gregory said there were many subscribers to the Hoover fund and that the largest sum received was for \$3,000 from a lifelong friend of Mr. Hoover. He denied charges of the Johnson managers that there were many hired workers, saying nearly all of the workers were volunteers.

Defends Hoover Expenses.

"Mr. McCabe, one of Senator Johnson's managers," Mr. Gregory said, "testified that he believed those expenses would exceed \$300,000. That is excessive. The total expense incurred in California was \$82,210.72. The amount expended for other Pacific Coast States makes the total in California considerably less."

A great majority of the newspapers in California were active in behalf of the candidacy of Senator Johnson, many editors having been appointed to office by Johnson and a further number being on his delegation, and would not publish the facts for the Hoover people, and we were compelled to resort to paid advertisements and circulars to attempt to meet the great Johnson publicity and huge bill board campaign which extended all over the State. The State of California has over 1,500,000 voters and the mailing of one letter to each voter costs approximately \$4.00.

The campaign in behalf of Mr. Hoover was not financed by any single individual. The largest subscription received was for \$5,000 from a life long friend of Mr. Hoover. The great bulk of the money was made of subscriptions under \$100 each. There were many thousands of subscribers to this fund.

Col. E. R. Green has been summoned for examination about the selection of delegates to the Republican National Convention from Texas. A subpoena also had been issued for William Loeb, Jr., secretary to the late President Roosevelt, who, it had been testified, collected \$225,000 from New York men to help finance Major-Gen. Wood's campaign.

The committee has been told that Mr. Loeb started on a trip several days before his name came into the inquiry.

LONG CONTEST AT CHICAGO FORECAST

Continued from First Page.

that he had come out of the funds inquiry in better relative strength than anybody else. It is figured somewhat thus: Johnson's chief backers forced the investigation and then managed it. It has stirred up an awful mess, and Johnson will be the victim of much resentment because of it. It has injured Wood and Lowden directly, and Johnson indirectly. The Wood and Lowden forces will not be disposed to go to Johnson in case of a disintegration, therefore Harding will stand to gain from them if disintegration ever comes.

The names of two Massachusetts men appeared in the discussions to-day so frequently as to command passing notice at least, with the reservation that in the next three days they may require more.

Weeks' Claims Urged.

Friends of former Senator John W. Weeks are persistently urging his claims as the best man in the secondary list. They point out that four years ago he stood second in delegate strength as demonstrated by the ballots; that he represents those business qualities that are so much desired at the head of the next administration, and that he is widely known and popular.

In behalf of Senator Lodge, it was declared to-day that one member of the New York delegation, a seasoned politician, had declared his purpose to vote for Senator Lodge on every ballot. He recalled the story of that one vote for Garfield on every ballot in the 1880 convention in a situation remarkably similar to the present one, and that with one vote at last was multiplied into a nominating majority and a victorious election.

Some of the arrivals from the East brought word that a considerable demonstration of sentiment for Charles E. Hughes may be expected when the New York forces put in their appearance. The suggestion of former Justice Hughes, however, has yet to be imported. It has not been vocalized seriously here. The New York situation is conceded to be only in the hands of Senator Wadsworth, Nicholas Murray Butler will receive the Empire State's support for a considerable number of ballots, according to the present understanding.

BUST OF ROOSEVELT TO GIVE BOOMS REST

Unveiling To-morrow to Halt Activities of Politicians.

By a Staff Correspondent of THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD.

CHICAGO, June 4.—The bust and bustle along Presidential row will be halted for half an hour Sunday afternoon, while the busy politicians pay tribute to the memory of Theodore Roosevelt, as a bust of the late President is unveiled in the Elizabethan Room of the Congress Hotel.

The bust has just been completed by Gilbert R. Hildreth, the Scandinavian sculptor. At present it is at his studio in the Fine Arts Building. Plans are being made to make the unveiling ceremony an impressive one, and it will be attended by all of the Roosevelt followers in town for the convention that the room can hold. Major-Gen. Wood, Senator Johnson, Gov. Lowden and Col. Theodore Roosevelt, Jr. have been invited to speak.

THOUGH Ovington's welcome visitors, it is a comfort to know that if you are pressed for time, you can select an appropriate gift, write the proper cards, and in five minutes be well on your way.

OVINGTON'S "The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue" 314 Fifth Ave. n. 32d St.

CHICAGO HOTEL SOLD 1,800 QTS., IS CHARGE

Besides Whiskey, Manager Is Accused of Serving Wine to Preconvention Crowds.

MEGAPHONE MAN ARRIVES

Smythe, Who Gained Fame in 1904, Ready for Stunt—Boom for Mills.

By a Staff Correspondent of THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD.

CHICAGO, June 4.—Dr. Newton J. Roe, proprietor of the New Southern Hotel, was indicted to-day on a charge of having sold 1,800 quarts of liquor and 250 gallons of wine. L. C. Prang and Fred Wortmann were also named in the indictment. A gap went through Judge Landis's court room to-day when Federal indictments were returned naming Hitchcock and Proctor. For just a moment it seemed the Wood campaign might be involved, but the Frank Hitchcock who was charged with having an illegally acquired stock of liquor in his home and that Charles H. Proctor accused of having participated in the transportation across the State lines of a stolen automobile could not long be confused with the Wood manager in chief.

S. A. Perkins, National Committeeman from the State of Washington, is known as the Willie Keeler of the convention because of his diminutive stature. He has more pep and snap, however, than two men of ordinary size. He speaks in staccato sentences, and every remark is to the point. He is the smallest man at the convention. He always is smartly dressed and carries a cane. He receives as many telegrams in a day as most any other three men. His home is in Tacoma, and he is proprietor of several Western newspapers.

Another participant in to-day's deliberations of the National Committee was H. O. Bursum of New Mexico, who in some respects is quite in contrast to the peppery Perkins. Bursum is more slow spoken, deliberate and placid than Perkins, and took occasion several times to pour oil on the troubled waters of the contest hearing.

Once he mediated when there seemed a chance that racial feeling might get the upper hand in the committee. The contest then before the committee involved the claims of Robert R. Church, a leader in negro politics in Shelby county, Tenn., whose seat in the convention was contested by Charles R. Quinn, the delegate of the Lily Whites.

When Church described how the Lily Whites had descended upon what Church called the regular convention and with the aid of policemen with drawn clubs had broken the meeting up in confusion, the committee had a laugh at the graphic picture of black politicians dropping out of windows and then declared in favor of seating Church. It was a meeting immediately following that Church said the Lily Whites named Quinn.

Samuel Adams of Greenwood, Va., is the Jim Ham Lewis of the Republican convention in that he doesn't care in the slightest who is to be President, but he insists on being the Vice-President. Mr. Adams is a fruit grower and editor of a Fruit Growers Magazine. He is passing out among the delegates apples labeled "Adams' apples."

The only avowed Vice-Presidential candidate is a firm believer in advertising and is circulating and posting the convention to the limit of his ability. On one circular he has the portraits of some of his distinguished relatives of earlier years. They include Samuel Adams, "patriot and statesman"; John Adams and John Quincy Adams, both of whom aspired to higher than Vice-Presidential honors; and Charles Francis Adams, statesman and author. In the center of this group modestly appears the not uncommon physiognomy of the present Samuel Adams.

J. Henry Smythe, Jr., of Philadelphia, who gained fame by leading a half-hour demonstration for Roosevelt after his nomination in 1904, arrived in Chicago to-day. He is termed the "G. O. P.

Sure Relief



BELL-ANS FOR INDIGESTION

megaphone man," and appears willing to repeat his 1904 performance. Friends of Ogden L. Mills, Jr., of New York, chairman of the Republican Executive Committee on Platform and Policies, launched a movement to elect him chairman of the Convention Resolutions Committee. The New York delegation, it was stated, would urge the election of Mr. Mills, who arrived to-day. The Indiana delegation and other friends are expected to work for Senator Watson as committee chairman. Platform drafting was discussed by Mr. Mills with National Chairman Hays, Senators Kellogg of Minnesota and Lenroot of Wisconsin, members of the executive committee, and others.

A million gaily colored goose quills with the name Wood stenciled in black will be distributed throughout Chicago to-morrow by 1,000 women campaign workers for Gen. Wood. They will wear big sashes bearing the inscription, "Stick a Feather in Your Hat for Gen. Wood." When the feathers were delivered to Gen. Wood's headquarters there were several thousand yellow and white quills among the assortment. The white and yellow feathers were assigned to be discarded upon orders from the General. "Yellow is the symbol of cowardice, and white stands for surrender," said George Sunday, Gen. Wood's publicity manager.

GOV. SMITH CLEARS HIS DESK FOR REST

Makes Appointments Before Leaving for French Lick.

Special to THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD.

ALBANY, June 4.—Before starting to-morrow night for French Lick, Ind., where for a week he will rest and get into shape for the Democratic National Convention in San Francisco, Gov. Alfred E. Smith cleaned up unfinished business and loose ends by making all pending appointments and filling all vacancies on boards, institutions and commissions, except only the new boxing commission, which will not be appointed until he returns here in July. The Governor will be accompanied by his oldest son Alfred during his week at French Lick.

Reappointment of Dr. George A. Fisher of New York as member of the State Military Training Commission heads the list of appointments. It is followed by the following: Members of the State Racing Commission—Harry P. Sinclair, New York; James W. Wadsworth, Sr., Genesee, and George W. Loft, Baldwin, all reappointments.

State Probation Commission—Edward C. Blum, Brooklyn, reappointed. Commission to Examine Child Welfare Laws—George J. Gillespie and Sophie Irene Loeb, New York; Miss Mary Kavanaugh, Buffalo; Irving J. Goldsmith, Saratoga Springs, and Mrs. Ellen M. Joyce, Brooklyn. These will act with six other delegates, to be appointed by the temporary President of the Senate and Speaker of the Assembly, and representatives of these departments: Education, labor, health, charities and protection.

WET PLANK IS OPPOSED.

New Mexico Democrats Name Six Uninstructed Delegates.

Roosevelt, N. M., June 4.—The Democratic State convention, in session from yesterday until early to-day, named six uninstructed delegates to the Democratic National Convention. United States Senator A. A. Jones, permanent chairman, ruled out of order an attempt to instruct the delegates for W. G. McAdoo for President. The delegates are to vote "as a unit as a majority of those attending the convention may vote."

Resolutions were adopted indorsing President Wilson and opposing any attempt to insert a wet plank in the party platform.

SONS OF NOTABLES ACTIVE IN CHICAGO

Theodore Roosevelt and Robert Taft Make Real Debut at G. O. P. Convention.

BACK WOOD AND HOOVER

Leaders Find Both Take Naturally to Tastes of Former Presidents.

By a Staff Correspondent of THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD.

CHICAGO, June 4.—Two sons of distinguished fathers are entering the fringe of national politics at the Chicago Convention. It is really the debut of Robert Taft, son of former President William H. Taft, who is here with the old outfit of workers for the nomination of Herbert Hoover. The Chicago convention also is practically the first in which young Theodore Roosevelt has taken a real part.

Roosevelt was at the Chicago convention four years ago, but he was here then more as an aide to George W. Perkins and as an observer of the fortunes of his father than as a participant. To-day he was all over that part of the city in which is centering the pre-convention activities.

He dashed out to the Coliseum where the contesting delegations were having their hearings and where his candidate, Major-Gen. Leonard Wood, was getting somewhat the worst of it. He kept apartments for important conferences at the Congress, the Blackstone and the Auditorium, where many of the leaders have their headquarters, and altogether was one of the busiest figures in the whole convention crowd.

"Bob" Taft was not so conspicuous. He kept mostly to the Hoover headquarters, greeted delegates and the scores of other visitors and made himself generally useful. He is a tall young man and while resembling his father in his fondness for politics does not at all take after William H. in the matter of girth. He says he is thirty, but looks five years younger.

Notwithstanding his youth he is a candidate for the Ohio Legislature and will be elected, being without any opposition. He is chairman of one of the county Hoover committees of Ohio, and decided he might do something further for his candidate if he came to Chicago.

His allegiance to Hoover is due to the fact that he was connected with the Food Administration during the war, and in the course of his work developed a great admiration for the Food Administrator. He was an assistant counsel, and after the armistice was sent abroad to assist in the food relief work in which the United States participated.

It is difficult to say how much encouragement the Hoovers are getting, but they seem to have a degree of optimism that is not at all consonant with

the comment heard among the politicians here as to Hoover's chances. The politicians, plainly speaking, do not give Hoover a look in. They ignore him. They simply do not mention his name in the same breath with that of Wood, Lowden or Johnson. It is not that there is any particular animosity against Hoover. He merely is not being taken into consideration by a majority

of those speculating on what the convention will do. No one except the campaign managers professes to know what the convention will do, but with considerable unanimity the leaders will tell one what the convention will not do—that it will not nominate Hoover. But over at Hoover's headquarters young Taft and the remainder of the

Hoover group of novice politicians will provide one with the information that Hoover is positively the strongest second choice candidate in the running. It is their belief—at least they say it is—that when the first one and then another of the leading candidates collapse before the home stretch in the balloting a reached, then the delegates will rally to Hoover.

BONWIT TELLER & CO. The Specialty Shop of Originations FIFTH AVENUE AT 38TH STREET TODAY, SATURDAY CLEARANCE SALE MISSES' TAILORED SUITS SIZES 14 to 18 THIRD FLOOR Entire Remaining Stock Without Reserve Regardless of Former Prices or Cost Misses' Tailored Suits Formerly 65.00 to 89.50 34.00 Misses' Tailored Suits Formerly 95.00 to 150.00 54.00 Misses' Tailored Suits Formerly 165.00 to 195.00 88.00 These suits for misses are for the most part in navy blue tricotine and fine twills in plain tailored, braided and embroidered types. NO C. O. D.'s NO EXCHANGES NO CREDITS

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Bidding PARIS 5th Ave. at 46th St. NEW YORK "The Paris Shop of America" Feature for Saturday in their IMPORTANT JUNE SALES STREET, SPORT AND DRESS HATS Formerly \$30 to \$65 at \$15-\$25-\$35 BEAUTIFUL BLOUSES Formerly \$25 to \$45—at \$15-\$25 SMART SEPARATE SKIRTS Formerly to \$45—at \$25-\$35 GOWNS AND DRESSES Formerly \$125 to \$275 at \$65-\$85-\$125 FASHIONABLE STREET SUITS Formerly \$125 to \$275 at \$65-\$95-\$150 DAY WRAPS AND COATS Formerly to \$195—at \$75-\$95