SECOND SPA PARLEY EXPECTED BY BERLIN

Prediction Is Based on Demands of France and Inability to Meet Them.

REVENUES UNCERTAIN

Germany May Offer Two Plans for Reparations—Bond Issue a Problem.

By RAYMOND SWING.

Staff Correspondent of THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. *Copyright, 1920, by* THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD.

BERLIN, June 4.—The opinion is held by some of the Germans who have most closely studied the programme for the Spa conference, that the meeting will fail to lead to definite results and that it may have to be followed by a second conference a few months later. This view grows out of the feeling in high circles in Germany that it will be impossible to reconcile France's requirements with Germany's capacity to satisfy them.

It is suggested here that the Spa discussion will end in two or three days and the questions which come before the conference will be referred to committees of experts, and then public opinion, especially in France, will have to be educated with regard to the true state of German finances. What France then learns may, it is held here, eventually transform the entire French financial programme by forcing the French Cabinet to increase taxation.

It may well be regarded as remarkable that the German press has refrained from mentioning the larger issues to be discussed at Spa. It is in part because the Government's financial experts themselves have been divided regarding the policy the German Chancellor should follow.

Uncertainty About Revenues.

One group believes it is impossible to foretell the yearly sum Germany can pay because of the unsettled business conditions and the uncertainty regarding what will be the income from new taxation.

The other group believes that it is preferable to come forward with a sum which could be guaranteed, even if this amount were considerably smaller than the needs of the Entente require.

Whatever were the secondary motives that led to the calling of the Spa conference, the Germans say that good business acumen makes the meeting essential. The Reparations Commission is going to sell the bonds based on German annuities, and these bonds might be looked on askance by financiers if they were based on a levy arbitrarily imposed on Germany. If on the other hand, the German Government were called into consultation and the German annuity represents an amount the Germans themselves deem is within the scope of possibility, the bonds will be certain to find a more ready sale.

Under the terms of the treaty of Versailles, the Reparations Commission already has a free hand to determine what the Allies may demand of Germany. Therefore, the Germans hold, there can be no other major purpose in calling the Spa conference than to give the financial transaction the sanction of the German people themselves.

Two Plans Considered.

It is not true that all Germans hold unequivocally to a policy of setting a lump sum to cover indemnities which would be final. The German financial situation is such that focus must be on the annuities rather than on the sum total of the reparations. And in the Spa conference, or in the second conference growing out of the Spa meeting, the Germans may soon show a willingness to negotiate two alternative policies, the first of which would be to pay the annuities over a longer period of time than the thirty years prescribed by the peace treaty; the second to provide for a lump sum which would be subject to revision ten or twenty years later by some neutral body, such as the League of Nations.

In this way, if Germany's ability to pay should increase the Allies would have the benefit of the change for the better.

Germans do not believe that the reparations bond issue will be heavily bought by the United States and thus America be led back to participation in European affairs over a financial road. On the contrary it is thought here that Great Britain and neutral nations will be the chief purchasers of these bonds, with the British the heaviest buyers.

ITALIANS PROTEST INDEMNITY AWARD

Belgian Losses Compared to Those of Italy.

ROME, June 3.—The entire press protests against the decision of the Hythe conference granting Italy only 7 per cent. on the war indemnity while 16 per cent. is granted to Belgium. The *Tribuna* says:

"We are the first to bow to the heroism and sacrifices of the Belgian people. On the field of financial reparations, however, we must point out that Belgium had only a limited zone really devastated. Belgium had 40,000 dead whose sacrifice we venerate, but we cannot forget the 650,000 Italians dead on the battlefields or in hospitals, and 580,000 maimed, whose orphans the Government must provide for. The Italian delegates at Spa must be firm in strenuously defending Italian rights and interests."

Premier Nitti is reported as expressing the belief that the country's share in the indemnity to be paid by Germany, as fixed by the peace treaty, is insufficient, as Italy did not participate in the distribution of German colonies.

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HUNGARY PROTESTS, BUT SIGNS TREATY

Peace Terms Said to Cripple Country Badly.

By the Associated Press.

VERSAILLES, June 4.—The treaty of peace with Hungary was signed in the Grand Trianon Palace this afternoon. At the ceremony attending the signing, Hugh C. Wallace, the American Ambassador, sat at M. Millerand's right, while the Earl of Derby, British Ambassador to France, sat on his left. King Alexander of Greece, who was one of the most interested spectators, remained standing.

When the Hungarian delegates arrived Premier Millerand arose and said simply that the treaty presented was a copy guaranteed to be the same as the copy given to the Hungarian delegation. He then invited the Hungarian delegates to step forward and sign.

"We have just signed the hardest of all the treaties," said a member of the Hungarian delegation after the ceremony, "but we have done so in hope and confidence of its revision. The amputation of two-thirds of our territory, with all our mining, timber and most of our manufacturing interests, will create such economic difficulties that they can be solved only by revision."

DECLINES FRENCH HONORS.

Argentine Socialist Refuses Legion Because of Attitude on Labor

BUENOS AIRES, June 3.—Dr. Alfredo Palacios, former Socialist Deputy and organizer of the first Socialist party in Argentina, to-day declined to accept appointment to the Legion of Honor, offered him by the French Government for "his action during the war in favor of the allied cause."

In a published statement to the French Minister in Buenos Aires to-day, Dr. Palacios, after expressing his love for France as "the depository of active idealism," said he was unable to accept the honor because of the French Government's attitude toward labor.

TROUBLE SEEN OVER LOSS OF AIRCRAFT

Zeppelin Workers Make Demands in Turning Over Output to Entente.

BERLIN, June 4.—Trouble is brewing in connection with the taking over of German airships by the Entente as provided for in the peace treaty, according to the Friedrichshafen correspondent of the *Lokal Anzeiger*.

The correspondent states that the staffs of the Zeppelin works refuse to prepare airships for surrender to the Entente unless guaranteed that two big passenger airships shall be left and that no destruction of the workshops or their installations is contemplated.

All the generals commanding Reichswehr forces were summoned to Berlin and in the presence of President Ebert and Minister of Defence Gessler testified to their allegiance to the republic and the constitution. Herr Gessler said that every man was entitled to his own political opinions, but he was expected to perform loyally his duty to the state. The army must serve the nation and not any party, the Minister declared.

Speaking with regard to the election issues, Herr Gessler said he was able to state on the authority of Chancellor Mueller that in any event a constitutional government would be formed. President Ebert emphasized the prime necessity of maintaining internal order if the country was to be saved and brought back to life.

The morning papers report that passions are running high at public meetings in various parts of Germany, citing as instances a meeting at Bergen, on Rugen Island, where the Nationalist chairman was badly thrashed, knives used and the meeting broken up, and a meeting of the People's Party at Luebeck which was broken up by a free fight.

SINN FEINERS CARRY CARSON STRONGHOLD

Centres of Orangeism Swept in Elections.

BELFAST, June 4.—The followers of Sir Edward Carson have been defeated in county and district council elections in their own Ulster strongholds in choosing boards of guardians. In addition to the Sinn Feiners' winning of County Tyrone for the first time and maintaining their hold on County Fermanagh, Michael Carolan, who was unseated by the Belfast Council, following his sentence at hard labor for an alleged seditious speech, to-day headed the poll in the Spankhill Division of Belfast, which previously had been a stronghold of Orangeism. Still another Sinn Feiner headed the poll in the Falls Division, Belfast, the stronghold of Joseph Devlin, and another Sinn Feiner was elected in Lisburn.

Keenest interest was taken in these elections, because both counties are included within the Ulster area outlined in the Irish bill now before the British Parliament. Various election tricks were revived, one woman disguising herself and voting as her own mother. Another woman is said to have voted seven times.

PLANE IN AIR 24 HOURS.

French Aviators Set New Record in 1,915 Kilometer Flight.

PARIS, June 4.—The airplane Goliath, piloted by Lieuts. Bossoutrot and Bernard, broke the world's record for continuous flight to-day. It remained in the air 24 hours 19 minutes 7 seconds, covering a distance of 1,915 1-5 kilometers. The Goliath also established what are claimed to be records for 1,000 and 1,500 kilometers, making the former in 11 hours 29 minutes and 56 seconds, and the latter in 14 hours 42 minutes 8 seconds.

The former record for continuous flight was held by the German, W. Landmann, who remained in the air 21 hours 44 minutes 40 seconds in June, 1914.

BIG WARSHIPS BACK TROOPS IN IRELAND

Forty Tanks and 28 Airplanes There, Besides Cruisers and Battleships.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. *Copyright, 1920, by* THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD.

LONDON, June 4.—The British Government's determination to check disorders in Ireland and maintain law and order while the home rule bill is going through its final parliamentary stages is evidence by the steady stream of military forces sent across the channel and the daily appearance in Irish harbors of more warships of the royal navy. Cruisers and battleships are stationed in the ports and the coasts of Ireland are patrolled by destroyers.

Winston Spencer Churchill, Secretary of State for War, told the House of Commons that forty tanks and twenty-eight airplanes were already in Ireland. The last detachment of infantry to leave England for Ireland was the "Fighting First" Devons.

The dreadnoughts Warspite and Valiant, sister ships of the Queen Elizabeth, Beatty's flagship, arrived in Cork harbor and disembarked a large number of marines into destroyers, which took them into Queenstown, where they landed.

Twelve hundred troops left Devonport for Queenstown, from which place they will be distributed in Wexford, Waterford, Cork and other counties.

British labor is still holding back from following the lead of the Irish in refusing to handle munitions. The executive body of the National Railway Union has decided upon the calling of a special congress of the Irish and British trades unions in the endeavor to try to "bridge the gulf between the Irish people and the Government." This was announced by J. H. Thomas, M. P., secretary of the national railway organization, after a conference of British labor leaders last night with Premier Lloyd George, who, when they approached him on the subject of the Irish boycott against the handling of munitions, sent them scurrying to cover from the issue they had raised.

Mr. Thomas sent a despatch to the Irish Labor Office to-night, in which he begged the men to return to work pending the conference called to meet in Bristol on June 15, when the question of the boycott will be submitted to the entire labor body. A conference of transport workers in Southampton to-day sent a despatch to Mr. Farren and Mr. Johnson, Irish delegates, refusing their request that they be heard in behalf of the Irish transport workers.

Premier Lloyd George did not mince words with Mr. Thomas and Mr. Cramp, representing labor, when he saw them last night. He told them that the Government would not sanction the principle that workers may discriminate in the kind of goods they handle, and that whatever might happen the Government was firm on this point and equally firm for the enforcement of law and order.

LONDON, June 5 (Saturday).—The attitude of the Dublin strikers toward the suggestions of J. H. Thomas, that the men return to work pending the congress which is to consider the Irish workmen's refusal to handle munitions, appears unfavorable, according to a Dublin despatch to the London *Times*.

The *Times* despatch remarks that while refusal of the Triple Alliance's support would probably kill any ordinary strike in Ireland, this is nowise certain as regards this case. The principle involved, it is said, is upheld by railwaymen throughout the country and by a vast body of popular opinion.

Johnson, one of the Irish delegates, declared that if an attempt was made to run troop trains in Ireland the trains would be derailed and "then there would be war." That would mean, added Mr. Johnson, that during the autumn and winter no Irish food would reach England.

The Dublin strike committee in a manifesto to the workers in Great Britain asking them to support the Irish position by refusing to handle munitions destined for Ireland, said: "Strip your minds of the religious and political aspects of this question and face it in the same light you did when you landed on the shores of France to fight the Prussian there."

IRISH RAIDERS WIN FIVE HOUR BATTLE

Burn Police Barracks After Garrison Surrenders.

DUBLIN, June 4.—The Drangan police barracks in East Tipperary were attacked this morning for five hours by a large force of men. Eventually the barracks were burned and the nine defenders compelled to surrender their arms. There were no casualties.

The railway terminus at Tralee was raided at daylight and a quantity of explosives and military stores removed from it.

Men armed with bombs and rifles attacked the police barracks at Cappaghwhite, Munster, this morning. The garrison, consisting of two sergeants and eight constables, replied with similar weapons from the roof. The courthouse adjoining was set on fire and a fierce battle ensued. The raiders finally withdrew.

City Census to Be Known To-night

WASHINGTON, June 4.—The population of New York city will be announced at 9 P. M. to-morrow, and also that of Boston and Buffalo.

TYPHUS IN POLAND IS MENACE TO U. S.

Gen. Blue Takes Steps to Check Immigration Peril.

PARIS, June 4.—Major-Gen. Rupert Blue, former head of the United States Public Health Service, who is in Europe to investigate health conditions, has cabled to Washington for five additional surgeons to be sent to northern ports to inspect all third class passengers for America in view of the prevalence of typhus in Poland.

"The presence of many cases of typhus and cholera in Poland is a grave danger to the United states, because Polish immigration to the United States is increasing daily," said Dr. Blue to-day. "I have just made an inspection of the northern ports and will soon go to the Adriatic to see that the steamship companies there carry out the regulations. Two cases of typhus have been discovered on board a transport taking some of Gen. Haller's Polish army back to America. We are requiring that all third class passengers be bathed and disinfected and held for twelve days at the ports of embarkation."

Dr. Blue gave it as his opinion that typhus and cholera probably would spread to western Europe before the end of summer.

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