

OUSTER IS VOID, SAY SOCIALISTS, STARTING FIGHT

Assembly Action Before Issue of Certificates Is Called Illegal.

COURT APPEAL LIKELY

Five Debs Followers to Seek Voters' Views at Bronx Meeting.

BIG PARTIES IN ROW TOO

Democrats Charge G. O. P. Trick in Seating Orr and De Witt.

LOBBY FIGHTING HOUSING LAWS

Every Special Interest Represented at Albany Has Hostile Front.

HUGE RING IS DISCLOSED

Clues to Price Trust Lead Outside of State and Balk Investigators.

Change in Sentiment Appears.

The attitude of the Assembly has undergone a decided change, it is believed.

Get Voters' Decision To-night.

As the only leverage power they recognize is the constituency they represent in their districts, Orr and De Witt said they would go to the people for instructions in formal referendum.

WEDDING BELLS HUSHED WHEN BONNET IS RUINED

The destruction of her new fall bonnet was the straw which broke the back of Mrs. Murgardik J. Tashjian's married life.

Woman Sues for Divorce After That Outrage.

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Tax Exemption on New Construction and Tenants' Rights Features of Measures

ALBANY, Sept. 22.—Leaders of the Legislature agreed to-day to enact the following laws to relieve the housing situation:

Prohibit the disposing of a tenement merely because of refusal to pay an increased rent. The details of this measure have not yet been worked out. A strong landlord lobby is here to fight it.

Stimulate building by exempting mortgages from State and Federal income taxes and exempting new dwelling construction from local taxation for ten years under certain conditions.

Empowering the Board of Appeals of New York City to permit variations in the tenement house law, because of the present emergency, as long as it does not violate the spirit of the law or endanger public safety or health.

Provide for housing boards in cities. There probably will be no legislation for a State housing commission.

Permit State and municipalities to invest money from their sinking funds in State land bank bonds. The making of land bank bonds a State security so that they can escape the Federal income tax is not likely. The extending of State and municipal credits for the building of houses will also fail.

LOBBY FIGHTING HOUSING LAWS

Every Special Interest Represented at Albany Has Hostile Front.

The Legislature is expected to pass a bill to-day which will give the State a new housing law.

The bill is expected to pass to-day, but it is believed that it will be amended before it reaches the Governor's desk.

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PLOT CHARGED TO WHITE SOX IN 1919 SERIES

Comiskey Said to Have Told Jury Players Sold Out to Gamblers.

BAN JOHNSON CALLED

Veck, Cubs' Chief, Says 'Crooked' Report Caused Change of Lineup.

RUBE BENTON A WITNESS

Giants' Pitcher to Explain Report of \$800 Offer From Herzog, Cubs' Infielder.

Chicago, Sept. 22.—Ball magnates and sport writers went before the Cook County Grand Jury to-day and told what they knew of the charges that professional gambling on baseball had led to the "throwing" of big league games by crooked players.

Charles A. Comiskey, owner of the White Sox, was the first witness called. He was before the jury for thirty minutes. When he emerged he looked as imperturbable as usual.

It was rumored around the Grand Jury rooms that Comiskey produced evidence tending to show that from four to eight White Sox players sold out to gamblers in the world's series with the Cincinnati Reds.

Mr. Comiskey was asked particularly about the world's series and the results of the dependent investigation he made in connection with which he offered a \$10,000 reward.

Mr. Comiskey, it was learned, however, informed the Grand Jurors that reports of corruption on his team came to his ears and resulted in holding up the players' share of the series for six months.

Well Known Players Called.

Just what various witnesses testified to could not be learned, despite the fact that Chief Justice McDonald of the Criminal Court, in instructing the jury to clear the atmosphere of the scandal, said the investigation should be public—an inquiry for the benefit of the public.

Assistant State Attorney Reppelle, who conducted the examination of witnesses before the Grand Jury, said: "Ban Johnson, president of the American League, and Charles Comiskey testified this afternoon and gave some very important leads concerning the reported 'fixing' of the world's series last fall."

"I am not at liberty to say just what the leads are, but I will make this statement: The investigation of the fixing of the world's series is being conducted by the State's attorney, and the results will be made public as soon as they are known."

Mr. Stowell was born in Ithaca, N. Y., and studied at Hamilton College and Columbia Law School, graduating from the latter in 1904. He then became a member of the law firm of Green, Hurd & Stowell at 41 Wall street.

Mr. Stowell is a cousin of William Fellowes Morgan, president of the Merchants Association. Mr. Stowell was a member of the University, Metropolitan and Union League clubs. He leaves a wife and two children, Edward E. 7 years old, and Lonsdale Fellowes Stowell, 2 years old.

CHILD BRIDE CLASSES FOR SCHOOLS URGED

Detroit Official Says Many Wives Must Attend.

Special to THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. DETROIT, Sept. 22.—Special classes for child brides whose ages make them subject to the compulsory education laws are suggested by Arthur Lederer, chief school attendance officer here.

Many such brides in this city, from 15 to 18 years old, are obliged by law to attend school, but to them the regular course of study is not adapted.

"In the last year," he said, "we had twenty-eight girls under sixteen who were married. Judge Hulbert of the Juvenile Court, has ruled that these girls must return to school, but it does not seem wise to have them in regular school and I believe they can be profitably employed in a special class."

Subjects for study suggested for the brides are cooking, home sanitation and kindred subjects. Mr. Lederer would keep them in school five days a week, which he believed might stop others from rushing into matrimony to avoid education.

COTTON GOODS PRICE TO BE CUT ONE-THIRD

New Hampshire Plant Fears Unsettled Market.

MASCHETT, N. H., Sept. 22.—A reduction of 33 1/3 per cent in the price of manufactured cotton goods was announced to-day by the Ameskeag Manufacturing Company of this city. The present weekly production of the company, which employs 10,000 operatives in its cotton departments, is 4,000,000 yards.

It is the cotton market, already unsettled because of heavy cancellations of orders, might reach a condition similar to that which has forced the closing of the company's women department is given in the announcement as the reason for the price reduction.

BROWN OPENS WITH 1,000. PROVIDENCE, Sept. 22.—Brown University to-day began its academic year with a registration of nearly one thousand men. Late arrivals are expected to bring the total above that figure and make it the largest enrollment in the history of the college. The freshman class numbers over 300.

HARDING IF ELECTED WILL HOLD HIS SEAT IN SENATE

Precedent Foreseen Owing to Vital Need of Republicans Retaining Majority of One Which Would Be Lost If He Resigned.

Special to THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—A precedent of the United States for the first time may occupy a Senate seat during the approaching session of Congress.

It is believed here that if Senator Harding is elected President he will not be able to vacate his Senatorial seat because of the narrow majority of one to which the Republicans are reduced by the elimination of Senator Newberry of Michigan.

In the event of Senator Harding's election as President his competitor, Gov. Cox, it is assumed, promptly would appoint a Democratic Senator to the vacant seat should Senator Harding resign. This would give to the Democrats a majority of one and control of the upper body of Congress.

In view of the importance of the coming session it is confidently believed here that Senator Harding will be urged to maintain his place in the Senate and probably will regard such a course as his duty.

In the event that the Republican nominee is elected Governor of Ohio Senator Harding might see his way clear to resign about the middle of January, when Gov. Willis will assume office.

COX UNINJURED IN TRAIN WRECK

Special is Derailed Near Phoenix While Travelling 50 Miles an Hour.

NOMINEE BOWLED OVER

Engineer Hurt and Reporter Cut—Trip to Be Resumed To-day.

By a Staff Correspondent of THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. PHOENIX, Ariz., Sept. 22.—Gov. Cox's special train went into the ditch at Peoria, Ariz., fifteen miles north of Phoenix, late this afternoon while travelling fifty miles an hour.

Gov. Cox escaped unhurt and none of the members of the party accompanying him was injured. One of the locomotive crew was caught when the engine turned over and his leg broken, and he may be injured internally.

Everybody was shaken up and a few persons were injured by flying glass. The accident is believed to have been due to spreading rails. It occurred on the Santa Fe Railroad on a branch line running between Phoenix and Prescott, where the Democratic Presidential nominee was scheduled to speak to-night.

The track had little ballast, and it is thought the heavy equipment of the campaign train was too much for it. The track was torn up for a distance of 100 feet. The train consisted of two locomotives, three cars occupied by Gov. Cox and the party accompanying him on his transcontinental tour.

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PROBE OF PARTY FUNDS' NEW YORK NO TOWARD ACT

Barnes Gets Clean Bill Before Senate Inquiry at Washington.

A PURIFYING SESSION

Huge Liquor Budget to Elect Cox President Dwindles to \$2,500.

SOME BIG CONTRIBUTORS

Thompson Tells of Rumored Deals by Cox in Wall Street Securities.

Special to THE SUN AND NEW YORK HERALD. WASHINGTON, Sept. 22.—The Senate subcommittee investigating campaign contributions held two sessions to-day and developed the facts that the Democratic National Committee has set no limit on individual contributions or on the total sum sought; that the New Jersey liquor interests have something less than \$2,500 with which to elect Gov. Cox to the Presidency and that the Bill Barnes book, "Republicanism in 1920," is entirely a private enterprise, entered into by the publishers of the Albany Journal at a time when Mr. Barnes was not connected with the management of the Journal property.

Except for an occasional flurried between members of the committee the hearings were placid. The committee got a good deal of amusement out of the two sessions, and the lack of bitter partisanship was shown by the impartiality with which Senator Reed (Mo.) smoked the cigars of witnesses of both political leanings.

Finance Men of Parties Talk.

William Boyce Thompson, chairman of the ways and means committee of the Republican National Committee, was questioned at some length with the committee beginning to get very much that was new. The old matter of Republicanism was brought up again, but Mr. Thompson was unable to give any details and had to refer to the committee's previous report.

Mr. Thompson, however, said the man sticking to a maximum of \$1,000 in individual contributions was excellent and one that deserved a thorough trial at the hands of both parties before it was discarded.

James W. Gerard, head of the finance committee of the Democratic National Committee, one of the witnesses at the morning session, gave testimony pointing out the reports of the difficult straits in which the Cox campaign is at present because of lack of money.

Thus far only \$12,000 has been raised by the Democrats for their national campaign, Mr. Gerard disclosed. He said he thought \$2,000,000 would be ample for the Cox campaign, but that he would be devoutly thankful if \$1,000,000 was raised.

The largest contributor to the Cox fund thus far has been E. L. Doherty, an oil man from Pennsylvania, who has closed. Other contributors he named were August Belmont, \$5,000; Joseph E. Willard, Ambassador to Spain, \$5,000; P. Alexander, New York banker, \$5,000; Bernard Baruch, \$5,000; and William G. McAdoe, \$1,000.

A note of levity crept into the hearing when Secretary Baker was named in connection with the contributions. Mr. Baker was thought to have given \$100 to the campaign fund, Mr. Gerard said, but added that he had been unable to find the contribution.

Barnes Gets Clean Bill.

The Democratic members of the committee, Senators Reed and Pomeroy, devoted a considerable part of the afternoon session in vain efforts to establish that there was some subtle means of making big contributions to the campaign through subscribing to the book, "Republicanism in 1920," Mr. Barnes told the committee the book was conceived as a business proposition by the management of the Albany Journal and was not a campaign device.

Mr. Barnes was held over until to-morrow, however, until some of the records of the Albany Journal are available in order that he may be questioned further.

The effort of the Democrats to find something sinister in the publication of the Barnes book was matched by the Republican Senators, who sought to establish some sort of connection between the organization of liquor dealers and the effort to elect Mr. Cox. George T. Carroll of Ellsworth, N. J., president of the Retail Liquor Dealers' organization and of the Federated Liquor Industries of New Jersey, has been subpoenaed for this purpose. Mr. Carroll said the retail liquor dealers' organization was represented not in but six States—New York, New Jersey, Massachusetts, Rhode Island, Illinois and Wisconsin. "It did extend to other States," he said naively, "but for some reason or other they did not respond to the call for the last convention."

Two papers are published which are in the nature of official organs, the "New York Journal" and the "New York Times." It was due to articles in these papers heralding the nomination of Gov. Cox as a tremendous victory over the party of the "New York Journal" and the "New York Times" that Mr. Carroll was called. He seemed somewhat staggered when Senator Kenyon told him that Gov. Cox recently stated publicly that the prohibition issue was as dead as the slavery issue. After that Mr. Carroll told the committee the main interest of his associates was the election of a "liberal" Congress rather than the election of Cox as President.

A Bit of Vaudeville.

The testimony showed that Mr. Carroll's organization had collected less than \$12,000 to aid in electing a "liberal" Congress. The letter signed with Car-

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