

roll's name, which was exhibited at Chicago, was brought forth again.

"Did you write this letter?" asked Senator Kenyon.

"No," said Mr. Carroll.

"Did you sign it?"

"No, sir; it was signed with a rubber stamp."

"You can qualify for Congress," interrupted Senator Reed.

"Under this Administration, yes," Senator Kenyon added. "Things will be different after March 4."

Senator Kenyon quoted from the July 4 issue of Justice to the effect that the San Francisco convention left out a plank on President Wilson's orders because he wanted the league plank to be the chief issue in the campaign. Mr. Carroll frankly confessed that all of that was completely over his head and that he knew nothing about it.

In answer to questions by Senator Edge (N. J.), Mr. Carroll said there had come to his ears no objection on the part of the Democratic National Committee to the work he and his organization were undertaking on behalf of Cox and a "liberal" Congress.

"Do you have any message?" Senator Kenyon asked.

"Oh, yes," said Carroll.

"Have you had any conferences with him since the convention?"

"No, sir," said Mr. Carroll.

"Do you know any Republicans who occasionally take drinks when they are going to vote for Harding?" Senator Reed asked.

Mr. Carroll said he did not know such Republicans, and that ended his appearance before the committee.

Newspaper Support a Topic.

William Boyce Thompson was questioned as to length at both sessions of the committee. Mr. Thompson said that big newspapers were supporting Gov. Cox, and some members of the committee got the impression that this meant that "big interests" of the financial variety were supporting the candidacy of the Democratic nominee. Mr. Thompson specifically named the New York Times and the New York World.

"Aren't equally big newspapers supporting Senator Harding?" demanded Senator Reed.

"For instance, Frank A. Munsey's papers?"

Mr. Thompson said this was so. Then the committee sought to find out if Mr. Thompson knew if any of the stock of the World or Times or of the publication Life was owned abroad.

Mr. Thompson did not know.

Mr. Thompson knew nothing about raising money in New York for the Harding campaign fund. He said that up to two weeks ago very little had been raised in Delaware. Funds in Delaware and Connecticut should mature about two weeks, he thought.

Then the Senate returned at great length into the ownership by Mr. Thompson of a foreign language newspaper advertising agency. Mr. Thompson could recall few of the details of this transaction, telling the committee it had been procured because it was thought the agency might prove a bad influence, through influencing the editorial policies of various foreign language newspapers. He said that at one time about 20 per cent of the advertising placed through this agency was that of German ownership lines, for example. The purchase of the agency was in line with the programme of Americanization of foreigners, he said. He said Coleman du Pont, Cleveland Dodge and others who he could not recall, were interested.

Senator Reed questioned Mr. Thompson about George Sylvester Viereck. He asked if he were in the employ of the Republican National Committee. Mr. Thompson said he was not.

"Do you know whether this agency placed advertisements in Viereck's newspaper?" the Senator asked.

"I do not," said Mr. Thompson.

When Senator Borah went into the question of quotas again, asking those for various States, Mr. Thompson was able to give them, but could give no details of how State quotas were divided.

COX IN ARIZONA SEES NEW PLOTS BY G. O. P.

With Mercury at 99 He Talks to Farmers in Several Districts.

IS BITTER AGAINST TAFT

Reclamation and Irrigation Promised to Arizona Through League of Nations.

By a Staff Correspondent of The Sun and New York Herald.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Sept. 22.—Gov. Cox hailed the people from behind the giant cañon of Arizona to-night and told them that he was a water carrier for the old guard political camp. His bitterly condemned the Taft newspaper articles as cheap propaganda, and declared the one time President ought to be ashamed of himself for saying that law and order had not been maintained in Ohio while the Democratic nominee had served as Governor.

In denouncing Mr. Taft Gov. Cox quoted from one of his recently published articles, which read: "Gov. Cox's indisposition to maintain order by use of the militia is well known to local labor leaders, and explains his popularity with them."

"It has been apparent for some time," said Gov. Cox, "that Judge Taft's newspaper articles, which were intended to be the reflections of a mature statesman, have been turned into a cheap political propaganda. He ought to be ashamed of himself for the statement that law and order have not been maintained in Ohio. I would like to have him tell me the instances in which he would have used troops where I did not."

"I challenge him to cite the opinion of a single member of the Supreme Court of Ohio, no matter what his politics might be, in support of his absurd reflections of a mature statesman, maintained in Ohio. I would like to have him tell me the instances in which he would have used troops where I did not."

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Gov. Cox Goes Hungry at a Feast in His Honor

By a Staff Correspondent of The Sun and New York Herald.

PHOENIX, Ariz., Sept. 22.—They held a barbecue at the State Fair grounds to-day in honor of Gov. Cox, but when the Democratic nominee arrived all the roast beef had been consumed. The visitor was an hour late and the crowd of 10,000 ate while it waited.

The members of the committee in charge were much chagrined when the situation developed, but Gov. Cox was tided over with a piece of butterless bread and a cup of cold coffee served to him under the grandstand.

"Never mind," he said, grinning, "I'm used to roughing it."

FIGURES DISPROVE CHARGES BY COX

Republican Congress Took First Step in War Tax Reduction.

CHEAP TALK, SAYS GOOD

Head of Appropriations Committee Gives History of the Legislation.

Special to The Sun and New York Herald.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—Gov. Cox's charge at Los Angeles Tuesday that the Republicans in Congress conspired to disregard the Democratic Administration by not reducing war taxes was characterized as "cheap talk" by Representative James W. Good, chairman of the House Committee on Appropriations, to-day.

"Every one familiar with the work of the Republican Congress realizes that it took the first step in its reduction," said Mr. Good. "During the twelve and a half months that Congress was in session it refused appropriations demanded by the President and the executive departments to the extent of \$2,710,000,000.

This action was necessary in order to prevent either new taxes or a new bond issue. Every executive department, with the approval of the President, asked for appropriations far in excess of peace-time needs. Even Franklin D. Roosevelt, Assistant Secretary of the Navy, who is now talking about economy, was then demanding excessive appropriations for the Navy Department.

"A Republican Congress cut the estimates of the Navy Department by twelve and a half months by \$509,159,463.20. Instead of practicing economy, so that taxes could be reduced, when he had an opportunity to practice economy and bring about such a reduction he was asking for extravagant appropriations that would keep taxes high.

"On the 30th day of April the Secretary of the Treasury sent me a letter furnishing details of receipts and expenditures for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1920.

"The whole story is told in the last issue, which is as follows: 'Estimated excess of total expenditures over the total receipts, fiscal year 1920, \$4,215,630,310.' Think of it! As late as April 8 of this year it was the opinion of the Secretary of the Treasury that with every tax law still in force there would be a deficit for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1920, of more than \$4,215,630,000.

"Word has just reached me that the War Department is violating the law and is sending an army far in excess of the army provided for in the annual appropriation bill. This and other departments will be given to understand when Congress convenes and when they have an opportunity to practice economy and confine their activities within the appropriations made by Congress.

"There will be a reduction in taxation when a Republican Administration will at once bring real economy in Government expenditures. A Republican Administration will give to us a more progressive and more efficient government than we have now.

"I will all remember that victory must not be celebrated because of the acquisition of power but with full sense of our responsibility to all the American people, and with a sense of devoted and loyal readiness to serve America in the tasks before us with deeds rather than with words."

MOVIE CROWDS FAVOR HARDING BY BIG VOTE

League of Nations Beaten Two to One.

Matinee audiences, as shown in the poll taken through the Associated First National Picture, Inc., continued yesterday to give Harding the preference in the Presidential race. Ballots were taken among theatre audiences for the first time in Boston, with the following result:

Harding, 80; Cox, 37; in favor of the League of Nations, 13; against, 74; in favor of light wines and beer, 7; against, 24; in favor of woman suffrage, 51; against, 49.

Vincennes (Ind.) theatre audiences gave Harding, 113; Cox, 91, and opposed the League of Nations 94 to 61. "The Strand Theatre audience in this city voted as follows: Harding, 472; Cox, 278; for the League of Nations, 2,900; against, 4,553.

The Brooklyn Strand Theatre matinee crowd gave Harding, 2,049; Cox, 1,037; Harding was the favorite also in polls taken at the Colonial Theatre, Columbus; Olympia Theatre, New Haven, Conn.; and the Waldorf Theatre, Akron, Ohio. Columbus gave Harding 4,031 and Cox 908, and Akron went 1,747 for Harding and 3,747 for Cox.

REPUBLICAN CHIEFS PLAN STATE BATTLE

Vigorous Speaking Campaign Will Be Carried On in Every County.

PROSPECT 'MOST BRIGHT'

Women 'Splendidly Organized,' Says Glynn at Syracuse Meeting.

Special to The Sun and New York Herald.

SYRACUSE, Sept. 22.—Campaign plans were laid at a meeting here to-day of Republican State Committee members, chairman of county committees and leaders from nearly every county in the State, gathered for the notification ceremonies of Judge Nathan L. Miller and United States Senator Wadsworth.

The meeting was informal, called to talk over the situation, inform commitment of changes in the election law and discuss affairs generally.

"There never has been a brighter prospect of Republican success in State and nation," said George A. Glynn, chairman of the State Committee. "We have a united party. All factions are working together and there is no one who is not heart and soul for the ticket. The women are splendidly organized, as well as the men, and I might say, even better."

Mr. Glynn said the great event of the New York State campaign would be a mass meeting in New York city October 25, with Senator Harding and Gov. Coolidge present. A special train with rampart speakers is to be sent into every county of the State, so every candidate on the State ticket will be heard in every county.

Representative Bertrand H. Snell and Mr. Glynn talked of the election law, asking the committeemen to be sure that all voters who could not go to the polls on election day be registered and supplied with the rules of absentee voting.

Mrs. H. W. Livermore, chairman of the women's State executive committee, spoke of the organization among women and the enthusiasm found in her ever campaign schools for women have been opened. She told of the effective work among women under the direction of Mrs. William Van Namee, New York, and promised the State executive that the women would be found working with them hand in hand from now till the votes are counted.

At the conclusion of the meeting, Chairman Glynn announced the appointment of Joseph E. Davis of Roslyn, L. I., as treasurer of the State committee. Among those attending the meeting were Mrs. Rosalie Rowe Whitney of Brooklyn; Addison B. Parker, Watertown; Assistant Secretary of State; James S. Parker, Washington County; Floyd J. Bently, Cortland; Fred B. Parker, Batavia; John Taber, Auburn; James K. Flanagan, Norwich; Governor W. Hancock; Hon. Archie C. Ryder, Watertown; Robert L. Clark, Munsville; George K. Morris, Amherst; Henry D. Williams, Utica; Adalbert Stone, Francis D. Kulkun, Oswego; Philip Elling, Kingston; James S. Parker, Salem; James M. Gilbert; William Rubin, James P. Mathews, Dr. Leonard A. Saxon, and Carl E. Dorr, Syracuse.

SCHANZ
MEN'S TAILORS

Announcing that our Fall and Winter Woolens for Clothes Made-to-Measure are now ready for your selection

14 EAST 40TH STREET NEW YORK

THE STORY OF REVILLON FURS



Balancing a Kyak

The Kyak is made entirely of skins shaped over a frame like a miniature submarine. Only the deck shows above the water line. Though a kyak turns over easily an Eskimo paddler doesn't hesitate to take a passenger though the latter is obliged to crawl inside the hollow shell and remain there under water level. The picture shows an Eskimo father teaching his boy the first principles of balancing this cranky craft.

Revillon Freres
Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street

DATES ARE CHOSEN FOR HARDING TOUR

Continued from First Page.

days here, and then a brief excursion, this time to the East with speeches in New York city, Newark and a few other places.

In Baltimore Next Week.

Next Tuesday night the Senator starts on his first Eastern trip, a very short one which will take him to Baltimore in the evening of September 27; to Wheeling, W. Va., on the evening of September 28; to Ashland, Ky., on September 29; and returning to Baltimore late at night on September 29. These itineraries have little time for the front porch phase of the campaign is about at an end.

Senator Harding went to Mansfield in order to play golf and this was his last chance probably for the rest of the campaign. Before he went he sent a telegram of congratulations to A. R. Day, chairman of the committee of arrangements of the Victory celebration at Mansfield. He wired:

"Congratulations to you all upon the occasion of your celebration of the victory in Maine. I believe that you are celebrating more than a partisan election. I believe you are celebrating an expression from the voters of a fine patriotism which will unite Americans for America first. We will keep our national honor and our national conscience at home in the hearts of our people and not mortgage this, our most precious possession, to a super government. We will strive to maintain an Americanism free from walls of class, race or creed, separating one from the other. We will work together to build prosperity. We will devote ourselves to national representative government and to make administration of our national affairs a guardian against the terrible wastes now all going on.

"I will all remember that victory must not be celebrated because of the acquisition of power but with full sense of our responsibility to all the American people, and with a sense of devoted and loyal readiness to serve America in the tasks before us with deeds rather than with words."

WOMEN VOTE FOR HIM

Mrs. Raymond Robins of Chicago and Miss Adah Bush and Mrs. Richard Edwards of Indiana had a conference with Senator Harding this morning. They told him there was an overwhelming sentiment for him among the women voters of the country. This, they said, is based upon a conviction that the Wilson League of Nations must be wholly reconstructed else Americans would be involved in wars approved of neither by their consciences nor their hearts.

The visitors discussed with Senator Harding a social justice programme in which women are so vitally interested, and after the conference Mrs. Robins said:

"Persons who believe Senator Harding is not sufficiently interested in problems of social justice are completely in error. His heart and soul are so vitally interested, and if he is elected we can look for great steps to be taken in social welfare and in the preservation of human resources. His record has been progressive, and his heart is in a liberal social welfare programme."

Senator Harding will speak to-morrow before a delegation from West Virginia.

M'CORMICK ASSAILS ABSOLUTISM IN U. S.

Illinois Senator Denounces Usurpation of War Powers.

"We want no Caesarism in Europe, let us have none in America," said Senator Medill McCormick of Illinois last night to an enthusiastically applauding American audience of Italian descent, who gave a dinner at the Hotel Commodore to Nicholas Selvaigi, secretary of the Italian-American Republican League.

"We are through with arbitrary and personal government," said Senator McCormick. "We will end the extraordinary powers conferred upon the executive because of the war, and now usurped. We will declare the end of the war. We will lift the burden of extraordinary taxation that exhausts the people's savings."

Each statement was loudly applauded, as were the sentiments expressed by Senator McCormick.

Florence H. La Guardia, District Attorney Harry E. Lewis of Kings county, Jacob A. Livingston, chairman of the Kings County Republican Committee, and Dr. Philip Giorgio, among the guests were Gen. C. Herbert de Posse, John Deacher, Judge Norman S. Dike, Frederick A. Wallis, F. J. Kracke, Richard W. Lawrence, A. B. Messer, Ralph V. Bellitt, Isaac Sigal, Thomas W. Whittie and Vincent Giordano.

FARMERS DEMAND REMEDIAL LAWS

Grave Consequences Feared if Relief is Not Given.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—The American Farm Bureau Federation, in a statement to-night summarizing its investigation into business, industrial and agricultural conditions, declared that America "is facing an agricultural economic condition which, if not intelligently dealt with, will lead to consequences so grave as to affect all industry to the point of impending social order."

The statement says farmers must receive immediate help in transportation, finance and labor, and recommends the following as remedial efforts which would go a long way toward solving agricultural difficulties: Preferential treatment in transportation to all farm produce held for shipment and to all goods consigned to farmers which are necessary to conduct the business of farming.

COX FITS BUSILY IN ARIZONA

This, with the further charge that the "senatorial oligarchy" is attempting to force down the price of farm products in order to turn the tide against the Democratic ticket, was the main theme of his four set speeches, hearing the Democratic nominee declare there is a Republican plot to force down prices of cotton and live stock in order to turn sentiment against the Cox-Reed ticket. This the Republicans are trying to accomplish, he asserted, by failure to permit the re-estabishment of peace. He contended that the plot extends to all sections of the country and he mentioned Oregon specifically, making the point that the Republicans hoped to bring about a slump in the closing of copper markets, compelling the retention of the products in America to such an extent that the supply would exceed the demand.

These assertions brought applause from the crowds and at Mesa, where Gov. Cox spoke to 2,500, including many children, in front of the high school, one man yelled: "I've already heard of that plot."

Gov. Cox talked progressive government to some extent, but devoted most of his time to the League of Nations, renewing his statements that disarmament by the nations of the world would permit an army and navy saving for the United States that would be sufficient for the reclamation and irrigation of tremendous tracts of arid lands in the West. He promised aid for Arizona and the crowds cheered.

"We'll build a dam like the Roosevelt dam and call it the Cox dam," somebody yelled.

CHICAGO A PLAGUE SPOT OF POLITICS, SAYS LEWIS

Illinois Democrat Calls for More Patriotism.

Special to The Sun and New York Herald.

CHICAGO, Sept. 22.—James Hamilton Lewis, Democratic nominee for Governor of Illinois, and his colleagues on the party's ticket will write the platform on which they are to make their campaign. That decision was reached at a meeting of the Democratic State Committee to-day.

Lewis made a speech accepting the nomination won by him a week ago to-day and declared, "The times cry out for more patriotism and less partyanship."

"In Chicago a form of political military organization has been built up, constituting a partisan machine. Chicago is held up before the United States as the plague spot in American politics and her conditions as the shame of America."

Some Men Folk Have Told Us that

WAR'S MOTHER HUBBARD BREAD

brings them back to boyhood days and renews their youth-time appetite for bread and butter.

"SOME BREAD"

THE FEMININE SWEATER SHOP ANNOUNCES ITS NEW LOCATION AND INCREASED SPACE TO PROVIDE FOR A MAGNITUDE OF MODELS FOR A MULTITUDE OF AUTUMN OCCASIONS

Typical of how the values throughout reflect the new lower production costs is:

THE SCARF SWEATER for autumn resort wear, coat model with V neck, brushed wool fringed toga scarf, and sport belt . . . 21.50

AUTUMN SWEATERS IN NEW MODELS AND WEAVES . . . 6.95 to 145.00

FEMININE SWEATER SHOP—Fourth Floor

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue, 37th and 38th Sts.

WOMEN'S PARFAIT PURE SILK HOSE

1.75

The price for identical quality only "yesterday" was 2.95

Pure thread silk hose, full fashioned, with lisle soles and tops—quality with which no stocking at a similar price can compare, at a price with which no stocking of similar quality can compete.

Black, white, African, cordovan, beaver, navy blue, taupe or silver.

WOMEN'S HOSE SHOP—STREET FLOOR

After Mr. Thompson discussed the Republican maximum of \$1,000 for each contributor, Senator Edge asked if he disapproved of the big contributions to the Democratic fund which had been disclosed that day.

"I think it would be better if they (the Democrats) would put their case before the people," he said. "If they cannot conduct their campaign with small contributions, then let them resort to the other system."

Mr. Thompson said only about \$1,500, \$10 had been collected by the Republican committee so far. He hoped that a similar amount would be raised in the next five weeks.

"Your candidate is now talking about \$20,000,000," Mr. Thompson said, pounding the table. "The Democrats have the Wall Street committee this year. Cox is no stranger to Wall Street, too."

"Where did he get his money?" Senator Reed asked.

"I've heard about securities, Ohio cities gas, railroads, he has bought," replied Mr. Thompson.

"Do you know of Gov. Cox receding in Wall Street?" Senator Reed demanded.

"I do not," Mr. Thompson replied. "All I've heard are the rumors."

"Rumors have no place on the lips of a man who has taken an oath," Senator Reed declared. "Don't you think you ought to withdraw the name of Gov. Cox if he is tied up or entangled with Wall Street interests?"

"I've heard that Mr. Cox is a man worth many millions, lives in a house worth half a million, and that he has a yacht."

"But that's no crime. I hear he's a good, clean fellow."

"Well, you know that sort of a charge against him is not true?" Senator Reed insisted.

"I didn't put it that way," Mr. Thompson replied. "Do you call it crime to be mixed up in Wall Street?"

"No, but you know what sort of an implication that conveys to the American people," Senator Reed said. "You know that every brick in his house, his newspaper properties have been paid for by money honestly earned, don't you?"

"That sounds good," the witness said, and a moment later he added: "I do know that most of the big fellow I know in Wall Street is a Co."

Both Senator Reed and Mr. Thompson finally agreed that "both Cox and Harding are fine, clean American citizens."

Charles F. McDonald, chairman of the Democratic State Committee of New Jersey, was examined. He said money was raised by his committee only through letters, and that about twenty had been sent. This year the national committee, 3 per cent to county committees and the remaining 5 per cent to the State committee.

HAZING CAUSES PARALYSIS.

EMPORIA, Kan., Sept. 22.—Andy McCoy of Wichita, Kan., a freshman in College of Emporia here, is paralyzed below the waist as a result, it is said, of hazing by upperclassmen. He was struck with a paddle.

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