THE NEW YORK HERALD.

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PUBLISHED DAILY BY
JAMES GORDON BENNETT,
No. 21 ANN STREET.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.—The extensive circulation of the HERALD, both in town and country, makes it a superior channel for advertisers.

FOR TWELVE LINES OR LESS:

Daily,	$0 50	4 days,	$1 25	7 days,	$1 87	10 days,	$2 50
"	0 75	5 "	1 50	8 "	2 00	11 "	2 87
"	1 00	6 "	1 75	9 "	2 12	12 "	3 00

FOR EIGHT LINES OR LESS:

2 weeks,	$2 50	3 months,	$8 00
1 month,	3 00	6 months,	15 00

☞ All advertisements to be paid for before their insertion.

Advertisements inserted in the WEEKLY HERALD at $1 a square every insertion.

MORNING HERALD—Issued every morning—price two cents per copy. Country subscribers furnished at the rate, for any specific period, on a remittance in advance. No paper sent, unless paid in advance.

WEEKLY HERALD—Issued every Saturday morning, at six o'clock—price six cents per copy. Furnished to country subscribers at $3 per annum in advance.

CORRESPONDENTS are requested to address their letters to JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Proprietor and Editor, and all letters on business must be post paid.

THE EASTERN DIVISION OF THE NEW YORK AND ERIE RAILROAD.

TRAINS will hereafter run between New York and Goshen according to the following arrangement, stopping at Sparkill, Blauvelt, Pascac, Suffern, Ramapo Station, Monroe Works, Turner's, Scammanville, Monroe Village and Chester.

FROM NEW YORK.

A passenger train every morning (except Sunday) leaving the foot of Albany street, at 8 o'clock, A. M. in the company's steamboat Utica, Capt. A. H. Schultz.

A passenger train every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, from the foot of Albany street, in the steamboat Utica.

A freight train every Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday afternoon, at 4 o'clock, from the foot of Chambers street, in the steamboat Union.

FROM GOSHEN.

A passenger train every morning, (except Sunday) at 8 o'clock, arriving in New York, by the steamboat Utica, at the foot of Albany street.

A passenger train every Wednesday and Saturday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, arriving in New York by the steamboat Utica.

A freight train every Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, at 3 o'clock, arriving in New York by the steamboat Union, and barges at the foot of Chambers street.

Freight will be received at the foot of Albany street on Wednesday and Saturday, and at the foot of Chambers street on Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday, until 3 P. M.

For freight or passage, inquire at the Company's Transportation office, corner of Liberty and West streets, and at the various depots on the line of the road.

H. C. SEYMOUR, Superintendant of the Eastern Division New York and Erie Railroad.
de7 1m

NEW YORK AND NEWARK.

Fare reduced to 25 cents.

From the foot of Courtlandt street, New York.
(Every day—Sundays excepted.)

Leave New York.		Leave Newark.	
At 8 A. M.	At 2 P.M.	At 8 A. M.	At 1½ P. M.
11 do	4 do	9 do	3½ do
	4½ do	10½ do	5 do
	7 do		10 do

ON SUNDAYS.

From the foot of Liberty street.
Leave New York. Leave Newark.
At 8 A. M. and 4½ P. M. At 1 P. M. and 10 P. M.

NEW YORK, ELIZABETHTOWN, RAHWAY AND NEW BRUNSWICK.

Fare reduced.

From the foot of Liberty street, daily.

Leave New York.	Leave New Brunswick.
At 9 A. M.	At 7½ A. M.
4½ P. M.	1 P. M.

SOMERVILLE stages connect with these lines each way.

Fare between New York and Somerville,	50 cents.
Do do New Brunswick,	75 cents.
Rahway,	50 cents.
Elizabethtown,	25 cents.

The fare in the 7½ A. M. train from New Brunswick, and 4½ P. M. train from New York, has been reduced between New York and New Brunswick to 50 cents.
" " Rahway to 37½ " "

The Philadelphia mail line passes through New Brunswick for New York every evening at 9 o'clock.

On Sundays the 7½ A. M. trip from New Brunswick is omitted.

Passengers who procure their tickets at the ticket office, receive a ferry ticket gratis. Tickets are received by the conductor only on the day when purchased. n11

RED BIRD LINE TO ALBANY, on the East side of the river, having better stages and teams—asking no higher fare.—Office, Howard's Hotel, 178 Broadway.—Passengers will be forwarded by Stage to Albany by this line from any point on the East side of the river where the boats may be compelled by ice to stop.

Agents will be on board each of the mail boats to give assistance and information.

This line extends to Montreal, touching at Albany, (office under the Museum) and embraces a very direct and commodious route toIther.

The stages and horses of this line will be found really the best on the Albany route, and no deception.

The strictest attention will be paid to the comfort, convenience and speed of all who may give us the preference.

When the river shall be shut up entirely, Red Bird Stages will run all the way through from New York city to Albany.

S. HOUT, M. H. BAXTER, } Agents.
1. V. BAKER, Proprietor. d26 1m*

NEW YORK AND ALBANY, Stage Line, on both sides of the Hudson River.—Office at the Exchange, the old Stand, Western Hotel, Courtlandt street.—Fare $2.—The line on the west side of the river is formed from New York to Piermont by steamboat Utica, from Piermont to Goshen by the railroad, and thence to Albany by stage. Passengers by this line may leave New York every morning (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, and arrive in Albany next morning by 8.

This is the shortest, quickest and cheapest route to Albany. The railroad cars are large, commodious and warmed by stoves.

The line on the east side will be by steamboat daily as far as the ice will permit.

E. BEACH.

Passengers for Newburgh and Paltz may secure passage at this office by steamboat and railroad to Turner's, 18 miles this side of Newburgh, where stages will be in readin ss to convey them to the above named places. d28 tj

VIA STONINGTON, DAILY.—HARNDEN & CO'S American and Foreign Express, Foreign Letter, and General Forwarding Office.—Packages of all kinds, sample goods, specie, and bank notes, will be received and forwarded by Express, to and from the following places:—

From Boston to Liverpool, London, Manchester, Birmingham, and Leeds, Eng.; Dublin and Cork, Ireland; Glasgow and Greenock, Scotland; Paris and Havre, France; and from Boston to Providence, New York, Philadelphia, and from Troy and Albany, having recently made arrangements with the People's Line to that effect.

HARNDEN & CO. will attend to collecting or paying Drafts, Notes, Bills or Acceptances, and the purchasing of goods of every description, or transient business of any kind, which they undertake promptly.

Letter Bags will be kept at their Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Albany offices, for Cunard's Royal Mail Line of steam ships; also, for the steamer Great Western, and the sailing packets from New York.

TAKE NOTICE.—Packages sent to either office, for England, or any other place, must not, in any case, contain letters N. B. All goods must be marked HARNDEN & CO. who are alone responsible for the loss or injury of any articles or property committed to their care; nor is any risk assumed by them on any be attached to the B. & P. and S. Railroads, or the N. J. Steam Navigation Co., on whose roads, or in whose steamers, their crates are or may be transported, in respect to them or their contents at any time.

REFERENCES:—Messrs. Fletcher, Alexander & Co., Liverpool and London; Welles & Co., Bankers, Paris, France; Thomas B. Curtis, Esq., Boston; Goodhue & Co., New York; Carey & Hart, Philadelphia; and Thomas W Olcott, Esq., Albany.

OFFICES:—No. 228 River street, Troy; 12 Exchange, Albany; 42 South Third street, Philadelphia; 32 Chatham street, Liverpool; 3 Court street, Boston; Union Buildings, Providence.

WM. WYMAN, Agent, No. 3 Wall st., New York.
HARNDEN & CO.

T. FOWELL & CO.'S LINE.—FOR NEWBURGH, landing at CALDWELL'S, WEST POINT AND COLD SPRING—The steamboat HIGHLANDER Capt. Robert Wardrop, will leave the foot of Warren street New York, every Monday, Tuesday and Saturday afternoon's at 4 o'clock. Returning, the Highander will leave Newburgh every Monday morning at 6 o'clock, and Tuesday and Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

For freight or passage, apply to the Captain on board.

N. B. All baggage and freight of every description, bank bills or specie, put on board this boat, must be at the risk of the owners thereof, unless a bill of lading or receipt is signed for the same m25

FALL ARRANGEMENT—POUGHKEEPSIE AND NEW YORK.

The fast sailing steamboat OSEOLA, Captain Verdine Truesdale, for the remainder of the season will leave the steamboat pier, foot of Chambers street, every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday afternoons, at 3 o'clock—landing, up and down, at Caldwell's, West Point, Cold Spring, Cornwall, Fishkill Landing, New Hamburg, and Milton. Returning, leaves Poughkeepsie every Monday, Wednesday and Friday morning, at 7 o'clock. After the 1st of November, the Oseola will leave Poughkeepsie at 6 o'clock in the morning. For passage, apply to the Captain on board, or to D. RANDOLPH MARTIN, 194 1½ West st.

OLD LINE OF LIVERPOOL PACKETS.—Regular Packet of the 19th January.—The splendid fast sailing packet ship COLUMBUS, Capt. ——, will sail on Wednesday, the 19th inst., her regular day.

The accommodations of this line for passengers, is well known to be superior to any other. Those about to embark, should examine this packet ship before engaging elsewhere. For terms of passage apply on board, foot of Beekman street, or to the subscribers.

ROCHE, BROTHERS & CO.
35 Fulton st. next door to the Fulton Bank.

Persons desirous of sending for their friends, can have them brought out in this favorite ship, or in any of the ships in the old line, sailing from Liverpool punctually on the 7th and 19th of every month. Apply as above. j10

PASSAGE FOR SAVANNAH.—First Packet.—The splendid packet brig EXACT, Captain Johnson, sails positively as above.

This vessel has splendid accommodations for cabin, second cabin and steerage passengers. For passage, early application should be made to
W. & J. T. TAPSCOTT, 49 South street,
j6 48 Peck slip.

FOR MOBILE.—The splendid packet ship GREAT BRITAIN, Capt. Proul, will be despatched for Mobile on Tuesday, 11th inst.

She has unsurpassed accommodations for cabin, 2nd cabin and steerage passengers, who will be taken at the lowest rates. Apply on board the ship, at Pine street wharf, or to
W. & J. T. TAPSCOTT, 49 South street,
j6 or 48 Peck slip.

PACKETS FOR HAVRE.—Second Line.—The new ship ST. NICOLAS, J. B. Pell, master, will sail on the 1st of February.
BOYD & HINCKEN, Agents,
j 6 No. 9 Tontine Building

SECOND HAND IRON SAFES, in good order, for sale, very low, at the Iron Chest Warehouse of
S. C. HERRING,
j 8 139 Water street.

NOTICE.—Proposals will be received at the office of the Commissary General of Purchases, in Philadelphia, to furnish the following materials and articles for the United States Army, for the year 1842, viz:—

Blue cloth, 6-4 wide, dyed in indigo and in the wool
Sky blue twilled Cloth, 6-4 wide
Unbleached Cotton Shirting, 7 8 wide
Bleached do do
Flannel of Cotton and Wool, 7-8 wide
Canton Flannel, 3-4 wide
Unbleached Cotton Drilling, 3-4 and 7-8 wide
Bleached do 3-4 wide
Uniform Caps, for Dragoons, Artillery and Infantry
Pompoons, for Artillery and Infantry
Hair Plumes, for Dragoons
Bands and Tassels do
Alguillettes, Artillery and Infantry
Worsted Sashes, do do and Dragoons
Shoulder Straps, do do
Do (brass) for Dragoons
Epaulettes, Non. Com'd Staff, Artillery and Infantry
Woollen half Stockings
Laced Booties
Leather Stocks
Blankets, 6½ feet long 5 feet wide, weight 4 pounds
Metal Cap Equipments, for Dragoons, Artillery and Inf.
Felling Axes
Hatchets
Spades
Drums, complete, with Sticks, Slings, and Cases
Worsted Binding and Cord, of all kinds
Common Tents
Wall Tents and Flies
Hospital Tents
Painting and Strapping Knapsacks
Casks and Cooperage, for one year from 1st April next.

(The quantity and number of these articles will be determined hereafter.)

The whole are to be of domestic manufactured materials. Patterns of all the required Woollen and Cotton Cloths and articles, are deposited in the Commissary General's Office, in this city, for examination. Samples of the Woollen and Cotton Cloths will be sent to any manufacturer on application to this Office, by mail, and such information given as may be desired. The Bootees are to be of *eight* sizes, and the Caps of *five* sizes. The sizes and proportions of sizes will be stated in the contracts.

On the samples and patterns exhibited the contracts will be founded and inspections made, and no article will be received that is inferior in the material or workmanship to, or that does not correspond in every respect with the pattern on which a contract is founded.

The supplies are to be delivered at the United States Arsenal, near Philadelphia, for inspection, in equal monthly portions, and the contracts are to be fulfilled on or before the 1st day of July, 1842.

The proposals must be in writing, sealed, and endorsed, "Proposals," and must reach the Office of the Commissary General of Purchases, on or before the 17th day of January, 1842. No proposal will be received after 3 o'clock of that day.

Security will be required for the fulfilment of contracts.

J. WASHINGTON TYSON,
Commissary General of Purchases.

COMMISSARY GENERAL'S OFFICE,
Philadelphia, December 17th, 1841. d19 eodtJ17

DECAYED TEETH:
PARISEN'S SPECIFIC.

A SURE CURE for the Tooth Ache, safe and easy in the application, certain in its curative effects—a remedy well tested, and of long standing—Prepared only by J. W. Clowes, Dentist, and sold by him, wholesale and retail, at his office, 47 Bond st., N. Y. Certificates—The undersigned, having used the Parisen's Specific, as prepared by Mr. J. W. Clowes, unite in recommending it to the public confidence. L. Parmely, Surgeon Dentist, 341 Broadway, N. Y.; J. Smith Dodge, Surgeon Dentist, 47 Bond street, N. Y.; N. Dodge, Surgeon Dentist 628 Broadway, N. Y.; E. G. Burger, Surgeon Dentist, 34 Market street, N. Y. ☞ N. B. None is genuine, unless signed by the proprietor. Sold, also, by the following Druggists, Cotton, 265 Bleecker street; Ring, 644 Broadway; Schieffelin, 114 Canal st.; Hart's, 278 Broadway, and cor Hudson and North Moore streets; Milnor, 192 Broadway; Burnel, 210 Chatham; Syme, 63 Bowery, cor Walker st.; Hutching, 150 Bowery, and Doolittle, 245 Centre st.; price per vial 50 cents—half vial 25.
d18 1m*

DR. TAYLOR'S BALSAM OF LIVERWORT.—At the old establishment, 375 Bowery.—The person advertising in Spring street, first under anonymous initials, then as W. W. Taylor, and again as W. W. Thayer, has not now, nor never has had any connection with the establishment, No. 375 Bowery. The late proprietor, F. A. Thayer, had but one brother, named William W. Thayer—he has not been in the house of his deceased brother for several years. About four years ago he opened a store at 241 Spring street, and advertised Rogers' Balsam of Liverwort, and near two years ago came before the public in support of Burritt & Co. in imitating Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort—and again comes forward claiming the proprietorship of said medicine, when it was well known that at the time the proprietor, the late F A Thayer first introduced this celebrated medicine, W W Thayer was about fourteen years of age.

Be careful where you buy—Purchase only—mind this ONLY—at the old office, 375 Bowery, between Fourth and Fifth streets. Our agents will please address as formerly. d28 1m*

DR. TAYLOR'S BALSAM OF LIVERWORT.—$1000 Reward will be paid to any person who will prove the assertions of the "Widow in the Bowery" to be true, that I am not the brother of her late husband, F. A. Thayer, or that I do not possess the original recipe for Taylor's Balsam of Liverwort or that I never made or sold this medicine at my late residence, 375 Bowery.

W. W. THAYER, 241 Spring st.

CAUTION—Beware of the statements of the interested and fraudulent! Daily most shameful attacks are made, calculated to deceive purchasers and others, as well to deprive the rightful proprietor of all their just claims. Remember, there is but one original recipe in existence, and that is in Spring st. from which the medicine was originally prepared by them in the Bowery, and established the medicine in its high repute. Touch none made by those who are trying to deceive you by false assertions. Purchase only that made from the original recipe in Spring street and you are certain of the genuine.

Agents and others supplied, on highly favorable terms, by the sole proprietor, W. W. THAYER, 241 Spring street, formerly 375 Bowery. d28 1mis*

PERMANENT ESTABLISHMENT.

MONS. MALLAN & SONS, Surgeon Dentists, 372 Broadway, and at London and Paris, inform the public of New York and its vicinity, that in consequence of their very extensive practice, they have at length been induced to open a permanent establishment, where they may be consulted daily, at 372 Broadway, between Franklin and White streets, in all cases appertaining to their profession, in which they have been so successful, in consequence of their celebrated discoveries and improvements in the art of Dentistry. d21 1m*

BERKSHIRE BOAR FOR SALE.—For sale cheap, a choice, thorough bred Berkshire Boar. Can be seen in the rear of 92 Crosby street, near Prince. j5

PEACH ORCHARD NUT COAL AT LACKAWANNA PRICES.—Real Peach Orchard, Red Ash, Large Nut Coal, doubly screened, and delivered to any part of the city free of carriage, at $6 50 Broken or Egg, $6 50 Stove, $8 00; Screened Liverpool, $11 00. Apply at yard 504 Washington street, near Spring. d23 3m*

AMERICAN BANK LOCK COMPANY, for the sale of "ANDREWS' CELEBRATED COMBINATION LOCK," are now ready to receive orders for this celebrated Lock, and having supplied the numerous orders heretofore received, are now prepared from the extensive arrangements the manufacturers of Tape Locks to deliver at the shortest notice. The design of the association is to furnish them to every Bank in the United States, and the security they have heretofore furnished to such banks as have applied them against being robbed, having often been tested by burglars, is sufficient proof that no bank can be considered a safe depository without these locks on their vaults or safes. All other locks now in use have been opened, while these have defiance to all attempts, and the combination of changes it can undergo, varying from 4,094 to 1,000,000, at the will of the owner, furnishes security not found in any other mode of fastening. Locks for safes and store doors from 126 to 4,094 changes

As relates to the superiority of this lock over any other, reference is made to any of the banks in Wall street, New York.

Directors and officers of banks are requested to examine the Locks, and orders will be received at the office of
WADSWORTH & SMITH,
d14 4 Jones' lane, agents for the city.

WITHOUT MERCURY.—DR. D. BRENNA, has the honor of informing the citizens of New York, that he cures radically, on the homeopathic system, and in a few days, every description of syphilitic disease, whether recent or of long standing, without danger of relapse, which very often occurs by the use of mercury.

The remedy of Dr. Brenna does not contain a particle of mercury, or any other corrosive or poisonous mineral, and therefore cannot possibly exercise any deleterious influence on the body. It can be conveniently administered; its operation is always safe, and no bad consequences can follow from its use, however critical the circumstances under which it is taken.

☞ Patients wishing advice can consult Dr. Brenna at his office, Granite Building, corner of Broadway and Chambers street, entrance in Chambers street, at any hour from 10 A. M. to 2 P. M. j9 1m

NIBLO'S GARDEN.—TO THE LOVERS OF FLORA. Messrs. NIBLO & DUNLAP would most respectfully inform gentlemen wanting bouquets, that they are fully prepared to supply orders to any extent, and on reasonable terms.

The conservatory and green houses at 576 Broadway, and at Harlem, will convince any lady or gentleman who will the proprietors are prepared to execute orders, which will be at all times attended to with neatness and despatch.

Ladies giving soirees or balls can be supplied with plants of large or small size. Also, cut flowers, which will be arranged in the most tasteful manner by Mr. T. Dunlap, who has been long and favorably known to the lovers of plants.

The Conservatory at Niblo's Garden will always be open to the ladies for promenade, and every attention paid them—there are now thousands of that splendid flower, the Camellia, coming into bloom, many of which are of the best size to present to the ladies for decorating their windows, and which will be sold at moderate prices, with every other article in their line.

Fresh Bird Seeds, Gold Fish, Globes &c. d26

CLOCKS—AT SMITH'S Brass and Wood Clock Establishment, at the corner of the Bowery and Division street, all kinds of clocks can be had at wholesale and retail for cash, of superior quality and workmanship, and at the lowest possible prices. Also clocks for church steeples, for banks, public rooms and watch makers regulators of a superior finish made to order, second to none in quality, and warranted for time. Samples always on hand and may be examined by calling at the ware room. Entrance 71 Bowery.

RANSOM SMITH, Proprietor.

At Baltimore, 24 South Charles street, is a branch of this establishment, where orders for large or small clocks, in all their varieties, at wholesale or retail, will be promptly executed by Smith & Fenn, Proprietors in Baltimore.

RANSOM SMITH
d12 EDWARD FENN

PAPER WAREHOUSE.—PERSSE & BROOKS, No. 61 Liberty street, offer for sale the following assortment of Paper on the most reasonable terms:

500 reams 25x38	Newspaper	500 reams 24x36	
500 do 26x38		200 do 24x34	
400 do 25x37		200 do 22x34	
600 do 24x37		200 do 22x32	

500 reams 19x24, Book.

Together with a fine assortment of Writing and Wrapping Paper.

Printing Paper of any size or quality made to order at short

POPULAR MEDICINE.—Thorn's Compound Extract of Cubaba and Sarsaparilla, a certain, safe, and most effectual remedy ever discovered for the cure of gonorrhœa, gleets, strictures, whites, pains in the back and loins, seminal weakness, affections of the kidneys, gravel, scorbutic eruptions, &c.

Our recommendation this preparation enjoys over all others is its neat portable form, put up in pots, the mode in which it may be taken being both easy and pleasant, its tasteless nature, with no restriction in diet or confinement from daily business. Travellers especially would find this medicine highly useful and ought never to be unprovided with a preparation possessing the advantages which the present one combines. Prepared by J. B. Thorn, chemist, London, and for sale, wholesale and retail, by James Turnent 266 Greenwich street, corner of Warren; Scollard & Dellue, 2 Park Row, and 561 Broadway; P. Bickie, 414 Broadway. n20 3m*

THIRD ANNUAL BALL OF THE JEFFERSON GRENADIERS.—The third Annual Ball of this company will take place on the 19th January, 1842, at the Apollo Saloon, Broadway. The best Brass Band of the city is engaged for this occasion. Tickets $2 each, to be had of

Captain Eckel, 158 Greenwich street.
Lieut. Schlosser, 56 Centre st.
Ord. Serg. Scholet, 57 Roosevelt st.
Sergt. Schwartz, 196 Second st.
Sergt. Hamer, 107 Washington st.
Corp. Frank, Delancey st.
Corp. Blanc, 74 Fulton st.
Corp. Schlosser, Henry Clay House.
d21 j8 1t* Priv. Bohrer, 79 James st.

Philadelphia.

[Correspondence of the Herald.]

PHILADELPHIA, Jan. 9, 1842.

Pennsylvania State Stocks—Their Credit—The Message of Gov. Porter—The Movements in the Legislature—The Recorder of Philadelphia.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Esq.—

DEAR SIR—

Your incomparable "Herald" has so extensive a circulation in our city and State, is so much relied upon, and so generally read, that those of us citizens who value the character of our city and Commonwealth, would be culpable in the extreme, were we to read and pass unnoticed such remarks as are made by your generally excellent correspondent of this city on Saturday last, who really appears to me for the time being to have taken leave of his usual intelligence; and, instead of playing the part of a citizen of the State, who was disposed to put an end to the swindling of these pests of society, stock jobbers and usurers, and do common justice to the Governor's Messsage and the State, plays into their hands—questions the integrity as well as the ability of the State, and thus forwards the objects of this secret board of brokers, who daily set in our city, concocting schemes how best they can carry out their plans of speculation and peculation, by raising this stock, a large quantity of which they, or their intimate friends, have on hand, and wish to sell; and depressing the price of that which they wish to purchase. Now, your correspondent said a broker had told him that Pennsylvania State fives had declined one dollar on a share, the highest bid being $49. He should have added that no man was fool enough to sell at $49. He also adds that it is currently reported (by the same authority, no doubt) that the money is not in the Pennsylvania Bank, where it has usually been. What all this bodes, he cannot divine, and that he does not believe the State debt will ever be paid. He may divine and understand it all, if he will take the pains to read this.

He has been imposed upon and deceived by a set of men who proudly hold up their heads, and have grown wealthy by thus secretly prowling and preying upon the community; they want to buy State stock, and, mark me, so soon as they have enough, it will be run up to an enormous price; then they'll sell out. Are the interests of the State thus to be tampered with, by a conclave of brokers, whose secret and selfish doings entail more misery upon our community than the most rotten corporations that ever cursed our land and disgraced our country. Their continuous conduct can no better be described or explained than by the one act of the investigating and dividend committee of the dead monster. I say dead, because its groans, although heard, have ceased to terrify or dismay. They had a large amount of stock, and reported more than fourteen millions surplus profits, published the report, divided the available funds, and sold out their stock instanter. Now sir, the Board of Brokers do this thing unblushingly every day in the year; they craftily circulate, as verite their statements, and find fools enough to believe them and finally loose by their credulity.

I refer you, sir, and your readers, to the message of Governor Porter and the proceedings of our Legislature thus far, for a refutation of all charges and insinuations against the credit of the State: she is sound to the core in resources, capital and integrity. It is a matter of pride and proud satisfaction to our permanent citizens, to find, after all the abuse that has been heaped upon some of the democratic representatives, charging them with incompetency, locofocoism, &c. &c, that those very men were the first and foremost in our Legislative Halls, when the proceedings of a few hasty and indiscreet young men, at a meeting held in our city, were laid before them, repudiating the State debt, &c, to treat it with high indignation, full of scorn and contempt. Now let their revilers learn through them to respect the ability and integrity of the people. I heard from good authority but yesterday, that one of poor old Mr. Ritner's ablest (I cannot talk of virtue, honesty or manhood) officers—I mean intellectual officers—said that the message of Governor Porter, he was constrained to admit, was the best message he ever read. I however have no confidence in any opinion expressed by that gentleman—I should suspect him of design in every thing he says or does, and regulated in all things by craft, cunning and deceit. 'Twas he that largely contributed to the present evils by which we are surrounded, aided by the powers of office for which he was unfit, and which he so conspicuously disgraced.

We know that few men know more about the real state of affairs in Pennsylvania than yourself, Mr. Editor; and we would invite a close examination of Governor Porter's Message, and your views thereon, and we solicit a careful examination of it, by the people, and, my word for it, those who own State stock will not only be satisfied, but anxious to have more; as it will be as safe and secure an investment as can be found in the country; and the secret doings of brokers, stock jobbers and their agents, as well as the views of superficial observers set forth in plausible language, be dissipated and dissolved into thin air. If we have leisure we will review the message and invite scrutiny. We have no other interest than a citizen of the state; we therefore mean to say and do what is right, and, if we err, shall be glad to be advised of it; but we fear no investigation into the truth of our statements or the integrity of our motives, and hesitate not to say, and we say it boldly, that the message, in all its parts, meets with a hearty response throughout the commonwealth—admired by Governor Porter's friends and respected by his enemies.

And now, sir, a word or two as to the fairness, or justice of the charge made against the Recorder of our city, by one of your correspondents of Saturday last. He uses the following language:—

The renewed action against Biddle, Jaudon & Co., before the Recorder, excites but little interest from the fact that the belief is general that they will not be held to bail. The Recorder, though probably a conscientious officer, is an amiable gentleman, and doubtless has his sympathies. These men, having formerly been to some extent his associates and companions, he will allow, it is feared, his goodness of heart to operate to the prejudice of justice.

Our Recorder is thus charged with corruption, want of ability and an intended violation of the sacred oath of his office. Now these charges were either hastily and thoughtlessly, or deliberately penned, and perhaps with a view to prejudice the accused or intimidate the Recorder. If the first, the writer did an act for which conscience will pay him hereafter, and I am sure he will immediately regret. If the second, his conscience is seared—he has been given up to a hardness of heart.—He is a villain of no common order, who would thus dare to charge a man so well and favorably known as Richard Vaux, our Recorder, with some of the blackest offences in the catalogue of crimes, without a single floating murmur upon which to rest his accusations. If the third, to wit, to intimidate the Recorder, the writer could not have given more conclusive evidence that he knew nothing of him and had heard less. I regret to say, that it is possible the charges came indirectly from the persons concerned in the prosecution. If so, and it were ascertained, it would only be upon a par with many of the secret doings of the wireworkers behind the scene—we know them, and know how signally they have failed in their unholy plans—they have found that all State administrations were not alike—some officers were made of too stern stuff for their use. This is not a day for cunning, crafty practices—the time has just past, and we hope, gone for ever. All doings now claim the light of day. We have an Attorney General now who holds no secret sessions, and does no secret offices. His office and his acts belong to the public, and they have them to the letter.

And, let me ask, who is Richard Vaux, our Recorder, and where did he come from, and what has he been, to be thus abused? His father, the late Robert Vaux, devoted nearly all his pre-eminently useful life to the establishment of the various charitable institutions of our State, and was from time to time at the head of most of them, directing, in the holy cause of charity, with an able and liberal hand. He occupied many important public stations, which we have neither time or space to enumerate; suffice it to say, that he was called away, in the midst of his labors, to meet his reward, and no man enjoyed a larger share of public confidence and affection, and few leave us more sincerely regretted, or whose loss to Philadelphia could be more deeply felt. The Recorder, Richard Vaux, Esq., has ever been a consistent democrat; he was private secretary to one of our foreign ministers some years, and returned to his friends and the home of his birth, Philadelphia, with his love for republican institutions and manners by no means diminished. He has been exceedingly active as a politician, and was appointed Recorder by Governer Porter. It is an office without salary or perquisites to him. The Whig councils of the city, upon ascertaining their Whig Recorder was about to resign, took away the city salary and the same legislature took away the State portion. Mr. Vaux may be found in his office, ready to serve his fellow citizens with or without fee, as their sense of right may direct, each and every day. He is a plain honorable man, one in whom the humblest citizen, if oppressed, will find a friend. He is wealthy, and gives with a liberal hand to the poor. He is uncompromising in his integrity, open, free and frank in his intercourse. In fact, just such a man as good men admire and knaves need fear.

We have a whig Mayor in our city, and nearly all of our aldermen are whigs. Richard Vaux, Recorder, a well known democrat, was selected by Austin Montgomery, no doubt, after most solemn deliberation of the conclave of prosecutors, as the best for their purposes, being in the opposition in politics, all the defendants being whigs, and none of them ever associates, companions, acquaintance, or personal friends of the recorder. All directly or indirectly concerned in the fate of this prosecution know full well that a more resolute, determined officer could not be found. Neither post or position in life will protect, or prejudice the accused in any case before him. The Recorder has combined in his character, courage and ability; he is a lawyer, and whatever the evidence in this case demands, will be done—neither fear, favor, or affection will enter into his decision. If there is evidence to hold to bail and bind over, it will be done. If there is not, be assured that neither compliments, or threats, will prevent discharge. He knows his duty, regards his oath, his honor, and his word. Be you assured that justice will be done according to law, complain who may.

AMICUS VERITABLE.

Vice Chancellor's Court.

Before Vice Chancellor M'Coun.

DECISIONS.

JAN. 10.—*Eunice A. Fredericks* vs. *Jas. P. Fredericks.*—This was an application for Divorce. The complaint of the wife states that they were married on the 12th March, 1840, and that at the time of entering the action she was enciente by him—that at divers places, particularly in the vicinity of New Rochelle and 146 Walker street, New York, the defendant had illicit connection with a young woman named Caroline Hinman—that "she (complainant) had no knowledge of such connection until the 20th of June last, since which time she has had no connection or communication with the said James, and that the said James has left her and neglects to provide for her support."

Dr. Lovejoy testified that the defendant is a dentist of good standing and high skill, and can easily earn $2,000 per annum. The witness is also acquainted with the forsaken wife. She is a young lady of most excellent family, amiable and accomplished, and every way exemplary in her conduct. He saw them married a little short of two years ago, at the Mission Church in Vandewater street, by the Rev. Mr. Pond. On the 1st of May last they took board at No. 88 Prince street, where witness also resides. On the 10th June the defendant deserted wife and home, leaving her at the boarding house, and she has since been dependant on the kindness of her friends for support. She has now a child, "a sweet babe" of about three months old. In August the witness met defendant, and he acknowledged that he had become connected with Caroline Hinman, and informed him of illicit intercourse he had had with her at Yonkers, Mamoroneck, and in New York. He said she was not his wife, but he did every thing for her the same as a wife. Subsequently the witness found out where they lived, and had an interview with Caroline Hinman, who stated to him that she was the wife of defendant.

The lady who keeps the house No. 146 Walker street, testified that on the 12th of June last, a young woman named Frances Hinman came to her house and engaged board. A day or two afterwards she introduced the defendant at the house as a gentleman to whom she was affianced and expected in a day or two to be married. On the 19th of June she went out, and on her return was accompanied by the defendant, whom she introduced as her husband, saying they had that day been married. The defendant admitted that they were so, and they took board together at the house, residing there till the 12th September, following, passing as man and wife, and occupying one room and one bed. A few days previous to the 12th of September, witness heard that the defendant had another wife, and called upon her at No. 88 Prince street, by which the guilty conduct of defendant and Frances Hinman became known to her, and she took measures accordingly.

Decree—*Divorce a vinculo matrimonii*, [from the contract of marriage,] with costs, and that it be referred back to the master to report what will be suitable allowance to be made to the complainant by way of alimony for the support of herself and her infant child, and further directions are reserved until the Report be made.

Tabitha Winnett vs. *Thomas Winnett.*—This was also an application for divorce. The parties were married at No. 37 Cherry street, on the 3rd. September, 1836. They have had no children. In November, 1840, they kept house at No. 46 Canal street. One evening the defendant went home accompanied by a young woman named Caroline Ryckman. He told complainant, and another person who was present, that "he had got into a scrape with said Caroline, and that he could not and would not leave her, and that they must all three live together—and he then proposed that his wife, the complainant, should pass for his sister, and that the said Caroline Ryckman should live with him as his wife." The complainant, as stated by a witness, appeared very much astonished at this proposition, and objected to it. The defendant then went away with the said Caroline Ryckman, at the same time swearing that he would live with her. Winnett and the girl went off together, and he subsequently hired a place in Columbia street, where they lived together passing as man and wife, occupying one chamber and one bed. He never returned to his wife, and the latter went to reside with her father at Staten Island. Divorce granted a *vinculo matrimonii*, with costs.

General Sessions.

Before the Recorder, Judges Lynch and Noah, and Aldermen Innes and Timpson.

JANUARY 10.—*Assault and Battery.*—George Derrick, Jr., pleaded guilty to an assault and battery on Margaret Thompson, of No. 120 Liberty street, on the 6th of July last. Sentence postponed.

Assault and Battery.—John Connelly was tried for an assault and battery on Ann Donoho, of No. 85 Orange street, on the 1st of April last, by striking her with an iron weight. Found guilty, and judgment suspended for the present.

Beating a Captain of the Watch.—Matthias Birbank, Valentine Baker, Richard Simonson and John Lown, were called for trial, for an assault and battery on Captain Daniel Fisher, of the 6th district watch-house. Lown not appearing, his recognizances were forfeited; and their being no evidence against Baker and Simonson, they were acquitted. Capt. Fisher stated that he was struck by Birbank and Lowns, while in the performance of his duty, on the 1st of September last. The jury returned a verdict of guilty against Birbank.

Receiving Stolen Goods.—John Bacon, who keeps a junk shop, at No. 413 Water street, was tried for receiving 14 pigs of lead, that had been stolen from Robert J. Vandewater, on the 28th of November last. It was proved that the lead was found on his premises by officer Lounsberry; and there being no evidence that he knew it was stolen, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty.

Keeping a Disorderly House.—Mr. Wm. S. Pearsoll, of No. 273 Water street, was put on his trial for keeping a disorderly dance-house. Assistant Alderman Halsey, of the Fourth Ward, testified, that the nuisance arose more from the noise and language in the street, after the dances were over, than from any thing that transpired in the house.—It was also proved that the house was a resort for prostitutes, and that the basement was used for a dance-room, where they assembled. A part of the dwelling is used as a shipping office for United States seamen. The defence proved that the dance house was kept by a man named Williams, and not by Pearsell, as represented. The jury returned a verdict of guilty.

Plead Guilty.—George Beach who was indicted for keeping a disorderly house at No. 304 Water-street—judgement postponed.

Another trial for keeping a disorderly house.—Henry Scott was tried for keeping a disorderly house at No. 335 Water-street. It was shown that the house was the resort of women of ill fame, and a nuisance to the neighbourhood. The defence proved that the dance cellar was rented to several individuals, and that Scott was not the proprietor of the house, but that his mother rented the premises and owned the furniture. Verdict—Not guilty.

Trial for Arson in the second degree.—Joseph Siccorish was tried for having set fire to the premises of Benjamin Sherwood, No. 60 John-street, on the 18th of October last. The building is used as a factory by Mr. Sherwood; Siccorish had been engaged as a waiter at the house. From the evidence it appeared that several umbrellas belonging to persons who visited the house, had been stolen at different times; and, finally, suspicion falling upon Siccorish, he was charged by Mr. Sherwood with stealing an umbrella that had been lost on that day, and upon search, it was found in a bed in which Siccorish had slept, in the upper part of the dwelling. He was then discharged by Mr. Sherwood; and on the above named day he was seen to enter the building and pass up stairs with a cigar in his mouth, and when he came down the cigar was lighted. A few minutes afterwards the room from wh