THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WHOLE NO. 7055. MORNING EDITION----TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 24, 1852. PRICE TWO CENTS.

DOUBLE SHEET.

SALES BY AUCTION.

AUCTION NOTICE—GROCERIES, IN LOTS TO SUIT the retail trade—Tuesday, Feb 24 at 10½ o'clock, at 87 Dey street, corner of Greenwich—Almonds, Mace 1, Pekin, and Walnuts. Coffee, Tea, 1,500 drums Figs green and black Teas, Scales and Weights, Soap, Candles Rice, Sugar, Starch, Tobacco, Segars, Currants, Mackerel, Herrings, Codfish, &c. W. A. CARTER, Auctioneer. Store 87 Dey street, corner of Greenwich.

AUCTION NOTICE—THOS. BELL, AUCTIONEER—By W. L. Van Zandt. This day, at 10½ o'clock, in the auction rooms, 13 Spruce street, will be sold, Groceries, Furniture, &c.; seventy boxes and barrels of Raisins, kids Dutch Herrings, seventy boxes do., 121 boxes Soap; Mackerel, ten cases Paints; Tea, Sugar, Segars, &c.; also, a quantity of excellent Furniture. Carpets, &c. Thursday, second regular sale of elegant Furniture, of all descriptions.

AUCTION NOTICE—C. CASSIDY, AUCTIONEER.—By B. N. Bush, this day, at 10½ o'clock, in the sales room, 10 North William street. Dry Goods, Clothing, fancy and pledged articles, Guns, Rifles, &c.; also, a small lot of Fish, Raisins, Soap, Segars, &c. Wednesday, regular sale of Furniture, as above.

AUCTION.—HARDWARE SALE—JOHN E. VAN Antwerp, Auctioneer, will sell, this day, at 10 o'clock, at No. 10 Cedar street, 250 lots and packages, comprising an excellent assortment Birmingham and Sheffield Hardware and Cutlery, Stock Goods, &c., to which the attention of the trade is directed. For particulars see Courier and catalogues.

ANTHONY J. BLEECKER WILL SELL AT AUCTION, on Wednesday, February 25, 1852, at 12 o'clock at the Merchants' Exchange, the following very desirable Lots of Ground:—Peremptory sale of ninety-six valuable building lots, with improvements, located on Broadway, avenue B, between Sixteenth and Seventeenth streets, First avenue, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth avenues, Twenty-fifth, Thirty-third, Thirty-fourth, Forty-second, Forty-third, Forty-fourth, Fifty-fifth, Fifty-sixth, Eighty-sixth and Eighty-seventh streets. Apply at 7 Broad street, to J. H. & H. L. BLEECKER, 20 Beekman street.

A. M. MERWIN, AUCTIONEER.—BY BANCS, Brother & Co., trade sale rooms, No. 13 Park row.—Tuesday morning, Karon 2, at 11 o'clock, mortgagee's and receiver's sale of the stock in trade of the late firm of Fallis, Willoughby & Co., consisting of valuable Stereotype Plates; great variety of finely engraved Steel Plates, large quantities of their publications, subscribers, orders, &c.

B. A. CHILTON, AUCTIONEER.—PREMPTORY sale of valuable Lots.—Cole & Chilton will sell at auction, on Tuesday, Feb. 24, 1852, at 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange, Two Lots on Broadway, corner Fifty-seventh street; One lot corner Broadway and Sixty-sixth street; Two Lots on Broadway, near Sixty-sixth street, Two Lots on Broadway and Seventh avenue; also Lots on Thirty-ninth, Forty-first, Forty-second, Fifty-second, Fifty-fifth, Fifty-seventh, Seventieth, Seventy-ninth, Eighty-eighth, and 100th streets. The title is indisputable, and a large part can remain on mortgage, if desired. Descriptive maps can be had of the auctioneers, No 9 Wall street.

A. W. BLEECKER WILL SELL, THIS DAY, AT THE Exchange, 67 Greenwich street, 70 and 72 Trinity place, 98 St. Mark's place, 150 West Twenty-first street, 304 Mulberry street, 322 west Fourteenth street, 16 Forty-fifth street, lots on Fourteenth street, Fifth and Third avenues, Thirty-fifth, Eighty-fourth streets, &c., &c.

R. C. KEMP, AUCTIONEER.—HOUSEHOLD FURniture, Piano Forte, Mirrors, Carpets, &c.—This day, at 10½ o'clock, at 85 Nassau street, R. C. Kemp will sell at auction, as above, a large assortment of rosewood, mahogany, black walnut and painted cottage Furniture, of good quality, all of which will be peremptorily sold for cash, to pay advances, viz: carved rosewood sofas, in velvet, plush and hair cloth; easy and spring rocking Chairs, various patterns; carved rosewood and mahogany centre Tables, with marble tops; I superior rosewood Piano Forte, from a first rate city maker; Mirrors, various sizes; Carpets, extension Tables, library Book Cases, richly painted chamber Furniture, en suite; carved rosewood, mahogany and walnut Bedsteads; marble top dressing Bureaus and Washstands, Sofas, Couches, cottage Chairs, Hall Stands, plain Bureaus, dining Tables, Hair Matrasses, and a general assortment of good second hand Furniture—all of which is well worthy the attention of housekeepers. Catalogues on the morning of sale.

HENRY T. LEEDS, AUCTIONEER.—LARGE SALE of new and second hand Furniture, at 88 Chambers street, this day, Tuesday.—Henry T. Leeds, will sell as above, a large and varied assortment of Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut, Parlor Dining Room, and Chamber Furniture. Also, a suite of Carved Rosewood Parlor Furniture, in rich satin brocatelle; I Rosewood Sofa, in crimson plush; Table Cutlery, Silver Plated Ware, &c. The attention of those in want of house furnishing articles is particularly called to this sale, as it is a rare opportunity to furnish. Catalogues on the morning of sale.

WM. W. ISBIBLEY, AUCTIONEER.—THURSDAY, February 26, at 10½ o'clock, at 34 Platt street—
300 packages and lots of Druggist's Glassware.
100 do. and " of Perfumer's do.
200 do. and " of Glass and Crockery, for wholesale and retail dealers. Sale peremptory. Catalogues on Wednesday morning.

H. E. WILLARD, AUCTIONEER.—MORTGAGEE'S Sale of Rosewood and Mahogany Furniture, &c.—This morning, at 10 o'clock, at the auction room, No. 11 Nassau street, corner of Pine street.—H. E. Willard, Auctioneer, will sell, this morning, as above, a general assortment of rosewood, mahogany, and black walnut Furniture. Sale peremptory.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

RAISE THE WIND AND SECURE A HOME.—THE books of the Empire Building and Mutual Loan Association, are open at the office, 178 Spring street, daily, from two to nine o'clock P. M., where indifferent and gentlemen, minors and adults, can subscribe. Entrance fee (at present) $2; monthly dues $3; shares $200. Books, explaining the plan and object of the Association, can be had gratis at the office. Joseph R. Taylor, President, Comptroller, Park; Jonathan W. Allen, Vice Presidents; George H. Purser, Wm. H. Grouille, J. R. Del Vecchio, Wm. H. Ribbets, John B. Acker, Caleb S. Merritt, C. H. Delmarsh, Joseph Britton, M. M. Van Dyke, George Boyd, Wm. Sinclair, Sylvanus Godney, Willis Blackstone, Joseph Hoxie, trustees.
J. W. FELL, Secretary, 178 Spring street.

HOME.—THERE IS NO PLACE LIKE HOME!—NOW is the time to procure a Home.—The Irving Building and Mutual Loan Association will hold another public meeting, on Tuesday evening, February 24, at Masonic Hall, 271 Grand street, near Forsyth, at half past seven o'clock. All those who were disappointed in not being able to subscribe at the last meeting, have now a chance of doing so. Entrance fee $2. Monthly dues $3. Shares $800. This association is filling up so rapidly that the entrance fee will shortly have to be raised. The principles of this Association will be fully explained. Ladies and gentlemen are particularly invited to attend. Articles of the association may be had gratis at the office, where subscriptions will also be received. MORRIS FRANKLIN, President.
GEO. H. BELL, Vice President.
TRUSTEES.
Geo. H. Franklin, Silas C. Herring, Elias Combs, Nelson Puff, F. G. Richardson, Geo. W. Biblet, James Jackson, Jr. Royal G. Millard, Geo. T. Maxwell.
ALBERT H. NICOLAY, Secretary, 244 Grand street.
Thos. Lawrence, Attorney.
Office hours from 6 to 9 o'clock every evening, and on Wednesday, from 3 to 9 P. M., for ladies.

THE BLOOMINGDALE BUILDING ASSOCIATION will hold their second public meeting, at Temperance Hall, Eighth avenue, between Forty-first and Forty-second street, on Tuesday evening, February 24, at half-past 7 o'clock. More than one hundred shares were taken the first week. Shares $600. Monthly dues, $2.50. Entrance fee, $1.
FRANCIS B. GUEST, President.
WILLIAM MENCK, Vice-President.
JAMES F. CHAMBERLAIN, Secretary.

BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS' FIRE INSURANCE COMpany—Capital, $150,000, divided into 10,000 shares, of $15 each, cash paid up, with the privilege of increasing the capital stock to $300,000. Subscriptions for the capital stock of this company will be received by the following persons, appointed commissioners:—John Bruce, 24 Platt street; Alexander Ketchum, 60 Fulton street; Daniel P. Barnard, 6 Wall street; John Baxton, 16 North William street; Solomon Jessurun, 8 Clinton Court, Beekman street; Thomas F. Leslie, corner of Fulton and Tillary streets, Brooklyn; also by all the Directors. A prospectus explaining the great advantages to be derived from the Company to mechanics and small property holders, as well as to those who wish to invest their money and get the largest amount of profits, can be had at one of the Directors, at the Secretaries of the different Building Associations, or at the office of Mr. Jessurun, No. 8 Clinton Court, Beekman street.
JOHN BRUCE, President.
S. JESSURUN, Secretary.

THE BOOKS ARE NOW OPEN.—THE SECOND Greenwich Building Association is now thoroughly organized. Its by-laws contain, it is believed, several important improvements, and render it unusually attractive to all who contemplate building with such an association, for the purpose of explaining the principles, and affording an opportunity for persons to subscribe, a public meeting will be held in the Bleecker Buildings, Bleecker street, near Morton, on Wednesday evening, Feb. 25th, at 7½ o'clock. All who would like to learn how, in a few years, they may realize a handsome property, by paying into the Association $3 a month, are invited to attend. The present entrance fee is only $2.—The ultimate value of shares, $800. Loss no one. All the shares will soon be taken. Trustees:—Charles Crane, John Thomas, David Milliken, James L. Frost, Robert Paterson, D. C. Weeks, Samuel Sinclair, James F. Fitz, W. E. Smith, Jr.
JOHN KEYSER, President.
GEORGE STARK, Vice President.
R. Ross, Jr., Secretary. Office, 48 Eighth avenue.

JOIN AT ONCE—AT THE REGULAR MONTHLY MEETing of the Franklin Building Association, on Wednesday evening last, was very numerously attended, and over fifty shares were disposed of. The association is most filled up, and it is the determination of the Board of Trustees, in consideration of the fact that the profits already realized by the association have amounted to six thousand one hundred and eighty-one 72-100 dollars, to shortly increase the entrance fee to twenty dollars, by joining immediately, by every new member will become a participant in the profits already made, and at the same time save the amount of the proposed increase. Three dollars, paid monthly, will accumulate in very few years to eight hundred, an advantage over the savings banks of nearly six hundred per cent. If you can purchase a house advantageously, and have not the money to accomplish your wishes, remember that you can procure it of the Franklin Building Association on fairer terms than from any capitalist in the city. The entrance fee is now $2, dues $3 per month. Shares $800. To accommodate those who cannot make the time to visit the office to become members, a special meeting will be held on Thursday evening, February 26, at Military Hall, 3 Bowery, doors open at half past seven, commence at 7½ o'clock. Addresses will be delivered by John Fowler, Jr., Jacob L. Fenn, and Dr. Johnson, explaining the principles, objects, how the profits are realized, how real estate can be secured, and other particulars relative to the Building Associations. The meetings are free to all, and gentlemen and ladies are invited to attend.
PERRY F. BAKWELL, President.
WM. CHESTER F. MOODY, Vice Pres.
C. S. FOND, Secretary. Office 15 Spruce street.

THE CITIZEN'S MUTUAL LOAN AND ACCUMUlating Fund Association will hold a public meeting on Wednesday evening, Feb. 25th, and also on Saturday evening, Feb 28th, at their rooms, 421 Broadway, next door above Grand street, at 7½ o'clock. Interesting addresses have been engaged, which will be delivered at the usual meetings of this association. 400 shares have been taken in less than one month. The subscription book is open daily, from 9 A. M. till 3 P. M., and on Wednesday and Saturday evenings till 9 o'clock. Five shares were sold at the last regular meeting, at a premium of $100, giving a profit of more than $3 on each share subscribed for. The next regular meeting occurs on the first Thursday in March. Shares $500. Entrance fee $1. Monthly dues $3. SIMEON DRAPER, President.
E. DELAFIELD SMITH, Vice Pres.
J. F. KENDALL, Secretary.

NEWS BY TELEGRAPH.

THE LATEST FROM WASHINGTON.

PRESIDENTIAL MOVEMENT.

Position and Prospects of Buchanan and Butler.

Proceedings in the U. S. Senate.

INTERESTING FROM ALBANY.

Anti-Renters Arrested, after Considerable Difficulty.

Business in the Legislature.

LATE FROM MEXICO AND TEXAS.

POLITICAL AFFAIRS---ROGUES ARRESTED, &c. &c. &c.

From Washington City.

NEW PRESIDENTIAL MOVEMENT — BUCHANAN AND BUTLER—FREE SOIL DISAPPOINTMENTS, ETC.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23, 1852.

The announcement that General Butler has written a letter disavowing free soilism, has created great commotion amongst the free democrats. They have determined to cut Butler, and take up Houston and Marcy.

The latest regular democratic ticket now is Buchanan for President, and Butler for Vice President. It is stated that Butler will run on Buchanan's ticket, but would not again play second fiddle to Cass. Buchanan will go into the convention with the full Southern vote.

Of course, this is only the present aspect of affairs, and may change before the time for action arrives; but shrewd politicians are inclined to believe the movement will be adhered to. X.

THIRTY-SECOND CONGRESS.

FIRST SESSION.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23, 1851.

The Senate met at half past twelve o'clock.

VARIOUS PETITIONS.

Mr. SEWARD, (free soiler) of New York, presented a petition from Pennsylvania, praying Congress to protest against the violation of the law of nations by armed interventions. This petition was signed by seven hundred Pittsburgers.

Mr. SOULE, (dem.) of La., presented joint resolutions of the Legislature of Louisiana, urging the establishment of a navy yard and depot near New Orleans.

Mr. BRODHEAD, (dem.) of Pa., presented petitions for and against the renewal of Woodworth's patent. Also others against the Sunday mails—for the modification of the tariff of 1846—and numerous petitions of assistant marshals for additional compensation for taking the census.

Mr. CHASE, (free soil) of Ohio, presented a petition in favor of the repeal of all laws requiring official labor on the Sabbath, and for local improvement.

MEMORIAL FOR A MINT AT NEW YORK.

Mr. FISH, (whig) of New York, presented a memorial from the Chamber of Commerce of New York, asking for the removal of the Mint from Philadelphia to New York. Referred, and the motion to print the memorial referred to the Committee on Printing.

PROPOSED ADJOURNMENT, ETC.

Mr. CLEMENS, (dem.) of Ala., moved that the Senate adjourn.

Many Senators asked that the motion be withdrawn till after the morning hour.

Mr. CLEMENS declined.

The motion was lost—Ayes, 16; noes, 36.

Numerous reports on private bills were made.

DRAYTON AND SEARS, THE ABOLITIONISTS.

Mr. CRITTENDEN, (whig) of Ky., from the Judiciary Committee, to whom was referred the petition from Rhode Island, asking for the liberation of Drayton and Sears, now confined in the Washington jail, for aiding slaves to escape from their master, reported the same back, and asked to be discharged from the further consideration of the subject, which was agreed to.

SALARIES OF U. S. DISTRICT JUDGES, ETC.

Mr. JAMES, (dem.) of R. I., offered a resolution, which was adopted, directing enquiry as to the propriety of increasing the salary of the U. S. Judge of Rhode Island.

Mr. DODGE, (dem.) of Iowa, introduced a bill to regulate the terms of the District Courts in Iowa.

Mr. MALLORY, (dem.) of Fla., offered a resolution of enquiry into the expediency of increasing the salary of U. S. Judge of the Northern District of Florida. Adopted.

EXTRA RATIONS TO ARMY OFFICERS.

Mr. SHIELDS, (dem.) of Ill., offered a resolution, which was adopted, calling for information as to the amount paid for extra rations to the army officers during 1851.

PRIVATE BILLS PASSED.

The private bills ordered to be engrossed on Friday, were taken up and passed. Among them was one for the relief of the widow of Gen. McNeil.

On motion of Mr. MILLER, (whig) of N. J., the Senate adjourned.

Affairs in Albany.

LEGISLATIVE BUSINESS — FINANCIAL AFFAIRS OF UNION COLLEGE—PROPOSED SHIP CANAL AROUND THE FALLS OF ST. MARIE—THE CANAL CONTRACTS —MANDAMUS CASE, ETC.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.

ALBANY, Feb. 23—6½ P. M.

Both Houses met this morning, but the Assembly adjourned immediately, on motion of Mike Walsh, who thought there was not a quorum in attendance. The Senate transacted business until their usual hour of adjournment, two o'clock. Petitions were presented to suspend mechanical employment in State prisons, against appropriating funds to send negroes to Liberia, and for and against the liquor bills.

Mr. Beekman procured the adoption of a resolution requesting an immediate report from the Commission instituted last year, to examine the affairs of Union College; and also to report the amount of the funds loaned to any of its officers, and the securities upon the same, together with the amount received from lotteries. Mr. Beekman has been endeavoring for several years to expose the transactions of Dr. Nott, in his financial operation with the funds of the College.

Mr. Babcock wants the government to build, or allow some company to do so, a ship canal, three fourths of a mile in length, around the falls of St. Marie, so that Lake Superior may be connected with the chain of western lakes. It will open a new region of country, and facilitate the settlement, and develope new sources of national and individual wealth.

A great effort is being made to reduce the canal tolls. If done to any extent, it is thought it will effect the credit of the twenty eight banks which discount upon revenue certificates.

The regular doctors have a bill before the Assembly, compelling every apothecary to attach a printed recipe of the ingredients composing any medicine or drug offered for sale. This is intended to strike at Drs. Brandreth, Moffat, and all others who deal in patent pills, &c.

The Auditor of the Canal department refuses to pay drafts made by the Canal Commissioners for work done and progressing under the contracts for the recent lettings. They were immediately protested.

The mandamus case was taken up this morning, at Fonda, before Judge Cady. Attorney-General Chatfield and Messrs. J. A. Spencer and Stevens appeared for the Canal Board, and Messrs. Hill, J. O. Spencer, and A. C. Paige, for Mr. Yates. The canal interest is great—some three hundred persons were present. The affidavits were read, and Mr. Paige entered upon an argument in behalf of the claim of Mr. Yates. This is a very important matter, involving the conduct of the Canal Board, and the hearing will occupy several days. W.

CAPTURE OF TWO ANTI-RENTERS—FIGHT WITH THE POLICE—EXCITING AFFAIR.

FROM A REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.

ALBANY, Feb. 23, 1852.

On Sunday night, about 8 o'clock, a posse of twenty one policemen left this city for Berne, among the Helderberg mountains, with warrants against certain parties charged with felony, in resisting the execution of the law, and tarring and feathering E. M. Fish, on the 23d of April last.

The police were armed to the teeth, and were instructed to arrest the accused at all hazards.

They arrived at the residence of the principal persons, named Turner, about 4 o'clock this morning, and surrounding the house, demanded an entrance. This sudden surprise was totally unexpected, and a refusal to comply with the demand followed.

Having waited half an hour, the police broke in the door, and after a thorough search, found the two Turners secreted in the garret, when they were arrested and handcuffed, and it being daybreak, and the horns being sounded, thereby warning others of danger, the police started for Albany.

For eighteen miles the anti-rent Indian signals were heard, and a large force followed after the posse for several miles, when suddenly it was discovered a barricade had been erected across the road, of sleighs, wagons, &c., and a demand for the delivery up of the prisoners was made.

The answer returned was to take them at their peril, each policeman drawing a loaded revolver, as evidence of what might be expected.

The anti-renters not liking this sort of argument, dispersed, after swearing vengeance against the officers.

The carriage was remanded, and at half past three o'clock this afternoon, the police arrived in this city with their prisoners, who are now safely lodged in jail.

The names of those captured are Joseph and Jonathan Turner.

Our citizens are rejoiced at this well conceived and executed plan, and great praise is due to all concerned. The law has been vindicated thus far, and the penalty imposed by the law against these prisoners is several years' imprisonment and a heavy fine.

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

Senate.

ALBANY, February 23, 1852.

PETITIONS PRESENTED AND REFERRED.

Mr. SNOW, of fifty-five inhabitants of Dutchess, for Maine law.

Mr. BRISTOL, of inhabitants of Delaware county, for same.

Mr. VANDERBILT, for an act in relation to the assistant District Attorney in Kings county; also of the Supervisors of Kings county, for increase of power.

Mr. CLARK, against appropriations to Liberia emigration and agricultural associations.

REPORT OF COMMISSIONERS OF EMIGRATION.

Mr. BABCOCK reported in favor of printing 1,250 copies of the report of the Commissioners of Emigration. Agreed to.

COLUMBIA COLLEGE.

Mr. VANDERBILT, by bill, for the relief of Columbia College.

UNION COLLEGE.

Mr. BECKMAN (whig) offered a resolution directing the committee, appointed at last session, to investigate the affairs of Union College, to report upon certain matters in relation to loans and lotteries. Adopted.

THE PUBLIC PRINTING.

Mr. BABCOCK (dem.) called up his resolution for amending the joint rules of the two houses, so that the yeas and nays shall be called on all resolutions ordering more than 1,000 extra copies, and appointing a select committee to sit during the recess, and that when extra copies are ordered by either house, the fact shall be communicated by message to the other. Mr. B. said that the adoption of the amendment was necessary, in order to prevent double printing. Under the rules, as they now stand, if a document comes which is deemed important, a member in our House rises and introduces a resolution for printing extra copies. The other House not being advised of this action, also orders extra copies, so that we have a double number printed. If the amendment is adopted, each House will be made acquainted with what the other has done. The amendment calling the ayes and noes was important, as a matter of precaution to prevent hasty and ill-considered action.

Mr. COOLEY (dem.) wished to have the question divided, so that the vote may be taken separately, first on the clause in relation to printing, and afterwards on that in regard to the appointment of committees. He was willing to record his vote on all questions which he was called on to act, that any one who might take any interest in his voting could see what he had done.

Mr. PIERCE (dem.) said that he was informed that the amendment proposed was in the rules, but had been omitted in the red book.

Mr. MORGAN (whig) said that as this subject had occupied much of the time of the Senate, he moved to lay the resolution upon the table until the Senate was full. Carried—ayes 19, noes 9.

RAILROAD ACCIDENTS.

Mr. TAGGE (whig) offered a resolution giving the select committee to investigate railroad accidents, power to send for persons and papers.

CAYUGA INLET.

Mr. PIERCE, from the Committee on Canals, reported a bill for the improvement of the navigation of the Cayuga inlet, with amendments.

BILLS PASSED.

An act to authorize the town of Shelter Island to hold a special town meeting for the election of justices of the peace. Passed.

An act in relation to indictments for libels and the trials. (This act makes it necessary that the trial shall be had in the county where the libel is published.) Passed.

RELIEF BILL GROWING OUT OF THE OSWEGO CANAL ENLARGEMENT.

The Senate went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. SNOW (dem.) in the chair, on an act for the relief of David Rogers. Considerable discussion ensued on this bill. It appears that bills were passed at the last session, directing the Canal Board to hear and determine claims for relief growing out of the repeal of certain sections of the law for the enlargement of the Oswego canal, on account of the unconstitutionality of the law. But the Canal Board, it was understood, unofficially, refused the claimants a hearing, because the contracts were entered into under an unconstitutional law. The Legislature in the early part of the session passed a resolution calling on the Canal Board for the reasons for this refusal, to which no response had been made.

Mr. WILLIAMS (whig) objected to acting on these bills until the Canal Board had complied with the resolutions, as it compromising the dignity of the Senate.

The discussion was continued by Senators CORNELL, PRATT, WILLIAMS, PIERCE and WARD.

The committee reported progress on the bill, after adopting an amendment to meet the objectors of the Canal Board.

FOUR CANAL AROUND THE FALLS OF ST. MARIE.

Mr. BABCOCK, by consent, introduced a resolution requesting our Senators and Representatives to use their exertions to procure an appropriation for a ship canal around the Falls of St. Marie. Laid over.

THE EXCISE LAW.

On motion of Mr. BECKMAN, his bill in relation to excise was taken from the select committee, and referred to the Committee of the Whole.

REGISTRATION OF BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, ETC.

On motion of Mr. PIERCE, the bill to repeal the law in relation to births, marriages, &c., took the same course.

BUFFALO AND STATE LINE RAILROAD, ETC.

The Senate then went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. COOLEY in the chair, on the bill to confirm the organization of the Buffalo and State line of railroad.

Also, an act to facilitate the collection of debts against corporations.

The bills were reported to the Senate, and the reports agreed to.

FEMALE GUARDIAN SOCIETY—LANDS ON GARDINER'S ISLAND.

The Senate again went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. CRAMER in the chair, on the bill to incorporate the Poughkeepsie Female Guardian Society.

The same committee, Mr. VANDERBILT in the chair, considered the bill vesting jurisdiction in the United States over certain land on Gardiner's Island. The bill was reported to the House. The Senate then adjourned.

Assembly.

ALBANY, February 23, 1852.

Hon. SMITH STILLWELL, (dem.) of St. Lawrence, in the absence of the Speaker, took the chair.

No quorum appearing, on motion of Mr. WALSH, (dem.) of N. Y., the house adjourned until to-morrow morning, at eleven o'clock.

Interesting from the South.

ITEMS FROM TEXAS AND MEXICO—THE GEORGIA UNIONISTS—KIDNAPPER CONVICTED—ANOTHER ARRESTED—FUNERAL OF JUDGE HEATH, ETC.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 23, 1852.

The Southern mail is through from New Orleans. The papers contain Galveston dates to the 10th inst., received by the steamer Meteor, at New Orleans. The bill to confirm the action of the auditor of Texas relative to the State debt, which had been vetoed by the Governor, has passed both houses of the Legislature, by the majority required by the constitution to nullify a veto. Indian marauding expeditions still continued. Specimens of gold had been found on the Gila river.

Dates from the city of Mexico to the 31st ultimo had been received at New Orleans. All the disturbances in the provinces were suppressed. Robberies of the most alarming character, and extensive Indian depredations were occurring. The Chamber of Deputies had adopted a resolution calling upon government for information in relation to the inter-oceanic communication across the Isthmus of Tehuantepec.

Mr. Stephens, of Georgia, has written a letter home in favor of maintaining the Union party, and against sending delegates to the Baltimore Convention.

James Gallagher has been convicted, and sentenced to the penitentiary at Richmond, Georgia, on a charge of kidnapping, for the term of six years.

D. H. Blake has been arrested at Wilmington, for kidnapping a slave from Augusta.

The citizens of Mobile have voted in favor of laying a tax to aid the Mobile and Ohio Railroad.

The funeral of Judge Heath took place in Baltimore, this afternoon. An immense concourse of people attended.

B. F. Gould, a printer, committed suicide to-day, by blowing out his brains with a pistol.

Items from Boston.

ARRIVAL OF THREE CUBAN PRISONERS—RECOVERY OF MONEY STOLEN FROM THE BARK MISSOURI—TWO OF THE SUPPOSED ROBBERS ARRESTED—SHIP SHANUNGA—GAMBLERS CAPTURED, ETC.

BOSTON, Feb. 23, 1852.

The brig Oak arrived this morning from Malaga, with three of the released Cuban invaders. Their names are Martin Converse, of Worcester; J. D. Hughes, of New Orleans; and F. B. Hough, of Indiana.

The $20,000 (Spanish dollars) stolen from the bark Missouri were discovered buried in the sand at Falmouth on Saturday afternoon.

Two more arrests have been made in the case of the plundering of the bark Missouri—one a brother of Capt. Dixon, of the Missouri, and the other a boatman named Dunham, of Holmes' Hole, who was paid $400 to ferry Pitman across to Falmouth on the night of the 20th instant.

A telegraphic despatch from New Bedford says that the cargo of the ship Shanunga, (ashore at Nantucket) has all been got out and that the steam pump keeps her free of water. An attempt will now be made to get her off.

The City Marshal of Salem, made a descent on a gambling saloon, on Saturday night last and captured nine gamblers. Four of them belonged in Salem, three in Danvers, one in Middletown, and one in Haverhill. Thirty were all locked up.

Hon. Joseph B. Sprague, late Sheriff of Essex county, died in Salem, last evening, aged seventy years. The deceased has held many offices of trust in the commonwealth.

Stocks generally are very heavy, and Vermont Central under a panic has fallen to 21¾—the lowest figure it has ever reached. No particular cause is assigned. The stock market continues unchanged.

The Mayoralty of Buffalo.

BUFFALO, Feb 23, 1852.

The Democratic City Convention met to day, and nominated William Williams, of the firm of White & Williams, of White's Bank of Buffalo, for Mayor.

The whigs have nominated Hiram Barton for the office.

Mayoralties of Salem and New Bedford.

SALEM, Mass., Feb 23, 1852.

The whigs of this place have nominated Charles W. Upham, Jr., for Mayor.

Mr. Tucker has declined the whig nomination for Mayor of New Bedford, and W. G. Rotch has accepted the nomination.

Steamships Union and Southerner.

CHARLESTON, Feb. 23, 1852.

The steamship Union did not leave Charleston until ten o'clock on Sunday morning.

The steamship Southerner arrived here early last Saturday morning.

Meteorological Observations.

BY MORSE'S TELEGRAPH, OFFICE 16 WALL STREET.

MONDAY, Feb 23, 1852.

BUFFALO, 9 A. M.—It is cloudy but very pleasant. Thermometer 36. Wind southwest. Barometer 29.

8 P. M.—It has been quite pleasant, and the snow has thawed rapidly all day. Wind west. Thermometer 35. Barometer 28.96.

ROCHESTER, 9 A. M.—It is mild and cloudy. Thermometer 25. Wind west.

8 P. M.—It has been wet underfoot all day. Wind northwest. Thermometer 30.

AUBURN, 9 A. M.—It is a very pleasant and warm morning, but cloudy. Thermometer 36.

8 P. M.—It is a cloudy evening, with light breeze from the northwest. Weather much moderated. It has been thawing rapidly all day. Thermometer 36.

SYRACUSE, 9 A. M.—It is a cloudy morning with some rain. It is quite warm. Wind west. Thermometer 37.

8 P. M.—It is a dark cloudy evening, with indications of a storm. Snowed a little to day. Wind northwest. Thermometer 32.

UTICA, 9 A. M.—Wind southwest. Thermometer 46. It is cloudy and looks like rain.

8 P. M.—Thermometer 38. Wind west. It is a cloudy evening.

ALBANY, 9 A. M.—About six inches of snow fell on Saturday night. It is not all gone this morning. It is quite pleasant. Wind west. Thermometer 38. Barometer 29.430. Mercury 37.

8 P. M.—It is clear and mild. Wind west. Thermometer 40. Barometer 29.370. Mercury 35. It has been a genial, spring like day.

TROY, 9 A. M.—Considerable snow fell on Saturday night. It is very pleasant this morning. Wind northwest. Thermometer 37.

8 P. M.—It is warm and thawing; cloudy. Wind west. Thermometer 40.

Markets.

PAUGHKEEPSIE, Feb. 23, 1852.

There has been no material variation to notice in the prices of cotton during the week. The sales have been to a fair extent. We quote New Orleans and Mobile fair, at 10 a 10½c.; Middling fair 9¾ a 10c.; Upland fair, 9¾c.; Middling fair, 9½c. The wool market has been dull during the past week but prices remain firm. The large stock of wool to be offered at auction on the 25th inst., by Seagrave and Steere, at Uxbridge, (30,000 lbs.) will attract the attention of manufacturers and dealers. The following are the sales of the past week. Fleece 14,700 lbs. from 36 a 40c; the largest sales at 39 a 40c. Pulled, 22,000 lbs., from 33½ a 44c.; the largest sales at 35 a 42½c. Foreign, 30c lbs., at 30c. Total sales of the week 37,000 lbs. In printing cloths there is a brisk demand for good 60 by 64 and higher grades, and the market is quite bare of cloths of this description. Some styles of fine goods are sold. There has been a slight improvement in prices and the tendency is upward. The sales have been 55,700 pieces.

ARRIVAL OF THE CAMBRIA AT BOSTON.

Speeches of Lord John Russell and Lord Palmerston.

THE FOREIGN POLICY OF ENGLAND,

&c. &c. &c.

The Cunard steamer Cambria arrived at Boston at half-past seven o'clock yesterday morning, and our bundles of foreign papers reached this city about midnight, over the New Haven Railroad.

The telegraphic synopsis of the Cambria's news, hitherto published, appears to have contained nearly all that was interesting or important, so that we only find it necessary to give the

Debate Relative to Lord Palmerston's Resignation.

In the House of Commons, on the 3d inst., Sir Benjamin Hall remarked, that as important changes had taken place in the administration of the foreign policy of Great Britain, he took the earliest opportunity of asking Lord J. Russell for an explanation of these changes. He brought forward precedents in justification of this course, quoted strong language used but a short time since by Lord J. Russell in approbation of Lord Palmerston's policy and conduct, and, saying that he would not refer to mere rumors, read a portion of a letter written at Vienna, (under, as he believed, the direction of the Austrian government) announcing the resignation of Lord Palmerston before the event took place.

Lord J. RUSSELL was ready to answer the inquiry. He had ever shown, not in words only, his sense of Lord Palmerston's eminent abilities and services, and had, in other days, expressly recommended him to Lord Melbourne, besides invariably including him in any plan of a government formed by himself. But circumstances had occurred, such as, in his mind, had made it impossible for him any longer to continue in co-operation with Lord Palmerston. He proceeded to make a detailed statement of the causes which had led to Lord Palmerston's resignation. Describing, first, what he conceived to be the relative positions of a Prime Minister and a Foreign Secretary, taking the definition of the former from the evidence of Sir R. Peel before the committee on salaries, he stated that in August, 1850, a letter had been written to Lord Palmerston, in which he was informed of the manner in which the Queen expected that the affairs of his department would be carried on. The memorandum was as follows:—"The Queen requires, first, that Lord Palmerston will distinctly state what he proposes in a given case in order that the Queen may know as distinctly to what she is giving her royal sanction. Secondly, having once given her sanction to a measure, that it be not arbitrarily altered or modified by the ministers. Such an act she must consider as failing in sincerity towards the crown, and justly to be visited by the exercise of her constitutional right of dismissing that minister. She expects to be kept informed of what passes between him and the foreign ministers before important decisions are taken, based upon that intercourse; to receive the foreign despatches in good time; and to have the draughts for her approval sent to her in sufficient time to make herself acquainted with their contents before they must be sent off. The Queen thinks it best that Lord J. Russell should show this letter to Lord Palmerston." Lord J. Russell did accordingly, and received a reply, in which the noble lord said: "I have taken a copy of this memorandum of the Queen, and will not fail to attend to the directions which its contains." Incidentally, the speaker also mentioned that Sir R. Peel, on leaving office, had advised the Queen always to consult him, Lord John, on all foreign questions. He then proceeded to state certain events of last autumn, and said that there had been a Cabinet meeting on the 31 November, at which it was agreed that the state of Europe was very critical, and that it behoved England to preserve the strictest neutrality. Yet, a short time afterwards Lord Palmerston received deputations with addresses in which the most disrespectful language was applied to the sovereigns of foreign nations. But though in this matter Lord Palmerston had not exercised due caution, he (Lord John Russell) had been willing to consider it an inadvertence, and to take his share of the responsibility. But after that occurrence, he had expected even increased frankness from Lord Palmerston, and that he would certainly not make any communication to foreign governments without giving him (Lord J. Russell) the opportunity of expressing his sentiments thereon. Another case, however, soon arose, which the noble lord thus described. He said, the next transaction to which I shall refer—and it is that by which the whole of this unfortunate result was produced—related to the events which occurred in Paris on the 2d et December. There was a meeting of the Cabinet on the 3d, and a question was considered with regard to a request of the Marquis of Normanby asking to be furnished with instructions with respect to the continuance of diplomatic relations with Paris and the government of the President of the French Republic, and it was the general opinion that those relations should continue, but with respect to anything further, that we had nothing to do but to abstain from any interference in the internal affairs of that country. (Hear, hear.) My noble friend correctly reported to Lord Normanby the views we entertained, and which received the sanction of her Majesty in the following despatch:—

FOREIGN OFFICE, Dec. 6, 1851.

MY LORD—I have received and laid before the Queen your Excellency's despatch, No. 368, of the 3d instant, requesting to be furnished with instructions for your guidance in the present state of affairs in France. I am commanded by her Majesty to instruct your Excellency to make no change in your relations with the French government. It is her Majesty's desire that nothing should be done by her ambassador at Paris which would wear the appearance of an interference of any kind in the internal affairs of France.—I am, &c.
PALMERSTON.

This was the solemn decision of the government, approved by her Majesty, conveyed to our ambassador at Paris, and pointing out the line of conduct which would be pursued by the government here, and by its representative in Paris—a draught of this despatch was sent to the Queen on the 5th; it came back on the 6th, and was sent to Paris. A few days after, among the Foreign Office despatches which came to my hand, was one dated in Paris on the 6th