COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

MONEY MARKET.

MONDAY, April 19—6 P. M.

The market opened pretty well this morning for Monday, and a stormy, disagreeable day at that. Reading Railroad took the lead among the fancies; and before the close, an advance of 1 per cent was realized. Norwich and Worcester advanced ¼ per cent; Harlem, ½; Erie Railroad, ¼; Delaware and Hudson, ¼, since last sales; Erie Bonds, 1859, ¼; Erie, 1871, ¼; Erie, 1862, ½; New Jersey Zinc, ¼. This stock is gradually leaving the market, and going into strong hands for permanent investment. The bulk of the daily purchases is made by parties who are interested in the company, and look upon it as a property the value of which cannot be estimated. At the second board, to-day, the market was quite buoyant, and the transactions unusually large. Zinc Company went up ¾ per cent; Canton Company, ½; Reading Railroad, ¼; Erie Railroad, ½; Harlem, ¼; Norwich and Worcester, ¼. A small lot of Transit stock sold at 43 per cent, cash. Holders are firm, and offer very little stock at current quotations. A small lot of Phœnix Mining Company stock sold this afternoon, at 13 per cent, cash. This is a handsome advance on the previous sale, and shows a rapid improvement in public opinion relative to the merits of this company, and its prospects. The price named above is really nothing for the stock, if one half that is reported of its resources is true. The most active fancy in the street, to-day, was Reading Railroad, and the improvement in prices as great as in any other on the list. This seems the more extraordinary, when we take into consideration the fact that there is not the slightest basis for the rise, and that it is purely speculative. The demand at the first board was exceedingly active. This extraordinary call for stock we understand was occasioned by a movement in Philadelphia, to complete the corner which has so long been approaching the culminating point. It certainly looks as though it had reached its climax. Most of the floating stock of this company has been placed on the books at Philadelphia, and the bulls, thinking they had the bears in a tight place, notified them to deliver. This of course created an active demand for stock, and the impression is, that the shorts have been pretty well cleared out. It is true they have been compelled to pay high prices; but before the lapse of many weeks they will find the stock plenty enough at rates considerably below those now current. The bulls have all the stock, and it will be a question with them by and by, what can they do with it? Without heavy shorts, prices cannot be sustained. It may, therefore, be put down as a fixed fact that Reading Railroad stock has touched its maximum. A leading man in the management of this company visited this city a few days since, and marshalled his forces for active operations, but his position was not so impregnable as he supposed.

It appears to us that some measure should be adopted by the stockholders or by the Legislature, to prevent those directly connected with the management of our incorporated companies from connecting themselves with any combination for the purpose of speculating in the stock. There can be no justification for the officers of any company engaging in the gambling operations of the longs and the shorts of Wall street; and it is time those who have for some time past appeared so prominently in these speculations should be more generally known by the stockholders whose interests they have undertaken to protect. We shall be glad when all these fancy stocks get settled down upon some solid basis—when all these extensive fluctuations cease, and they are left to the natural changes of the market. It will be a good thing for those interested as permanent holders, when Reading Railroad stock ceases to be a football for speculators. Under the present regime it has been merely a machine, which has worked the ruin of thousands, while those who have controlled the movements of the machinery have realized fortunes out of their misguided constituents. It has been reported that no reduction would be made this season, in the rates of charges for transporting coal, probably for the purpose of aiding the inflation in the stock. Notwithstanding this, it is well known among the coal dealers, that a reduction in prices is in contemplation, and they are holding back coal in consequence. In the event of a contest commencing between the railroad and canal, we may look for results similar to those realized before, under similar circumstances. The last weekly report of the anthracite coal trade, stated that the aggregate brought down by the Reading Railroad this season, was 430,336 tons, against 313,204 tons. This is wrong—it should have read, 430,336 tons this season, against 513,204 tons to the same date last year, showing a deficiency this season of 83,181 tons.

The receipts at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of this port, to-day, amounted to $53,000; payments, $2,476 66—balance, $3,524,416 51.

The Mechanics' and Traders' Bank has declared a semi-annual dividend of 6 per cent; the West Chester County Bank a dividend of 4 per cent.

The moderate amount of business transacted in this and other seaport cities, this year, is rather a favorable feature, as it gives all classes an opportunity to recuperate themselves, and strengthen their position for any future expansion. These lulls have a favorable effect upon trade. Consumption generally goes on year after year, without those fluctuations which so frequently appear in the movements of commerce; and whatever pause there may be one season in demand from consumers, requires a corresponding increase in supply another, to fill up the vacuum. A dull, inactive season is not, therefore, such an unfortunate state of things as many think, but, on the contrary, should be regarded as a healthy reaction sure to be attended with most profitable results. For more than three years all classes have rushed headlong into the most extravagant speculations. Credits have been most enormously expanded, both public and private. We have carried on for several years the most extraordinary system of internal improvements ever known in any country. We have progressed in all things too rapidly, and but for the reaction which has recently been realized, we should, perhaps, before this, have been in the midst of a revulsion. About twelve months since there were decided indications of an explosion in financial and commercial circles. Several very heavy failures occurred, and for a time the most serious apprehensions were entertained. A more cautious policy was adopted, and the effect has been beneficial. The internal trade of the country is in a sound and prosperous condition, and it is likely to continue so, if not forced beyond judicious limits. The moderate trade transacted thus far this season, gives the mercantile classes an opportunity to concentrate their capital and make it more available. For a time there probably will be an accumulation of idle capital, which guaranties reduced rates of interest and temporary speculations in stocks, which are limited in their operation, and have no effect, favorable or unfavorable, upon the legitimate movements of commerce. The banks, in periods of activity in trade, employ a large per cent of their means in stock speculations, in temporary loans upon hypothecations of securities, which can be made available at the shortest notice, and have to give way to a legitimate demand for money from those engaged in trade. This in a measure accounts for the large amount of idle capital at this moment seeking employment, and the facilitates furnished for the inflation of fancy stocks. The opening of inland navigation may give a greater impetus to trade than has yet been realized this season, and give activity to a portion of the unemployed capital of our banking institutions. If not, we must wait patiently for another season, with the consolation that no actual loss has been experienced by the delay.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company have established a transfer office in this city.

The Milwaukie and Watertown Plank road, have declared dividends amounting to ten per cent, since January last. Plank roads, in every section of the country, have proved most productive, and the stock is among the best investments of the day.

The alteration recently made in the mortgage law of Massachussetts, is opening a new and popular channel for short and permanent investments. For several years past, it has been quite difficult to borrow money on real estate security, in consequence of the three years right of redemption. Under the law, as it now stands, a mortgage can pass a perfect title to an estate in about thirty days. This must have a favorable effect on this kind of property, and give a great impetus to improvements in towns, villages, and cities.

The Suffolk Bank's loss by Brewer and Rand, will be $214,515 25, notwithstanding which the bank will pay a dividend of five per cent for the past six months, and have a surplus left of their reserved fund of $140,000. The sureties of the defaulters were for only $5,000 each.

The Wheeling *Gazette* says several of the contractors on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad were in that city on Wednesday, from along the line of the road. They all agree in saying that the work is progressing rapidly, and that there can be no doubt of their finishing up in time for running the cars by the first of January next. The same paper states that the entire stock of the Union line of steamboats, from Wheeling to Louisville, to commence running with the opening of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad, has been so taken as to combine the best interests at both points and intermediate ports.

The Lehigh coal trade has commenced. The Delaware and Hudson Canal will not be ready for at least two weeks. We have heard nothing lately about the Morris Canal.

The *Miners' Journal* says:—From this period to the 1st of December next, will be only 32 weeks. To send to market the same quantity of coal that was sent last year from Schuylkill county, to that period, would require a weekly shipment of 53,000 tons, in round numbers. To increase the quantity 200,000 tons, from this region, would require a weekly shipment of 60,000 tons per week, without the loss of a single day throughout the season. A week's stoppage would require the weekly shipment to be increased 62,000 tons, to make up that quantity. Every week that it falls short will require a corresponding increase.

The Morse line of magnetic telegraph between Washington and New York, has declared a quarterly dividend of three per cent.

The Worcester banks declared the following semi-annual dividends on the first of April:—

BANKS OF WORCESTER, MASS.

Banks.	*Capital.*	*Dividend.*	*Amount.*	*Surplus.*
Central.....	$150,000	4	$6,000	$19,500
Citizens'.....	150,000	4	6,000	36,132
Mechanics'..	300,000	4	12,000	20,300
Quinsigamond	150,000	3½	5,250	6,800
Worcester...	250,000	3½	8,750	15,155
	$1,000,000		$38,000	$97,000

A portion of the surplus of the Quinsigamond Bank was divided to the old stockholders in July last, when new stock was created. An extra dividend of 10 per cent, amounting to $20,000, was paid to the old stockholders of the Worcester Bank, July 1, 1851, when the new stock was created.

The annexed statement exhibits the names, capital, &c., of the various companies formed for the purpose of mining the quartz rock in California:—

CALIFORNIA GOLD MINING COMPANIES.

	Capital.	*Par value per share.*	*Mar't value per share.*
Agua Fria.....	£100,000	£1	3¼
Anglo-California.....	50,000	10s.	1¼
Mariposa Quartz.....	50,000	1	—
Ave Maria.....	50,000	1	⅛ dis.
West Mariposa.....	100,000	1	—
East Mariposa.....	150,000	1	—
Nouveau Monde.....	200,000	1	1⅛
Golden Mountain.....	100,000	1	par
London and California...	50,000	1	1¼
Carson's Creek.....	420,000	1	1½
Sierra Nevada.....	100,000	1	—
Rocky Bar.....	250,000	25	—
Sacramento Gold.....	75,000	1	—
Total.....	£1,675,000		

These companies present their claims for support upon four kinds of titles:—

1st. Direct leases from Col. Fremont of located and unlocated mines.

2d. Leases from Dr. Hoffman, as Col. Fremont's agent, requiring, as is admitted, confirmation from Col. F., to ensure their validity.

3d. Leases from Mr. Sargent, the presumed purchaser from Col. Fremont of the Mariposa Territory.

Lastly, from other parties, in other parts of the country, in no way connected with Col. Fremont and his Mariposa El Dorado.

The companies entirely dependent on Col. Fremont are the Anglo-California, Sierra Nevada, and Rocky Bar. Those holding direct leases from Col. Fremont, are the Agua Fria and Nouveau Monde, as possessors of Baldwin's mine. The holders of Hoffman's leases, confirmed by Col. Fremont, are Nouveau Monde, (not located,) Mariposa Quartz, (not located.) The solitary holder of an unconfirmed Hoffman lease, is the Golden Mountain, and the three waiters on the title of Mr. Sargent, are the Ave Maria, West and East Mariposa. The other companies are independent of titles to land, as they only propose to crush and reduce the ore of other mines. Parties in England interested in these mines have no doubts of the validity of Col. Fremont's titles.

In relation to the title of Mr. Sargent to the Mariposa, a great deal has been said, but nothing appears to be definitely understood. The title set up was that Mr. Sargent obtained in April, 1850, one of Col. Fremont's usual leases for seven years, of 600 feet square, upon the usual condition of being located within a year. Of this lease, assuming it to be good, the company claim an extension to twenty-one years, on a deed which purports to be a grant from Mr. Flandin, another assumed agent of Col. Fremont's, dated July 7, 1851, of "my estate of Mariposa, covering ten leagues of ground, being about 45,000 acres" situated in Mariposa county." This lease is signed by Mr. Flandin, with Col. Benton as one of its attesting witnesses, and certified by a Mr. French, whom Daniel Webster again certifies to be a Justice of the Peace for the district in which he assumes to act. One of the terms of this grant is, that until ratified by Col. Fremont it is worthless. The company holding this lease will probably make new arrangements with Col. Fremont, and secure the claims they now assume. The aggregate capital of the companies recently formed in Great Britain for mining purposes in California, is upwards of eight millions of dollars.

On the 5th of April, a meeting of the shareholders of the Agua Fria Company was held in London. The object was to receive a statement from Mr. Wright, of San Francisco, relative to the prospects of the property, and also as to the title of the lease. The claims of Colonel Fremont to the Mariposa district were freely discussed, and it was elicited that he placed the whole of the questions arising out of his leases in the hands of the legal advisers of Messrs. Baring, with the view of dealing impartially with all the parties interested. With regard to the proceedings of the Agua Fria Company, it was stated that the directors had endeavored to exercise great economy in expenditure, and that they now possess £50,000 invested in consols and other available securities. They had already started a portion of their staff to California, and the remainder would shortly proceed with the necessary machinery. In the course of the discussion some severe questions were put respecting sales of shares, &c., but these were answered in a manner that met approval.

The Carson's Creek Company have a mine which was discovered in 1850, which is said to exceed in richness of ore anything known in California. The company have heretofore chiefly directed their efforts to mining and bringing to the surface the rude ore, waiting until arrangements could be made in Europe for procuring machinery for crushing and extracting the metal. This mine is situated in the county of Calaveras, near Carson's Creek, which runs in the Stanislaus river. The property consists of three locations—the mountain location on the crest of the lofty clay slate range, above Carson's Creek, where the mine is working, consisting of a ledge of auriferous quartz rock, covering an area of 1,762 feet in length, by a breadth varying from five to twenty-five feet, in which veins of gold are visible to the naked eye; a location on Stanislaus river, which is highly important, affording an unfailing supply of water, and a location on Carson's Creek, valuable as a site for the erection of machinery for mining purposes. It has been proved in this mine that ore from the deepest shaft yet sunk—183 feet—is richer than that near the surface, and that in addition to the distinct veins, gold is diffused throughout the whole mass of the quartz rock. These statements are certainly very flattering, and it is said they are supported by evidence difficult to discredit. The directors of the company in England are men of wealth and credit.

The Rocky Bar Company is wholly American, established by the diggers themselves in California, in July, in 1850. Its claims are at Rocky Bar, on the middle fork of the American river, and in the grass valley in the Nevada country. One thousand shares of this company have been put upon the London market for sale, at the price of £26 per share.

The Sierra Nevada Company have, it is stated, purchased the freehold in an important and valuable gold mine, situated in the centre of the auriferous mining district in the county of Mariposa. The mine is said to be of greater extent than the valuable leasehold mines of Agua Fria, West Mariposa, Ave Maria, &c.; the length of vein leased to each of which is two hundred yards only. The accounts given of this mine are so confused and meagre, that its shares have been unsaleable in the London Stock Exchange, except at a discount.

It is now about two years since the first attempt was made to form English companies to work the mines of California with English capital, skill and machinery, and in that short period thirteen projects, with capital amounting to more than eight millions of dollars, have been presented to the public with varied success. The disputes about the Freemont, Hoffman, and Sargent leases, acted for a time most prejudicially on the public mind; but confidence was soon re-established, and the capital of each new company as it was presented rapidly filled up. The excitement still runs high, and we have no doubt many new companies will be formed before any of the old companies realize anything from their operations. The public mind is rife for this species of speculation, and we must look for explosions and all sorts of disappointment. The small sum fixed for shares in these companies, has no doubt, drawn hundreds of thousands of people in them. The par value of shares in all but two of these companies is one pound sterling, a sum within the means of thousands, who but for this would not have been connected with the movement. Companies for mining in Australia have been formed in England, with an aggregate capital of ten millions of dollars. New companies are being formed daily and we have no doubt there will be a great many bubbles among the number. Our latest accounts from London report an inactive market for shares, without variation in prices.

Stock Exchange.

$4000 U S 6's '68...	s10	118½	100 shs Erie RR...	b60	89½
5000 Virginia 6's.....		109	250 do.....		89½
9000 Erie Con' Bds '71.		96	150 do.....	b30	89½
5000 Erie Con' Bds '62.		96¾	50 do.....	b10	89½
5000 do.....	b60	97	100 Long Island RR.	s3	21¾
6000 Erie 2d Mtg Bds..		104¾	100 Reading RR.....		77½
265 shs Del & Hudson..		110¾	100 do.....	s10	76
156 do.....		111	700 do.....	s3	76
100 do.....	s60	110½	1500 do.....		76¼
100 Broadway Bank...		110½	400 do.....	s60	76¾
10 Am Ex Bank.....		128	250 do.....		76½
100 N J Zinc.....	b60	14½	450 do.....	s3	76½
100 do.....	s3	14½	300 do.....	s60	76
200 do.....	s3	14½	200 do.....		76¼
50 do.....	s10	14½	45 Mad & Ind'polis R		10¾
150 do.....	b30	14½	150 Nor & Wor RR....		58¾
150 Canton Co.....		80½	50 do.....		58¾
20 Harlem RR. Pref..		111½	50 do.....	b60	58¾
2500 Harlem Ex Ctf's...		80½	50 do.....	b60	58¾
50 Erie RR.....	s3	89¾	100 do.....	s3	58¾
100 do.....	s3	89	150 Harlem RR.....	s3	74¾
50 do.....	s60	89	400 do.....		74¾
100 do.....	b3	89¼	100 do.....	b60	75

SECOND BOARD.

$3000 Erie Conv Bds '71		95¾	1000 shs Harlem Ex Ctfs		81
9000 do.....		96	16 Roch & Syr R Scrip		11½
2000 Erie 2d Mtg Bds..		104¾	50 Reading RR....	b10	76½
3000 do.....		105	300 do.....		76½
10000 Erie Income Bds.		97½	250 do.....		76½
1000 Hud 1st Mtg Bds		106½	100 do.....	b60	77
1000 do 2d Mtg Bds		97½	300 do.....		76½
100 shs New Jersey Zinc		14½	100 do.....		76½
100 do.....	b30	14½	100 Erie RR.....	s10	89½
100 do.....	s3	14½	150 do.....		89½
700 do.....	b15	14½	100 do.....	b30	89¾
250 do.....	b60	14¾	100 do.....	b60	90
100 Canton Co.....	b30	81	300 Harlem RR.....		75½
50 do.....		80¾	100 do.....	b30	75¾
25 do.....		81	300 Nor & Wor RR..	b3	58¾
50 Pertamouth D D	b60	7¾	50 do.....		58¾
50 do.....		7½	25 Nicaragua Tran Co		43

CITY TRADE REPORT.

MONDAY, April 19—6 P. M.

The incessant rain and wind throughout the day have interrupted business materially.

ASHES varied little—30 bbls. bringing $5 a $5 6¼ for pots, and $6 25 a $6 31¼ for pearls.

BREADSTUFFS.—Flour ruled dull, the transactions not exceeding 3,800 bbls. State, Southern, and Western, at former rates; fancy Genesee at $4 87½ a $5 12½; fancy Ohio at $5 a $5 18¾; extra Ohio at $5 12½ a $5 50, and extra Genesee at 5 18¾ a $5 87½. Some lots of fine rye flour brought $3 43¾, and 500 bbls. Jersey and Brandywine meal $3 31¾ and $3 50 a $3 56¼—the previous figures. Wheat seemed lower, 900 bushels white Southern only realizing $1 a $1 01; while corn remained firm, the sales reaching 14,000 bushels white Southern at 65c. a 66c., with do. and Jersey yellow at 66c. a 66½. Nothing new occurred in rye, barley, or oats.

COTTON.—The sales were 1,300 bales to-day, the market presenting no change in prices since the arrival of the steamer Arctic.

COFFEE.—We noticed sales of 200 bags Java, at 10¾ a 11¼c, and 200 Rio, at 9 a 9¾c.—Market steady.

FREIGHTS.—The inclemency of the weather checked engagements. For Liverpool, a few hundred bales of cotton were shipped at about 3-16d. a 7-32d.; 9,000 bushels of corn in bulk, at 3½d.; and flour was at 1s. a 1s. 2d. There was no change to the Continent, or to London. To California, rates ranged from 40 a 60c., and dull.

FISH.—Cod and mackerel were inanimate. 1,000 boxes scaled herring found buyers, at 52 a 54c.

FRUIT.—About 500 boxes bunch raisins changed hands at $1 65; 250 cluster do. under $1 10; and 20 casks currants, at 5c.

HAY.—A retail inquiry existed for river, at 60 a 62½c. per 100 lbs.

IRON.—We heard of only 60 tons Scotch pig being purchased at $21, usual terms. Demand light.

LIME.—Common Rockland was freely offered at 90c., but no sales were effected.

MOLASSES.—A parcel of 150 hhds. Porto Rico brought 30c. Market unaltered.

NAVAL STORES.—Excepting the disposal of 100 bbls. spirits turpentine at 48 a 50c., and 700 bbls. North county rosin at $1 20, nothing was done.

OILS.—Sales have been made of 6,600 gallons linseed, at 58 a 60c., closing at the outside price, which shows an advance.

PROVISIONS moved to the extent of 250 bbls. new prime and mess pork, at $17 a $19; 300 do. prime lard, at 9¾ a 10c. per lb; and 180 do. prime and mess beef at $6 a $7 25, and $10 a $13—the former rates.

RICE.—Some 250 tierces fair to prime were disposed of at $3 25 a $3 50 per 100 lbs

SEGARS.—There have been 100,000 Havana bought at $20 a $25, usual time.

SPIRITS.—Sales of 100 bbls. Prison whiskey were made at 22¾c., with 80 casks Scotch ale at $1 62½, per gallon, customary terms.

SUGARS were extremely quiet, only one lot of 50 hhds. Cuba having been sold at 4¾c. per lb.

TALLOW.—Prime was scarce, and in demand at 8c. a 8¼c. per lb.

The Pork Trade.

The following statement was handed to us by Mr. L. Cadwell, of the firm of L. Cadwell & Co., inspectors of beef and pork in South Brooklyn. We give it, to enable the public to strike an average to suit themselves:—

NEW YORK, April 17, 1852.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE NEW YORK HERALD.

DEAR SIR—In your paper of the 15th instant, you published a letter purporting to have been written by a very responsible house at Cincinnati, expressing the belief that there had been more hogs cut throughout the West this year, than has been generally supposed; and without going into any details, or showing any statistics as to number cut, he endeavors to show that there is no deficiency, from the fact that he has discovered some errors, made by the Cincinnati price current, on the three great western rivers, where the largest proportion of the hogs have been packed, which I apprehend will not alarm holders, or deter those from buying that wish to do so.

Below, I hand you statistics as to the number of hogs packed throughout the whole West, as near correct as it probably can be made. The Wabash, Illinois and Mississippi rivers, were taken by myself, and most of the balance by the editor of the *Price Current*, which will show (and is not doubted by many) a very large falling off in numbers packed in 1852 from 1851:—

OHIO.

	1852.	1851.		1852.	1851.
Cincinnati....	352,048	334,529	Lebanon.....	2,400	7,000
Chillicothe ...	42,000	21,000	Columbia.....	1,092	1,233
Waynesville...	4,480	5,800	Manchester....	270	600
Franklin	1,291	none.	Circleville.....	15,700	19,200
Utica.....	60	45	Harveysburg...	1,100	1,500
Wilmington ...	1,000	3,000	Bellebrook ...	2,040	2,157
Claysville	165	250	Ripley.....	9,500	8,000
Higginsport ...	1,800	2,000	West Union...	none.	1,500
Centreville ...	517	440	Aberdeen	500	1,500
Somerville....	1,400	2,000	Winchester...	1,402	1,284
Hamilton.....	5,200	6,200	Troy.....	10,000	11,000
Westville.....	1,400	1,400	Waverly	5,000	11,000
West Florence	800	800			
Totals.....				461,075	443,418

KENTUCKY.

	1851.	1852.		1851.	1852.
Louisville.....	205,414	193,000	Maysville.....	9,500	6,300
Totals.....				214,914	199,300

INDIANA.

	1851.	1852.		1851.	1852.
Fort Wayne...	2,000	2,000	Newport.....	5,000	3,200
Jonesborough..	2,000	600	Covington.....	3,600	3,600
Huntington...	500	200	Clinton.....	10,500	8,500
Lagro.....	1,500	1,800	Montgomery & Armeysburg.	5,000	4,200
Wabashtown...	1,000	900	Durkey's Ferry	5,000	4,200
Peru.....	3,500	2,100	Terre Haute...	66,504	62,651
Logansport ...	8,000	4,700	Darwin.....	1,200	300
Delphi	7,000	7,000	York.....	1,655	1,190
Americus.....	700	700	Murow.....	1,700	2,700
Frankford	2,500	2,300	Carlisle.....	1,500	500
Jefferson	4,000	—	Hutsonville ...	4,400	3,000
Crawfordsville.	—	5,000	Palestine.....	751	—
Lafayette.....	39,000	33,000	Vincennes and Knox county	15,000	16,000
Attica.....	8,100	6,000	Rushville.....	2,850	925
Williamsport ..	5,600	4,000	Lawrenceville.	2,850	925
Perrysville...	3,600	3,000	Graysville....	13,000	5,500
Eugene.....	6,752	7,662	New Harmony	—	4,000
Madison.....	96,349	97,202	Bedford.....	5,000	6,000
Madison RR...	12,000	900	Evansville.....	6,500	9,500
Indianapolis...	18,000	22,000	Shawnestown..	6,000	4,500
Connersville...	10,000	16,281	Gosport & Vic.	7,500	7,300
Laurel	4,500	7,000	Princeton.....	8,000	8,000
Centreville....	—	4,400	Washington...	8,000	6,500
Dublin	1,700	2,200	Small Points..	2,000	1,800
Milton	2,000	1,661	Vernon	2,050	846
Cambridge city	13,110	13,000			
Lawrenceburg..	4,200	3,855			
Totals.....				458,221	417,993

ILLINOIS RIVER.

	1851.	1852.		1851.	1852.
Peru.....	2,750	1,400	Vermont	2,500	1,000
Hennepin.....	1,150	500	Astoria.....	700	300
Princeton.....	1,000	525	Macombe and County lots..	6,077	3,466
Henry	975	600	Rushville.....	2,800	2,600
Lacon	14,080	11,350	Frederick.....	4,000	—
Chillicothe....	5,500	—	Beardstown...	35,272	26,694
Peoria.....	26,000	18,500	Arrowville.....	500	240
Galesburgh..	2,000	1,150	Concord	200	250
Victoria and Knoxville			La Grange	3,850	1,500
Pekin.....	27,000	16,000	Meredocia	11,086	5,257
Tremont.....	1,000	200	Naples.....	3,000	2,840
Bloomington ..	1,000	400	Linville	1,400	1,100
Farmington ...	8,500	3,500	Exeter.....	1,500	900
Liverpool.....	2,404	—	Springfield....	7,660	10,200
Canton.....	14,000	8,500	Winchester....	4,000	3,500
Ellisville	1,500	600	Perry.....	2,500	2,000
Fairview	600	1,400	Griggsville ...	6,000	3,000
Lewiston	2,750	1,600	Pittsfield.....	2,500	1,500
Bath	1,000	—	Florence	2,000	475
Totals.....				210,814	133,087

MISSISSIPPI RIVER.

	1851.	1852.		1851.	1852.
Oquanka	7,500	6,500	Alexandria	10,000	6,000
Muscatine	15,000	8,500	Hannibal	17,000	7,876
Monmouth	6,920	7,975	Quincy.....	23,000	17,000
Fort Madison .	2,200	500	La Grange and Tully, and	3,800	3,500
Iowa City	2,000	4,000			
Keokuk	29,000	11,000	Marion.....		
Burlington	25,000	11,000	Rockport.....	4,200	2,500
Pontusuc.....	1,700	—	Alton.....	16,000	21,000
Warsaw.....	7,500	3,500	St Louis	90,000	47,000
Totals.....				260,820	157,931

	1851.	1852.
Green and Cumberland Rivers	24,000	8,500
Missouri "	50,000	21,000

RECAPITULATION.

	1851.	1852.
Ohio	443,418	461,075
Indiana	458,221	417,993
Kentucky	214,914	199,300
Illinois River	210,814	133,087
Mississippi do.....	260,820	157,931
Green and Cumberland do.....	24,000	8,500
Missouri do.....	50,000	21,000
	1,662,187	1,398,846
Deficiency in numbers		263,341

There has been on the Wabash and Illinois rivers, this over last year, a gain in the weight of hogs of about 8 per cent, which would be equal to about 25,000. At the balance of the packing points it is generally believed not to amount to much.

At Chicago and Milwaukie there has been an estimated excess packed, this, over last year, of about 10,000 hogs. There has been on the Illinois and Mississippi rivers full 25 per cent more cut from the same number of hogs into bacon sides, this, over last year, which, with a large proportion of the joints, is required for the increased Western and Southern demand. These facts, in connection that we had 85,000 bbls. less pork in all the Atlantic cities, the first of January this year, than we had the same time last year, may possibly show our Cincinnati friend what has become of the product.

L. CADWELL.

ADVERTISEMENTS RENEWED EVERY DAY.

SALES BY AUCTION.

AUCTION NOTICE.—RETAIL GROCERIES, CHAMpaigne, Segars, Raisins, Tuesday, April 20th, at 10½ o'clock, 57 Dey street, corner Greenwich street, Green and Black Teas, Coffee, Cocoa, Sweet Chocolate, Jujube Paste, Sugar, Soap, Candles, Starch, Rice, Segars, Tobacco, Snuff, Maccaroni, Sweet Oil, Mackerel, Codfish, Scales, Weights, English Beer Pump, &c. W. A. CARTER, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE—J. McCORMACK, AUCTIONEER—On 20th of April—By I. W. Havens—To close a concern. All the stock of Ornamental Iron Furniture at the store No. 240 Broadway, consisting of Iron Bedsteads in every variety, elegant Spring Chairs, Pier and Centre Tables, with marble and iron tops, Metallic case Clocks, Night Clocks, Portable Beds, folding Bedsteads, Cribs and Cradles, &c., to be sold in quantities to suit purchasers, by I. W. HAVENS.

D. S. HOUGH, AUCTIONEER.—THIS DAY, APRIL 20, at 10 A. M., at No. 8 Macdougal street, the contents of the house, embracing a variety of mahogany and maple Furniture, Beds, &c. Sale to commence at 10 precisely. Wednesday, the Furniture of the house No. 17 Eldridge st. A large assortment. Particulars in time.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, WILL sell at auction, on Tuesday, April 20, at 11 o'clock, on the Eighth avenue, corner 116th street, near Harlem—extensive sale of Green House and other Plants, and Shade Trees, &c. The entire stock of exotic plants and trees of the well known florist, Mr. T. Dunlap, (who is obliged to remove on the first of May,) consisting of auricana excelsa; acacias, large and small; camelias in every variety, cinnerarias, ericas, hyacyaths in glasses, lemons and oranges in fruit and flower, roses for green house and out-door culture, rhododendrons, &c., &c. Also, 1,000 Ailanthus trees for streets, and 20,000 English hawthorn for hedges; with many fancy articles in that line.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, WILL SELL at auction, on Tuesday, April 20, Household Furniture, at 10 o'clock, at No. 648 Broadway, between Bond and Bleecker streets—A genteel assortment, consisting of mahogany Sofas, arm and parlor Chairs, in crimson plush and hair cloth; mahogany Dining Tables, Sideboards, Bureaus; Centre Table with marble top, gilt frame Mirrors, Divans, Ottomans, Card Tables, Girandoles, Chandeliers, Gas Fixtures, lace and brocatel Window Curtains, rosewood seven octave Piano, made by Jason Neilson, Brussels and ingrain Carpets, Bedroom Furniture in mahogany, iron and maple Bedsteads, mahogany marble top Dressing Bureaus. Also, Oil Cloth, and a large assortment of Kitchen Furniture, Crockery and Glass Ware, China Vases, &c., &c. Also, one rosewood seven octave Piano, made by Gilbert, of Boston, been used but a short time and cost $550.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, WILL SELL at auction, on Tuesday, April 20, Genteel Household Furniture—at 10 o'clock, at No. 90 Clinton place, near Fifth avenue—Consisting partly of Brussels Carpets, satin damask Window Curtains, drab worsted damask do, lace under do, rosewood Parlor Furniture, covered in silk brocatelle, etergere, with plate glass backs, and lined with satin wood; do, arm and Parlor Chairs, Centre Tables, first class rosewood Pianoforte, made by Barmore; Clocks, Vases, &c., &c. Also, a general assortment of Bedroom Furniture, Brussels Carpets, armoir a glace, black walnut Wardrobes, Dressing Bureaus and glass, washstands, marble tops, Bedsteads, ingrain Carpets, Chairs, Shaving Stand, Oil Cloths, &c., &c.

HENRY H. LEEDS & CO., AUCTIONEERS, WILL sell at auction, on Tuesday, April 20—Genteel Household Furniture—at No. 97 Eleventh street, near Fifth avenue, at 10½ o'clock, consisting of Brussels Carpets, mahogany carved Sofa Chairs, &c., in hair cloth; Centre Table, Turkey red and lace Curtains, bronze and ormulu Clock, China Vases, Dining Tables, handsomely carved Book Case, lined with crimson silk, mantel ornaments, Pier Glasses, Paintings and Engravings, a very choice lot of Glass, China Ware, &c. Also, plated ware, Bedroom Furniture, Brussels Carpets, ingrain do., Beds, Bedsteads, Dressing Bureaus, Window Curtains, Washstands, &c. Sale to commence with kitchen furniture.

JOHN L. VANDEWATER, AUCTIONEER—TUESDAY and Wednesday, April 20 and 21, at 11 o'clock, at sales room, 12 Wall street. Marble Statuary, Fancy Goods, &c., of the importation of Senior U. Giovannani—Comprising a large and superb collection of alabaster subjects. Venus de Medicis, Birth of Venus, Bacchus and Ariadne, Moses in the Bulrushes, Venus of Canova (first and second,) Venus in shells of various sizes, Dancing Girl of Canova, and several other beautiful groups, all most tastefully carved in alto and basso relievo; Pompeii urns and vases, admirably adapted to decorate halls, parlors, niches, &c., large Roman tazzas, ornamented with grape leaves, and supported by Swans; transparent alabastar vases for lamps, &c.; Neapolitan tazzas; Verde de Prato work vases; Gothic and Grecian vases, for flowers; tazzas of Adrianna; large fruit vases; ice vases and urns; large size vestal temples. An assortment of rich and elaborate mosaic elegant centre and library tables, richly inlaid in various styles; temples; watch cases; agate and inlaid candle-sticks; chalice; groups of different animals; large lion on pedestals; shells supported by dolphins; marble cornucopias; large open work baskets; models of the Leaning Tower of Pisa; Florentine baskets; inkstands, and a great variety of other fancy articles, useful and ornamental. The works are all most beautifully executed, under the superintendence of a talented Artist, and are generally finely finished