The Prisons of Europe.

LECTURE LAST EVENING BY THE REV. MR. SPEAR.

The Rev. CHAS. SPEAR delivered an address last evening in the Bleecker street Universalist church, on the subject of his recent mission to England, for the purpose of inspecting the prisons of Europe. There was a very thin attendance; but the wonder was, not that the congregation was so small, but rather that even so many persons could be found disposed to leave their comfortable homes on such an inclement evening, with the thermometer near zero. The proceedings were opened by the pastor reading a portion of the Scripture taken from the 21st chapter of Matthew; after which the 338th hymn was sung:—

O, Charity, thou heavenly grace,
All tender, soft and kind,
A friend to all the human race,
To all that's good inclined.
The man of charity extends
To all his helping hand;
His kindred, neighbors, foes and friends,
His pity may command.
The sick, the prisoner, deaf and blind,
And all the sons of grief,
In him a benefactor find;
He loves to give relief.

Prayer was then made by the pastor, after which the 341st hymn was sung:—

Hail, Love divine! joys ever new;
While thy kind dictates we pursue,
Our souls delighted share;
Too high for sordid minds to know,
Who on themselves alone bestow
Their wishes and their care.

The pastor introduced to the congregation Mr. Spear, who they were aware, he said, had long devoted his time to the subject of prisons, and to procure the abolition of the death penalty. Our late Minister in London, Abbott Lawrence, had sent to the Governor of Massachusetts a paper, inquiring into the criminal laws and statistics of the United States. This had been referred to Mr. Spear, who was the person best acquainted with the subject. Mr. Spear was then sent to England with the information required, and for the purpose of making investigations in regard to the criminal laws there. The pastor read the letter of introduction which Mr. S. bore from the late Daniel Webster to Sir George Grey, and another from Mr. Everett to the Hon. Abbott Lawrence. Mr. Spear was now in a position to give such information as he had collected in England. Mr. S. then came forward, and prefaced his discourse with the text: "I was sick and ye visited me; I was in prison and ye came unto me." How solemn and how impressive were these words. Christ did not forget a long neglected class—the prisoners—and has said, "inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye have done it unto me." They had here the highest divine authority, and he might say, referring to the letter read from Mr. Webster, they had the highest human authority. In his last conversation with that distinguished man, he had told him, "if my name is of use to you in your labors, use it as you can." He (Mr. S.) had taken advantage of two of the modes of communicating his information—namely, the press and the pulpit. He could not get any writer, at any price, to write an article in favor of capital punishment. Every person going abroad selects some particular object of travel. He (Mr. S.) had gone not to visit the palaces of Europe, but the dungeons. He was very kindly prepared for such a mission, so far as his letters went. His friend, this evening, had read the letters of Mr. Webster and Mr. Everett, and he had also read the questions sent over by her Majesty's government. He did not purpose going into the abstract question of capital punishment—his sentiments were well known; but he did feel very solemn, that there are five persons in yonder prison, who, within twenty days, are to be brought out to the scaffold and executed—killed—put to death—murdered. He was not against every kind of punishment, for he thought that no man can avoid two things—the wrath of God and the punishment of man. Of the thirty-one States of the Union, none had abolished capital punishment except Michigan and Rhode Island. It had been said that crime was increasing in Michigan; but that was false, and he had the authority of the Secretary of State for saying so. In Maine and Massachusetts the law is, that no person shall be hanged until a year after the sentence is passed, and not then except by the order of the Governor. He thought that if this were the law in New York, they would not send these five men to the scaffold, for time is a great softener. The pilgrim fathers had sixteen crimes for which death would be inflicted; they endeavored to copy Moses, but Moses had no less than thirty-four capital offences. He would remind them of what Christ said in the case of the poor woman caught in adultery: "Let him," said Christ, "who is without sin among you cast the first stone at her." He wanted that condition to be followed; and let none of those five men be hanged until a man is found in New York who has never committed crime. He thought it was worthy of remark that Prof. Webster, when in Europe would go out without his breakfast to see a man executed. And what good effect had this upon him? In sixteen States the executions were private—none admitted but invited guests. Heaven and earth! what vampires will be assembled to see these five men hanged? If a man is converted and brought to the Christian religion, ought he then to be hanged? And, if he is unconverted, would they send his soul to endless torment? He had free access to these five prisoners; they did not want to be stared at like wild beasts, but those who went to see them through sympathy they were glad to receive. When he was going to England, Wendell Phillips asked him to take two black girls to their father—a fugitive slave in England; but when he brought them down to the agent of the steamboat—a British one, too—he refused to take them because they were black. The only alternative was to register them as his servants—a circumstance which made some of the American journals say that he couldn't go to England without a pair of female servants. However, he had the satisfaction of placing the girls in the hands of their father in Liverpool. His first course in London was to call on the Hon. Abbott Lawrence, who was very courteous to him, but told him he could do nothing to advance his purpose, since he was already furnished with the letter of Mr. Webster, which was quite sufficient for his purpose. Sir George Grey wrote a letter back to Mr. Webster, showing the friendly feeling existing between them, on the greatest of all subjects—that of the proper treatment of criminals. Sir George Grey gave him some very valuable prison reports, which he had brought back with him. These reports comprised the best information that could possibly be procured. They might ask what was the difference between an English prison and an American one? The English prisons are enormous taxes. Connecticut makes profit on her prisons, and Massachusetts almost clears expenses. All they do now here, when the term of imprisonment is over, is to discharge the convict, and he cannot again get employment, and is driven back to the course of crime again, until he finds his way back to the State prison. They do not do much for discharged convicts in England, and they do not do much here either. There is one exception to this rule; there is one family in London—that of Elizabeth Fry—which provides for discharged convicts. The sainted mother is at rest where there are no prisons, but her daughters continue her labors of love—God bless them for it. Mrs. Fry labored twenty years to carry out the one idea—and that was to place female turnkeys in charge of female prisoners. She achieved her work, and in every prison of England her plan is pursued. Is there one woman here who labors at the one idea? Is there one here who will go to see these five convicts? Woman never looks so lovely as when engaged in carrying out reform. There is a certain part in all reforms which cannot be accomplished without her. They talk of woman's rights and privileges—her rights and privileges are to visit the cells, and the orphans, and the sick and needy, and minister to their several wants—and they needed no convention for this. There is hardly anything more interesting in London than the ragged schools. From London he went to Paris, and there he found more difficulty. In that city every thing is open except the prisons. He was told there, that he would not be admitted into the prisons, nor permitted to write anything on the subject of capital punishment, as Victor Hugo's son was already sent to prison for that offence. But he showed the letter of Daniel Webster, and next day he received a note that all the prisons of Paris were open to him. In the women's prison there were 1,100 inmates, and there he saw some angels—some Catholic Sisters of Mercy—engaged in their pious work. In the hospitals he met these same devoted women. He was not a bigot; and he would say, if a pagan erected a mosque before his door, and went and clothed the orphan, he would honor him, and say, that is Christianity. Away, then, with bigotry; and on this subject he would say, that the only minister in this city who visited the five condemned men, was a Catholic priest. The prisoners in Paris were in a bad state; they have no idea only to keep them within the walls. He saw some 300 or 400 of them in a yard together, gambling, and among themselves. As to imprisonment for debt, the law is, that the creditor must pay the debtor's board so long as he keeps him in confinement. He had permission to preach in all the pulpits except those of the established church. He preached in a penitentiary or female asylum in London, and at the head of that institution is the Queen herself. Have we got any rich women in America to do such a thing as this? He did not know that he could get any other churches opened to him to-night in this city except those of the Universalist persuasion, although out of the 30,000 prisoners in the United States, perhaps there is not a single Universalist. He found the freedom of the pulpit in England much greater than here. He now came to his purpose. He wanted to go out over the country as a prison missionary; he wanted means for the purpose; he wanted support for his paper—the *Prisoner's Friend*—and to enable him to print and circulate tracts. He concluded by exhorting them to enter on this work, and God would bless them. The pastor addressed a few remarks to the congregation on the subject of the five condemned men now in the city prison. He asked not as a fanatic—who on earth needs sympathy if the prisoner does not? He then exhorted the congregation to assist Mr. Spear in his labors, and he proposed to take up a collection in his behalf.

This was done, and the congregation afterwards dispersed.

Police Intelligence.

THE MURDEROUS ASSAULT ON MR. HAYDOCK—CURIOUS EVIDENCE AGAINST THE NEGRO ACCUSED OF THE CRIME.

The negro, Alfred Seaman, arrested on Saturday, by Captain Leonard, charged with committing the murderous assault on Mr. Henry Haydock, the elderly Quaker gentleman, has been kept in close confinement at the station house since his arrest. The fact which led to the suspicion of the negro, and caused his arrest by the police for the crime committed, was the finding of a pair of shoes in the store, left by the assailant, and those shoes are identified as belonging to the negro Seaman. It seems that the negro has been in the habit of doing porterage work in the vicinity of Mr. Haydock's store, and one of these shoes had a very peculiar patch running down the centre of the shoe; and so remarkable was this patch that on exhibiting the shoe to the porters in the neighborhood where the negro worked, they all pronounced it to be the shoe worn by Seaman. These shoes were taken to captain Leonard, who forthwith arrested Seaman and conveyed him to the station house; the shoes were put on the negro's feet, and found to fit exactly. The patched shoe was exhibited to a young colored woman, living in Rose street, a friend of the accused, and she proclaimed it to be Seaman's shoe, not knowing at the time that Seaman was charged with the perpetration of any crime.

The negro was conveyed on Saturday afternoon before Mr. Haydock, who at this time was still at Clark & Brown's, in Maiden lane, unable to be removed to his residence. On entering the room, Mr. Haydock looked up from the bed, and eyed the accused very attentively, and exclaimed, "That is the man who tried to take my life."

Mr. Haydock further said to him, "Why did'st thee try to take my life? I never harmed thee."

The negro replied, somewhat agitated, saying that he could prove that he was at home that evening, in Sheriff street, before seven o'clock, and that he was innocent of the charge.

Mr. Haydock replied—"I hope thee can; but thou art the man that attempted to take my life."

Mr. Haydock says he cannot be mistaken in the identity of the man, as he looked well at him before the assault was committed.

Mr. Haydock's account is, that he found the negro on the landing of one of the upper stories, and asked him what he wanted; and having a lantern with him at the time, he held it up, and the light reflected on the accused, giving him a full view of his countenance. The negro replied, that he had been locked in. Mr. H., not liking the appearance of the man, and being alone at the time, stepped back, for the purpose of giving the negro room to pass and go off; but instead of the negro doing so, he sprang upon Mr. H., knocked him down and cut him across the throat with a knife, and then ran off.

Captain Leonard feels confident that the evidence and circumstances already produced will be sufficient to fasten the commission of the crime on this negro.

A Charge of Robbery.—Yesterday officer Nevin, of the first district police court, arrested a man named Anthony Hughes, on a warrant issued by Justice Osborn, charging him with violently assaulting Albert Clark, of No. 231 Mulberry street, and robbing him of one sovereign, one half sovereign and some small change, in all valued at $8. The circumstances, as sworn to before the magistrate by the complainant, are, that Clark, on Saturday evening, between the hours of six and seven o'clock, visited the public house kept by Hughes, at No. 166 Washington street, and while in the said premises he was surrounded by several men, including Hughes, who knocked him down and beat him. Upon his regaining his feet, Hughes again knocked him down; and when again on his feet he was held forcibly against the wall by Hughes and seven or eight other men, and his pockets searched and the money stolen therefrom. The ruffians after obtaining the money allowed him to go, and he proceeded to the police court and made the facts known as above related. The officer took the accused before the magistrate, who committed him to prison for trial.

Obstructing the Eighth Avenue Railroad.—Officer Wallace, of the Ninth ward, on Saturday afternoon arrested a man named John O'Neil, on a charge of throwing obstructions on the track of the Eighth Avenue Railroad, thereby causing one of the cars to be thrown off the track. It seems that during the afternoon on Saturday a difficulty occurred in consequence of the laborers employed by the railroad company throwing the ice and snow from the track on the side of the street, thereby blocking up the travel for vehicles. Another lot of laborers were engaged throwing back the snow again on the track. Several hundred persons collected to witness the disturbance, until the police interfered and dispersed them by taking O'Neil off to the station house.

Court of General Sessions.

Before Judge Beebe and Aldermen Brisley and Francis.

JAN. 14.—*Sentences.*—Edward Maddox, who pleaded guilty of a grand larceny, was sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

William Hazleton, the Philadelphia "Killer," convicted of assault and battery with intent to kill Reuben F. Randolph, on the 13th of November last, was sentenced to the same period of confinement, namely, two years.

Michael Callaghan, convicted of a similar offence, was sentenced for two years and six months.

John Breen and William Murray, severally convicted of robbing a countryman named McDonald, at a lodging-house in Roosevelt street, were sent, the first named for four years, and the latter for three, to the State prison.

Pleaded Guilty.—Francis Davis, who was acquitted yesterday, of a charge of burglary, on the ground of a variance, pleaded guilty to an indictment for grand larceny, and was sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

Robbery at the National Theatre.—John Conners and Wm. Wall were placed on trial, charged with stealing a gold watch, the property of Mr. Purdy, of the National theatre, Chatham street. The offence was clearly proved against Conners, who was convicted and sentenced to two years' imprisonment, but the jury acquitted Wall.

The Mock-Auction Cases.—The trial of the other indictments against these accused parties was postponed until next term.

The court took a recess until Monday morning next.

H. Clay Carr, one of the persons injured by the falling of the walls of Cromie's paper mill, during the burning of that establishment at Louisville on the 2d inst., died in that city on the 11th inst.

Court Calendar—This Day.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.—The trial of the Steamboat Reindeer Disaster.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—No calendar.

SUPREME COURT.—Special Term—Nos. 15, 112, 128, 167, 28, 106, 55, 130, 4, 22, 51, 54, 107, 111, 118, 122, 123, 156. Circuit—Nos. 3, 4, 12, 16, 18 to 25, 28, 29, 30.

COMMON PLEAS.—Part First—Nos. 245, 5, 7, 9, 13, 15, 21, 59, 63, 77, 99, 89, 111, 121, 133. Part Second—Nos. 298, 300, 10, 18, 20, 46, 66, 68, 108, 112, 312, 134, 102, 314, 316, 318, 320.

SUPERIOR COURT.—(Two branches)—Nos. 163, 243, 248, 253, 256, 266, 267, 268, 270, 74, 11, 7, 78, 159, 218, 224, 237, 204, 251, 55, 274, 276, 277, 278, 279, 122, 208, 171, 187, 265, 6, 13, 16, 105, 133, 132, 147, 152, 157, 193, 203, 226, 233, 234, 24, 268.

Captain Ericsson Recently Visited Brady's National Miniature Gallery, 205 Broadway, and added his portrait to the splendid collection for which this establishment has been so long celebrated.

Meade Brothers, Members of the Societe Libres des Beaux Arts, Paris, are constantly making additions to their collection of Daguerreotyes. One of the firm leaves for Europe next week, and will forward valuable pictures of modern Europe, and distinguished Europeans, with large supplies of chemicals and plates, from the best laboratories and factories in France. 233 Broadway, opposite the Fountain.

Meade Brothers' Celebrated American Daguerreotype Galleries, free to the public. Pictures taken daily. Just added to the collection, Amos Lawrence, deceased, Peirre Soule, the Grave of Webster, Gen. Pierce, the Moon, taken through a telescope, &c., 233 Broadway, opposite the Park Fountain.

Twenty-five Cent Daguerreotypes.—Rees & Co. were the first to introduce an improved process, and the new system of daguerreotyping, at the low price of twenty-five cents. Imitators may spring up and attempt to compete with them, but it will be of no use, as the discovery belongs exclusively to REES & CO., 289 Broadway

California Express—Wells, Fargo & Co.— We despatch our next regular mail steamer express by steamship Ohio, on Thursday next, January 20th, in charge of Mr. S. C. Jillson, our own special messenger, who goes through to destination.

WELLS, FARGO & CO., Office 16 Wall street.

Radicalism and Conservatism.—A lecture, to be delivered by the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, in the Plymouth church, Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening, Jan. 18. This will conclude the New England course. Tickets 25 cents each—may be had at No. 19 Wall street, at the bookstores, and at the door.

To Gas Consumers.—Protect Your Meters from Frost.—The undersigned are prepared to prevent the gas meters from freezing, so that consumers may have an uninterrupted supply of light this cold weather. EMMONS & CONOVER, 72 Mercer street, (under the St. Nicholas Hotel.)

Great Sale of Mourning Goods will be continued for thirty days longer.—Messrs. Bartholomew & Weed beg leave to announce to the public that they are about remodelling and enlarging their store to the convenience which the increase of their business requires, and that they are induced to offer for immediate sale their large and elegant stock of mourning goods. Purchasers of mourning goods will readily perceive this is a favorable opportunity to select, from the largest and best assortment in the city, any article in the department of mourning goods, or such articles as they may need, at prices much below the original cost. Messrs. B. & W. would impress upon the mind the name and number of the new mourning store, No. 551 Broadway, nearly opposite the Metropolitan Hotel, between Spring and Prince streets.

BARTHOLOMEW & WEED.

Trusses, Shoulder Braces, Female Supporters, springs for knock knees, bow legs, and weakness of the ankle joints and curvature of the spine; also, a very superior elastic stocking and knee cap for enlarged veins of the legs and weakness of the knees, and children's trusses, at 12 Ann street, near Broadway.

Wigs and Toupees.—Batchelor's New Style of wigs are pronounced the most perfect imitation of nature yet invented. Those wanting a very superior article should call at BATCHELOR'S celebrated wig factory, No 4 Wall street, where can be found the largest and best assortment in the city. Copy the address.

Hair Dye.—Batchelor's Celebrated Liquid hair dye is the best yet discovered for coloring the hair or whiskers the moment it is applied. The wonderful ease and certainty with which this favorite and old established hair dye performs is astonishing. It is for sale, or applied, at BATCHELOR'S wig factory, No 4 Wall street.

Overcoats are now in Great Demand, and if you want a tip top article, at cost price, call at my store, and you can get one; also, fine dress and frock coats, and every article in my line, at reasonable prices. G. B. CLARKE, 116 William street.

The Laundress Expends Her Skill in Vain upon an ill-fitting shirt; it never looks well upon the person, however nicely washed, and starched, and ironed; while on the other hand, the shirts made to measure by GREEN, No. 1 Astor House, look neat under any circumstances, because they fit the form and never show a wrinkle.

M. Levett, Dentist, No. 628 Broadway, takes this method to invite the public to witness his great improvement in dentistry, as introduced by him. Office hours, from ten till five o'clock. His work on the teeth can be obtained as above.

Sleigh Robes! Sleigh Robes! Sleigh Robes! An assortment of sleigh robes, ladies' stone marten tippets, cuffs, &c., for sale at reasonable prices by ATKINS, Hatter, No. 212 Greenwich street.

W. H. McDonald's General Newspaper Advertising house, No. 102 Nassau street, (corner of Ann.) Advertisements inserted, at the very lowest rates, in any paper in the United States or Canadas. The very best papers are received by mail daily, and kept for reference, and copies of each furnished to advertisers. The fullest authority and recommendation, over the written signatures of the publishers of the leading daily and weekly papers, can be examined at the office.

W. H. McDONALD.

Mrs. Jervis' Cold Candy—Time-tested, and recommended by the first men of the country, for coughs, colds, hoarseness, sore throat, and other pulmonary complaints. Clay, Taylor, Benton, Van Buren, and other distinguished men, have recommended this really good article. Sold by Mrs. W. Jervis, No. 366 Broadway; Zieber, Third street, below Chesnut, Philadelphia, and by druggists generally.

Teas.—The Best Assortment of Fine Teas will be found in the store of the Canton Tea Company, No. 125 Chatham street, between Pearl and Roosevelt, the oldest tea establishment in the city. We assure our readers that they can do better than elsewhere, either at wholesale or retail. They have now no branch stores.

Gouraud's Liquid Hair Dye is, without exception or reservation, the very best ever invented. Beware of puffed dyes. Equally celebrated is Gouraud's Medicated Soap, for curing pimples, freckles, sallowness, chaps, roughness, &c. Poudre Subtile uproots hair from any part of the body. Liquid Rouge, Lily White, and Hair Gloss, at No. 67 Walker street, near Broadway.

Don't have Chapped Hands, Face, or Eruptions, but do have, it costs little, beautiful hair; try, at the reduced price of two shillings, two fine articles for the hair and skin—Jones' coral hair restorative and Italian chemical soap. They are really lovely in their effect, and so cheap now, too, that rich or poor can buy them. Sold at the depot. Jones' lily white for ladies at 1s., now. No. 403 Broadway.

Cristadoro's Celebrated Liquid Dye changes the hair instantly to a beautiful black or brown, while his preservative and beautifier stimulates its growth, and perpetuates its luxuriance to the latest period of life. The dye is applied privately, and both sold at CRISTADORO'S, No. 6 Astor House, and by druggists generally.

Married.

On Saturday, January 15, by the Rev. H. de Luynes, Mr. JOHN F. O'CONNOR to Miss ELEANOR KEVNEY, both of this city.

On Saturday, January 15, by the Rev. J. Chaveton, Mr. J. R. BRAKEL to Miss MARIE WIRTHS, all of this city.

Died.

On Friday evening, 14th inst., JOHN HOWARD, youngest son of William J. and Jane Roome, aged 10 years, 10 months and 7 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this day, (Monday,) at 3 o'clock, P. M., from the residence of his father, No. 188 West Twenty-first street, without further invitation.

At Hawkshurst, Staten Island, on the 14th inst., in the 9th year of his age, WILLIAM WILMERDING, only son of Wm. H. and Sarah Ann Townsend.

The relatives and friends of the family, and those of his grandfather, David Austin, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, at Grace Church, at half past 12 o'clock this day.

On Saturday, January 15, after a long and severe illness, Mrs. MARY T., wife of William Hendrick, aged 59 years, 3 months and 7 days.

The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Tuesday, 18th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M., from her late residence, No. 325 Tenth street. Her remains will be interred in the Union Cemetery, Long Island.

On Sunday, January 16, WILLIAM A. DEGRAW, in the 32d year of his age.

The friends of his father, J. W. Degraw, and his brothers, A. J. S. and A. A. Degraw, and his brothers-in-law, C. H. Loutrel and J. R. Duvall, are respectfully requested to attend his funeral, on Tuesday, 18th inst., at 3 o'clock P. M., from his late residence, corner of Third avenue and Forty-ninth street, Gowanus, without further invitation. Carriages will be in attendance at 2 o'clock P. M., at South ferry, Brooklyn.

On Sunday, January 16, at No. 43 Lafayette place, after a short but severe illness, CAROLINE VIRGINIA, youngest daughter of Charles Theo. and Sarah Elizabeth Ruete, aged 3 years and 5 months.

In Brooklyn, on Saturday, January 15, of croup, DAVID STANLEY, only son of Benjamin and Harriet Cole, aged 3 years and 5 months.

The friends and relatives of the family are invited to attend the funeral this day, (Monday,) at half past 1 o'clock P. M., from the residence of his father, No. 144 York street, Brooklyn.

On Sunday morning, January 16, SARAH JANE, daughter of Hugh and Mary McCabe, aged 6 years and 10 months.

The friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Monday) afternoon, at 2 o'clock, from the residence of her parents, 512 Sixth avenue, without further invitation. Her remains will be taken to Calvary Cemetery for interment.

On Saturday, January 15, at Williamsburg, Rev. MORGAN J. REES, D.D., aged 50 years, Pastor of the First Baptist Church.

The funeral will take place on Tuesday, at 12 o'clock M. from the Baptist Church, Williamsburg.

On Saturday evening, January 15, Mrs. ELIZA BATTIN, relict of the late John Battin.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral services, at St. Paul's Chapel, on Tuesday morning, at 10 o'clock precisely.

On Sunday, January 16, of consumption, JOHN HENRICK SEVALDSON, a native of Denmark, aged 31 years and 11 months.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, 68½ West Washington place, this day; at 2 o'clock P. M.

On Sunday, January 16, RACHAEL, youngest child of Jas. and Theresa Winters.

The friends and acquaintances are invited to attend her funeral, from their residence, 100 Gold street, this day, at 2 o'clock.

On Saturday, January 15, of consumption, WILLIAM H. APPLEGATE, in the 29th year of his age.

His funeral will take place this day, at 2 o'clock, from his late residence, 86 Carmine street. His friends, and the members of Lebanon Lodge, Orient Chapter, and Morton Encampment, Free Masons, are respectfully invited to attend.

On Sunday, Jan. 16, of consumption, MARGARET, wife of Henry Morris, in the 33d year of her age.

The friends and acquaintances of the family, also the members of Columbia Lodge, No. 1, I. O. of O. F., are requested to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 24 Trinity place, on Tuesday morning, at 9 o'clock. Her remains will be taken to Gravesend, L. I., for interment.

At Paris, on December 24, of scarlatina, with typhus fever, ALEXANDER M. ADAMS, aged 7 years and 9 months, eldest son of Joseph A. and Maria Adams, of New York.

On Saturday, January 15, MARGARET M., wife of John Cowan, in the 34th year of her age.

Her friends and those of the family, and the Police of the First District, are invited to attend her funeral on this day (Monday) the 17th instant, at 2 o'clock, P. M., from her late residence, No. 67 Greenwich street. Her remains will be taken to the Calvary Cemetery for interment.

On Sunday, January 16, JANE BURMINGHAM, widow of the late Henry Burmingham, aged 54 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral on Tuesday, 18th instant, at 1 o'clock, P. M., from her late residence, No. 5 Bedford street.

Weekly Report of Deaths

In the City and County of New York, from the 8th day of January to the 15th day of January, 1853.

Men, 85: women, 68. boys, 123; girls, 82—Total, 358.

DISEASES.

Aneurism	1	Fever congestive	1
Apoplexy	14	Fever hectic	1
Asthma	1	Fever nervous	1
Atrophia	1	Heart, disease of	3
Angina	1	Hip disease	1
Bleeding from stomach	1	Hooping cough	1
Bleeding from lungs	1	Inanition	1
Burned or scaled	4	Inflammation of brain	8
Bronchitis	12	Inflammation of bowels	8
Cancer	3	Inflammation of heart	3
Casualties	6	Inflammation of kidneys	1
Cholera infantum	1	Inflammation of lungs	22
Colic	1	Inflammation of stomach	2
Consumption	57	Inflammation of throat	4
Convulsions	28	Inflammation of womb	1
Croup	16	Inflammation of liver	2
Congestion of lungs	5	Insanity	2
Concussion of the brain	2	Intemperance	1
Cyanosis	1	Jaundice	1
Debility	13	Lues venerea	1
Delirium tremens	1	Malformation	2
Diarrhoea	4	Marasmus	9
Dropsy	6	Measles	3
Dropsy in the head	10	Melanosis	1
Dropsy in the chest	2	Old age	2
Drowned	2	Palsy	2
Erysipelas	3	Premature birth	5
Eruption	1	Pleurisy	1
Exposure	1	Scrofula	1
Fracture of skull	1	Small pox	17
Fever	4	Suffocation	1
Fever puerperal	3	Teething	1
Fever remittent	4	Ulcers	1
Fever scarlet	17	Unknown	6
Fever typhoid	1	Varioloid	1
Fever typhus	10		

AGE.

Under 1 year	79	30 to 40 years	40
1 to 2 years	48	40 to 50 years	26
2 to 5 years	50	50 to 60 years	13
5 to 10 years	17	60 to 70 years	11
10 to 20 years	20	70 to 80 years	8
20 to 30 years	45	80 to 90 years	1

PLACES OF NATIVITY.—United States, 247; Ireland, 74; England, 11; Scotland, 2; Germany, 19; France, 1; Prussia, 1; Unknown, 3.

FROM—Hospital, Bellevue, 15; Penitentiary, Blackwell's Island, 2; Lunatic Asylum, Blackwell's Island, 4; Randall's Island, 2; City Hospital, 7; Lying-in Asylum, 1; Almshouse, Blackwell's Island, 2; Colored Home, 2; Colored Orphan Asylum, 1; Colored persons, 9.

Interments returned from Ward's Island, 5.

THOMAS K. DOWNING, City Inspector.

City Inspector's Office, Jan. 15, 1853.

ADVERTISEMENTS RENEWED EVERY DAY.

SEE SIXTH AND SEVENTH PAGES.

PERSONAL.

IF MR. ELISHA NEWTON WILL CALL AT NO. 18 Renwick street, or direct a note stating where he may be found, it may prove to his advantage.

THE GENTLEMAN WHO ARRIVED IN THIS CITY from Mobile on Friday evening, and who was recognized by an acquaintance while taking a lunch in Barclay street, about half-past two o'clock on Saturday, may learn something to his advantage by calling on that acquaintance at as early an hour as possible on Monday.

INFORMATION WANTED.—ANY PERSON WHO WAS on board the steamer Gowanus, coming from Brooklyn to New York, on the morning of Thursday, 9th December last, when she ran into the Union, at which time Amos Wade, of Newbern, N. C., was seriously injured, will do him a great favor by calling on him, or sending their address to his room, No. 25 United States Hotel. Mr. Smith, the gentleman who assisted Mr. Wade from the boat to the drug store of Messrs. Anderson & Maclay, is particularly requested to call on him.

MR. GUSTAV AUGUST JOSEPH SCHACHT, FROM Wismar, in Mecklenburg Schwerin, who arrived here, from Hamburg, about six years ago, is hereby informed that a letter from his relatives is lying in the office of Herm. Stutzer, New York.

$25 REWARD.—INFORMATION WANTED OF JOsias Fleisch, who left his home on Tuesday night at nine o'clock, and has not since been heard of. Was dressed in gray coat, black velvet vest, and dark pantaloons. Height five feet, six inches; brown hair, high forehead, had on boots, and a corsilir shirt. The above reward will be paid on satisfactory information given to Mr. Caspary, or to his cousin,

JACOB MARX, 124 Cedar street.

LOST AND FOUND.

$50.—WANTED—BY A SMART, ACTIVE YOUNG man, a situation in a grocery store, as clerk, who can loan his employer the above amount. Can give good city reference. Address P., Herald office, for two days.

$5 REWARD.—STOLEN, FROM THE PREMISES, 45 Dey street, one piece, containing 36¼ yards, mixed coating. A person, supposed to be a foreigner, answering to the following description, was seen on the stairs previous to missing the piece of goods, viz:—5 feet 7½ inches in height, red whiskers all around, and wearing a loose sack coat, under which the stolen property must have been concealed.

$5 REWARD.—BOAT STOLEN.—ON THE NIGHT OF the 10th January, from the United States schooner Paris, a yawl boat, about 18 feet long, painted black, and recently repaired; pulls four oars; color inside is yellow over an original coat of green, which shows where the paint is worn. The above reward will be paid on return of said boat to the U. S. steamer Corwin, at the Navy Yard.

LOST—ON THE 9TH INST., A BOOK ON THE CHAMbars Street Savings Bank, No. 126,671. By leaving it at 30 Madison street, the finder shall be rewarded, and receive the thanks of the owner, Henry Goodwin.

LOST—A PACKAGE OF PAPERS AND LETTERS, marked C. Heebner, Philadelphia. The finder will be suitably rewarded, by leaving the same at the office of the Merchants Hotel, Cortlandt street.

LOST—ON THE 4TH INST., A SABLE FUR VICTOrine.—The finder will be rewarded by returning the same to No. 86 East Twenty-third street, corner of Lexington avenue.

LOST—ON SATURDAY EVENING, 15TH INST., A porte monnaie, at or in the vicinity of Wallack's theatre, containing $16 in bills, and some loose change. The finder will be rewarded and thanked, by leaving it at the box office, or addressing Peter, Herald office.

FOUND—ON THE EVENING OF THE 16TH INSTANT, at the foot of Harrison street, a young sorrel horse, with a white spot on his forehead and one on his left hind leg. Said horse was running away, attached to a sleigh, and can be had by proving property and paying charges. Apply at 195 West street.

RUNAWAY, FROM FIFTH AVENUE AND FORTY-second street, yesterday evening, a team of horses, one bay and the other brown; they were attached to a double sleigh. Whoever will return them, or notify the undersigned where they are, will be suitably rewarded. Apply to JACOB L. DODGE, 238 Bleecker street.

WANTS.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG AMERICAN, EIGHTEEN years of age, a situation as salesman; would be willing to make himself generally useful. Can speak French and German. City references can be given. Address H. S. Clifford, Herald office.

WANTED—BY A MOST RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOman, a situation as cook, washer, and ironer in a private family; is a good plain cook, and first-rate washer and ironer. The best of city reference for capability and high integrity can be given. Can be seen at 342 Fulton street, corner Joralemon, Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, A situation as chambermaid; can wait on table, or assist in washing and ironing. Good city reference can be given. To be seen at 346 Sixth avenue, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second streets, for two days.

WANTED—BY A NICE, TIDY PERSON, WHO CAN produce most satisfactory reference from where she last lived, a situation as cook and baker; can do washing and ironing first rate. Has no objection to do general housework in city or country. A steady home is more desirable than high wages. Apply at 223 Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young girl, who is a good washer and plain ironer, understands baking, and is willing to make herself generally useful to a plain family. Has lived in the country, and has city and country reference from her last employers; no objection to the country, should it offer. Please call at 229 First avenue, front room, second floor, for two days.

WANTED—BY TWO RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMEN, situations; one as French cook; she also understands English cooking, and speaks the French and English languages fluently, the other as laundress of the first style. The best of city reference given. Apply at 197 First avenue, between Eleventh and Twelfth streets. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTESTANT young girl, a situation to assist in general housework or chamberwork. Can be seen for three days at 87 James street, second floor back room.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG GIRL, A situation to do general housework, or as chambermaid and waiter, (the latter preferred,) in some respectable family. The best of city references given. Apply at 56 Macdougal street, in the rear, second house, second floor. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, A situation as laundress, or as plain cook, washer, and ironer in a private family. Can have good reference from the family she is now living with. May be seen between the hours of 11 and 4 on Monday and Tuesday, at 19 Rutgers place.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as laundress. Can be well recommended by her last employer. Can be seen from ten to four o'clock, at 43 West Twenty-second street.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG GIRL, A situation as chambermaid or cook. She is a good plain cook and a good washer and ironer. Good reference if required. Please apply at No. 5 Bedford street, corner of Houston street, second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A YOUNG SCOTCH girl, as chambermaid, and to assist in doing the general housework of a small private family. Can be seen at 97 Charlton street, second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A VERY COMPETENT, tidy young woman, to cook, wash and iron, or to do general housework. Is an excellent cook and baker, and a first rate washer and ironer. Has the best of city reference. Would come for moderate wages, a good home being most desirable. Please call at 191½ Bowery.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE Protestant woman, as cook in a small private family; has no objection to assist in washing and ironing. Has the best of city recommendations from her last employer. Inquire at 30 Bleecker street, for two days, if not suited.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG WOMAN, a situation as wet nurse. Advertiser is a Protestant. Apply at 96 West Sixteenth street.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A NEAT, RESPECTAble girl, of genteel address, as a capable cook, and excellent washer and ironer; she understands fluting, baking, and is competent to give entire satisfaction to a small, neat, respectable family. The most unexceptionable city reference given. Please call at 229 First avenue, front room, second floor, for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION, AS SEAMSTRESS, BY THE week or permanently; understands dress and shirt making, and embroidery. Is willing to take care of a few children, or make herself otherwise useful. Has the best of city reference. Apply at 60 Prince street, or by note to E. H., Broadway Post Office.

WANTED—A SITUATION, BY A RESPECTABLE young woman, as laundress in a private family; is a first rate washer and ironer, and good plain cook. Has lived with the most respectable families in Ireland. Has no objection to go a small distance in the country. Please call at 125 East Eleventh street, basement. Can be seen for two days.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS A PROFESSED COOK, in a private family, a respectable private boarding house, by a very experienced woman, with excellent city references. Call at 74 Sixth avenue, in the book store.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE AMERICAN WOMAN, a situation as nurse and seamstress. Can give good city references. Please call at 126 Allen street, between Rivington and Delancy.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE FAMILY by a respectable tidy young girl (her present employer being about to leave the country), as chambermaid and waiter, or to take care of children. Apply at No. 106 Joralemon street, Brooklyn.

WANTED—BY A WIDOW