ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

ARRIVAL OF THE SCREW STEAMER ALPS AT BOSTON,

AND THE

CUNARD STEAMSHIP AMERICA AT HALIFAX.

All Quiet in England and France.

The Difficulty between Switzerland and Austria.

Further Arrests of Political Offenders in Lombardy and Elsewhere.

REFUGEES ON THEIR WAY TO AMERICA.

Great Fire in Cronstadt.

STATE OF THE MARKETS.

Advance in Cotton---Breadstuffs Dull,

&c., &c., &c.

THE NEWS BY THE ALPS.

The screw steamship Alps, Capt. Wickham, arrived at Boston at 11 o'clock yesterday morning, having left Liverpool on the 30th ult. She brought a large freight, chiefly on Canadian account. Her news is four days later.

Our packages by the Alps were expressed over the New Haven road, and reached this city about midnight.

The Alps reports having spoken the following vessels:—

March 30, at 6 30 P. M., off Point Lynas, the steamship Pacific, from New York 19th ult., for Liverpool.

April 6, lat. 48 29, lon. 31 26, ship Agnes, from Liverpool for Boston.

April 10, lat. 43 42, lon. 51 46, steamship Asia, from New York for Liverpool.

The R. M. steamship Cambria arrived out on Tuesday morning, the 29th March.

Nothing had occurred to counteract the favorable impression created by the pacific tendency of Eastern affairs.

Cotton shows an advance of one-sixteenth per pound, consequent upon the favorable news per Cambria from the United States. The daily sales were equal to 10,000 bales. Breadstuffs remain at about the figures quoted per Europa.

Trade at Manchester was more buoyant.

The papers received by this arrival are only to the 28th, while the circulars and letters extend to the 29th.

There is no political news of importance.

England.

A London paper affirms that there are divisions in the cabinet upon questions deeply involving important public interests, but doubts whether they will result in a break up.

There appears in the London papers an address, signed by 3,000 merchants, repudiating the general impression that there is an inimical feeling in England towards France, and expressing the desire that the long continued peace between the two countries, so beneficial to both, may continue.

The health of the Madiai family is as good as can be expected, after their late sufferings. They are still at Marseilles.

A private despatch announces that the English fleet will not leave Malta. This may be relied upon.

A rumor was very current in London, on the evening of the 29th, that her Majesty the Queen had been prematurely confined; but the rumor lacks confirmation.

France.

Letters from Paris state that the French squadron at Toulon put to sea on the 23d ult. The destination of the fleet is said to be the Archipelago, but no special service is mentioned. There is reason to believe that an unpleasant feeling has arisen out of the precipitate step taken with reference to the fleet, and that something like complaint has been heard from this government on what it terms its abandonment by England. It is said that the Emperor feels rather sorely, and that the remonstrances have not been limited even to the point in question, but to the opinion alleged to be entertained by the English cabinet on his general policy.

It is now said that the coronation will not take place before August, as the Pope cannot leave Rome before that time.

PARIS, MARCH 28, EVENING.—There is a current report that the differences between Turkey and Russia are to be referred to the arbitration of King Leopold, of Belgium. A Congress of Powers is proposed and Brussels is named as the place of conference. The Belgian ministers have had several meetings on the subject.

The *Moniteur* of March 27, publishes two imperial decrees, one of which appoints General Count Orman as Governor of the Invalids; the other calls upon General, the Duke of Plaisance, to succeed him as Grand Chancellor of the Legion of Honor.

On the evening of the 26th, the peace officer, accompanied by several agents, closed the doors of the Casino Paginini, where the *petite* Bourse has been accustomed to assemble since the year 1851.

The peace deputation from London had arrived at Paris, and been received by the Emperor.

Spain.

Advices from Madrid are to the 22d ult. The proposition made to the Cortes by M. Legun and others, for a modification of the present laws against the press, had been rejected by the Chamber of Deputies.

Italy.

Accounts from Milan to the 23d of March, state that the government of Lombardy has authorized those who served in Italy, under Napoleon, to proceed to Paris, to congratulate Napoleon III.

Letters from Rome of the 20th, bring intelligence that the Finance Committee had terminated its sittings on the 18th, and had disposed of the deficit of one million five hundred scudi, by retrenchments.

Domiciliary visits and arrests still continue with great vigor in Lombardy, Venice, Tuscany, and throughout the papal dominions.

Turkey.

PARIS, Saturday.—A telegraphic despatch from Vienna of the 25th, gives with more strength the character of the despatches from Constantinople of the 14th, saying that the Porte appears almost desirous of settling the Russian difference in an amicable manner.

The funds at Vienna are rising.

The *Pays* considers the question settled, it being stated that the note of Prince Menchikoff turned essentially upon the subject of religious protection raised by the Holy Sites, which would accordingly be settled by diplomatic negotiation.

The *Debats* argues that the day the Porte yields to Russia and Austria the right of exercising religious protection over eleven millions of her Christian subjects, her power is at an end, and the formal work of partition by the other powers of Europe a work of no distant time.

The Russian Ambassador Extraordinary was still at Constantinople.

India and China.

Later news is received. Trade was brisk at Calcutta and Bombay.

The King of Burmah was besieged in a small fortress by his younger brother, who had the whole army with him.

The Burmese troops had abandoned Pegu.

The rebellion in China was gaining ground rapidly.

Intelligence received by the overland mail, states that the embassy had arrived at India, accompanied by two missionaries.

Cape of Good Hope.

The news from the Cape of Good Hope is that peace had been proclaimed by the Governor on the 16th of February.

The provinces of Sandilli and Macomo had moved over the Kei to treat with the Governor, who will retain possession of the Amatolas.

State of the Markets.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

At London, on the 29th ult., consols were scarcely so firm, and were quoted at 99¾ to 99⅞ for money, and 99⅞ to 100 for account.

The total imports of gold for the week foot up £100,000. Several additional arrivals from Australia were daily looked for. The exports of coin to Australia, for the week, were £250,000.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The cotton market opened on Monday with a good demand, but the absence of later American advices tended to curtail operations. On Tuesday the accounts per Cambria were received, and as they reported the maintenence of a high range of prices in the American markets, and the prospect of a decided falling off in the receipts, they imparted a more buoyant tone to our market, and all classes of operators have purchased freely, establishing an advance of 1-16d. per lb. on last week's rates for the grades of middling and above. The lower qualities are abundant, and are offered freely, without change in prices. The sales of Monday were 9,000 bales, and Tuesday 10,000, of which 16,450 were American. On speculation and for export the sales were 8,000 bales. The following are the closing quotations:—

Fair Orleans	6¾d.	Atlantic Fair	6d.
Fair Mobile	6d.	Middling	5 9-16d.
Middling	5 9-16d.	Ordinary	4 a 5¼d.
Ordinary	4 a 5¼d.		

The imports for the same time amount to about 23,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL CORN MARKET.

Messrs. Wright, Gandy & Co say:—At our corn market the operations have been limited, and confined to the actual wants of consumers, without material change in prices for all descriptions.

LONDON CORN MARKET.

At the London Corn Exchange, on the 28th ult., arrivals of foreign wheat continued short, and English sold at fully last week's prices. Foreign continued very sluggish and where sales were pressed perhaps less money, would be taken. The sales of flour were still slow. Quotations—United States, 25s. a 29s.; Canadian, 25s. a 28s.

On the 29th the inquiry for flour was slow, and there was less anxiety to press sales of American, of which only 1,817 bbls. were received in the past week. Holders of wheat were more inclined to raise than lower their pretensions. Indian corn could hardly be bought on former terms.

STATE OF TRADE IN MANCHESTER.

In Manchester there has been more business doing, at rather better prices, more particularly for yarns.

THE PARIS MARKETS.

PARIS, MARCH 28, EVENING.—There was not a great deal of business transacted on the Bourse to day, but the sales effected were principally at a lower figure than the currency of Saturday. Bank stock experienced a heavy fall, this description of securities being operated in at a decline of 20 francs. For cash in the three per cents there is no change to report from the last quoted prices, but the four and a half per cents exhibit a decline of five centimes. For the account, the three per cents have fallen fifteen centimes, while the four and a half per cents remain as last reported.

The market had a generally firm appearance at the close of business. The following are the closing prices for cash:—Three per cents, 79f. 90c.; four and a-half per cents, 103f. 65c.; for account three per cents, 79f. 80c.; four and a-half per cents, 103f. 60.]

THE NEWS BY THE AMERICA.

[BY THE NOVA SCOTIA, NEW BRUNSWICK, MAINE AND RAIN LINE TO BOSTON, AND THENCE BY THE HOUSE PRINTING TELEGRAPH LINE (OFFICE 21 WALL STREET) TO NEW YORK.]

HALIFAX, April 13—P. M.

The royal mail steamship America, Capt. Lang, from Liverpool at half past two o'clock P. M., on the 2d inst., arrived here at eight o'clock this evening, bringing ninety-two passengers for Boston, and a full freight.

The steamship Washington sailed from Southampton on the 30th for New York, with 150 passengers and a large cargo.

The steamship City of Manchester also sailed on the 30th ult. from Liverpool for Philadphia.

The Collins steamship Pacific, from New York on the 19th March, arrived out off the bar at 9 P. M., on the 30th.

The steamship Great Britain arrived at Liverpool, from Australia, on the 2d April.

The Berlin police think they have discovered all the ramifications of the conspiracy in the Grand Duchy of Posen, with their headquarters in London. A rising was intended to have taken place on the 5th inst.

A telegraphic despatch from Constantinople, dated the 21st March, announces the continuation of conferences respecting the Holy places, but nothing has transpired as to the result.

Destructive fires have occurred at Cronstadt and Narva in Russia.

It was rumored that Persia had sought the protection of Russia against England.

Rangoon had been nearly destroyed by fire.

Affairs in Great Britain.

A prevailing subject of interest is a revision of the income tax, as it is known that the ministry cannot agree in their views respecting it.

A dinner and testimonial were given to Sir George Grey for his free trade exertions.

A slight shock of earthquake was experienced at Brecon, Wales, at half-past eleven on the night of the 27th March.

Another election riot had occurred at Blackburn.

The colliers of Glasgow have struck successfully for higher wages, as have also the Liverpool railway clerks and operatives. The movement had extended to Manchester, and would most probably go over the country.

At Southampton and elsewhere merchants are entering into agreements with their clerks to remain with them for a certain number of years.

All classes of employes are receiving increased remuneration.

Sixty four ships were up at Liverpool for Australia.

From Ireland the emigration sets chiefly to America.

The peace address of the London merchants does not cause them to stand high in public favor. Men of the "John Bull" stamp say they were mean Englishmen who would kneel with a petition of peace at the feet of Louis Bonaparte.

The Canada Company had held their annual meeting. Their affairs are in a flourishing state, and shows a surplus over the year's expenditure of £43,000.

Lemuel Goddard, in the sperm oil and iron trade, has resumed payment.

Arrangements are completed by the Anti Slavery Committee, to give Mrs. Stowe a public reception in Glasgow City Hall. An address will be presented, and a soiree will follow.

The French Empire.

Messrs. Rivedo, Minister from Peru, and Trojas, Minister from New Granada, were received on the 25th.

The coronation is postponed till August.

The budget of next year is much reduced by the Council of State. The proposed expenditure is within the income, with the military and naval estimates placed so low as to indicate peace.

On the 28th ult. a deputation presented to the Emperor the address of the London merchants, expressing friendly feelings to France. The Emperor replied that he had faith in the good sense of the English people. At one time last year he feared the Eglish opposition was misled respecting France. That he constantly labored to develope the prosperity of France. Her interests were not different from those of other civilized nations. Therefore he said—"Like you, I desire peace, and to make it sure, I wish, like you, to draw closer the bonds which unite our two countries."

The next day the Emperor received a deputation of the Atlantic and Pacific Junction Company.

The ambassadors from Peru and New Granada accompanied the deputation. Sir Charles Fox, President of the new company, explained the plans to the Emperor, who promised the undertaking his superintendence, and added: "I am happy to have received your deputation after that of the merchants of London, who yesterday expressed the strongest sentiments in favor of peace. These sentiments have at all times been my own."

The Legislative Corps assembled on the 30th.

M. Delaveleur, Minister to Constantinople, sailed from Marseilles on the 7th inst.

The Madiai were expected at Paris, where they will be met by a deputation of the London Bible Society.

Colonel Hughes had a private audience with the Emperor respecting the New York Exhibition. Colonel Hughes suggested the appointment of a French commissioner, and to send out articles in a ship-of-war. These suggestions were well received by the Emperor.

Pipo Rich, tried for killing the Archbishop of Paris, is acquitted of assassination, but convicted for a share in the insurrection.

Heavy commercial failures are reported at Smyrna.

In consequence of the late demonstration at Madame Raspail's funeral, the Minister of Police has sent a circular to the Prefect, to keep watch of Torizon, a socialist.

M. Manndorf, the pretended Dauphin, has enlisted as a private in the Dutch army.

The Assembly recently gave a *fête* to the Emperor and Empress.

Two hundred and fifty-seven military prisoners are pardoned, and the sentences of four hundred others have been commuted.

Paris correspondents say, "a noted refugee has set out for London."

An address to President Pierce, from the European Democratic Committee, has been forwarded by a well known agent. Some say the real object is to endeavor to procure arms for a future occasion. Probably Count Pulzsky is meant.

The Eurydice corvette had sailed for Valparaiso, and the Armida frigate Torontilla, and Duroc steamers, for Tahiti.

There was little news in Paris.

In commercial affairs, during the week, business was dull for manufacturers and storekeepers. Some manufactures are on hand for South America, but the experts to North America have nearly ceased for the present.

Business at Rouen is dull. At Lyons and St. Etienne manufacturers have orders on hand for two months to come.

Spain.

The Countess Dowager Montijo, mother of the Empress Eugenie, had arrived in Spain.

Switzerland.

The Berne Federal Council published on the 22d March their note in reply to the Austrian complaints against Ticino. The Council denies the existence of cause of complaint, and expects Austria to dismiss the matter.

The governments of Zurich and Varde decline Geneva's request to convoke the Federal Diet.

There had been an attempt at outbreak by armed peasantry at Lugan, but it was suppressed without conflict by the civil guard. A similar affair at Lucarno also miscarried. The peasantry came from Valcolla and the military had to rally.

Lombardy.

Radetzky publishes a proclamation announcing an amnesty to all concerned in the recent troubles.

The Austrian authorities have granted permission to the soldiers of Napoleon I. to pay their respects to Napoleon III.

Piedmont.

Negotiations are still going on respecting the confiscated property of naturalized Piedmontese.

Sardinia.

Austria's reply to Sardinia not being satisfactory, the Sardinian government has despatched special instructions to its minister, Count Ravel, at Vienna, stipulating final conditions—if not conceded, he was to demand his passports and quit Vienna. The Austrian authorities continue to make arrests, chiefly of Hungarians.

Eighty political refugees were shipped from Genoa for America, per steamer Giovanna, on the 26th ult.

Tuscany.

The commercial treaty between France and Tuscany went into force on the April.

From Genoa, the 27th ult., we have this dispatch:—"Rumors are rife of an insurrection in Palermo."

Prussia.

A telegraphic despatch from Berlin of the 29th ult., says a conspiracy had been discovered. Twenty persons were arrested, eighty houses searched, and arms and ammunition found. About eight persons were arrested for wearing the Calaban hat—a revolutionary symbol.

Austria.

The Archduke Albert will take the place of Radetzky in Italy.

Parcano is mentioned as the new Lasparado of Modena.

Russia.

A disastrous fire had occurred at Cronstadt. All the principal timber wharves were burned. Loss 600,000 rubles. Most of the houses in the timber trade suffered.

Fifty thousand dozen of first sort lath wood, and 100,000 rubles worth of Russian produce, had also been burned at Narin.

Armaments continue in the south of Russia, and stores for fifteen thousand men are said to have been sold at Odessa.

The presence of many Russian officers in the Archipelago Islands and Montenegro is noticed. An ukase prohibits Jews from acting as agents for Christian houses there.

Business at Odessa was stagnant.

Germanic Affairs.

The German Diet decline at present to enter into a copyright treaty with France.

Matilda Hitzfield, an American lady, was apprehended recently as an agent of the revolutionary committee, and condemned to six weeks imprisonment.

The Duke of Hesse Darmstadt, alarmed at the emigration, requests the neighboring potentates to arrest any of his subjects attempting to leave without his permission.

Denmark.

Prince Frederick Zellesing Holstein is now addressing the Danish Diet, through the *Daily News*, protesting against his brother selling the Schleswig succession to the King of Denmark.

Turkey.

The agreement between the government and the new bank was signed the 11th ult. English capitalists advance the bulk of the means.

A new tax of 1,700,000 piastres is imposed in the island of Candia.

Direct Constantinople advices to March 15 confirm that Menschikoff had not to that date presented an ultimatum.

The *Marseilles Semaphore* learns that the Russians demanded not only the revocation of the firman respecting the Holy Places, but that the Greek Patriarch should receive his *endestisae* at St. Petersburg, and that the Greek Church and clergy be wholly placed under the direction of the Czar.

Greece.

The war steamer Bellisaria arrived at Athens the 12th ult., having on board the Russian Admiral Kossoleff.

Persia.

A rumor had been circulated on the Paris Bourse that Persia had broken off diplomatic intercourse with England, with a protestation which it is not unlikely Russia will join in—but it lacks confirmation.

Morocco.

At Madrid it is announced that the Emperor of Morocco is dying, and disturbances are feared at his death.

India, China and Australia.

Later despatches from Marseilles say the India mail has China dates to the 10th, Rangoun 14th, Calcutta 19th February, and Bombay March 1st.

Rangoun had been almost totally destroyed by fire.

Australian dates, *via* Calcutta, were to January 8th, per the steamship from Port Philip. The accounts of gold were favorable—price, 69s. 9d. The miners at all the diggings number 100,000.

The political state of affairs was unaltered.

The social condition was much worse. Trade at Sydney was brisk. Flour £25 per ton, gold dust 70s. 3d. per ounce.

The Van Dieman's Land Assembly refuses to vote supplies, unless England will promise to immediately abolish penal transportation to the colonies.

Commercial Affairs.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

The market was slightly quickened by the Humboldt's and Cambria's advices, and became animated after the Pacific arrived—establishing an advance on the week of one quarter penny on all descriptions of American, except the low qualities, which were partially one eighth dearer. The sales of the week were 82,600 bales, (including 68,500 American,) 28,560 being on speculation and 14,710 for export. The sales on the 1st instant were 10,000 bales, including 3,000 on speculation—closing with less buoyancy. The following are the authorized quotations:—

	Fair.	*Middling.*
Orleans	6¾d.	5¾d.
Mobile	6¾d.	5 13 16d.
Uplands	6¾d.	5¾d.

The stock in Great Britain on the 1st April was 856,000 bales, including 552,800 American. The market on the 2d closed firmly. Compared with rates on the day previous, prices of all kinds lean to the buyer—little or nothing more. Sales to-day 2,000 bales for export and 4,000 for speculation.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN MARKET.

The corn market, during the week, had been quiet. There was a fair demand for wheat, at previous prices.

Richardson & Brothers quoted white wheat 7s. 1d. a 7s. 2d.; red Ohio, 6s. 8d. a 6s. 10d. Flour offered more freely, at a decline of 6d. a 9d.; Philadelphia and Baltimore, 24s. a 26s.; Ohio, 24s.; Western canal, 22s. a 23s. Inferior descriptions very difficult of sale. Indian corn was in fair demand, chiefly for Ireland. Yellow being scarce, was sold at full prices. Makin & Son quote it at 31s. White being in better supply, declined 6d.; outside quotations, 30s. Cloverseed dull, and reported nominally 52s. Imports] were small, but a change of wind to the westward was expected to bring up further arrivals.

NOTE.—The charge for porterage is increased, say 20 per cent, owing to the strike of corn porters and other workmen.

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET.

The stock of beef was rapidly accumulating, and dealers were holding off for yet lower rates. Fine qualities are held firmly, but there were eager sellers of inferior at a considerable reduction.

Gardiner & Co. quote prime mess at 92s. 6d. a 110s.; ordinary, 90s.; Cleveland brands sold at 90s. a 95s. Pork quiet but firm, stock moderate and deliveries good; Eastern prime mess sells at 84s. a 88s., chiefly the medium rate; Western, 80s. a 82s. 6d. Bacon in small supply and inquired for; middling Western is quoted at 52s. The market is bare of cheese; buyers offer 56s. for prime. Lard—100 tcns sold at 50s. a 51s.

APPLES—A small business in Russets and Baldwins at 21s. for inferior, and 24s. for the better qualities.

TALLOW moderately active, at unchanged prices, 40s. for Y. C. Linseed cake is in limited demand at previous rates.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.

ASHES were in moderate demand. 400 bbls, sold at 26s. 6d. for pots; 27s. 6d. for pearls.

BARK moved in retail quantities only.

COFFEE was in limited request. [40s. 6d. for St. Domingo and 62s. 6d. for Maracaibo, were outside quotations.

DYEWOODS.—There were moderate sales of logwood at £7 7s. 6d. a £8 for Campeachy, and £6 10s. for St. Domingo. 200 tons seaport fustic brought £5 10s. a £5 12s. 6d.

GUANO.—Peruvian was active at £10 10s.

NAVAL STORES.—There were no sales of turpentine or tar. Spirits of turpentine was quiet and nominally 63s. Rosin was in steady, though not brisk demand; sales 2,000 bbls. at 4s. 9d. for common and 11s. for fine.

OILS.—Sales of palm at 33s. Seal was unchanged. Rape demanded 38s. a 39s.

RICE was in fair demand; 300 tierces Carolina brought 21s.

SUGAR.—There was no change and little doing—white Pernambuco 21s., yellow 23s.

MOLASSES was in good demand, and a large business had been done. A cargo of muscovado sold at 18d.

TEA was quiet—dealers were waiting offers on new stock.

JUTE.—A large sale for speculation, at a considerable advance, not divulged.

TOBACCO.—A good business was done throughout March, though not so buoyant as in February; prices were fully sustained; sales 1,200 hhds.

THE LONDON MARKETS.

Baring & Brothers report that the colonial and foreign markets reopened on Wednesday, the 30th ult., with their previous activity, but with more general disposition to realize on the part of holders, cotton excepting, which was active and one-fourth of a penny dearer.

In coffee the demand had quite subsided for the moment.

RICE is again 3d. a 6d. lower, with few buyers.

TEA is very firm, holders insisting on extreme rates.

SUGAR is depressed from a temporary overstock; holders remain firm, but the demand appears to have sensibly diminished.

TURPENTINE—1,100 bbls. rough sold at 13s. 6d.; middling is worth 12s. 9d. Spirits 59s.

TALLOW is firmer and in more demand.

OILS.—Sperm firm, at £90 a £92; olive much reduced to £9 10s a £10 5s.

LARD is neglected at 50s., being the outside price for Western.

COPPER.—Prices of English are maintained, but the demand has diminished.

LEAD is very quiet. Lower prices must be taken to effect sales.

TIN is dull and quotations lower—plates freely offered at 27s.; J. C. cake, 35s.

IRON trade is quiet, with rather a downward tendency. Common bars, £8 5s. a £8 10s.; rails, £8 10s. a £8 15s.; Scotch pig firmer; good American brands mixed, 54s. for cash.

THE GLASGOW MARKETS.

The coin trade has ruled firmly through the week, but the demand for American breadstuffs has been only in retail. The business in beef and pork has been unimportant. Sales of cheese to arrive, 56s. Market bare of hams and shoulders. Sales of 100 bbls. lard, 54s. a 56s., but now lower. Tallow steady at last week's rates.

The market bare of sperm oil. A large parcel of pale seal, returned from New York, brought £36 10s. Rosin improving, several lots of medium quanged hands at 7s. Common much wanted. Asnes quiet, at 27s. for pots, and 28s. per pearls. Bark saleable at former quotations. Rice 1s. easier, with little demand. Sale of a parcel of linseed cake, at £10 10s. from second hands.

STATE OF TRADE AT MANCHESTER.

The demand for yarns and other descriptions of goods continues, with more business on the part of sellers, whilst heavy cloths are dull and in limited request at last week's prices.

THE HAVRE MARKET.

HAVRE, March 30, 1853.

Sales of cotton for the week about 9,000 bales. A good deal is going into the interior, on landing. Imports of the week 10,000 bales. Stock on hand 59,000 bales, including 57,000 American, say 86 francs.

[Some mischievous persons having broken the line three several times on Wednesday, between Sackville and Truro, N. S., our eastern agents were compelled to send our report of the America's news between those two points by horse express—distance about eighty miles. Hence the delay in the reception of the news, which reached us at a late hour last night.—REP.]

Coroners' Inquests.

CAUTION TO STAGE DRIVERS—DEATH OF THE PROPRIETOR OF THE NORTHERN HOTEL.

Mr. James Harrison, late proprietor of the Northern Hotel, in Cortlandt street, died at ten o'clock yesterday evening, from the effects of injuries received on the evening of the 28th of February last, by being run over by one of Finch, Sanderson & Co.'s stages, in Broadway, near John street. The occurrence was noticed by us at the time it took place. Mr. Harrison is said to have been the oldest hotel proprietor in the city. He kept the Northern Hotel for about thirty-five years, and was widely known. He was born in Ireland, and was sixty three years of age. The driver of the stage, Edward McKinney, was arrested shortly after Mr. Harrison was run over, and is still in custody, awaiting the result of a Coroner's inquisition, which will be held to-day.

FOUND DROWNED.

Coroner Gamble held an inquest yesterday, at the foot of Albany street, North river, upon the body of an unknown man, found in the dock at that place. The deceased was about five feet eight inches in height, was stout built, and had dark brown hair. He was dressed in a light cloth sack, dark pants, muslin shirt, white woollen undershirt, and brogans. The jury rendered a verdict of death by drowning.

Domestic Miscellany.

At Lancaster, Ky., on the 4th inst., Jack May walked into a barroom where Joseph Murphy was sitting, pulled out a pistol and shot him through the head with two balls, killing him instantly. The villain then fled.

A man named George Berrel shot Constantine Van Liew, in open day, in one of the most business streets in Cincinnati, on the 9th inst. Van Liew fell instantly dead.

Personal Intelligence.

At the Astor House, Major Scott, U. S. A.; Major Henry, do.; Pierce Butler, Philadelphia; Jas. C. Kennedy, Albany; Col. Greene, California; Hon. T. Smith, Washington; Mr. J. D. Bright, Indiana.

Hon. Joseph R. Ingersoll, having recovered from his late indisposition, contemplates making a tour through Europe. He will sail on the 15th May.

DISTINGUISHED PERSONS IN NEW ORLEANS.—Among the many notables in New Orleans, on the 7th instant, were his Excellency Governor Herbert, of Louisiana; Hon. Mr. Gayarre, late Secretary of State of Louisiana; Hon. Isaac E. Morse, Attorney General of Louisiana; Hon. C. M. Conrad, ex-Secretary of War; Hon. J. P. Benjamin, U. S. Senator from Louisiana; Major Gen. Quitman; Major Gen. Patterson, of Pennsylvania; General Lane, Governor of Oregon; Thomas F. Meagher, Esq; George D. Prentice, Esq., editor of the *Louisville Journal;* the Hon. George W. Jones, of Tennessee, and Col. Tompkins, U. S. A., so well remembered as the head of the U. S. Quarter Masters Department in New Orleans, during the Mexican war.

General Winfield Scott, Washington; Hon. William M. Gwin, U. S. Senator from California; Attorney General Chatfield, Albany; Major Merchant, U. S. army, arrived in this city yesterday, and are stopping at the Metropolitan Hotel.

Stock Sales.

PHILADELPHIA, April 14.—Reported by Keen & Taylor.—*First Board*—$5000 Penna 5's, 96¾; 212 do, '54, 96¾; 2100 do, 97; 1000 St Louis 6's, '63, 100; 2000 Reading RR 6's, '70, b5, 89¾; 2000 Cam & Amb RR 6's, '83, 2d, 99; 1000 Pittsburg Coupon 6's, '83, 101½; 1000 Lehigh 6's, '70, b5wn, 98¾; 1000 Reading RR Mort 6's, '43, b5, 92¾; 25 shs Penna RR, 51¾; 100 Long Island RR, cash, 19¼; 50 do, b5, 19¾; 200 do, 19¼; 900 do, b5, 19⅜; 74 Cam & Amb RR, s5wn, 150; 100 Schuyl Nav Pref, 31½; 100 Morris Canal, 22¾; 100 do, b5, 22¾; 45 Beaver Meadow RR, 35; 150 Girard Bank, 14⅜; 32 do, 14½; 4 Union Bank, Tennessee, b5, 98; 90 United States Bank, b5, 4¾. *Between Boards*—$500 Penna 5's, s5, 96¾; 700 shs Long Island RR, 19¾; 200 do, cash, 19¾; 50 do, 2d, 19¾; 100 Schuyl Nav Pref, b5, 31¾; 200 Morris Canal, b5, 22¾; 500 do, s5, 22¾. *Second Board*—$5000 Schuyl Nav 6's, '82, b5, 82; 800 Kensington 6's, '67, 96½; 1 share Penn RR, 51¼; 20 do, 51¾; 6 Cam & Amb RR, s5wn, 150; 300 Long Island RR, 19¾; 50 Norristown RR, 52¾; 50 do, b5, 52¾; 35 Schuyl Nav, 23; 25 Bank of Kentucky, 110; 250 U S Bank, 4¼. *After Board*—100 shs Morris Canal, s5, 22¾; 200 do, b5wn, 23; 300 do; s5, 23; 500 do, b5, 23. Market steady.

Court Calendar—This Day.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Nos. 25, 28, 34 to 40, 42.

SUPREME COURT—Circuit—Part First.—Nos. 1,386, 756, 1,485, 336, 492, 267, 37, 294, 405, 440, 528, 529, 531, 532, 533. Part Second.—Calendar same as Monday last.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Nos. 68, 7, 16, 27, 74, 22 59, 76, 82, 84 to 89.

COMMON PLEAS—Part First.—Nos. 319, 419, 446, 661, 684, 688, 700, 748 to 755. Part Second.—Nos. 756 to 765, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771.

SUPERIOR COURT, (two branches.)—Nos. 205¼, 244, 239, 263, 219, 277, 191. 192, 203, 226, 229, 300, 301, 304, 308, 317, 319, 132, 262, 323, 327, 329, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335½, 283, 287, 305, 320, 336, 337, 338, 339, 341, 342, 344.

Married.

In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, April 13, by the Rev. Mr. Nye, Mr. BENJAMIN T. ROBBINS, of San Francisco, to Miss ABIGAIL M. SMITH, of the former place.

San Francisco papers please copy.

On Saturday, April 9, by the Rev. James Millett, at his residence, No. 308 Broome street, Mr. EDWARD GEORGE FULLERTON to Miss MARY ELIZABETH HODGKINSON, all of this city.

At the Clinton Hotel, in this city, on Thursday, April 14, by Judge Green, Mr. VERUS WOODIN, of Hampden, Conn., to Mrs. JENET PENTZ, of Seymour, Conn.

On Wednesday, April 13, by the Rev. Dr. Burchard, Dr. A. P. DALRYMPLE to ELLEN E. HUTCHINGS, daughter of Chas. S. Hutchings, all of this city.

On Wednesday morning, April 6, by the Rev. Mr. Hovey, Mr. WILLIAM GEE, of this city, to Miss SARAH M., only daughter of Mr. J. B. Gelile, formerly of Providence, Saratoga Co., N. Y.

Died.

On Tuesday, April 12, THOMAS MARSTON BEARE, Jun.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of his father, No. 207 Tenth street, without further invitation.

On Wednesday, April 13, EDWIN, youngest son of Joseph M. and Ann Eliza Hill, aged 2 years, 6 months and 22 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from No. 80 Fifth street, this afternoon, at two o'clock. His remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery.

Death came, when least expected nigh,
And in a moment bore away
Our lovely boy to realms on high,
To dwell in an eternal day.

On Wednesday, April 13, MICHAEL LYNCH, aged 60 years, a native of Castle Martyr, county Cork, Ireland.

His friends, and those of his sons, Lawrence and Michael, also of his son-in-law, Miles Sullivan, are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 262 Mott street, this afternoon, at two o'clock.

On Wednesday morning, April 13, THOMAS SWORDS EVERS, aged 27 years and 10 months, eldest son of John Evers.

His relatives, friends and acquaintances, and those of the family, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral services, without special notice, at St. Thomas' Church, this afternoon, at 4 o'clock, precisely.

On Thursday, April 14, CAROLINE AUGUSTA MEAD, daughter of Walter H. Mead, aged 9 years, 11 months and 14 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the Jane Street Methodist Episcopal Church, on Sunday afternoon, at 2 o'clock. Her remains will be taken to Greenwood Cemetery for interment.

On Thursday, April 14, after a short and severe illness, LAURA PAMELA, infant daughter of John E. and Eliza A. Phillips, aged 7 months and 17 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, No. 38 Rutgers street, this afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

Sleep on, sweet babe, and take thy rest;
God call'd thee home—He thought it best.

On Thursday morning, April 14, LYDIA M., daughter of Charles Webb, aged 19 years.

The friends of the family are requested to attend her funeral, on Sunday afternoon, at half-past one o'clock, from her late residence, No. 422 Broome street, without further invitation. Her remains will be interred in Cypress Hills Cemetery.

On Wednesday, April 13, HENRIETTA R., youngest daughter of Chauncy and Anna St. John, aged 1 year, 2 months and 5 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this afternoon, at two o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 138 Eldridge street.

On Thursday, April 14, of congestion of the lungs, JACOB J. SIMOSON, aged 34 years, 2 months and 3 days.

His relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, this afternoon, at two o'clock, from the residence of his mother, No. 63 Ridge street.

On Thursday, April 14, JAMES HARRISON, in the 62d year of his age.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, Northern Hotel, foot of Cortlandt street, on Sunday afternoon, at two o'clock.

On Thursday, April 14, SUSAN B., widow of the late John Morrison, aged 73 years.

The friends of the family, and of her late son-in-law, Dr. A. T. Hunter, are invited to attend her funeral, this afternoon, at five o'clock, from the First Presbyterian Church, corner of Fifth avenue and Eleventh street, without further invitation.

On Thursday, April 14, BENJAMIN SHEVILL TONGE, only son of Herbert C. and Emily Tonge, aged 5 years, 5 months and 15 days.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from the residence of Mr. D. W. C. Langdon, No. 36 Talman street, Brooklyn.

New Haven papers please copy.

In Brooklyn, on Thursday morning, April 14, of inflammation of the lungs, ELEANOR AUGUSTA, daughter of Alfred and Ellen Emanuel, in the fourth year of her age.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock, from No. 42 Johnson street.

On Wednesday, April 13, after a short illness, Mr. EDMUND K. BROWN, aged 25 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 76 Hoyt street, Brooklyn, at which his friends, and those of his family, are invited to attend, this afternoon, at 3 o'clock.

At Aquackanonk, N. J., on Thursday afternoon, April 14, after a few days illness, Mrs. RACHAEL VAN VORST, widow of Jasper Van Vorst, aged 66 years, 10 months and 25 days.

Her friends, also the friends of the family, are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her daughter, Mrs. H. I. Kip, to morrow afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

Paterson railroad trains leave Jersey City at 12.45 P. M., and returns at 4 P. M.

At Croton, on Wednesday, April 13, ARMENIA, wife of John Cocks.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, at Croton, this morning, at 11 o'clock.

At Orange, N. J., on Wednesday, April 13, Mr. WM. H. LORTON.

His friends are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, this afternoon, at one o'clock.

At Patchogue, Long Island, on Monday, April 11, GEORGE W., only child of Wm. M. and Elizabeth F. Saxton, aged 2 months and 11 days.

MARITIME INTELLIGENCE.

Movements of Ocean Steamers.

NAME.	LEAVES	FOR	DATE.
Washington	Southampton	New York	Mar 30
America	Liverpool	Boston	Apl 2
Pacific	Liverpool	New York	Apl 6
Atlantic	New York	Liverpool	Apl 16
Europa	New York	Liverpool	Apl 20
Illinois	New York	Aspinwall	Apl 20
Prometheus	New York	San Juan	Apl 20
Washington	New York	Bremen	Apl 23
Black Warrior	New York	Hav. & Mobile	Apl 25
Union	New York	Aspinwall	May 5
Golden Age	New York	Australia	abt May 15

ALMANAC FOR NEW YORK—THIS DAY.

SUN RISES	5 23	MOON RISES	morn — —
SUN SETS	6 37	HIGH WATER	morn — —

Port of New York, April 14, 1853.

CLEARED.

Ship—Jessore, Cobb, New Orleans, Eagle & Hazard.

Barks—Minna (Brem), Denker, London, Meyer & Stucken; Evelyn, Richborn, St Jago, Peck & Church; Montezuma, Hanson, Demarara, S Tuttle; Kate Anderson, Liniken, St Jago, H D