FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET.

TUESDAY, July 5—6 P. M.

The stock market, after two days rest, opened dull and heavy this morning. There was a pretty general decline in prices, and a very moderate demand for the fancies. At the first board Canton Co., fell off ¼ per cent; Florence and Keyport, ¼; Harlem, ¼; New Haven Railroad, ¼; Crystal Palace, 3; Nicaragua Transit advanced ¾ per cent; Indiana 5's ¼; Erie Bonds, 1871, ¼. McCullock sold at Saturday's prices. Florence and Keyport has not improved any since the recent sale of lots. This is contrary to general anticipation; good prices were obtained for those sold, and the effect must, ultimately, be very favorable and satisfactory. Nicaragua remains steady at our quotations. The combination to put it up has not worked very well thus far. All the coal stocks continue quiet; Erie Railroad is much neglected. There is no demand for the stock from any source, for any purpose. It will soon commence gradually settling down, and must ultimately touch very low points.

At the Mining board to day, the sales were as follows:—

50 shs Fulton copper...	1¾	700 shs Phenix Gold..	1¼		
100 Mineral copper.....	3	500 do....	b60	1½	
100 do do....	b30	3½			

The transactions in mining stocks, privately, are daily very heavy, and the public mind is getting fairly awake to the importance of the movement in mining stocks generally. Several new companies have been organized, and from developements recently made, one of them at least will soon be brought out under most favorable auspices. We allude to the Manassas Copper Company. More recent explorations have shown that this company have several immense veins of the red oxyd and green carbonate of copper. These discoveries have stimulated the managers to greater exertions, and arrangements have already been made to place the mine at once into active operation. It is estimated by several distinguished geologists, that there are on the surface from three to five hundred tons of the red oxyd of copper, which can be easily collected and sent to market. The proceeds of this would suffice to put the mine in admirable working order. There probably never was an instance before known where copper ore enough was found on the surface to a new mine to pay the current expenses of developing it.

The receipts at the office of the Assistant Treasurer of this port, to-day, amounted to $209,762 39; payments, $65,469 53—balance, $7,636,506 93.

The City Comptroller has given notice that the interest on the public stocks of this city, due on the 1st of August, will be paid on that day by F. W. Edmonds, the Chamberlain, at his office in the Mechanics' Bank.

A. J. Hamilton, Esq., recently Deputy Collector and Public Storekeeper of the Port, has been elected Secretary of the McCullock Gold and Copper Mining Company.

The Butchers and Drovers Bank has declared a semi-annual dividend of five per cent; the New York Dry Dock Company, four per cent; the Knickerbocker Bank, four per cent; the Waterbury (Ct.) Bank, four per cent; the Paterson and Hudson River Railroad, three and a half per cent; the Burnet Bank of Syracuse has declared a semi-annual dividend of four per cent; the Bank of Georgetown, S. C., eight per cent semi annual.

The receipts of the Morris Canal Company from tolls this season up to the 25th of June amounted to $72,773 52, against $45,440 90 to the 26th of June in 1852, showing an increase this year of $27,332 42—equal to about sixty per cent.

The Liberty (Md.) *News* states that quite a quantity of silver ore is found mixed with the recent raising of copper at the Dollyhide copper mine, in Frederick county. In value it bears the proportion of about $50 to the ton—equal to an addition of nearly 20 per cent. It is thought the vein will continue to yield it for a long while.

The amount of treasury notes outstanding on the 1st of July was $115,311 64, of which $104,011 64 was of issues under acts prior to the 22d July, 1846.

The movements of produce, &c., at Oswego during the month of June, and up to the 1st of July, in each of the past three seasons, have been as annexed:—

LAKE COMMERCE OF OSWEGO—IMPORTS OF PRODUCE.

	1851.	1852.	1853.
Flour, bbls	28,226	47,309	56,631
Wheat, bu	412,727	837,032	756,354
Corn	174,921	254,689	145,619
Oats	32,303	20,161	10,833
Ashes, bbls	949	488	498
Lumber, feet	13,059,679	15,558,432	21,826,595

Imports of the following articles from the opening of navigation to July 1, for three seasons, compare as follows:—

	1851.	1852.	1853.
Flour, bbls	200,082	128,299	193,064
Wheat, bu	904,986	1,725,281	1,599,021
Corn, bu	507,774	422,661	274,609
Ashes, bbls	3,925	1,195	1,843
Lumber, ft	26,405,707	29,304,202	54,132,996

In breadstuffs the receipts this season have been less than to the same date last year. The arrivals of lumber show an immense increase. At Buffalo, the lake receipts of breadstuffs have been, this year, considerably less than last.

On the 30th of June, 1853, the Bank of Georgetown, S. C., presented the following exhibit:—Capital, $300,000; circulation, $360,551; deposits, $61,158; specie and balances due by banks in New York and Charleston, $236,873; loans and discounts, $147,591.

The following are the returns of the bituminous coal trade to the 25th instant, as derived from the Cumberland *Miners' Journal*:—

The amount carried to market this week was 9,912 tons, of which 7,043, including the amount from George's Creek, went by railroad, and 2,869 by canal. The strike at the mines is at an end, and the miners are at work all through the region, although it cannot be expected that the business will again become regular until after the fourth of July. The canal has an abundant supply of water upon the upper levels, but it is said there is a leak near dam No. 6, which has stopped a number of boats, and hence the small amount of coal sent forward for the week. Amount from the region for the year, 205,169 tons, of which 129,807 tons went by railroad, and 75,362 by canal. This includes the coal sent from George's Creek since the opening of that valley.

The annexed statement exhibits the quantity and value of merchandise other than dry goods, imported into this port during the week ending and including Friday, July 1, 1853.—

COMMERCE OF THE PORT OF NEW YORK—WEEKLY IMPORTS.

	Quan.	Val.		Quan.	Val.
Artists' mat's.	2	$844	Ale	459	$3,689
Baskets	15	1,350	Brandy	1,020	43,975
Books	28	5,025	Cordials	4	192
Bottles	—	2,057	Gin	30	1,237
Bricks, M	10	226	Rum	55	1,997
Brictles	9	2,354	Metals—		
Brushes	18	3,432	Copper	52	4,820
Buttons	37	11,973	Sheathing	209	5,005
Cheese	92	984	Percussion caps	23	4,664
China ware	20	4,309	Iron, tons	1,509	54,523
Segars	540	89,963	Pig iron	473	7,275
Coal, tons	556	1,490	R. R. bars	11,567	97,142
Coffee	910	8,173	Scrap, tons	210	3,645
Corks	48	260	Sheet, pkgs	3,149	13,038
Daguerr. plates	19	360	Chains	103	12,909
Drugs—			Cutlery	65	30,405
Aniseed	21	478	Guns	97	11,127
Ammonia	30	2,188	Hardware	507	48,699
Arrowroot	20	95	Nails	171	579
Barilla	6,820	4,184	Needles	3	1,519
Bal. copavia	160	1,063	Saddlery	28	6,545
" tolu	96	1,520	Wire	110	1,271
Bleach powders	40	563	Lead	7,853	29,707
Bicarb soda	6,254	25,631	Plated ware	18	3,723
Chicory	79	1,031	Old metal	—	2,495
Chlorodyne	48	641	Steel	450	10,694
Cochineal	16	4,419	Tin	9,689	71,205
Cream tartar	2	409	Zinc	330	17,165
Madder	13	1,417	Molasses	2,179	35,925
Licorice paste	561	4,098	Mustard	355	660
Oil vitriol	7	109	Oils—		
Quinine	1	247	Linseed	188	14,03
Soda	864	7,573	Paints	506	597
Soda ash	204	5,507	Paper	113	6,585
Sugar lead	45	3,065	Do. hangings	11	2,373
Tonqua beans	5	307	Perfumery	40	5,212
Vermillion	2	766	Pipes	3,672	1,731
Dyewoods—			Platter, tons	440	415
Logwood, tons	111	1,642	Porte monnaies	7	2,753
Earthenware	519	13,864	Rags	137	983
Engravings	5	5,078	Rattans	50	92
Fruit—			Salt, sacks	15,069	10,000
Plums	16	405	Sauces	85	1,691
Pineapples	—	3,164	Shells	66	919
Furs	26	11,139	Spices—		
Furniture	18	2,665	Ginger	40	223
Glass	1,850	3,548	Stationery	25	3,926
Plate glass	128	19,161	Sugar	16,548	364,601
Glassware	66	6,858	Tea	16,581	112,668
Glue	9	227	Tobacco	967	18,473
Grindstones	84	594	Toys	96	8,525
Hair manufd.	3	2,445	Watches	35	39,858
Honey	122	2,066	Wool—		
Instruments—			Mahogany	40	283
Musical	32	5,963	Wool—Waste	122	2,439
Optical	3	3,412	Wines—	2,187	21,334
India Rubber	—	1,879	Champagne	1,855	12,414
Jewelry	27	17,800	Goods for Crystal Palace Exhibition	238	42,942
Leather	4	2,020			
Boots & shoes	3	2,119			
Dressed skins	48	15,968			
Undressed do	—	84,729	Other imports	43	4,175

Value of merchandise put on the market, for the week ending July 1, 1853	$1,608,411
Do. dry goods, do. do.	1,807,028
Total	$3,415,439

The leading items of import during the past week were as follows:—Segars, $89,903; undressed skins, $84,729 brandy, $43,975; iron, $54,523; railroad iron, $97,142; hardware, $48,699; tin, $71,204; molasses, $35,925; sugar, $364,601; tea, $112,668; watches, $39,858; goods for Crystal Palace exhibition, $42,942.

The President of the McCullock Gold and Copper Mining Company returned from the mines last week, and has made a report to the stockholders, which we annex. Mr. Wolfe appears to be perfectly enraptured with what he saw on the company's property, and has formed most sanguine anticipations regarding the result of the operations about being commenced. The daily yield of the mines at present is so great and so profitable that large dividends must be earned the first twelve months. We have no doubt the most extensive system of operations will be adopted in working the gold and copper veins of this company, and that results will be shown that will astonish the people of the old Rip Van Winkle State, where all this mineral wealth has lain hidden for ages. The supply of copper from the mines of North Carolina will, in a few years, be very great, and ultimately the production of this metal from mines within our own limits will be so great that we shall not be compelled to go abroad for the bulk of our consumption. The report of Mr. Wolfe will richly repay a careful perusal.

NEW YORK, July 2, 1853.

TO THE STOCKHOLDERS OF THE M'CULLOCK GOLD AND COPPER MINING COMPANY:—

Gentlemen—On the 10th day of June last I was elected President of your company and entered at once upon the duties of the office. Upon accepting the trust confided to me I considered it proper to personally visit your property, and become practically acquainted with its location, its position, and its prospects. For that purpose I left this city for North Carolina on the 18th June. On Wednesday, the 22d, I arrived at Greensboro, with ten experienced Cornish miners. We at once proceeded to the mines, and entered immediately upon a thorough examination of the works. I entered all the shafts, all the levels, and made myself perfectly acquainted with the operations of the miners. All the information I could learn from the miners I availed myself of, but I determined from the start to be governed entirely by my own judgment, and shall, therefore, give you the result of my individual investigations. It is my firm belief that not one-half of the richness and extent of this immense mineral property has ever been imagined, much less realized. It is impossible for me to describe to you the effect upon my mind produced by the exhibition of such enormous masses of copper ore. My ideas had become pretty extravagant previous to my departure from this city, but they were immeasurably more than realized. It is true, that I had never before seen anything of the kind, but my wildest anticipations were considerably exceeded.

Upon entering the premises of the company, I found the surface literally covered with stacks of copper ore. I should think there were at least three hundred tons, ready for putting into barrels or sacks for market. This copper ore will average about twenty eight per cent in richness, and can be placed in this or any other northern port, at an expense of not over ten dollars per ton. It is worth, and can be sold at any moment for $150 per ton, cash. This will give an aggregate of $45,000. I have given direction to have this ore prepared for market, and shall have it shipped for Baltimore, where it will net the company the greatest profit. I also found on the surface immense heaps of fresh gold ore, just as it came from the mines, and vast piles of tailings or refuse, from the workings of the gold crushing machines during the previous twenty-seven years. It is estimated by those acquainted with such matters, that there are at least one hundred thousand bushels of fresh ore, and three hundred thousand bushels of tailings on the ground ready for the application of the most approved machinery of the day for the extraction of gold. There are only two Chilian mills now on the company's property. I have ordered the construction of ten more, which will make a force of twelve mills, capable of crushing 45 bushels of ore each per day. These mills will therefore crush 540 bushels of fresh gold ore during twenty-four hours. The yield of this ore for many years past, in the ordinary Chilian mills, has been on an average $2 75 per bushel. At this rate the aggregate yield of twelve Chilian mills will be $1,485 per day. The tailings must be worked with the most improved machinery known. For that purpose I have ordered two of Berdan's and one of Gardiner's crushing machines. These will work up on an average one thousand bushels per day, which will yield at the rate of $2 per bushel, an aggregate of $2,000 every twenty-four hours' operation. This makes a grand total of $3,485, (three thousand four hundred and eighty-five dollars,) from the production of gold alone. In this calculation I have taken facts for my data, and those derived entirely from the operations of machinery under my immediate supervision.

We have already shown that fresh gold ore, from the McCullock mine, crushed and amalgamated in Gardiner's machine, in this city, yielded upwards of $12 per bushel. In estimating the product I have confined myself to the result realized from our old fashioned Chilian mills. You will see by this, that near the whole capital of the company, will be returned to the stockholders from the production of gold from materials now on the surface, actually in sight and available.

The cost of obtaining such an immense yield, is comparatively so insignificant as to be hardly worth attending to here. The daily expense of working these Chilian mills would be under $50. We have ten negros in the gold mines, each receives $150 per annum, with which he provides himself with board, lodging, and clothing. We have made a contract for these men, upon these terms, for a long time, and they are among the best laborers at the mines. They are industious, tractable, and appear to thoroughly understand the business in which they are engaged. I have arranged for double our present force of negroes, which will be sufficient for the most efficient operations upon our gold veins.

From this statement you can form a pretty good idea of the value of the company's property above ground. Below the surface, the mineral wealth exceeds anything ever imagined. I never before realized that nature had concentrated in such immense masses such valuable minerals. Upon descending to the first, or what is called the sixty foot level, one enormous mass of copper ore met the eye in every direction. As far as the eye could extend, a bright, glittering body of copper ore was exhibited. I entered upon levels extending about fifteen hundred feet, exposing the rich magnificent veins of copper and gold the entire distance. There are twelve shafts, varying in depth from sixty to ninety feet. The veins dip to the southwest at an angle of about forty-five degrees, and range from eight to twenty feet in thickness, as stated by Professor Jackson in his report. The miners think that, as they extend downwards, they will become more perpendicular. The evidences are in favor of a permanent yield, to any extent force may be applied. From six of the shafts already opened, the miners are daily extracting copper. Three negros in one shaft are now taking out about ten tons of copper ore per day. As soon as we get our steam engines in working order, we shall raise ore from each of the twelve shafts. I am confident of having all our machinery in operation in less than four months, when our product of copper ore, of full twenty-eight per cent in richness, will average fifty tons per day. This is at the rate of only about four tons from each shaft.

You must bear in mind that the McCullock mine has been worked for more than twenty seven years. The shafts and levels have been opened and operated upon the most scientific principles, and they are in such perfect order, that one hundred men could be placed advantageously at work, underground, in less than twenty-four hours. It would require an expenditure of at least three hundred thousand dollars of capital, and upwards of two years time, to place a new mine, equally rich and favorably located, in the same position the McCullock is at this moment. We have this advantage, at least, over all others in this country. In less than thirty days from the date of possession, we shall have delivered the one hundred tons of copper ore sold at auction on the 20th of June, and have as much more on the way to market. The actual expense of mining and marketing a ton of copper ore from the McCullock mine will not exceed $16 (sixteen) per ton. That figure is the outside, covering every expenditure. The ore will average in richness about twenty-eight per cent, worth in this market $4 50 for each per cent. This will give $126 per ton gross, or net $110 per ton. At the rate of yield named above, (50 tons per day,) a net income of $5,500 per day will be realized from our copper ore.

By this you will see that we have an immensely valuable property. If my estimates are considered extravagant, there is a wide margin for reduction, without bringing the result below most productive points. On our capital of $1,000,000 enormous dividends must be realized, and to what height or premium the market value of the stock will reach is a question that cannot be determined for years. The par value of mining shares is merely nominal. For the purpose of showing what advances have been paid upon the shares of mining companies established in England, I give a table selected from the London *Mining Journal* of a recent date:—

	Paid in	Present price
Condurrow, copper	£20	£105
Cornystwith, lead	60	190
Devon Great Consols, copper	1	490
East Wheal Rose, silver lead	50	290
Great Work, tin	100	200
Lisbourne, lead	75	660
North Pool, copper	22½	220
Par Consols, copper	1¾	17¼
Penrix, copper	50	240
South Tolgus, copper	16	190
Wheal Basset, copper	10¼	55
Wheal, Buller, copper	5	750
Wicklow, copper	4	36½
United mines, copper	80	350

There will suffice to show the result of copper mining operations in Great Britain. Within our own limits we have many instances equally satisfactory. The celebrated Cliff Mine of Lake Superior is selling at $190 per share on only $18 paid. The Minnesota at $210 share on $12 paid in. The amount paid in on the stock of the McCullock Company is $5 per share, and the market price is $7, an advance of only twenty per cent, while those named above show an advance ranging from five hundred to one thousand per cent. The McCullock Company have in its treasury forty seven thousand shares of stock unissued, which at the current price would yield the sum of three hundred and twenty-nine thousand dollars ($329,000)—nearly one-third of its entire nominal capital. This divided among its stockholders would give a dividend of fifty per cent, without one dollar from its production of gold and copper ore.

In submitting this statement to the stockholders I do so with the most perfect confidence in its correctness. Everything I have anticipated can with proper management be realized, and there is no difficulty, with your co-operation, in administering the affairs of the company in such a manner as will insure results full as brilliant as those I have predicted. It is my firm belief that there is nothing on this continent in the shape of a mining enterprise that will compare in position, prospect, and resources, with those of the McCullock Copper and Gold Company, and I congratulate you upon being the proprietors of such a magnificent mineral estate.

Very respectfully, yours, N. H. WOLFE.

Stock Exchange.

$1000 U S 6's '62	116	100 Cumb Coal Co	s60 48¼
1000 U S 6's '67	122¼	150 do	48¼
500 do	121½	500 N Crk Coal Co	s90 2¾
20000 Indiana St 5's	99¼	100 do	s3 2¾
3000 Ind Canal pf 5's	30	100 Hud Riv RR	s30 72
2500 California 7's '70	93	125 Parker Coal Co	32¾
2000 Erie Income Bds	99¾	100 do	s60 32¾
3000 E RR C Bs '71	s3 98¾	200 do	b30 33
7000 N J Cen RR Bds	100	50 do	32¾
30 shs Bowery Bank	112	200 do	32½
10 Commerce'l'th Bk	100¾	100 do	b60 33¼
100 Del & Hud Canal	120	100 do	33¾
400 Morris Canal	s3 20¾	200 Phenix Mg Co	s30 22¾
70 N Y & N H RR	b3 167¼	100 do	b30 23
860 Canton Co	s60 29	350 McCul Gld Mine	s3 7¼
50 Cary Impt Co	11	300 do	s60 7
200 Am Life & T. Balt	15¼	50 Erie RR	b3 86
20 Crystal Palace	145	8 do	80¼
100 Flor & Keyport	b30 13¾	15 do	79¾
100 do	s3 13½	100 do	s30 79¾
200 Nic Transit Co	29¼	10 do	79¾
50 do	s60 29¾	50 do	s60 80¼
300 do	29¾	700 Harlem Railroad	64¾
100 do	b60 30	200 do	b60 65¼
200 do	29¼	10 Madison & Ind RR	90
26 do	29¾		

SECOND BOARD.

$5000 U S 6's '67	121¾	400 shs Canton Co	b60 29¼
6000 Hud 2d Mtg Bds	100	200 Cumb Coal Co	b3 48¾
100 shs Parker C Co	b3 32¾	100 N Y Central RR	120
100 do	b15 32¾	100 Erie RR	b60 80¼
100 Morris Canal	20¾	200 do	b45 80
200 Nic Transit Co	s10 29¼	50 do	79¼

CITY TRADE REPORT.

TUESDAY, July 5, 1853.

ASHES continued firm. There were 60 bbls. sold at $5 12½ for pearls, and $4 75 for pots, per 100 lbs.

BREADSTUFFS.—Flour was doing better. The business embraced 12,000 bbls:—Sour, at $4 06¼ a $4 18¾; superfine No. 2, at $4 18¾ a $4 37½; mixed to fancy Western, $4 50 a $4 81¾; ordinary to choice State, $4 68¾ a $4 87½; and other kinds at proportionate figures. Canadian varied little. Southern was moderately inquired for. The sales included 1,200 bbls at $4 87½ a $5 18¾ for mixed to good; $5 18¾ a $5 43¾ for favorite, and $5 50 a $7 for fancy. Rye flour continued dull and nominal. Corn meal was in retail request at $2 93¾ for Jersey, and $3 25 for Brandywine, per bbl. Wheat was in better demand. The business reached 25,000 bushels Western at $1 12 for red; $1 15 a $1 16 for mixed; and $1 21 a $1 23 for white; and 2,500 Canadian white, in bond, at $1 19. There were 1,600 bushels rye bought at 87c. a 88c. per bushel. State and Western oats were very dull at 40c. a 42c per bushel. Corn tended upwards. The transactions amounted to 25,000 bushels at 59c. a 62c. for unsound; 63c a 66c. for good mixed and white Southern; 66c. a 68c for mixed Western; and 68c. a 69c. for yellow Southern, per bushel.

CATTLE.—At Washington Drovesyard—2,200 beeves, (all Southern and Western.) The interruption of business consequent upon the celebration of Monday has created some inactivity in the market. Sales of good retailing qualities were made at from 8 to 10c. per lb. These rates are about the same as last week's figures. Business towards the close was very dull, and quite 300 head would remain over undisposed of. At Browning's, (Lower Bull's Head,) a fair business was done; 100 cows and calves on sale. Prices ranged at from $22 50 to $38 to $55; the latter is a higher price than the top of the market last week. Left over, 25. Sheep and lambs plentiful—5,000 were offered. Sheep brought from $2 25 to $6 50; lambs $1 75 to $5 50. All sold. At Chamberlain's, (Hudson River Bull's Head,)—250 beef cattle. Sales at from 8 to 9½c. All sold. Cows and Calves—30 offered and sold, at from $20 to $45. Sheep and Lambs—3,500 on sale; sheep, $2 a $5; lambs $2 a $5, as in quality. All taken.

COFFEE.—The sales were confined 20 bags Java at 11½c.; 100 Laguayra at 9½; and 50 Rio at 9½c a 9¾c. per lb.

COAL.—There were three cargoes, or 650 tons Sydney purchased at $6 ¼c cash, and $6 50 four months.

COTTON.—This staple was very dull and nominal. Only 300 bales changed hands.

FREIGHTS.—To Liverpool 10,000 bushels of wheat were engaged at 5½d. in bags. Flour was at 1s. 7½d., and 1,000 bbls. rosin were engaged at 1s. 7½d., while a small lot sea Island cotton was engaged at 3-16d. To London, 1,700 bbls. flour were engaged at 2½; 10,000 lbs. whale bone at ¾d.; and 80 ton oil cake at 25s. To California, 50 tons load were engaged at 1c. per lb. Other freight to same port varied from 45c. to 60c. per foot measurement.

FIRE CRACKERS.—We heard that 1,000 boxes Canton, 40 packs, were bought on Saturday evening at $1 45, usual terms.

FRUIT.—There were but 100 boxes layer raisins and 200 bunch do disposed of, at $3 30, and $2 70 a $2 72½, respectively.

HAY.—Sales of 1,000 bales river were effected, at 65c. a 70c. per 100 lbs.

IRON.—Scotch pig was inactive, at $28 a $30, cash, and time, per ton.

LIME.—We heard of no sales of Rockland, which was worth 80c for common, and $1 30 for lump, per bbl.

MOLASSES.—There were 50 hhds muscovado sold, at 22c. a 22½c. per gallon.

NAVAL STORES.—Under this head, we can only note that factory of spirits turpentine were asking 50 cents per gallon. None sold. Other articles were as last represented.

OILS.—Whale and sperm were unchanged. A sale of 100 baskets olive was reported at $4 12½ a $4 25 each. Linseed was in slack request at 63c. a 64c. per gallon.

PROVISIONS.—Pork was tolerably active. The sales consisted of 600 bbls. Western, at $12 62½ for prime and $15 50 for mess, per bbl. Cutmeats were in fair request. The business embraced 230 pkgs. at full rates. About 300 bbls. lard were sold at Saturday's quotations. Beef ruled about the same. The sales comprised 260 bbls., at $5 a $5 26 for country and city prime; $8 a $10 for country mess, and $12 a $12 75 for city do. We have nothing new to note in butter nor cheese.

RICE.—There was little done to-day. Prices, however, were maintained.

SUGARS.—Only 126 hhds. Cuba found buyers at 4⅝c. a 5c. per lb.

TOBACCO.—Kentucky remained in good request, and was bought to the extent of 400 hhds. at 7½c. a 9½c. per lb.

WHISKEY seemed dull and lower. There were 200 bbls. Western sold at 22½c a 22½c. per gallon.

ADVERTISEMENTS RENEWED EVERY DAY.

SEE THIRD PAGE.

SALES AT AUCTION.

AUCTION NOTICE—BY R. W. FROST—LARGE SALE this day at 10½ o'clock, in the auction rooms, No. 13 Spruce street. The balance stock of a thread, needle, fancy, variety, and hosiery store, dry goods, ribbons, lace veils; also, a choice lot of Sheffield table and other cutlery on account of a former purchaser; also, furniture from Houston street, and other goods. Thursday, large sale of elegant furniture of all descriptions, gas fittings, wines, brandies, segars, &c. THOS. BELL, Auctioneer.

COMMISSIONERS' SALE OF REAL ESTATE.—THE subscribers, commissioners appointed by the Orphans Court of the County of Bergen and State of New Jersey, to divide the lands of the late Jacob Riley deceased, will, by virtue of a decree of said court, sell, at public sale, to the highest bidder, at the house of John Myers, English neighborhood, on Monday, July 11, at 1 o'clock P. M., all those lots, tracts or parcels of land and premises, and being all the lands mentioned in the said decree, containing about eighty acres, which will be sold in lots of from one to six acres, each one situate in the English Neighborhood, near the Fort Lee Turnpike Gate. Conditions of Sale—One half the purchase money may remain on bond and mortgage, if desired; ten per cent on the day of sale, and forty per cent on the first day of August, 1853, when deeds will be given.

T. W. DEMAREST,
JAMES G. BRINKERHOFF, } Commissioners.
WILLIAM A. WOOD,

D. D. NASH, AUCTIONEER, STORE 310 BROADWAY.—Mortgage sale of billiard tables, &c.—On Friday, July 8, at 10 A. M., at No. 310 Broadway, second and third floors, eight superior billiard tables, nearly new, made by Wyant, with balls, cues, maces, markers, &c.; also counters, washstands, chairs, shades, and one large gilt eagle.

D. D. NASH, AUCTIONEER, STORE 310 BROADWAY.—To cabinetmakers and jobbers in furniture. Sheriff's sale of finished and unfinished furniture. On Thursday, July 7, at 10, A. M., at No. 205 Sullivan street, one door above Bleecker street, extensive sale of rosewood and mahogany furniture, finished and unfinished, consisting in part of sofas, lounges, tete-a-tete chairs, tables, bedsteads, bureaus, stands, &c., &c. By order of JOHN T. STEWART, Deputy Sheriff.

Also, same day, at 10 A. M., at No. 71 Catherine street, the contents of a bar room, viz., oil cloth, chairs, tables, bedsteads, screens, glass ware, and all the fixtures in the place.

FURNITURE AND PAINTINGS, &c., AT AUCTION. J. L. VANDEWATER will sell this day, at 10½ o'clock, at the sales room, No. 14 Wall street, the balance of goods remaining now on hand, to be sold peremptory to close consignment, previous to our removal to the corner of Nassau and Pine streets.

HENRY H. LEEDS, AUCTIONEER.—TO THE TRADE and others.—Assignees' sale of a complete assortment of furnishing goods, consisting of under shirts, collars, &c. Henry H. Leeds & Co. will sell by auction, on Tuesday, July 12, at half-past 10 o'clock, at the store No. 11 John street, assignees' sale of a complete assortment of furnishing goods, consisting of linen and cotton shirts, collars, bosoms, &c.; silk under shirts and drawers, flannel and Canton flannel do., linen and cotton do., hose and half hose in every variety, satin silk scarfs, neck handkerchiefs, extra silk and satin brocade ties, silk and others in every variety, vesting and scarf patterns, shelf goods, domestic and linen in piece, summer goods for gentlemen's wear, all of which will be sold as above, without reserve, being a large and valuable stock, by order of the assignee. Terms cash, city funds. Catalogues will be ready on Tuesday morning, July 5, containing full particulars. Also, the entire fixtures contained in the store, consisting of counters, shelving, cases, cloths, &c.

JOHN W. SOMERINDYKE, AUCTIONEER—FURNITURE, counters, &c.—This day, at the auction room No. 11 Spruce street, at 10 o'clock, a quantity of second hand furniture, store counters, a lot of hats, pressing machines, one lumber wagon, &c., forty white wood tables.

WM. T. BOYD, Salesman.

LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE SALE OF CHINESE FANCY goods.—J. L. VANDEWATER, will sell on Thursday, July 7, at 10½ o'clock, at the sales room, No. 16 Nassau street, corner of Pine, being the balance of an importer's stock, to be sold peremptory, consisting of every variety of fancy articles usually kept in an importing house too numerous to mention. This being the last sale of Chinese fancy goods this season, it will afford a rare opportunity to the trade, and others, to supply themselves, as every lot is to be sold without reserve.

RUSSELL W. WESTCOTT, AUCTIONEER.—LARGE and attractive sale of household furniture, on Thursday morning, at 10 o'clock, at No. 72 Eighth avenue, embracing all the rosewood and mahogany furniture contained in the above store and house. Every lot will be sold without reserve to the highest bidder—consisting in part of velvet and tapestry carpets, oilcloths, elegant suit rosewood parlor furniture, rosewood centre and pier tables, large pier glasses, richly carved rosewood etagere, rosewood and mahogany bedsteads and washstands, twenty superior hair mattresses, sofas and tete-a-tetes, mahogany and walnut bureaus, card and ormulu tables, marble top chamber furniture, mahogany and gilt mirrors, arm and reception chairs, extension, dining and breakfast tables; hat and umbrella stands, elegantly decorated Parian vases and ornaments, rich china sets, silverware, ivory cutlery, &c., with a choice and valuable collection of oil paintings, richly framed; also, a superior seven octave rosewood pianoforte. These goods are all of the best workmanship. Catalogues on the morning of sale.

TO CONFECTIONERS AND OTHERS.—THIRTY BARRELS sugar, damaged by fresh water, to be sold on Wednesday morning, July 6th, by L. M. HOFFMAN & CO., in front of their store, 111 Pearl street, at 11 o'clock A. M.

WILLIAM W. SHIRLEY, AUCTIONEER—CROCKERY, glass, China, Rockingham, and yellow ware, lamps, &c.—Thursday, July 7, 10 o'clock at 22 John street, a large and general assortment of granite, blue and other ware, glass, &c., in lots and packages to suit dealers and grocers. Terms at sale.

ORNAMENTAL IRON WORKS, &c.

JOHN B. WICKERSHAM, MANUFACTURER OF wire railing, iron fences for farms, &c., 312 Broadway. Ornamental iron work, iron and wire railings for public and private grounds, parks, lawns, dwellings, &c., from 50 cents to $10 per foot. Iron bedsteads, the most complete assortment in this city; prices from $5 to $30. Iron dogs, lions, urns, vases, ketchings, posts, spring chairs, settees, mat tresses, towel stands, hat racks, umbrella stands, spittoons, &c., &c. Wickersham's celebrated railroad and farm fences, from $1 66 to $6 per rod. The subscriber offers the largest stock of ornamental iron work in the United States, all of his own manufacture, at exceedingly low prices. Superior quality of hair and corn husk mattresses. JOHN B. WICKERSHAM, warehouse 312 Broadway; works, 57, 59 and 61 Lewis street.

DENTISTRY.

TO THE DENTAL PROFESSION—NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—Messrs. T. SMALE & SONS respectfully beg to inform the members of the dental profession, that in consequence of the expiration of the lease of their premises at 17 High Holborn, London, they have removed to 19 Great Marlborough street, London, where, on and after the 25th of June, they trust, by a strict adherence to punctuality and attention to all orders with which they may be entrusted, to merit a continuance of the support with which they have been favored for a period of nearly thirty years.

London, June 15, 1853.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

A SUITE OF FURNISHED ROOMS TO LET, WITHOUT board, in a small private family, at No. 19 Ludlow place, corner of Macdougal street. The rooms communicate with the bath, &c., have large closets, and every convenience. Good reference required.

APARTMENTS TO LET—A PARLOR OR BEDROOM, on the first floor, elegantly furnished. Also, suits and single rooms, on the second and third floors, to let to gentlemen of the first class only; breakfast furnished if desired. References exchanged. Apply at 133 Bleecker street, west of Broadway.

A NEATLY FURNISHED FRONT ROOM AND BEDroom in a private house, two blocks from St. Nicholas Hotel, lighted with gas, and use of bath, will be let to single gentlemen, without board. References exchanged. Call at 97 Greene street.

A GENTLEMAN FROM THE COUNTRY, DOING BUsiness in the city, wishes to take his meals in a private family where there are no other boarders, between Canal and Fourteenth streets. A widow lady preferred. Payment liberal and in advance. Address box 35 Broadway Post Office.

A FURNISHED ROOM TO LET, TO A SINGLE GENtleman, without board; also, a large front room suitable for two in a private family. No. 117 Grand street three doors below Broadway. No other boarders. Reference required.

A SUITE OF ROOMS ON THE SECOND FLOOR, SPLENdidly furnished, will be let to a gentleman and wife, or to single gentlemen. The house is strictly first class in the fullest sense; location unsurpassed. Those wishing the quiet and comforts of housekeeping, without the cares attendant, will here find all they can desire. Parties from the South intending to spend the summer here will do well to call at 43 West Twenty-second street.

AUSTRALIA AND CALIFORNIA PRIVATE BOARDing house, No. 20 Oliver street, near Chatham square. Board fifty cents per day, or $3 per week, and every information given to those about leaving for the gold mines, as we have agents out there that can be relied upon for our information.

BOARDING.—ONE OR TWO GENTLEMEN CAN BE handsomely accommodated with a suit of newly furnished rooms, on the second floor; also, clean and pleasant rooms, up stairs, may be had, with or without board. Hot, cold and shower baths. Apply at 72 Varick street, corner of Canal.

BOARDING IN BROOKLYN—SEVERAL GENTLEmen can be accommodated with pleasant rooms and breakfast and tea, with Sunday dinners if required in a most delightful situation, only five minutes' walk from Fulton ferry. References exchanged. Apply at 79 Sands street, corner of Jay.

BOARD IN THE COUNTRY.—TWO OR THREE FAMIlies can be accommodated with board in the country, for the summer, on the Hudson river. The house is beautifully located, and a fine view of the river and country. Please address Country Board, Union Square Post Office, with real name and address.

BOARD IN UNION SQUARE—EITHER PERMANENT or transient, at Mrs. Edwards, 19 Union square, west side.

BOARDING—IN ONE OF THE MOST PLEASANT LOcations in the upper part of the city. The rooms are well furnished, and suitable for gentlemen and their wives, or single gentlemen; there are baths and gas in the house. Can be had, with full or partial board, by appl