

alteration of importance. Bills upon St. Petersburg were a little more improved for the quotation being 20 to 31, but these were not taken into account.

The quotations of gold at Paris are about 3 per mille discount, (according to the last tariff,) which, at the present rate, is 23 1/2 to 24 1/2 per cent. for standard gold, and an exchange of 25 1/2 to 26 1/2 per cent. for gold at Paris on London at short bills. It follows that gold is about 1/8 per cent. dearer in Paris than in London.

The course of exchange in New York on London, for bills at sixty days, is about 110 per cent. The rate of exchange between England and America being 100 to 24-40 per cent. it follows that the exchange is nominally 5 1/2 per cent. against London, but after making allowance for the cost of transport and difference of interest, the present rate leaves no profit on the transmission of gold either way between the two countries.

RICHARDSON BROTHERS & CO.'S CIRCULAR.
LIVERPOOL, March 27, 1854.

The weather continues dry, and highly favorable for spring tillage operations.

On the 24th a load of four eves increased anxiety to sell, and some purchases of Philadelphia and Baltimore were made at 33s. a 38s. 6d. per barrel, but this day there was less anxiety to sell, and the exchange at 34s. 6d. demanded, and but little on.

What has been neglected, and no sales reported. Oatmeal has been pressing offered, but no disposition shown for it.

Indian corn has rallied a little from the extreme depression on Tuesday.

LIVERPOOL, March 28, 1854.
Our import of wheat since this day week is moderate, only 7,000 qrs. from the States, and of four 5,500 bushels, and the export in the same time amounts to nearly 9,000 bushels.

We had a very full attendance of buyers of wheat and flour from the country districts, as well as of the town and country millers, and our market this morning, when the trade in each article assumed an entirely different aspect from the report we gave it on Friday.

Holders commenced with asking an advance of 6d. per 70 lbs. and 1s. per barrel on the prices that day, but ultimately an advance of 2s. 6d. to 3s. per barrel, and of 1s. per 70 lbs. was established on the forced sales of the day.

There was a heavy and irregular trade, and it closed with a downward tendency for all kinds. The market includes 3,000 American, 140,000 S. A., 300,000 European, 60,000 to 70,000 S. A., 140,000 S. A., 130,000 S. A., 130,000 S. A.

GLASGOW MARKETS, March 25.—Cotton Wool.—The trade in this week has been moderate, and the market has worn a depressed appearance, with drooping prices. Prices for goods and yarns are a good deal weakened, and the market very dull.

HAMBURG MARKETS, March 24.—Coffee.—The market is flat; the sales during the week consist of 6,500 bags Brazil, at 4 1/2 to 5 1/2; 1,200 bags St. Domingo, at 4 1/2 to 5 1/2; real coffee, at 4 1/2 to 5 1/2. Sugar.—Prices are firm; 700 boxes Havana sold at 15 1/2 to 16; 450 boxes brown Java, No. 10, at 15 1/2; per 100 lbs. 600 boxes yellow, at 15 1/2 to 15 3/4; per 100 lbs. Cotton.—The market has been in demand, and the sales of the week comprise 1,400 bales Georgia and New Orleans, at 6s. 6 1/2 to 7s. 1/2.

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THE FURIOUS STEAMER WAS SENT TO GATHER FURTHER INFORMATION.
This is later than the explanation given in the British Parliament.

THE FLEETS—RUMORS, &c.
The allied fleets remained at Beyoza.
There were rumors, (not credited, however,) of Turkish preparations to attack Sebastopol.

THE BRITISH FRIGATE RETRIEVED FOUND THE SULLINA MOUTH OF THE DANUBE IMPASSABLE.
Napier's fleet at last accounts (the 29th March) was again under way, the supposed destination being to seize the island of Aland. Kioje bay is named as a rendezvous.

THE BRITISH INSTRUCTED TO COMMENCE HOSTILITIES.
Lord Clarendon, the British Minister at Berlin, telegraphed to Sir Charles Napier the declaration of war, with instructions to commence hostilities.

FORMIDABLE PREPARATIONS OF THE RUSSIANS.
The Russians were making steam preparations for hostilities in the Baltic.

IT WAS SUPPOSED THAT THE FIRST COLLISION WOULD OCCUR AT VEEL ISLAND.
All the light-houses and buoys are removed, and formidable fleets of gun-boats are collected in shallow waters at the principal points.

MASSSES OF ROCKS ARE DRAGGED ALONG THE ICE TO INTRICATE PARTS OF THE CHANNEL, TO BLOCK IT WHEN THE ICE SHALL MELT.
All the houses in Cronstadt not capable of defence are pulled down.

NEW BATTERIES WERE ERECTING EVERYWHERE, AND TWO HUNDRED ADDITIONAL GUNBOATS HAD BEEN ORDERED FORTHWITH.
The fleet and his sons were personally superintending the preparations.

DISCONTENT PREVAILED IN FINLAND AGAINST THE RUSSIANS, AND SOME ARRESTS HAD BEEN MADE.
The accounts from Greece are unfavorable.

THE TURKISH MINISTER HAD DEMANDED HIS PASSPORTS AND LEFT ATHENS.
The Greek insurrection was reviving, but the Turks had not yet receded, and rallied from the extreme depression of the previous week to the extent of 1s. 6d. on wheat, 5s. 6d. on flour, and 4s. on corn. Western Canada is quoted at 28s. 6d. for 100 lbs. of wheat, 30s. 6d. for 100 lbs. of flour, and 4s. 6d. for 100 lbs. of corn, as above quoted. The weather was extremely fine, and the arrivals were large.

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SWITZERLAND.
Continues perfectly quiet as to foreign politics.

AUSTRIA AND PRUSSIA.
Have not yet committed themselves by any overt act.

DENMARK.
The King has made no change in the Ministry.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.
Messrs. Bell, Son & Co. report business almost totally suspended, and quotations in most cases little more than nominal. Messrs. Baring Brothers report that government stocks continued to sell for remittance, but there was no demand for other securities, which were offered at lower prices.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.
The depression continued, with a very limited demand, and prices irregular, the sales being generally at fully 1/2d. lower. As yet there has been no great pressure to realize, but a large amount of cotton is daily on offer at market rates. The future tone of the market turns entirely on the prospect of a speedy or lengthened termination of the war.

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Messrs. Dennistoun & Co., and others, quote as follows:—

FAIR.
Orleans 6 1/2 to 7 1/2
Mobile 6 1/2 to 7 1/2
Uplands 6 1/2 to 7 1/2
1,120 on speculation, and 8,400 for export. Stock on hand 682,000, of which 364,000 were American.

LIVERPOOL CORN MARKET.
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THE LONDON.

THE VERY LATEST NEWS

TELEGRAPH, EXPRESS, AND THE MAIL

AT THE NEW YORK HERALD OFFICE.

New York, Saturday, April 15, 1854.

Three o'clock, P. M.

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

Senate.

ALBANY, April 15, 1854.

FRIDAY'S PROCEEDINGS CONCLUDED.

STAGE ROUTES.

The Judiciary Committee reported against the bill introduced by Mr. RANKIN, in relation to stage routes in New York. Laid on the table.

THE APPROPRIATION BILL.

A motion to strike out the appropriation to the Eye and Ear Infirmary was lost.

BILL PASSED IN DEFERANCE OF THE GOVERNOR'S VETO.

The bill to examine into the affairs of the State prisons was passed over the Governor's veto.

THE TREASURER'S ACCOUNTS.

Mr. WALKER was placed on the Committee to examine into the Treasurer's accounts.

THE TROY AND OREGON RAILROAD.

In relation to the Common Schools in New York, Passed.

Authorizing towns in Chemung to subscribe to the Troy and Oregon Railroad.

Authorizing towns to subscribe to the Oswego and Troy Railroad.

The general appropriation bill was passed.

THE STATE CANAL ACT.

Mr. CROSBY introduced a concurrent resolution that the Attorney General proceed against the late Canal Auditor, if there be cause of action, for money advanced by him to certain Canal Emigrants.

Adjourned.

SATURDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

To incorporate the New York Inebriate Asylum.

Relative to the manufacture of coarse salt by evaporation.