THE NEW YORK HERALD.

WHOLE NO. 6795. MORNING EDITION—WEDNESDAY, APRIL 4, 1855. PRICE TWO CENTS.

ADVERTISEMENTS RENEWED EVERY DAY.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

ALL THE FASHIONABLE ESTABLISHMENTS IN New York are represented in Frank Leslie's Gazette of Fashion, the only recognized authority. Ladies should consult this work before making their purchases, to prevent their being imposed on by old styles. Price 25 cents, of all booksellers, and at the office, No. 14 Spruce street.

JULLIEN'S NEW COMPOSITION.—THE RUTH HALL SCHOTTISCHE, dedicated to FANNY FERN. With a fine lithograph. J. Darcis, New York, and all the music sellers, Boston; E. H. Wade, Oliver Ditson, C. P. Reed and N. Richardson, Philadelphia; Lee & Walker and J. E. Gould. From the Musical Review. This is one of Jullien's characteristic compositions—lively, brilliant, sparkling, and prettily arranged. The title page is very tasteful, and has a most superb lithograph of one of the handsomest ladies of the present time, gracefully surrounded with fern leaves, and bearing the autograph of Fanny Fern.

SPRING FASHIONS.

A. T. STEWART & CO., WILL EXHIBIT SPRING AND SUMMER MANTILLAS, On Monday, April 2d. BROADWAY, CHAMBERS AND READE STREETS.

BRODIE'S MANTILLAS.—NOTICE TO THE LADIES.—Brodie's exposition of spring and summer mantillas, the only true fashions for this season, on and after Tuesday, 2d of April, at 51 Canal street and 63 Lispenard street.

MANTILLAS! MANTILLAS!! MANTILLAS!!! ON TUESDAY, APRIL 3, 1855. Opening of twenty cartons of beautiful Parisian manufactured mantillas, basques and talmas, received by the subscriber per last steamer, in advance of the ANNUAL FETE OF LONG CHAMPS, and being exact duplicates of many of the elegant garments intended to be displayed on that interesting occasion. The same styles are not to be seen at any other house in this country, he being the only merchant in New York engaged in the mantilla business who possesses facilities for receiving every novelty prior to its APPEARANCE ON THE BOULEVARDS, in THE BOIS DE BOULOGNE, or CHAMPS ELYSEES. Every lady in New York is respectfully invited to examine and inspect the extraordinary and unsurpassed collection of novelties which will be submitted for their approbation on the above named day. GEO. BULPIN, Paris Mantilla Emporium, 361 Broadway.

MOLYNEUX BELL'S GRAND OPENING OF SPING mantillas this day, April 3, 1855.—The public are respectfully informed that M. Bell has just returned from Europe, after visiting all the fashionable emporiums, and has selected the MOST SUPERB ASSORTMENT Of the latest novelties in mantillas, talmas, l'Impentrices, etc., different in style and material to anything ever before exhibited in this country, amongst which may be mentioned a most elegant basquette, the perfect fac simile of one just made for the Empress of France. He has also, after great exertion procured an extensive assortment of all the most recherche styles intended for exhibition at the Grand Exposition of All Nations, to be inaugurated at Paris this spring, amongst which will be found Chantilly lace mantles, Applique lace mantles, Rich guipure lace mantles. Moire antique mantles, etc. Molyneux Bell being the only mantilla merchant who has visited Europe this season, ladies may rely upon his as the only genuine Parisian styles to be found in this country. MOLYNEUX BELL, 58 Canal street.

MOLYNEUX BELL HAS JUST RETURNED FROM Paris, with a most superb assortment of elegant mantillas, on exhibition this day, Tuesday, April 3. MOLYNEUX BELL, 58 Canal street.

NEW YORK AND PARIS EMPORIUM OF FASHION, 564 Broadway. Mrs. W. Simmons desires to inform her customers and the public that her show rooms are stocked with a choice selection of STRAW AND MILLINERY GOODS. Merchants and milliners are respectfully invited to call before purchasing elsewhere. MRS. W. SIMMONS, 564 Broadway.

OPENING OF SPRING AND SUMMER HOSIERY.—The subscriber begs to call the attention of ladies to his assortment of spring and summer hosiery, which is one of the largest ever offered at retail in this city, and comprises every variety, size and style of ladies', gentlemen's, and children's plain and openwork white unbleached, and fancy cotton Lisle thread and silk hosiery, which are now ready for inspection. Also, under garments of every description. RICHD. GREEN, formerly Lincoln & Green, 130 Canal street. P. S.—Depot for Hecker's celebrated German hosiery.

DRY GOODS, &C.

500 STELLA SHAWLS RECEIVED BY THE AT lantic, in beautiful SPRING COLORS, Will be opened at retail MONDAY, APRIL 2. A. T. STEWART & CO., Broadway, Chambers and Reade streets.

AN IMMENSE JOB LOT OF FASHIONABLE SILKS Will be offered on Monday, April 2, BY A. T. STEWART & CO., Ranging in prices from 6s. to 18s. per yard, many of the latter being worth $3 50 per yard. BROADWAY, CHAMBERS AND READE STREETS.

ASSIGNEES' SALE.—SELLING OFF AT GREATLY reduced prices, the large and magnificent stock of fine embroideries, laces, hosiery and gloves, at No. 779 Broadway. Ladies will do well to call, as we are selling very low for cash. By order of the assignees.

DRYGOODS FROM AUCTION.—SIX HUNDRED LADIES' merino shirts, at 5s., worth 8s.; men's do., at 5s., worth 10s.; cotton and wool shirts and drawers, all qualities; ladies' cotton hose, good, at 1s.; white kid gloves, slightly soiled, at 1s. 6d. THOMAS TAFE, 86 Canal street, corner of Greene.

EMBROIDERIES! EMBROIDERIES! EMBROIDERIES!—The subscribers are constantly receiving from auction an endless variety of the choicest goods, which they offer to the public at prices altogether unprecedented. BROWN & DOYLE, 304 Bowery, between Fourth and Great Jones streets.

EMBROIDERIES PER ATLANTIC.—A CHOICE ASsortment of jaconet and Swiss bands; also new styles in spring collars, will be ready this day at thirty per cent under regular prices. GAYNOR'S wove corset and embroidery store, 45 Third avenue, near Tenth street.

FOULARD SILKS, AT $6 00 THE DRESS.—UBSDELL, Peirson & Lake have just received 1000 more, comprising a variety of colors, which will be offered for sale this morning, at 471 Broadway.

IMMENSE REDUCTION.—Standard prices in carpetings. Velvets, 10s., 12s., 13s., 14s. and upwards. Tapestries, 7s., 8s., 9s., 10s. Ingrains, 6s. and 5s. 6d., formerly 8s. Three-Ply s, 8s., formerly 10s. and 11s. These are our true prices; we only ask an inspection of the above to satisfy sceptics that they are the cheapest in the city. LORD & TAYLOR, Grand street, corner of Christie.

LAST WEEK OF THE GREAT SALE OF WET GOODS from the late fire over Burdett's dry goods store: 5,000 yards bleached and unbleached sheetings and shirtings; 100 pieces tamber and lace draperies; 125 doz. snow drop napkins; 250 yards elegant figured table linens; 500 yards superfine shirting linens; 450 yards French merinos, superfine; 500 pairs gentlemen's shirts and drawers, merino; 300 cashmere breche and woollen long and square shawls; 100 doz. ladies' and gentlemen's linen cambric handkerchiefs; 125 pieces linen dispers; 200 doz. linen towels, figured and plain; 100 pieces grass cloth. Flannels, table cloths, black and colored silks, &c., &c. GEO. C. BURDETT & CO., 191 Grand street, corner Mulberry.

LAVELLA CLOTHS.—JAMES FRANGE, 703 BROADway, will open on Wednesday, 4th April a large lot of Lavella cloths, an entirely new material for ladies travelling dresses; very cheap.

MADAME HARRIS, 571 BROADWAY, HAVING JUST received her new and fashionable assortment of spring bonnets from Paris, respectfully invites the attention of the ladies of New York and vicinity. They have been selected with great care, and imported expressly for her house. A smart saleswoman wanted.

MADAME LAURENT, PARIS MILLINER, ANnounces to the ladies of New York that she has just arrived from Paris with an elegant assortment of bonnets, head dresses, etc., of the newest and most recherche style, which she will have ready for inspection on the fifth of April, at No. 337 Broadway.

MILLINERY.—MRS. COOLEY WILL OPEN HER show rooms on Thursday, April 5, with a splendid assortment of spring millinery. MRS. COOLEY, 112 Eighth avenue, between Fifteenth and Sixteenth streets.

POPULAR TRADE IN STOCKINGS. A. T. STEWART & CO. have for sale—
5,000 pairs men's unbleached half hose, at 1s. per pair.
5,000 pairs fancy striped do., suitable for summer wear, at 2s. per pair.
6,000 pairs ladies' super white cotton hose, excellent quality, at 2s. per pair.
10,000 do. extra super three thread, full fashioned, with double soles and heels, at 4s. per pair.
2,500 do. do. sandal lace, at 2s. per pair.
1,000 do. misses' plain and sandal hose, white and brown, cotton and Lisle thread, various sizes, at 1s. 6d. per pair. BROADWAY, CHAMBERS AND READE STREETS.

UBSDELL, PEIRSON & LAKE WILL OFFER FOR sale this morning, a large lot of English and German cotton hosiery for ladies' wear, purchased at the late auction sales.
Also, a lot of China silk hose very cheap.
Theatrical hosiery, consisting of French hose, tights, &c. 471 Broadway.
A splendid assortment of Maltese mitts; also a large stock of Bajeu's kid gloves, embracing all the fashionable Spring colors, will be opened this morning. UBSDELL, PEIRSON & LAKE, 471 Broadway.
Received per late steamers, a beautiful assortment of rich Cashmere Stella shawls. UBSDELL, PEIRSON, & LAKE, 471 Broadway.
Just received, ten cases more of those yard wide calicoes, warranted fast colors, at 12½ cents per yard. UBSDELL, PEIRSON & LAKE, 471 Broadway.
The last lot of those cheap Irish linens at 2s. 6d. per yard, will be offered for sale this morning. UBSDELL, PEIRSON & LAKE, 471 Broadway.

WET GOODS.—THE SUBSCRIBER WILL OPEN, THIS morning, another large lot of wet linen goods from auction. Also a lot of black silk; also colored do.; besides a large lot of quilts; also a large lot of cotton shirtings and sheetings, prints, &c., all of which will be sold at great bargains, and cent free to all parts of the city and vicinity. ANDREW G. COLBY, 37 Third avenue.

SPIRITUALISM.

SPIRITUAL RAPPING AND WRITING, THROUGH Mrs. Coan, but one week longer, previous to her departure for Boston. Hours:—10 to 12 A. M., 3 to 5, and 7 to 9 P. M., at 750 Broadway, Hope Chapel Building. N. B.—Private circles by special arrangement.

SPIRITUALISM.—MRS DOCT. TRAPHAGEN, SPIRIT medium, will receive visitors every day at her rooms, 341 Broadway. Hours from 11 to 1 A. M., and 2 to 4 P. M. evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock. Disbelievers are respectfully invited to attend. Admission only 25 cents.

ARRIVAL OF THE BLACK WARRIOR.

Three Days Later from Cuba—Important Communication for Secretary Marcy, &c.

The steamship Black Warrior, Capt. Bullock, arrived yesterday from Havana, whence she sailed on the 28th ult. She brings three days later news.

The United States steamers Princeton and Fulton were at Havana—officers and crews all well. The Fulton was to leave on Saturday, the 31st ult., for Norfolk.

The Black Warrior encountered severe gales the entire passage, from N. E. to N. W., and during the night of the 31st the wind blew a hurricane.

OUR HAVANA CORRESPONDENCE.

HAVANA, March 28, 1855.

Important Communication from Washington—Another Trial of Pinto's Associates—The Case of Estrampes, &c.

I cannot avoid stating an event, from which great things may arise, merely premising that my authority is not the United States Consulate in this city. I am too independent and self-reliant to find favor with the gentlemen there—but *n'importe*, I do not need them! To be brief, however, I understand from a reliable source that Mr Marcy has written to the acting United States Consul in this city, to say to the Captain General of this island "*that if one drop of American blood is spilled in the present crisis, the government of the United States will not be answerable for the result;*" and that Colonel Robertson, acting United States Consul in this city, in handing in his protest against the unjust trial of Felix and Estrampes, did positively deliver this message to General Concha, who, though perhaps somewhat appalled at the moment, will nevertheless take the life of Francisco Estrampes, a citizen of the United States, with as much *sang froid* as I now do that of a troublesome mosquito. But will the "dogs of war" be afterwards let loose? We shall see.

Yesterday's *Gaceta* contains an order for the formation of six companies of free colored militia in this city, who are to be single men, between the ages of twenty and thirty years of age. Do you not think the Havana will be, after a while, a delightful place of residence when filled with armed negros? God help us poor whites, if war should come under these circumstances.

There is a report in circulation here, which has obtained general belief, that some further evidence having been obtained against Dr. Pinelo and Cadalso, they are again to be placed on their trials.

It being understood that Gen. Concha is not satisfied with the punishment meted out to them, I suppose that, like the beast of prey, having recently tasted human blood, nothing less dainty will please his vitiated appetite. Pinelo and Cadalso are confined in the Punta Castle, where also are Felix and Estrampes. I visited the two latter the day before yesterday; they were in excellent health and spirits; laughed and chatted as merrily as though they were at liberty. Is it not a thousand pities that so noble a spirit as Estrampes should be cut off, just in the flower of manhood?

The female relatives of Estrampes sought an interview with General Concha on Sunday last, but they were denied admission. Upon Estrampes being informed of this, he said, "I rejoice at it. If General Concha thinks that I will ask him for mercy, he is mistaken." Two friends of mine, who visited Estrampes on Sunday morning, state they met at the Punta a gentleman who is employed at the United States Consulate in this city, who suggested the probability of the sentence of death passed upon Estrampes being commuted to a lengthened imprisonment, if he (Estrampes) would pledge himself not to make any attempt at escape during his imprisonment; and that should he by any circumstances be set at liberty, he would not return to disturb the government of this island. "I will not make any such pledge," indignantly and instantly replied Estrampes. I would give a trifle to know if the gentleman who made this suggestion was authorized to do so by General Concha. If he is upon terms of sufficient intimacy with the Spaniards for this, ought he not to be reminded a man cannot serve two masters?

General Concha drove out with his wife, on the Paseo, on Sunday last, and but few bats, except those of the Catalans, were raised to salute him. Many mutterings did I hear of a vulgar Spanish word, and "Sanguinoso" was once uttered in so loud a tone that I thought it must have reached his ear—however, he did not appear to notice it.

I hear there were very recently a very large additional number of arrests. Amongst those arrested, the names of Don Carlos Castillo, the head of the Savings Bank, and Don Joaquim Alcazas—I am not certain as to the orthography of this name—have been mentioned.

The last mentioned gentleman is a broker of the first respectability, and of Spanish birth.

I notice you have extracted from the *Pennsylvanian*, in the HERALD of the 17th instant, the letter of Mr. Worrell, United States Consul at Matanzas. I have not the honor of knowing this gentleman, nor shall I ever seek his acquaintance; but a letter more replete with untruths, and a more contemptible production, I have never perused.

It is reported that two persons have been garroted at Trinidad—"The work goes bravely on."

The United States steamer Fulton arrived in this harbor on Sunday last, as did also the British frigate Vestal.

Whilst writing this letter, a friend of mine "dropped in," who was in Matanzas during the month of February last. I handed him the HERALD containing Mr. Worrell's letter, to amuse him, until I brought this letter to a conclusion. He, on perusing the letter of Doctor W., related a circumstance, which is so apropos that I cannot refrain sending it to you without "note or comment," but merely prefixing that I pledge myself for the veracity of my friend. Upon the anniversary of the birth of the immortal Washington, some American ship captains then at Matanzas, determined to dine together on shore in honor of the day, and they invited Doctor Worrell, as the United States Consul, to dine with them. Upon which the Doctor and United States Consul went to the Lieut. Governor of Matanzas, to know if the day might be celebrated by the dinner taking place on shore; as might have been anticipated, the Lieut. Governor said it could not take place. Nevertheless our American skippers resolved they would celebrate the sacred day, even in this the land of tyranny, so they met and dined together at a public house kept by (I believe) John Baker; but the United States Consul was not of their number—not he forsooth, to be found disobeying the dictum of so high a personage as the Lieut. Governor, even to celebrate the birthday of freedom and the "Father of his Country." I calculate Dr. Worrell, United States Consul at Matanzas, little thought this circumstance would get to the knowledge of one of the "Havana scribblers" when he penned his letter to the *Pennsylvanian*.

BRUTUS.

THE LATEST MARKET CIRCULAR.

HAVANA, March 26, 1855.

A moderate amount of business has been done since our last report of 12th inst.

SUGARS.—In the early part of the past fortnight, transactions were of a limited character, but during the past week the demand was more general, checking the tendency towards a decline in prices, which close firmly at the rates given below. The stock in the city and the Regla warehouses is estimated to be now about 170,000 boxes, against 220,000 in 1854, 120,000 in 1853, and 100,000 in 1852, same periods. For want of stock, hardly anything has been done here in muscovadoes, whilst at outports a good many lots have changed hands at from 4¼ to 5¼ rls arr. for common to prime.

MOLASSES has suffered a slight decline, sales at outports having been made at 2¼ rls. hog for clayed, and it is expected that prices will give way more, since the advices from Europe and the United States received by the last steamers are decidedly unfavorable. We quote to-day 2¼ a 3 rls. for clayed, and 3¾ a 4¼ rls. for Muscovado.

HONEY has not changed in value; it sells occasionally in small lots at 2¾ and 3 rls. per gallon. Exports since 1st of January amount to 311 tierces Hamburg, 201 Holland, 105 Belgium, and 220 to other parts; in all 837 tierces.

RUM is in demand at lower prices. We quote 36 to 38 p. pipe. Exported since 1st January—2,989 pipes to Spain, 813 France, 356 Great Britain, 82 other parts; in all 4,247 pipes.

SPIRITS are enquired for at former prices. Exported during the fortnight, 4,730 mills to the United States, and 905 to other parts; in all 5,635 mills.

TOBACCO has been without any sales of note. Exports since our last consist of 96,215 poudds to the United States.

EXCHANGES have experienced another sudden decline, owing to absence of demand and abundant supply of paper. We quote to-day: London 9 to 9¼ per cent prem. Paris 2¾ to 3 per cent discount. New Orleans short 1 to 2 per cent discount, and for bills on the North 3½ to 4½ per cent discount.

IMPORTS.—A very meagre business has been done in provisions. Jerked beef, 3000 qtls. per "Pepa" sold at 13 rls. arroba, 5000 qtls. per "Antonio Maria" at 14, and 800 qtls. per "Analia" (New Barcelona) at 12½ rials; stock 23,500 qtls. Fish, 26 casks Am. hake at 33½ qtl., 15 boxes do. cod at $4, 800 boxes and 1100 halves Norway at $7½. Herrings, 200 boxes at 3½ rials. Mackerel, 69 barrels and 16 halves at $24. Rice (Carolina), 20 casks from New York at 13½ rls. arr. 200 casks and 86 bags at 13¾, and 20 casks at 13½ per "Somers," 50 at 13¾ and 40 at 13½ per "Aid." stock 1100 casks. Lard has retailed from store at $15½ to 16½ qtl.; stock 1200 barrels and 1300 kegs. Butter, 200 kegs Ahner, at 322 qtl. Cheese, 500 boxes Dutch and 1480 Patagras at $14½ qtl. Hams, 16 barrels New Orleans at $14½ qtl. Pork, 120 barrels mess at $16. Beef, 14 barrels mess at $15. Tocineta, 12 boxes New York at $14 qtl., and 20 boxes New Orleans at $13. Candles, 210 boxes sperm at $42 qtl., and 25 boxes at $40, and 150 boxes tallow at $18½. Soap—400 boxes yellow at 27½ qtl. Tallow—60 bbls. New Orleans at $16½ qtl. Beans—50 bbls white at 13½ rls. arr. Potatoes—10 bbls. at $4¾. Onions—12,000 bunches at $6½ per 100 bunches. Oil—18 casks refined whale at 26½ rls. arr. and 35 bbls. at 29 rls. Wrapping Paper—1,000 reams at 4½ rls. Salt—1,200 bags Liverpool at 25½, and 100 bags at 28½. Flour—2,700 bbls. Spanish at $16, and 1,500 at $15½. Lumber and Cooperage. Block Pitch Pine—Since our last issue none has arrived. White Pine Boards—Four cargoes have arrived; 200,000 feet St. John sold at $25; 200,000 feet placed on contract, and two cargoes from Portland remain unsold. Sugar Box Shooks—Upwards of 50,000 more have arrived since the 12th inst., many of which have been piled in the open air for want of store or even shed room; about 1,000 retailed at 7 rls.; 3,800 deliverable in Cardenas at 6½ rls.; 3,500 at 6½ rls., 6 months; 6,000 at 6 rls., 11 months; and 5,800 placed at 4 rls. There is scarcely any demand for the article at any price. Sugar and Molasses Hhds., Shooks—476 molasses Portland city made and 1,082 sugar do. at $23½. Hoops—60,000 R. I. short at $40. Empty Molasses Hhds.—1,200 second hand at 2½ and 1,200 at $3.

FREIGHTS are firm, with a tendency to higher rates for small vessels. The following charters have been made:—Two for Cork, one of 500 hhds sugar at £2 17s 6d, and one of 400 hhds at £2 12s. 6d.; two for Falmouth, one of 3,000 boxes at £2 3s. 9d., and one of 2,200 boxes at £2 10s.; one for Cardenas and do., 1,000 hhds. molasses at £2 10s; three for Cowes, one of 4,000 boxes at £2 2s. 6d, one of 2,100 boxes at £2 5s., and one of 1,000 boxes at £3; one of 3,200 boxes for St. Jago de Cuba and a port in Great Britain at £2 5s.; one of 3,000 boxes for London at £2 10s.; two for Antwerp, one of 4,000 boxes at £2 5s., and one of 1,100 boxes at £3; one of 2,000 boxes for Frederickshall at £2 10.; two for Havre and Nantes, one of 1,200 boxes at 12½fr., and 10 per cent., and one of 1,400 boxes at 12½fr.; two for Marseilles, of 2,000 boxes each, at £2 17s. 6d.; two for Genoa one of 1,100 boxes at £3 10s., and one of 1,600 boxes at $3 per box; two for Spain, one at $2 75 and one at $3 12½ per box; eight for the United States at $6 per hhd. and $1 a $1 06¼ per box for sugar and $2 25 a $2 50 per hhd. for molasses.

Political Intelligence.

ELECTION IN RHODE ISLAND.

The annual State election will take place in Rhode Island to-day. For State officers three tickets have been nominated, except Governor, for which the Know Nothings and whigs have united upon one candidate. The canvass has been very animated, and the Providence Plantations, it is expected, will come out in full strength, and poll at least fourteen thousand votes, a number about equal to the votes cast in the Eleventh, Fourteenth and Fifteenth wards of this city. The following are the nominations:—

	For Governor.	
Dem.	*American.*	*Whig.*
Americus V Potter.	Wm. W. Hoppin.	Wm. W. Hoppin.
	For Lieutenant Governor.	
Wm. Littlefield.	Anderson C. Rose.	Jno. J. Reynolds.
	For Secretary of State.	
Asa Potter.	John R. Bartlett	Wm. R. Watson.
	For Attorney General.	
Walter S. Burges.	Charles Hart.	Ch. S. Robinson.
	For Treasurer.	
Nathan Bammett.	Samuel C. Barker.	Sam'l B. Vernon.
	For Congress.	
Dis.	*Dem.*	*American.*
1	Thomas Davis	Nathaniel B. Durfee.
2	Benj. J. B. Thurston.	Benj. J. B. Thurston.

City Politics.

YOUNG MEN'S DEMOCRATIC REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE.

The regular monthly meeting of this committee was held last night at Tammany Hall. There were present about fifty members, and H. P. Carr, Esq., occupied the chair.

The following resolutions were offered during the evening by Mr. Carr, and passed unanimously:—

Resolved, That we heartily concur with the democratic association of this city and State, in the expression which they have universally given of the general sentiment of the party on our relations with Spain, and congratulate them upon the truly national and characteristic stand which they have so promptly taken.

Resolved, That the government of the United States, in the conduct of its relationships to the Spanish government—in the long suffering and forbearance manifested by it, under circumstances of aggravated wrong and insult—has given sufficient evidence of the high value attached by us to treaty stipulations; of our desire to live at peace with all nations, and of the good faith which has marked and governed all our actions as a people.

Resolved, That the courtesy of forbearance pursued by the United States having failed to awaken in the Spanish government those reciprocal sentiments of amity and justice which ought to govern the intercourse and control the relationships of governments professing to be bound to each other by the ties of mutual respect and friendship, and which it had a right to expect would give energetic exertions to maintain those ties unbroken between us, further forbearance upon our part has ceased to be a national virtue, and the character, rights and dignity of the United States must be vindicated at all hazards, by a democratic administration. Honor requires it; justice pleads for it, the people demand it.

Resolved, That late developments of the policy of the new Holy Alliance of the monarchical Powers of Western Europe no longer permit us to doubt the attitude they have assumed with regard to this question; and that their unjustifiable interposition, if persisted in, between Spain and the United States, by the presence and assistance of an armed, and in case of a rupture between Spain and the United States, of a probably hostile naval force upon our coasts—by their inteference between a struggling and oppressed people and their oppressors, to crush the one, and lend new means of cruelty and oppression to the other—affords additional and urgent reasons for a speedy enforcement by the United States, of the questions at issue between the government of Spain and our own.

Resolved, That the manifest inequality between the protectors and the protected, has produced the effect indicated by the Secretary of State in his despatch to our Minister at Madrid, that if the red Spain, relatively to United States, of the actual sovereignty of the island of Cuba; and that if those powers continue their protectorate, the treaty stipulations between Spain and the United States, based upon the condition of the absolute sovereignty of the latter, are necessarily voidable at the option of the other high contracting power.

Resolved, That such a conclusion inevitably results from the application of the Monroe doctrine to these questions, and that the time has now come when that doctrine of non-interference in the affairs of this continent by foreign and monarchical governments, must be enforced by something more emphatic than diplomacy and more tangible than words.

Resolved, That to carry out this doctrine, and arrive at a speedy solution of questions the settlement of which is essential to the integrity and permanence of our cherished Union, we earnestly recommend to the President of the United States the adoption of measures suited by their just boldness to the solemn national emergency which demands them.

The meeting then adjourned.

THE TWO WHIG GENERAL COMMITTEES—TREMENDOUS EXCITEMENT—THE WHIGS IN FAVOR OF THE NEW POLICE BILL—COMMITTEES SENT TO ALBANY TO LOBBY IT THROUGH.

The Broadway House was the scene of no little excitement last night, owing to a meeting of the two Whig General Committees, called together for the express purpose of taking action on the Police bill now before the Legislature. There was a full attendance, though what was somewhat remarkable, many of the older whig politicians were absent, and among others both Judge Welch and General Hall, the Chairmen of the respective committees. After the minutes were read, resolutions were proposed in both committees endorsing the new Police bill, whereupon an excited debate ensued. E. Delafield Smith, in the Young Men's Committee, urged strongly the passage of the resolutions. In the course of his remarks he took occasion to comment on those mysterious and terrible fellows, the Know Nothings, whom he charged with being midnight assassins, whose sole object was the destruction of the good old whig party—an event the speaker looked forward to with great alarm. He eulogized Henry Clay, who, he said, if alive would be found battling and walking hand-in-hand with William H. Seward, against the aforesaid assassins. At this there was great cheering. After alluding to the stars and stripes in a highly poetical, though not very original manner, the orator took his seat, apparently much relieved.

Mr. H. W. GENEY opposed the resolutions at some length, as they were, he said, a direct attack on Fernando Wood, whom the speaker praised as being one of the best mayors New York ever had. He, for one, would not be found engaging in any attempt to fetter the authority of a man who was using his influence so beneficially.

Mr. WM H. BROWNE and others followed in support of the resolutions. Mayor Wood, it was said, was nothing but a party man. He had the whole appointment of the police. Recorder Smith had signed a number of blank appointments and given them to the Mayor. Judge Stuart might as well not be a Commissioner, as he had no power whatever in the Board. By passing the new Police bill the Mayor would be stripped of this power, which, under the new arrangement, would be placed in whig hands. It was said, moreover, that the Mayor intends to decapitate two whig police captains, whose reappointment is now under consideration, should the proposed bill pass. These and similar arguments prevailed, and the resolutions were carried by a vote in joint committee of 67 to 10.

The whigs appeared to be quite confident that the bill will pass the Legislature; but to make assurance doubly sure, the following persons of the old and young men's committees were appointed to proceed to Albany forthwith and lobby it through:—Messrs. Stoughtenburg, White, Smith, Briggs and Cochrane. Young Men's Committee:—Messrs. Boritz, McMullen, Sillcocks, Browne and Dewey.

After deciding to retain the Broadway House for another year, the Committee adjourned to the bar room down stairs, where they continued discussing whiskey skins and the new Police bill to a late hour.

Hoboken City News.

PREPARATIONS FOR THE CHARTER ELECTION.—The friends of the charter met last evening at the Town Hall, to appoint a committee to make nominations of charter officers for the election on the 10th inst. Mr. Sheffield presided. Committees, consisting of six persons from each of the three wards were designated, who will nominate for their respective wards, and as a body select candidates for the city offices. Half of the members of the committees are democrats and half whigs. They will report on Saturday night at the Town Hall. The opponents of the charter met at Pollock's as a democratic caucus, and appointed a committee of six from each ward to select candidates for the ward and city officers, and report on Saturday evening next at Pollock's.

Common Pleas.

Before Hon. Judge Ingraham.

DAMAGES FOR ENTICING A MAN'S WIFE AWAY—$10,000.

APRIL 3.—*George A. Scherpf vs. Edward A. Szadeszky*—This case was tried some few years since. It was an action for enticing away the wife of the plaintiff, and the jury rendered a verdict of $10,000 against the defendant. A motion for a new trial was made, on the ground, amongst others, that there was no proof of marriage between the plaintiff and the lady enticed away, and that the damages were excessive.

Judge Ingraham rendered a decision affirming the judgment, stating that in an action for enticing away a man's wife actual proof of the marriage is not necessary—cohabitation, reputation, and the admission of the parties is sufficient. If that was not enough, the admission of the defendant that they were married is sufficient without proof of marriage. Where the marriage is denied, and the plaintiff has given sufficient evidence to establish it *prima facia*, the defendant cannot examine the wife to disprove the marriage.

Marine Affairs.

LAUNCH.—Messrs. Capes & Allison will launch, to morrow morning, at 10½ o'clock, the three masted clipper-built schooner of about 500 tons measurement, called Elizabeth C. Felter, to be commanded by Captain John Arnold, and owned by the captain and others. She is intended for the general freighting business, and is said to be considered by competent judges, equal, if not superior, to any vessel of her class in model and construction.

Progress of the Municipal Revolution.

SERIOUS COMPLAINT AGAINST A POLICE JUSTICE.

The following communication was addressed to the Mayor yesterday by Lieut Williston, of the Fourth district police, complaining of Justice Bogart for discharging prisoners arrested by the officers under his command:—

NEW YORK, April 2, 1855.

HON. FERNANDO WOOD, MAYOR:

SIR—I desire to respectfully to call your attention to the following facts, as they have been reported to me:—Officer Thompson, on Sunday, 1st inst., arrested two boys, named John Holmes and Wm. Wright, aged respectively eleven and fourteen years, for pitching pennies. On taking them before Justice Bogart, and making his statement, the Justice asked the officer if he had never pitched pennies, and intimated that it was folly to arrest boys for such trifling offences, and said that he (the Judge) had often pitched pennies on Sunday, in the Park. He thereupon discharged the boys.

Soon after officer Hanrahan arrested John McCarty for shooting marbles in the street. This time the magistrate severely reprimanded the boy—but finally, at the solicitation of the boy's father, he let young McCarty go.

Officer Reeder, at half-past 12 P. M., arrested George H. Farrel for disorderly conduct, breaking and destroying property, &c. This officer was detained from 12½ until 4 P. M., there being no magistrate to take the charge.

At 3½ P. M., officer Bundis requested a crowd of persons on the sidewalk to disperse. One of them taunted the officer, telling him to go down the street and disperse a crowd there—that he would go when he got ready; and said, "Go on, Dutchman, you attend to your business, and I will attend to mine"—the man himself disorderly, and inciting disorder in others. Finally, the officer arrested Matthew McCarty, and on taking him before the magistrate, the man was discharged—the magistrate telling the officer that McCarty had as good a right in the street as he had.

These things are very annoying and disheartening to the officers. They receive orders from your honor to prevent idle crowds from congregating in the streets and blocking up the sidewalks, to prevent boys from pitching pennies, playing marbles, spinning tops, &c., on Sundays. These orders the officers obey with alacrity.

I have no doubt that a large majority of the officers in this district are anxious to do all in their power to render you efficient service in carrying out your views and measures of reformation, but they lose their independent energy and confidence when not properly sustained.

Excuse me for thus encroaching upon your time, but I have been compelled to do so in the hope that I might give you one minor point on which you were not fully posted. These things I see daily, and know the effect they have in crippling the efficiency of the policemen. With great respect, WM. S. WILLISTON, Lieut. Fourth district.

ANOTHER SERVING GIRL BEFORE THE MAYOR.

A man named Rosenbaum was yesterday arrested on a charge of assaulting a young woman, who had been employed by him as an embroidress, and whom he refused to pay for work which she had done for his establishment, No. 99 Essex street. The following is the affidavit of the young woman:—

Elizabeth Smith, residing at 22 Mulberry street, being duly sworn, deposes and says that she was induced by an advertisement in the *Sun* to go to 99 Essex street, where, according to said advertisement, fifty embroiderers were wanted. Deponent went there on the 27th of March last, and the proprietor of said establishment, one Mr. V. Rosenbaum, gave her one mantilla to embroider, and she agreed to do the work for fifty-six cents, in the hope that she might get more and better paid work from Mr. Rosenbaum, though she had to work three days to finish said mantilla, and though she usually received $2.50 for said work. Deponent further says, that she finished the mantilla and brought it back to Rosenbaum; he told her that he only paid his workmen once a week—on every Tuesday—but that he was well satisfied with the work, and gave her another mantilla of the same pattern; this mantilla was a drab-colored silk one, and when she opened the paper in which it had been wrapped by Rosenbaum, she found several spots on the silk. She finished the second mantilla and delivered it to him on Monday, the 2d instant, and asked for more work; and that Rosenbaum opened the mantilla, and said that he found no fault with the embroidery, but that there were spots on it; on account of that he would not give her any more work, and would not pay her for the mantillas which she had finished. Deponent further says that she stated that the spots had been on the mantilla when she received it from him, but that she could remove them when he would let her have it back; Rosenbaum then said that he would do no such thing, and then left her; deponent was provoked by such treatment, and said she was very sorry, but it appeared to her that the Germans, when they came to this country, always carried on in such ways. Deponent further says, that upon this a designer o. said Rosenbaum ran round the counter and knocked her down, and hurt her seriously on the chest; and then, with the aid of a boy and Mr. Rosenbaum, took hold of her, who was quite exhausted, on the floor, tore her victerine, dragged her down stairs, and put her in the street. Deponent further says that she went crying to the Essex Market police court to make a complaint, and she was told to go to his honor the mayor to investigate the matter, and deal with them according to law.

Rosenbaum was held to bail to answer the charge.

A LANDLORD AND TENANT CASE.

Mrs. Lyons, formerly residing at No. 396 Eighth avenue, appeared before the Mayor yesterday afternoon, and entered a complaint against a man named Francis Collins. It appears from her statement, that she had taken passage for Philadelphia on board the South Amboy boat at two o'clock, for herself, her husband, and three children. A few minutes before the boat started, Collins, who is the owner of their former residence on the Eighth avenue, went on board and demanded a month's rent, which he said was due to him by Mr. Lyons. The wife said she was unable to pay it then; but this did not satisfy him, and he proceeded, with some kind of an officer he had with him, to take some furniture and baggage from her. The poor woman protested, but it was in vain; and, had it not been for the interference of the bystanders, he would have deprived her of the trunk containing her children's clothing. When her husband came back they left the boat, and proceeded to the Mayor's office, where the wife made a statement, embracing the foregoing particulars. The Mayor despatched an officer in search of Collins, with directions to have the furniture brought to the City Hall, and a warrant also for his arrest.

ANOTHER POLICY DEALER ARRESTED.

John Luhn, a German, was arrested yesterday morning on a charge of keeping a policy office at No. 110 South street. The arrest was made on the complaint of Arthur Hickins, who stated that he had bought several tickets from him on different occasions. Luhn was committed to prison, in default of $500 bail.

City Intelligence.

LADIES' FAIR AND FESTIVAL AT THE HARLEM BAPTIST CHURCH.—The ladies of Harlem, connected with the Baptist Church of that place, open in the church to day a fair, that will be as attractive as anything of its kind heretofore given. The fair will open this afternoon, and continue during the evening; and also during the afternoon and evening of to-morrow. The church stands on the Fifth avenue, near 127th street. In connection with the fair, there will be refreshment rooms, to which the admission will be fifty cents. The proceeds of this fair are to be used to furnish the new church. Give the ladies of Harlem a throng of visitors for their trouble in getting up this affair.

SACRED CONCERT.—A sacred concert will be given, this evening, in the Reformed Dutch Church on Twenty-third street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, by the quartette and organist of the church. The tickets of admission are fixed at 50 cents. Mrs. Philip Mayer soprano, Miss Kate Bennett, contralto, Mr. Julius E. Meyer, tenor, Mr. Philip Mayer, basso, and Mr. P. H. Van Der Weyde, organist. The music will consist of excellent selections from Mozart, Mendelssohn, Rossini, and other celebrated authors.

THE POLICE COMMISSIONERS.—This Board met yesterday in the Mayor's office, to examine applicants for appointment upon the police. Some three hundred aspirants for the "star" presented themselves, and were called in and questioned one by one. When this work was finished, the Board, with closed doors, proceeded to make the appointments, and adjourned at 8 o'clock in the evening, not having completed their labors. The work of the Board will be resumed again this morning, and the names of the successful applicants probably made known