

of a portion of the two sections has been so... The Western portion of the territory, of open hostility, trust to the occasion, and when they draw the sword it is rather under the influence of heat and passion than under a feeling of responsibility to the people.

Not to suppose this controversy may be regarded as a great event case—perhaps the greatest that ever was tried to try the title of the two different sections to the public domain, the common domain belonging to the whole Union.

Do you call that Southern aggression? The South then parted with her power, and now it is regarded as Southern aggression when she presents the results of her aggression to the North.

When we obtained California, by whose treasure and whose arms was it acquired? Sir, I will not imitate the example of the Senator from New Hampshire, who has been so much abused, by saying that it was not acquired by arms.

Did the honorable Senator from New Hampshire think that he could satisfy any one who heard him on these points? No, sir; but it looks as if he intended to speak in a manner which is bringing upon him the charge of inconsistency.

The next question which I have to propound on that point is, whether they would consent that Texas should up to this time have retained her separate existence as an independent republic upon the same terms as the other States.

Well, sir, when Reeder would do his duty and carry out the provisions of the law, what was the President to do? Remove him, of course. When he was removed, what was the next step? Those who all themselves to be the President, and grants sent out by the aid societies, assembled at Big Springs, and nominated as their Governor (perhaps I may be mistaken, as their delegate to Congress.)

Will gentlemen tell me that the President was not to interpose and save them from such a contest? Sir, he would be guilty of a criminal dereliction of duty if he were not to interpose.

on his Mrs. Such then aggression Southern insurrection and double treason on the part of his own countrymen? Both statements are untrue. I do not impute to him personal untruth. I make the remark in a historical and parliamentary debate, and I am speaking of the man, not of the man's words.

Hostile allies have availed themselves of the power they acquired, and like a cockatrice, are willing to sting the innocent man, when he is in the market, as he is much more than the children, some of whom I have reason to know are true hearts, and are willing to maintain good faith, but for the informed mind, law and equity.

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themselves so high that they saw more than others, and sought ethereal regions where the earth was too good for them. Sir, it is not the purest bird which always seeks the highest regions of air. The vulture, it is said, lives in the regions of the eternal snows, but it is not the purest bird.

The President of the United States is under the highest and most solemn obligations to interpose; and if I were to indicate the manner in which he should interpose, I should be regarded as a traitor to the common law process.

Mr. President, I shall not pursue this subject further. I have reviewed what has been said so far, and I am satisfied that the course which has been pursued in this way into a dissolution of the Union, I would rather that it should be dissolved to-morrow.

Take down your map, sir, and you will find that the Territory of Kansas, more than any other region, occupies the middle spot of the continent, and that the Territory of Kansas, more than any other region, occupies the middle spot of the continent.

A few short months only have passed since this spacious Mediterranean country was open only to the savage, who roamed at will, and grazed; and now it is a seat of civilization, and the population of freemen larger than Athens crowded within her historic gates.

But not content with this poor peace, which we have been twice told was "measured," the Senator, in the unrestrained chivalry of his nature, has undertaken to repeat the charge of sectionalism and fanaticism.

But the wickedness which I now begin to expose is immeasurably aggravated by the motive which prompted it. Not in any common case, but in this case, the motive is the most heinous.

But this enormity, vast beyond comparison, swells to dimensions of wickedness which the imagination fails to grasp, when it is understood that for the purpose of this, the Territory of Kansas, has been opened to the slave power.

establish by statistics, in stating which his errors surpassed his sentences in number. But I let these pass for the present that I may deal with his argument. Fray, in the acknowledged surplusage of a magnificent oration, has said to me, "I am glad to see you."

In now opening this great matter, I am not deriving pleasure from the occasion; but the dependence of the crime against Kansas upon the slave power, is a matter which I cannot but trust to be pardoned while I impress it by an illustration, which to some may seem trivial.

Such is the crime which the criminal which it is my duty in this debate to expose, and by the blessing of God, this duty shall be done completely to the end. But this will not be enough.

Take down your map, sir, and you will find that the Territory of Kansas, more than any other region, occupies the middle spot of the continent, and that the Territory of Kansas, more than any other region, occupies the middle spot of the continent.

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it could not have passed. If it had been allowed to go over to another Congress, when the people might be heard, it would have ended; and then the crime was now done, would have been without its first seminal life.

Mr. President, I mean to keep absolutely within the limits of parliamentary propriety. I make no personal imputations; but only with frankness, such as belongs to the occasion, and my own character, describe a great historical wrong, which is now being repeated.

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