MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS.

Supervisor Ely in the chair. The minutes were read and approved.

THE CENTRAL PARK APPROPRIATION.

A communication was received from the Counsel of the Corporation, in answer to a resolution of the Board making inquiry as to the legality of the $200,000 appropriation for the Central Park, in which he denies the power of this Board to impose such a tax. He says the power to tax is a governmental power, and can only be exercised by the supreme authority—the State—either directly by its own agents, or indirectly by grants of the power to other persons, as, for example, to counties, cities, towns, &c. Such grants may be wider or narrower, according to the judgment and discretion of the legislative power of the State. They may be unlimited as to the period of exercise of the power; or, on the other hand, limited to a specific purpose or occasion. * * I have found no statute which authorizes the levy of usual and necessary taxes for the support of the city of New York; and the general course of legislation in reference to taxation in New York, as I have stated, satisfies me that there is none. * * Is the amount of $200,000 designed to satisfy the provisions of any legal contracts which have been made, and which the law would enforce against the city? Manifestly not. It is designed to raise a fund to be placed at the control of the Commissioners of the Central Park, or some other officers, to enable them to complete the Park according to the ordinance by which they were created. The clause under consideration, thus extended, subverts the purpose of the statute, which is apparent in every line, to limit the tax which the Supervisors are permitted to impose. The communication was ordered to lie on the table, and 500 copies printed.

GEORGE LAW'S ASSESSMENT.

George Law made an application, under oath, to the Board for reduction of taxes on his personal estate in the Eighteenth ward. He states that he is assessed for the sum of $200,000 personal estate in the Eighteenth ward; that while the assessment rolls were open for correction and review, he was ignorant of any such tax, he having sworn off all assessment for personal property in the preceding year 1855; and he further swears that ever and above his just debts, and actual liability, he does not possess any personal estate subject to taxation, except that already taxed. He, therefore, asks that the same be remitted. The prayer of the petition was granted

THE ASSESSMENT ROLLS FOR 1856—INCREASE OF VALUE OF PROPERTY.

The Committee sent in their report in favor of confirming the assessment rolls for the year 1856. By the report of the Comptroller on the relative value of the real and personal estate in the city and county of New York, it appears that the increase of 1856 over that of 1855 is $26,878,441 81.

The report of the Committee was being read, when it was moved to suspend the reading and that it be made a special order for Monday.

The Mayor hoped that the matter would not be postponed, but that it would be disposed of this evening. There were many members of the Board anxious to leave town.

Supervisor TUCKER supported the motion for postponement, and spoke against a hasty action on so important a matter, and also against the illegality of the $200,000 appropriation for the Central Park. Let the Mayor go out of town, if he wishes, but there would still be a sufficient number of members to act upon the measure. He, for one, was inclined for business before pleasure. He (Alderman Tucker) stated that in a conversation which he had with the Mayor, his Honor asked him when he was going to report upon the taxes; he replied that the committee would do so as soon as they received a reply from the Counsel to the Corporation in answer to a resolution of the Board as to the legality of the appropriation. The Mayor said to him (Ald. T.) that he did not care how the Counsel to the Corporation reported; he would have the $200,000 included in the assessments.

The Mayor said he did not intend to make any extended remarks in reply to the Supervisor of the Eighth ward; he would merely observe that he himself did not purpose leaving town immediately, but so long as high officials and members of this Board are acting in collusion to endeavor to destroy this great municipal enterprise—the Central Park—so long would he stand by that project, which he had advocated from its incipiency. With respect to the conversation he had had with his friend of the Eighth ward, he (the Mayor) had no recollection of stating so imperatively that he would have the appropriation made; but he did, no doubt, give his opinion on the legality of the measure, independent of what might be the opinion of the counsel. He had no objection to its being postponed until Monday.

After some remarks from other members of the Board, the matter was set down for Monday next, at 4 o'clock.

It appears, by the report of the committee, that the rate of tax will be about $1 57½, and that the total of the tax levy for 1856 will be $7,075,425 72.

RELATIVE VALUE OF THE REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, AS ASSESSED IN 1855 AND 1856.

Wards.	1855. Real Estate.	1855. Personal Estate.	1855. Total.	1856. Real Estate.	1856. Personal Estate.	1856. Total.	Increase.	Decrease.
1st	$5,175,296	$1,117,896	$6,293,192	$5,172,896	$1,004,552	$6,177,448		$115,744
2d	9,117,450	1,644,450	10,761,900	9,117,450	1,644,450	10,761,900		
3d	9,905,350	1,700,357	11,605,707	9,905,350	1,700,357	11,605,707		
4th	12,473,900	1,700,350	14,174,250	12,473,900	1,700,350	14,174,250		
5th	9,906,500	1,700,357	11,606,857	9,906,500	1,700,357	11,606,857		
6th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
7th	11,700,150	1,700,357	13,400,507	11,700,150	1,700,357	13,400,507		
8th	12,473,900	1,700,350	14,174,250	12,473,900	1,700,350	14,174,250		
9th	9,906,500	1,700,357	11,606,857	9,906,500	1,700,357	11,606,857		
10th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
11th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
12th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
13th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
14th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
15th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
16th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
17th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
18th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
19th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
20th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
21st	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
22d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
23d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
24th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
25th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
26th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
27th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
28th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
29th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
30th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
31st	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
32d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
33d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
34th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
35th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
36th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
37th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
38th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
39th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
40th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
41st	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
42d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
43d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
44th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
45th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
46th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
47th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
48th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
49th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
50th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
51st	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
52d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
53d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
54th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
55th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
56th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
57th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
58th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
59th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
60th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
61st	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
62d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
63d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
64th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
65th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
66th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
67th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
68th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
69th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
70th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
71st	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
72d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
73d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
74th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
75th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
76th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
77th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
78th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
79th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
80th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
81st	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
82d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
83d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
84th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
85th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
86th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
87th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
88th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
89th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
90th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
91st	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
92d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
93d	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
94th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
95th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
96th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
97th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
98th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
99th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
100th	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200	9,475,750	1,644,450	11,120,200		
Total	$[illegible]	$[illegible]	$[illegible]	$[illegible]	$[illegible]	$[illegible]	$[illegible]	$[illegible]
Total increase								
Loss decrease								

Total valuation in county	$613,939,279
Do. do. Lamp districts	499,122,165
Do. do. South of Forty-second street	486,682,364

A. C. FLAGG, Comptroller.

The Board then adjourned to Monday, at 4 o'clock.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

MISCELLANEOUS MATTERS.

Several papers were referred and others concurred in. The report of the Committee on Wharves, Piers and Slips, in favor of building a pier between Castle Garden and pier No. 1 North river, was concurred in. The report of the Committee on Salaries and Offices, in favor of increasing the salary of the Superintendent of Lands and Places from $1,000 to $1,500 per annum, was concurred in. The report of the Committee concurring with the Councilmen to open First avenue from Forty-second street to Harlem river was also concurred in.

THE CENTRAL PARK.

Alderman CLANCY moved that the report of the Councilmen appropriating $100,000 for the purposes of the expenses of the Central Park, be accepted.

Alderman TUCKER opposed the motion. Pending a discussion,

Alderman BROWN moved an adjournment, which was lost.

Alderman CLANCY moved the previous question—a concurrence with the Board of Councilmen to appropriate $100,000—which was carried, by 13 to 7.

Adjourned to first Monday in August.

COMMISSIONERS OF HEALTH.

The Commissioners of Health met yesterday, at the City Hall, at 12 M. President Barker, of the Aldermen, presiding.

The disposition of vessels newly arrived at Quarantine was the only matter considered, with the following decisions:—barks Tasmania and Velona, and brig Bonito, to discharge their cargoes on lighters at Quarantine, after which they could come up to the city. Barks Theodore Curtis, Bambera, White Cloud, and J. C. Humphrey, to come to the city without hindrance. The schooner Fortuna to come to the city after having landed at Atlantic dock, Brooklyn, some hides she had on board.

Captains and consignees of vessels arriving in port are loud in their complaints at the detention of their ships at Quarantine. The people at Staten Island and at Fort Hamilton are becoming too tremulous for fear of the introduction of contagious diseases in their midst. It is gratifying to state that their fears are groundless, as an unparalleled infrequency of cases of epidemic disease has thus far been brought on ship board. Reports show that the same is likely to continue to be the case, as unusual health prevails at all the ports trading with New York.

The Commissioners meet to-day, at the office of the Health Officer at Quarantine. The object is to make a personal rigid inspection into the sanitary condition of the different hospitals and institutions at Quarantine.

THE INSPECTOR OF CARTS.

A retinue of carmen, to the number of nearly seven hundred, called yesterday forenoon on the Mayor to solicit the revokement of the order to officer Clark—who for two years has been detailed at the Mayor's office as inspector of carts—to report himself upon patrol duty. The carmen expressed their satisfaction at the manner in which officer Clark had discharged his duty towards them, and urged his continuance at his present post. The Mayor promised to accede to their wishes. During the interview the Mayor desired the carmen to name some future day when they would meet and announce to him, authoritatively, their wishes as to the application before the Common Council, purporting to emanate from the carmen of the city, asking that they might be permitted to reside out of the corporation, and hold licenses in the city. He wished to know whether the carmen generally united in such application. It was stated to the Mayor that a meeting of the entire carmen of the city should be called at an early day, to give him their wishes, as a body, in the matter.

THE CENTRAL PARK POLICE MATTERS.

Yesterday the police telegraph was got in operation for the first time, connecting the Central park police station with the Chief of Police's office in the City Hall Park. The Nineteenth, Twenty-second and Twelfth wards are the only ones with which there is not communication by telegraph, from the different station houses, with the Chief of Police's office.

On Wednesday Captain Bennett, of the Central park police, issued notices to the tenants of the buildings within the Central park grounds that they must vacate the same by the first of August next, unless receiving permission to occupy them longer from the Park Commissioners. It appears that the police force stationed here had promised them tenements on the park grounds, free of rent, for themselves and families, and that to all these has not yet been afforded this promised accommodation. Added to this, Captain Bennett has sent in to the Commissioners an application for an addition of ten officers and one sergeant to the force, making thirty-one in all. He makes the application that he may put on a night patrol as well as a day guard. The captain states that depredations continue to be made on the park at night, and that stolen goods are brought there for a secure hiding place, which it is impossible to prevent without having men on night patrol. Meanwhile, the captain and men comprising the present force are complaining bitterly at not receiving their pay. They have not received a cent's pay thus far

Seward on Greeley.

In the Senate, on Wednesday, an animated debate took place between Mr. Johnson, of Arkansas, and Mr. Seward, arising from the vindication which the former gentleman deemed proper to make of the conduct of his colleague Rust, in the assault upon Mr. Greeley. Mr. Johnson said of Rust:—

He is a member of the House of Representatives of this country. He is my colleague in that branch of Congress. He is a gentleman, and is certainly one of the most uniformly magnanimous, generous, and highly honorable and true men that lives upon the whole wide earth. I have known him from my earliest manhood, and during his earliest youth, and this is my experience with reference to him during the whole time.

Mr. Seward replied to Mr. Johnson's vindication of Rust:—

In the course of the debate yesterday it will be recollected that the honorable Senator from Virginia, (Mr. Hunter) alluding to the matter of Mr. Sumner, stated as a matter of grievance against the State of Massachusetts that she had converted what had been a personal difficulty into a public matter, or she had taken a course which had that tendency. I went on to show that Massachusetts was not so responsible for having converted what he had called a personal quarrel into a public one, and that the fact of the assault on Mr. Sumner having become a public question, or subject of so great magnitude, resulted from its nature, circumstances, and antecedents, and a foresight on the consequences which must follow it. By way of illustrating rapidly as thoughts occurred to my mind, its nature and circumstances, antecedents, and consequences of that assault, I spoke of the fact that an editor of a newspaper had been assaulted without sufficient preliminary notice to put him on his personal defence, and beaten down in one of the avenues leading to the Capitol, for the assumed offence of words written concerning what had been done by a member of the House of Representatives in his official capacity. * *

I remember, I was going on to illustrate, two or three years ago, when the Kansas-Nebraska bill was before the Senate, I entertained a very bad opinion of that bill—an opinion about as bad as any Senator or citizen can entertain of a measure which it is his duty to oppose. In addressing the Senate I found it necessary to characterize the measure in strong terms; but I guarded myself against imputing any such character whatever to the author of the measure or its motives. I did so precisely for the reason that I had no doubt myself at the time that the author had no unpatriotic or unjust motives, and I conceded to him, precisely as I claimed for myself, integrity of motive, as I do every other person engaged in public duties. I freely concede the same purity of motives to the colleague of the Senator (Mr. Rust) in the transaction referred to, although that transaction is not at all remembered by me. He is entitled by his position to that acknowledgment. I can readily believe his character to be just what is given him by the Senator, for I know he is a man of truth and high honor, while I am personally unacquainted with his colleague (Mr Rust). I have, therefore, not sanctioned the article of which he complains, and I have no reason for doing so now.

That is my understanding of this whole case. In the first place, taking the account which I had received of the transaction, the assault made was without sufficient preliminary notice. As a question of fact, if the circumstances remain as then understood, my opinion is the same still. If not so, if the facts are misunderstood, it will be modified according to circumstances, if more or other notice than I had understood was given.

In regard to the other branch of the question, I consider the article of which complaint is made of the editor of the *Tribune* as being in bad taste, excessive, extravagant and severe. I regarded it, however, as not an attack on the motives or the character of the member who had introduced the measure which was condemned, although I may have been in error on that subject. So I thought that the assault on him was a sufficient excuse in that way. Beyond that, the honorable Senator knows, and everybody knows, that it is my judgment, my opinion, my rule of action, that the interests of justice, of right, and of truth require freedom of the press, and freedom of speech and debate, and that whatever errors may be committed in the exercise of that freedom they are counterbalanced in their effects by the good which results from discussion. I think, as all the world knows I do, that it is not right for any person, citizen or member of Congress, or in any official station, to resort to personal retaliation for the vindication of character assailed in debate, or through the press.

This being so, the transaction appeared to me one which was inexcusable. I referred to the fact, however, as an historical one. I neither made nor implied, nor intended, any reflection on the assailant in that case, but simply gave it as it was understood by me, as one of the antecedent circumstances by operation of which, with other causes, deeper and wider interest had been excited concerning the transaction between Mr. Sumner and Mr. Brooks.

Personal Intelligence.

Hon. Rufus Choate, of Massachusetts, is in Washington.

The following names of Americans have been inscribed on the public registers in Paris, since the date of our last:—

W. Scott and daughter, N. Y.; Miss Churchman, do.; G. P. Pollen and daughter, do.; L. Edgeston, do.; W. P. Smith, do.; F. Peniston, La.; S. J. Spiegelberg, N. Y.; P. Palmer, Chicago; R. H. Allen, N. O.; G. Hayes, Phila.; O. Andrews, Va.; Miss Powell, N. Y.; C. H. Raymond, do.; H. Hunt, do.; J. Derbes, N. O.; J. Zulauf, Ky.; F. Reuter, N. Y.; W. Emerson, Mass.; H. Sauve, La.; H. M. Watts and family, Phila.; R. Arnold, N. Y.; H. Lawrence, do.; F. G. Bertera and lady, do.; T. Cricca, do.; F. Nelerson, Boston; Wm. Pratt, Mobile; Cte de Montenay, Miss.; J. B. Hughes, N. C.; P. F. Maury, Washington.

ARRIVALS.

At the Metropolitan—His Excellency Myron H. Clark, Governor of New York; Capt. McDonough, St. Louis; Hon. J. J. Anderson; H. Morgan and family, New Orleans; Hon. H. W. Hurxthull, Mobile; Hon. Chas. Andrews, St. Louis; Gen. Uraga, Mexico; Capt. Meigs, U. S. Engineers; John G. Priest, St. Louis.

From Havre, in the steamship Fulton—Mr Funk, A Overbact, C Thorn, C Thyssissen, F Remsbold and lady, Don Pedro Goinar, Capt Emerson, Capt J Fuller, Jr, Mr J Fuller, Dr R Maccon, U S N, Capt W M Walker, U S N, T Crawford, P L Ronaids, bearer of despatches from U S Legation at Paris; A Lippman, lady and child and two servants; W Cheeks, H W Smith, J Fuller, Jr, Mrs Edwards and son, C Bryden, Mr Funk, Mrs J A Alexander, Mrs H Cash, L DeJanon and lady, J W Morris, O Schenker, F Reeter, S Pritchard, J S Strapfer, Madame Gerlach, Miss M Dowes, Mlle Martha Dowes, Mlle E Dowse, D Thompson and lady, Miss Swanson, Miss Collier, Mrs May, W Sparkman, H J Remers, E Goez, J Brunden, E Henning, G St Jean, J Geck, G Lentholt, E Woolfe, J Bauman, bearer of despatches to Consul Swiss Confederation; G M Gibbes, F Henrique, T R Timby, E D Garesche, J C Chevalier, R T Graham, Miss J Graham, Gen Poer, B G Roglis, Madame Berthe, Madame C M Lee, two children and servant, F Grosholz, W Weiss, S Mayer and daughter, S H Hazard, J S Lowry, lady and child, J Basmore and lady, J J Griffin and lady, Miss Griffin, J B Stephenson, N Berry, C Marll and lady, Madame Marll, M A Buck, J Buck, R Moore, F Thorne, G Heild, H Huther, J Steinhauer, J Kauffman, J P James, A Israel, W Harris, Madame Hecker and child, Madame Eckhardt, E Robinson, Miss Proubert, H Hampson and lady, L K Cole and daughter, A Cook, Miss M Henning, Miss E Henning, Miss C Herbert, Mrs A Mady, Mrs Hall and son, F Mount, W Tapscott, E Grosholz, F Suran, M B Edinger, J Muller, W Ettinger, J Nathan, E Meterie—Total 123.

From Richmond, &c., in the steamship Jamestown—R Kenney, John Young, Stephen Thompson, P Smith, R J Groves, A N Fellers, J Hersman, L L Barns, L V Barns, Mrs P G Coghlan, Benj Hart, Wm H Benson, Charles Ward, Mr Eller, Charles Talbot, S H Jubbets, H Jubbets, G W Latham, H Prayer, T A McNaire, Dr M L Cormick, John Gory, H N Rowe, Chas A Kers, D Cronan, Peter Smith, J W English, W H Grear, W S Hanson, Stephen R Weller, Miss C Evans, Miss Lockridge, Miss Hammond, Miss Eldridge, Miss Mary Ross, Mr Siddall, Mrs Siddall and child, Miss H Talbott, Miss M Redman, Miss Catharine Benson, Mrs Jane C Ludlam, Miss Anne Ludlam, Mrs C M Saunders, Mrs R M Cavey, Miss Mary Gale, Miss G McMurdo, Miss E Tyler, Joseph Leech, Mrs A M Chalmers, Mrs A A Sands, Miss E Mead, Mrs Carden, Miss Carden, Mr J Cross, wife and four children; Mrs Fisher and son, J W M Williams and lady, Mrs P Derbyshire, Master J H Derbyshire, Mrs S Rosenfels and daughter, Miss Woody, Mrs John Smith, Miss Mary E Woody, Miss Comstock, Miss French, Miss Wall, Master Henricks, Mrs T Dudley and daughter, A S Shafer, lady, servant and nurse; J C Ehringhaus, Miss Ehringhaus, Miss Sheppard, and twenty four in the steerage.

DEPARTURES.

In the steamer Canada, from Boston for Liverpool—Messrs B Mulligan, S P Holden, A K Towne, Sewell Warner, E Morse, H Tucker, Ar Jones, Jas Cassidy, Mr Berry and wife, Henry Day, James Spring, wife and two children, J H Parker, and John Maguire, of Boston; Thomas Holcroft, of Quincy; James Mercer, of Cambridge; Samuel Teaser and wife, of Chelsea; J S Needham, of Blackstone; Samuel Bray, of Chelmsford; Miss Mary E Newport, of Salem; Dr Harlsborn and wife, of Providence; Messrs W E Messenger and Israel Howell, of Rhode Island; A Emery and son, of Hiddeford; Mrs O M Baylis and two sons, of Bangor; Messrs D A Watson and wife, R S Buchanan, — Bowman, — Chilton, James Neary, Edw Turpin, R G Dale and son, William Morse and Jonathan Wilson, of NYork; Robert Welden, of Utica; George Bailey, of Buffalo; G H Bayley, John Bigger and H Sondhelm, of Baltimore; J E Goodman, of St Louis; P Curtis, of Chicago; Thomas Warlock, of Detroit, C Canada; Robert Rankin, of W Richmond, of Indiana; F E Jardet, Mrs A Dogan, Messrs H V Angebourt, — Tompkins and wife, John Hadelstone, Louis Veley, Thomas Armsley and T H Farish, of NOrleans; Charles Paley, of Texas; Randolph Manley, Mrs Benedet, Messrs J Myers and Jacob Aischal, of California; Judge Matlock and wife, Miss Wildash, Messrs Muir, M Robertson and James Moore, of Canada; J Reeves, of Montreal; Dr A Green, and Messrs Sisson, of Toronto; George Bunn, of Hamilton, C W; J Horsfall, J W Beard and Miss Holdsworth, of St John, N B; Captain Coffin, Royal Navy Messrs Jno McAusland and wife, and R Kidston, of Glasgow; Miss Gordon, of Scotland; Mr Arthur Wilson, Capt Newlands, Messrs Krog, R Carlile and friend, James C McAndrew, Thomas Turton, G M Bayley, C Robinson and Jas Barnes, of England; L Cameron, R Hill, James Rankin, Coverlae and N Vascorres, of Liverpool; James Fagan, of Dublin; John Clark, of London; Mr Kranskoff, of Hamburg; Joseph Saliba, of Malta; M Menefoglio, of Italy; Jose Elias, S C Mantada and Manuel de Baez, of Havana; Simon Legden, of Cuba; Timotes Gordillo, of South America; Mr Baller, residence not given—118.

For Halifax—Messrs J Q Adams and E A Newton, of Pittsfield; H Parker and wife, of Winchester; S W Thompson and J Bailey, of New York; J H Carter, of Florida; J Thompson, wife and four children, of Canada; James Isles, Rev Mr McKenzie and son, Rev Dr Hillsworth, Messrs C de Quettewell, J Henry Tobin, J B Kennedy, J Mitchell, Hon B Weir, Miss Fairbanks and Mrs Tobin, of Halifax—27. Total, 145.

Union of the Hards and Softs.

FRATERNIZATION OF THE DEMOCRATIC GENERAL COMMITTEES.

The two Democratic General Committees met last evening at their respective places of meeting, Tammany Hall and Stuyvesant Institute.

At Tammany Hall, the softs, WILSON SMALL, Chairman, received a plan of union of their committee with the hards, and passed upon the acceptance of the same, with but one or two dissenting voices, when they proceeded in a body to Stuyvesant Institute to complete the union agreed upon.

At Stuyvesant Institute, the hards were meanwhile waiting the arrival of their new allies before organizing, which was not till after nine o'clock.

Upon announcement that the Soft Shell General Committee had arrived and were in waiting outside, a committee, consisting of Messrs. Sinclair, Marsh and Blakewell, was appointed to notify them of the readiness of the Hard Shell Committee to receive them.

The Tammany Hall Committee hereupon were inducted into the room and introduced to the Stuyvesant Committee, and took their seats with the latter body. The Stuyvesant Committee Chairman (Horace F. Clark) welcomed Wilson Small, their Chairman, to a seat by his side. After mutual greetings and cheers had subsided, Mr. CLARK spoke as follows:—

You may not have been officially apprised, though most of you are aware, that at the last meeting your Chairman was appointed a committee to confer with Mr. Shepard, of the Democratic Republican General Committee, to arrange the mode of the consolidation of the two committees. I have had the pleasure of meeting Mr. Shepard, and the additional pleasure of finding in him the spirit and determination that our union should be cordial and immediate. After some discussion, we settled upon certain plans which have been agreed upon as the basis of our union, which, having been prepared in writing, I now read, as follows:—

PLAN FOR THE UNION OF THE TWO DEMOCRATIC GENERAL COMMITTEES.

1st. The two committees to be united, with the express condition and understanding, on each side, that if the two State Conventions, to assemble at Syracuse on the 30th inst., fail to harmonize, then each committee shall be at liberty to withdraw from the Union Committee, with its former or original organization

2d. The Committee of which Mr. Small is Chairman, to meet the Committee of which Mr. Clark is Chairman, at the rooms of the latter, in Stuyvesant Institute, on Thursday, July 17, 1856, at 8 o'clock P. M., and the union to be then and there perfected.

3d. The officers of the two committees to be the temporary officers of the Union Committee.

4th. The Union Committee to designate by the vote of a majority the place of the future meetings of the Committee.

Mr. CLARK, after the reading of the plan, proceeded with the following remarks:—

GENTLEMEN—Nothing remains but to perfect our new organization and to determine to maintain it in order and harmony. The name of a gentleman this moment occurs to me of long and acknowledged prominence in the democratic ranks, upon whom, I think, we can with one common voice unite as our presiding officer. I refer to Hon. Lorenzo B. Shepard. I am inclined thus to introduce his name not by reason of the personal friendship which I readily avail myself of this occasion to acknowledge, but for the circumstance that I have recently witnessed the prudent and moderate course, and the unselfish and patriotic sentiments, the exercise of which has enabled him to become the instrument of effecting this union. I feel constrained to say that I regard the accomplishment of our common desires as eminently attributable to his timely action and determined perseverance. As a just acknowledgment for these eminent services I take pleasure in proposing that Mr. Shepard be elected by acclamation as permanent Chairman of this organization.

Mr. Clark, at the close of his remarks, was loudly cheered.

Mr. WILSON SMALL, Chairman of the softs, now read the following response:—

GENTLEMEN OF THE NATIONAL DEMOCRATIC GENERAL COMMITTEE—We have been informed of your unconditional acceptance of the tender of union, which for the sake of our cause and our country we made to you. We rejoice that the same spirit which animated us in the offer has induced your prompt acceptance. We have come to congratulate you upon the prospect which this scene affords of a united and harmonious co-operation of the democratic organizations of the city in support of the democratic candidates, and in protection of the large and vital national interests involved. We propose one common organization, with one presiding officer. We have determined to overlook the dissensions of the past, which now belong solely to our political history, and to blend our common strength in one United phalanx in support of those principles which have always found acceptance with the American people. The democratic party remains, what it has ever been, the great conservative party of the Union, and the blending of our organizations will remove the only impediment which threatens to impair the strong support which the democracy of the city of New York have determined to render to the cause of the people.

Mr. Small