City Intelligence.

GRAND JURY LIST.—A final meeting was held in the Mayor's office yesterday, at 10 o'clock, in relation to selecting Grand Jurors for the ensuing year, according to the act of June 30, 1853. Present, Mayor Wood, Judges Duer, Ingraham and Russell. The list of six hundred and eighty-one names was perfected and accepted by the Board and ordered to be engrossed and placed on file in the County Clerk's office. The list embraces names from all classes of society, or, as Mr Osborne, the Secretary, remarked, "of all sorts, from a junk dealer to the independent gentleman, and of every political stripe." He considers it a handsome list. If there should come an extra order, the list will be drawn from during October, but it will require time to arrange the business in the County Clerk's office, to get the ballots ready, &c. The list gives the name, ward, residence and occupation of the juror, taken from the poll list. It was found that many eligible persons therefore withheld their names from the Directory solely for fear of being drafted as jurors.

THE NOMINATION OF H. H. HOWARD FOR MAYOR.—Mr. John B. Miller, foreman of Engine Company No. 31, has called upon us to contradict the statement that his company took any part in the meeting of firemen alleged to have been held on the back steps of the City Hall, on Wednesday afternoon, for the purpose of nominating Chief Engineer Howard for Mayor. We have also received the following note from Mr. James L. Miller, a member of Engine Company No. 31:—

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

GENTLEMEN—In your paper of yesterday an announcement was made of a meeting of firemen, held in the Park nominating Henry H. Howard for the position of Mayor of this city, and my name was used as having presided over such a meeting. You will oblige me by stating that I am not aware of any such meeting being held. I did not preside over any political meeting on that day, and I desire this be fully understood that my name was used without my knowledge or consent. I am utterly opposed to the principle of using the name of the Fire Department for political purposes, and in this particular case I feel deeply aggrieved that my name should have been used.

JAMES L. MILLER.

NEW YORK, Sept. 18, 1857.

THE NEW YORK VOLUNTEERS held a meeting last night and passed a series of resolutions in relation to the recent visit of the Scott Legion to this city. Among the parties thanked for their hospitalities to the guests were the 12th Regiment for acting as an escort; the proprietors of the Jersey City ferry for lending them a steamboat; to the Independence Guard for giving them a collation; to Mr. James Walker, the artist; to Gen. J. H. Howard Ward, and to the Democratic Union club for the use of their room. Two of the resolutions read as follows:—

Resolved, That we request the corporate authorities of the city of New York do not extend the hospitalities of the city to our distinguished guests from Pennsylvania on the ever memorable 14th of September.

Resolved, That our thanks are especially due to Mr James E. Drake, Esq. and his lovely daughter for the very hospitable manner in which they received and entertained the New York Volunteers and Scott Legion at their mansion and garden.

THE JEWISH NEW YEAR commenced last evening at sundown, and the festivities consequent upon this event will last for two days, and will close on Sunday night. There are no peculiar ceremonies observed on this day, except that the services at all the synagogues will be rather longer than usual. On Sunday all the synagogues will be open and lectures will be delivered in English. Those who are curious to know the peculiarities of the Jewish faith would do well to attend.

THE WORTH MONUMENT will soon be a fixed fact. Workmen are already employed in preparing the ground at the corner of Fifth avenue and Twenty-fourth street, upon which the monument is to be erected. It will be a fine affair when completed, and will be a decided ornament to that part of the city.

MISSING BOY.—Robert Dunkley, a boy 13 years of age, employed by the Russell & Erwin Manufacturing Company, corner of Cliff and Beekman streets, is missing. He was sent to the Post Office on Thursday noon for the letters of the firm, and obtained them, but has since been missing. He is described as being of light complexion, having blue eyes and dark hair. He was dressed in light pants, black vest with brass buttons, straw hat, &c.

FAST HORSES AND FAST BOYS.—The down town end of Centre street was "frighted from its propriety" yesterday afternoon by a runaway horse attached to a wagon, in which was a boy, who made frantic efforts at escape, but could not get out. The runaways—horse, wagon and boy—are owned by H. McKenna, grocer. In the temporary absence of the driver, Mr McKenna's son got into the wagon, whereupon some mischievous boys commenced teasing the horse, undoing the drag chain at the same time, and the animal set off at a furious gallop. A number of persons made a rush at the horse, which caused him to turn short into Chambers street, upsetting Mrs Reilly, who keeps an apple stand on the corner, "knocking the seven pennies out of her," and spilling some of her wares and money. In Chambers street he dashed into a rank of wagons, and then crossed to the opposite side, where he was pulled up, Mr. Alex Rodd, ex policeman, having previously succeeded in getting the boy out of the wagon unhurt.

NEW YORK STATE MILITARY ASSOCIATION.—Headquarters Worcester, September 14, 1857.—The lateness of the season and the sickness of several officers of the association renders it necessary, in the opinion of the Council of administration, to countermand the order issued July 6, for the encampment at Auburn, which to take place October 7, next. The said encampment is hereby postponed until a more favorable season. By order of the Council. T. S. Burnside, Major General and President of the Association.

CAPTURE OF A PICKPOCKET BY A LADY.—Mrs. Ann Rudolph, of New Brunswick, N. J., arrested a young pickpocket, named Charles Smith, whom she caught with his hand in the pocket of her dress as she was passing up Broadway on Friday morning. The youngster had hard work to get his hand out of the lady's pocket, and she held him until an officer arrived and took him into custody. The prisoner was taken before Justice Osborn and locked up for trial.

BAD THE SAME NAME.—The man Gray, who was mentioned in the HERALD as one of the publishers of obscene literature, is not John A. Gray, of Nos. 16 and 18 Jacob street, who prints books of a very different character. Mr. J. A. Gray has the misfortune to have a very disreputable namesake, and hence the necessity of this notice. Mr. J. A. Gray's card will be found in our advertising columns.

Lieutenant Lyce, of the Navy.

LYNCHBURG, VA., Sept. 16, 1857.

JAMES GORDON BENNETT, Esq.,

EDITOR OF NEW YORK HERALD:—

SIR—In your issue of the 13th inst., I find I am charged by your Washington correspondent with having left the Cyane, at Boston, without orders, and presented myself before President Buchanan for the purpose of asking to be detached from said ship.

That portion stating I left the ship (in other words deserted) without orders, is erroneous. I not only obtained a week's leave, from Commodore Stringham, to visit my family in Virginia, after a nearly two years' cruise in the West Indies, but had an additional extension of four days' leave from Secretary Toucey himself. Before that leave had expired I made written application to be detached from the ship entirely, owing to severe illness in my family, and from the fact of my having spent but four or five months in all (at different times) with them in the three years I had been married, also from the fact of my having been unemployed only six months in sixteen years service.

On receiving the order alluded to by your correspondent, on the 31st ult., I immediately replied, and at the conclusion stated, owing to severe affliction in my family it would be impossible and inopportune for me to leave for a foreign station at that time, hence I would respectfully but reluctantly tender him (the Secretary) my resignation as a lieutenant in the navy of the United States. In so doing I conceived I was acting honorably, and only pursuing the same course that many other officers have done in somewhat similar circumstances—that is, in finding that it was impossible to comply with the orders they avoided themselves of the only alternative left, which was to resign. In so doing (particularly when the country was in a state of profound peace,) little did I suppose I was guilty of a crime sufficient to merit a trial by court martial, much less did I imagine I would be heralded as a deserter (as your correspondent has erroneously, but I believe innocently, done, sending only such information as he received from some malicious wretch,) from one end of the world to the other. I fancy such is not the opinion of the department, inasmuch as the "charges" are but two, viz:—"Neglect of duty" and "Disobedience of orders."

My trial will come on in a few days, when I will endeavor to show the painful circumstances I was laboring under, and the reasons why I supposed I was entitled to a leave of absence after so long a service.

Having often seen mentioned that your columns were open to both sides of a question, may I, therefore, urgently request that in justice to me you will give this simple statement an insertion in your largely circulated paper, and very much oblige, yours, respectfully,

LEONARD H. LYNE, Lieutenant U. S. Navy.

Supreme Court—Special Term.

Before Hon. Judge Peabody.

The People on the relation of Paulding agst. Philip R. Paulding—The motion of the plaintiff is granted.

The People on the relation of Patrick Murphy agst. the Commissioners of Police—The motion is granted, without costs and without prejudice to the rights of the plaintiffs or of the relator.

THE CASE OF THE CONVICT SMITH.—Smith, for the murder of the steward Grove, having been commuted to seven years' imprisonment, he was brought into court this morning to receive sentence for the manslaughter of the captain of the brig General Pierce. A question arose as to the meaning of the statute, as it was silent as to whether it intended that the criminal should be sentenced to hard labor or not. Counsel contended that Smith could not be sentenced to the State prison on account of the silence of the statute on that point. Mr Donohoe called the attention of the Judge to a case in the court below, where that court consulted Judge Nelson and determined that it had no power to sentence to the State prison. The Judge was doubtful, and took the papers.

Changes of Weather Require Attention if health is retained. BRANDRETH'S pills are safe. They correct the evils that arise from changes of weather, diet or manner of living. Principal office Brandreth Building; sold also at 298 Bowery, 241 Hudson street, 573 Division street, and by Quakman, Broadway, corner of Twenty-second street. Price 25 cents per box.

A. Grandjean is the Only Person who can be consulted scientifically on all diseases of the human hair, at 94 Church street, corner of Barclay. The Sixth and Eighth avenue cars stop at the door of the establishment.

Portable Dressing Cases in Great Variety—for sale by J. & S. SAUNDERS, store only at No. 7 Astor House.

The New York Weekly Herald.

LOSS OF THE STEAMSHIP CENTRAL AMERICA—NAMES OF SOME OF THE RESCUED—THE HURRICANE IN THE SOUTH—NEWS FROM EUROPE, CHINA, INDIA, CALIFORNIA, MEXICO, CUBA, WEST INDIES, ETC—INCREASE FROM UTAH—THE AMERICAN STATE CONVENTION—AFFAIRS IN WASHINGTON—THE CROPS—MARKETS, ETC., ETC.

The WEEKLY HERALD will be published at eleven o'clock this morning. Among its contents will be found full particulars, as far as received, of the Loss of the Steamship Central America, with over five hundred passengers and two and a half millions of specie; Names of some of the rescued; News from Europe, India, China, California, South and Central America, Mexico, Cuba, St. Domingo, Curacoa, &c; Important from Utah; Excitement about the coming of the United States Troops; Proceedings of the American State Convention, at Syracuse; Jefferson Davis on Kansas, Governor Walker and the Administration; Letter from Gen. Wm Walker; The Hurricane at the South; Affairs in Washington; Latest News by Telegraph; Editorials on various subjects; Financial, Commercial, Religious, Political, Sporting, Theatrical and Maritime Intelligence; Weekly Review of the New York Cattle Market; Marriages and Deaths; together with a large variety of interesting local and miscellaneous items. Single copies, in wrappers ready for mailing, can be had at the counter. Price six cents.

Branch Takes the Odds Against the Field.

TO THE PUBLIC OF NEW YORK.

I again present myself as a candidate for favor. If elected I will first strive to ascertain what has become of the $60,000 recently found, and who pay the ten Governors the enormous salaries, and who pay the ten dress so finely, and drive so fast. I shall then endeavor to be the elected evidence after I have discovered the record Commissioners and ten divorce courts. I shall mount a fleet horse and ride hither and thither through the city, and spread terror and dismay among all sinners of every hue. I respectfully solicit the influence and votes of firemen, policemen, soldiers, butchers, boxers, sextons and those of all classes, and when elected as I dream of I shall be I will strive to please all who vote for me. It will require a tremendous increase on my vote of last year to be success, but my friends work with desperation I shall be victorious. I depend on the strikers and inspectors, who look me dead in the eye and swear they will work and vote for me, and count the votes in my favor after he honest voters have retired to their homes on the night of the election, which I regard as equivalent to my inauguration. Cesare is safe. Whiting, Boucher and Libby will not run for Mayor this year, whose friends, I trust, will vote for me. Very affectionately,

STEPHEN H. BRANCH.

A Good Investment.—Judging by the Crowd of prospective purchasers visited KNOX'S 212 Broadway, the past week, we are forced to the conclusion that they prefer one of his elegant hats to four dollars of bro-nk money, and there are rather get rid of their current money by his more satisfactory and very sensible exchange for all it is worth, it will become worthless if kept in their possession. A Knox hat is decidedly a good investment.

The Autumn Hat.—The Attention of Gentlemen is particularly invited to our beautiful and very attractive hat for autumn. WARNOCK & CO., 512 Broadway & Nicholas Hotel.

Three Dollar Hats, Fall Style, at White's 128 Fulton street, between Broadway and Nassau street.

David's Fall Style of Gentlemen's Hats are beautiful in style and finish. Give him a call, at 301 Broadway.

Genin's $4 Fall Style silk Dress Hat—The increasing demand for this extremely fashionable fabric seems it conclusively as the leading dress hat of the present season. GENIN, 214 Broadway, opposite St. Paul's.

Meade Brothers' Photography—The Steamship Central America. Pictures of this vessel to be seen in our collection, at 233 Broadway.

20 Cent Ambrotype Likenesses, with Case—Named as life. Also taken daily, by machine process, by KIMBALL, 247 Broadway.

Holmes has gone Another Failure—Smash in the world—save the pieces. One cent to a dollar is scarcely expected by his delighted creditors. He has two shilling picture makers, 289 Broadway. Poor fellow; seeing him right for taking in the people for portraits at 25 cents, he owing other for rent he has made out of the smash, his lucky successors will go on with his picture trade as usual, at the old stand, and get ready for another bust up on one shilling portraits. CLIFTON HOLMES, Agent for simon & co.

Fredrick's Photographic Temple of Art, Nos. 585 and 587 Broadway, opposite Metropolitan Hotel. Photographs, daguerreotypes, ambrotypes, ballotypes. Visitors to the city are respectfully invited to examine the productions of this magnificent establishment. Hours, 8 A. M. to 10 P. M.

Metallic Fabiet Razor Strop—For Sale by J. & S. SAUNDERS, store only at No 7 Astor House.

Ladies—Elegance, Economy, Utility, all combined. New dress and mantilla trimmings of every description, at LOCKITT, SON & CO'S, 251 Fulton street, Brooklyn.

Corner of John and Nassau Streets—W. R. COLLINS & CO invite citizens and strangers to call and examine their stock of fall and winter clothing. They have on hand a large assortment of English business suits, Clarendon sacks, &c.

Boys' and Youths' Fall and Winter Clothing, now ready, at 30 John street, corner of Nassau street. D. L. CORNELL.

Taylor's International Hotel and Saloons, Broadway, corner of Franklin street.

Dry Goods, Damaged at the Late Fire in Odd Fellows' hall, 167 and 169 Grand street, will be sold at great sacrifice.

The Great Undergarment Depot, No. 269 Greenwich street, corner of Murray. Best goods at the lowest prices. T & W A SCHAUDHIN.

Coal, Coal.—the Best Quality of Red and white ash coal of all sizes for family use at the lowest prices. This coal comes directly from the northern market, at Port Richmond, near Philadelphia, to his new depot in this city, 350 West Thirteenth street, where a good supply is constantly on hand. An unusually liberal deduction made to dealers and others coming their own carting. JOHN S. WHITE.

Fine Pocket Cutlery—A Rich Assortment at J. & S. SAUNDERS' store only, at No. 7 Astor House.

Gebhard's Gymnasium and Fencing Academy, at Stuyvesant Institute, 659 Broadway, has reopened.

Defiance Salamander Safes—With Patent powder proof defiance locks and cross bars. Depot 198 Pearl street, one door below Maiden lane. ROBERT M. PATRICK.

A Card.—All Persons who have Gray Hair or hair of a bad color, are invited to call and consult Doctor GRANDJEAN (consultation free) at 94 Church street, corner of Barclay. His new fluid gives the hair the natural color desired, and may be considered a real prodigy of chemistry.

Barnes & Parr have Removed from 304 Broadway to 11 and 13 Park row, directly opposite the Astor House. The attention of jobbers and close buyers of drugs is invited to our immense stock of patent medicines, at and below proprietors' prices, by the case, dozen or 10 great B RNES & PARR, New York, Cincinnati and San Francisco.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—The best in the world, surpassing all, made, sold and applied at the manufactory, 233 Broadway.

Cristodoro's Hair Dye—Wigs and Toupees.—The very best in the country, both on sale, and the dye privately applied at No. 6 Astor House.

Turkish Hair Tonic—25 cents per Bottle—at the MPartlin drug store, corner of Eighth avenue and Twenty-eighth street.

Hill's Hair Dye—4 Shillings a Box, Black or brown, No. 1 Barclay street. Inimitable cutting of hair and whiskers.

Fontaine's Cream of Wild Flowers has no equal for washing children and infants. Try it. Wholesale and retail at 205 Broadway, and No. 6 Astor House.

Removal.—Jones' Italian Soap Depot and Jones' coral hair oil.—These two superb articles (one for the skin and complexion, the other for the hair) are now sold at SARDIS', 167 Fulton street. Price 25 cents.

Rupture.—Marsh & Co., Radical Cure Truss office, removed to No. 2 Vesey street, Astor House.

Brandreth's Pills, Office for the Genuine at CAMPBELL'S drug store, corner of Eighth ave. and Twenty-eighth street.

Murray & Lanman's Florida Water.—The ladies' whose decision is law, endorse Murray & Lanman's Florida water as the purest and most enduring of perfumes. Sold by all druggists at 50 cents per bottle. Sole proprietors, D. T. LANMAN & Co., wholesale druggists, 69 Water street.

100 Dozen Barry's Tricopherous at Half Price—12 cents a bottle, at CAMPBELL'S, drug store, corner of Eighth avenue and Twenty eighth street.

Campbell, Druggist and Chemist, corner of Eighth avenue and Twenty eighth st. Pure medicines and polite attention. 78 doz. Barry's Tricopherous just received; price 25.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills—Talk of consumption, indeed! these remedies have peacefully annexed all asthma, tribes, communities and common weals of the human race. They are the sole rallying point in favor of which mankind are unanimous.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET.

FRIDAY, Sept. 18—6 P. M.

The stock market opened very heavy this morning, and continued much depressed up to the close. In some of the leading railroad stocks there was a little more activity but the operations were principally for cash and apparently without speculative object. At the first board to-day New York Central 6's declined 2 per cent; Pennsylvania Coal, 1¾; Pacific Mail Steamship Company 8, but recovered 4 per cent before the close; New York Central Railroad, ¾; Erie, ¾; Reading, 2¼; Michigan Southern, ¾; Illinois Central, ¾; Cleveland, Columbus and Cincinnati, 2; Cleveland and Toledo, ¾; Michigan Central, 3¾. Virginia 6's advanced ¾ per cent; Harlem 1st mortgage, ¾; Illinois Central bonds, 1; Galena and Chicago, ¾; Milwaukie and Mississippi, 1½. The movements in Reading are very curious. The stock flies about, up and down, two and three per cent a day, apparently without any effort on the part of holders and operators. It generally goes down at the first board and up the second. The contest appears to be between the brokers of this city and Philadelphia, and it is the prevailing impression that the brokers of this city will come out ahead. The Reading is a Philadelphia concern and the probability is that the brokers of that city will have to take care of the stock. The sudden decline in Pacific Mail Steamship Company's stock to-day was the effect of the loss of the steamship Central America, with most of her passengers. The first impression was that this steamer belonged to that line, and as soon as it was shown to the contrary the stock advanced four per cent—about one-half of the decline. Pennsylvania Coal stock appears to be coming out steadily in small lots. The funded and floating debt of this concern is upwards of one million of dollars—about half and half. The stock is bringing now a high price, and outside holders who look to their income from stock investments for the means of living probably will never do better than to realise at present points, and place the proceeds in something that is beyond so many contingencies. Galena and Chicago Railroad and Chicago and Rock Island Railroad stock stand side and side. The former has recently paid a dividend of five per cent in cash, and the dividend day of the latter is the 1st of October. Whether a dividend will be paid at that time or not is a question not yet determined.

After the adjournment of the board the following sales of stocks and bonds were made at auction by S. Draper:—

$2,000 Sacramento City 10 per cent bonds, 1st add	58
$7,500 Delaware Lackawanna and Western, do	50
$10,000 Milwaukie City 7 per cent bonds	do 50½@51
$10,000 Milwaukie and Beloit R R 8's	do 27
20 shs Chatham Bank	66
25 Bank of the State of New York	95
200 Delaware Lackawanna and Western R. R.	10

Also the following:—

$8,000 Great Western R R. 7 per cent 2d m. int. add.	10
15 shs Nassau Bank	92
40 People's Bank	91¼
110 do	91
20 Irving Bank	91¾
120 do	91¾
16 Clinton Fire Insurance Company	101½
20 Indemnity Fire Insurance Company	91½
10 People's Fire Insurance Company	95
16 Republic Fire Insurance Company	91

At the second board the market continued heavy. New York Central Railroad declined ¼ per cent; Chicago and Rock Island, ½; Erie, ¾. Pacific Steam Ship Company advanced 2 per cent. There was a sale of New York Central as low as 69½ per cent, and closed at 70, buyer 30 days. The full effect of the loss of specie by the Central America has not yet been felt. The market stood it pretty well to-day, but we shall feel it more a few days hence. It is pretty well known that the amount of specie on board was about one and a half million of dollars, two thirds of which is insured in London and the balance in this country. The amount insured abroad is just as good as so much specie in hand, for it serves as a basis for drafts to that extent. The amount insured here will be paid at once, by the underwriters, and will probably increase for a time the stringency of the money market. The insurance companies no doubt have the amount in hand on deposit in some banks or loaned out on securities. This must be called in, and the call for a half to three quarters of a million will create considerable demand from some parties. The report that the Central America had on board six hundred thousand dollars shipped at Havana originated in the brain of some bull stock speculator of Wall street. The current of specie sets from this port to Havana, and not this way. The loss of the Central America is the first in the line of California steamers with a large amount of treasure on board. There probably has been transported by this line since the first discovery of gold in California more than five hundred millions of gold, and the confidence in the Central America is the first lost realized. The freedom from accidents and disasters on this line of steamers has frequently been the subject of remark in financial circles. Confidence in the line will not be impaired by this loss, as it is one of those beyond human foresight and human skill. The vessel rated first class at the Custom House and with underwriters, and was in every respect, we believe, seaworthy. A full account of the disaster, with the proceedings of the underwriters, will be found in our news columns.

The Assistant Treasurer reports to-day as follows:—

Total receipts	$137,699 08
" payments	168,317 23
" balance	10,829,190 51

A. H. Nicoll will hold a special sale of $45,000 Ohio State 5 per cent bonds to-morrow (Saturday) at half past 12 o'clock, at the Merchants Exchange, by order of A. P. Stone, Esq., Treasurer of the State of Ohio.

A. H. Muller will sold a special sale of stocks and bonds to-morrow at half past 12 o'clock, at the Merchants' Exchange.

Messrs. Monroe & Hodges, money brokers, give the following list of broken banks and the date of their failure:—

BROKEN BANKS AND DATE OF FAILURE.

Farmers' Bank, Wickford, R. I.	Aug 25, 1857
Rhode Island Central Bank, R. I.	Aug 25, 1857
Riverton Bank, R. I.	Aug 26, 1857
Warwick Bank, R. I.	Aug 25, 1857
Bank of Kanawha, Va.	Aug 25, 1857
Warren County Bank, Pa.	Aug 25, 1857
Sackett's Harbor Bank, N. Y.	Aug 26, 1857
Reciprocity Bank, N. Y.	Aug 26, 1857
Bergen County Bank, N. J.	Sept. 1, 1857
Oliver Lee's Bank, N. Y.	Sept. 4, 1857
Canby Bank, Vermont	Sept. 4, 1857
Hollister Bank, Buffalo, N. Y.	Sept. 4, 1857
Niagara River Bank, N. Y.	Sept. 4, 1857
Ontario County Bank, N. Y.	Sept. 9, 1857
Bank of Orleans, N. Y.	Sept. 10, 1857
Bank of New Jersey, N. J.	Sept. 10, 1857
Miami Valley Bank, Ohio	Sept. 10, 1857
Bank of Corning, N. Y.	Sept. 12, 1857
Bank of the South County, R. I.	Sept. 12, 1857
Stagecoach Bank, N. Y.	Sept. 12, 1857
Ontario Bank, N. Y.	Sept. 15, 1857
Kennebec River Bank, Maine	Sept. 16, 1857
Sanford Bank, Maine	Sept. 16, 1857
Colchester Bank, Colchester, Conn.	Sept. 18, 1857

The following are the receipts of the Morris Canal Company for the past week and season, as compared with the receipts to corresponding time last year:—

Total to Sept 6, 1856	$201,454 26	
Week ending Sept. 13, 1856	10,718 23	
		$212,192 49
Total to Sept 5, 1857	$199,837 96	
Week ending Sept 12, 1857	9,106 61	
		$208,944 57
Decrease in 1857		$3,247 92

The Union Straw Works, of Foxboro, suspended on Monday for all payments over $100. The failure of Carpenter, Ede & Co., of New York, was the immediate cause.

We hear that the Ellenville Glass Company, an institution which has always hitherto had the best business character, has suspended. The company is said to be indebted to the Hugenot Bank about $30,000.

Mr. John Woolley, proprietor of the Bank of the Capitol, Indianapolis, Ind., failed on the 14th inst. The circulation of the bank is small, and is secured by the deposit of State stocks. The liabilities of the Citizens' Bank of Cincinnati are stated at $484,432, and the assets at $987,410. The suspension of Charles H. Mills & Co., dry goods dealers at Boston, was announced yesterday by telegraph. Messrs. Tyler & Wild, shoe dealers, of Rochester, failed on Tuesday.

The Chicago *Tribune* reports the sale of the St. Clair Railroad, in St. Clair county, Illinois, for $10,300. Messrs Douteau, Harrison & Valle, of St. Louis, were the purchasers.

The Miami Valley Bank at Dayton is reported suspended. The Cleveland *Plaindealer* says the bills are good if the securities have not been swapped off.

The *Evening Journal* corrects the erroneous statement of the circulation of the banks returned at the department, for which securities have been surrendered, and gives the figures from the department:—

Bonded circulating notes of free banks from August 15 to Sept 16	$960,000
Stock surrendered during same period	501,000
Bonds and mortgages	110,000
Total securities surrendered	$611,000
In addition to the above, the incorporated banks have returned	$109,000
They have received new notes	80,000
Total	$189,000

The whole reduction of circulation is $1,069,000 in one month; and the means of the banks have been strengthened by the sale of one half a million of stocks and over one hundred thousand of real estate securities.

The Orleans *Republican*, speaking of the recent failure of the Bank of Orleans, says:—

The bank is one of the old safety fund banks, and is undoubtedly entirely solvent. It is quite certain that four or five weeks since, notwithstanding its previous losses, the entombed capital over and above all liabilities was over $80,000. In addition to the paid capital the stockholders are personally liable for $200,000 more. From this it will be seen that not only stockholders, but depositors also, are perfectly secure should the bank go into liquidation. There is just now, however, a strong probability that the bank will resume business the last of the week, the stockholders generally expressing a determination not to let the institution go down.

Owing to the failure of the Bank of Orleans there has been quite a run on the Bank of Albion; but it is said that no unfavorable impression has been made either upon its specie funds or its credit. The local papers say that it has in Albany and New York about $75,000 subject to its drafts.

At Cincinnati on Saturday, in chambers, before Judge Storer, motions were granted to dissolve the attachments in the cases of the Western Bank, the Miami County Branch of the State Bank of Ohio, and the Franklin Bank of Columbus against the Ohio Life and Trust Company. The Judge decided that in all these cases the affidavits did not disclose sufficient for the issuing of the attachment, and that the cases involved the principles decided recently in the Merchants' Bank of Cleveland attachment case.

Two actions were brought on Monday in the District Court at Pittsburg, by J. H. Hampton, Esq.—one in the name of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railway Company, and one in the name of the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway Company, against Gen. Larimer, Jr., former treasurer of the Ohio and Pennsylvania Railroad Company now part of Pittsburg, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, to recover the sum of $77,000, with interest since the date of the failure of the said Larimer in January, 1854.

The following table shows the quantity of some of the principal articles of produce left at tide-water from the commencement of navigation, to the 14th September inclusive, during the years 1856, 1856 and 1857:—

RECEIPTS OF PRODUCE AT TIDEWATER.

	1856.	1856	1857.
Canal open	*May 1.*	*May 4*	*May 6.*
Flour, bbls	518,812	578,308	318,515
Wheat, bushels	946,150	5,393,824	1,919,314
Corn	6,812,907	6,230,879	4,227,662
Barley	84,896	345,784	413,486
Rye	—	—	114,291
Oats	2,178,515	3,521,922	1,538,483
Beef, bbls	9,769	39,529	2,943
Pork	64,517	86,584	10,664
Butter, lbs	397,100	394,100	150,047
Lard	9,009,101	6,506,900	528,691
Cheese	161,100	179,200	14,830
Wool	4,668,400	2,617,500	1,421,713
Bacon	8,286,450	7,098,200	2,074,146

The quantity of flour, wheat, corn and barley left at tide water during the second week in September, in the years 856 and 857, is as follows:—

	Flour, bbls.	*Wheat bus.*	*Corn, bus.*	*Barley bus.*
1856	21,946	241,115	336,326	42,33
1857	10,982	154,681	296,638	194,803
Dec.	11,013	Dec. 86,478	Dec. 39,694	Inc. 79,472

The aggregate quantity of the same articles left at tide water from the commencement of navigation to the 14th Sept. inclusive, during the years 1856 and 1857, is as follows:—

	Flour, bbls.	*Wheat, bus.*	*Corn, bus*	*Barley, bus.*
1856	5,315,108	8,313,854	6,230,879	345,784
1857	3,815,115	1,910,546	4,227,662	413,486
Dec.	1,499,993	Dec. 3,393,308	Dec. 2,003,017	Inc. 67,702

The receipts of the Hartford and New Haven Railroad Company for the year just ended were $769,085 60
Expenses and interest on bonds 424,331 03

Net earnings $340,834 57
Exceeding last year's earnings by 38,470 93

The company has declared a semi-annual dividend of 5 per share.

The annexed statement exhibits the value of foreign dry goods imported into this port during the week and since January 1, in each of the past three years:—

MOVEMENTS IN FOREIGN DRY GOODS.

For the Week	1855	1856	1857.
Entered at the port	$1,569,865	$1,650,360	$1,267,939
Thrown on market	1,665,088	1,691,569	1,152,498
Since Jan. 1			
Entered at the port	$46,676,895	$75,624,911	$79,734,395
Thrown on market	48,991,112	76,047,652	76,179,468

The dry goods trade has exhibited no new feature of importance the present week. The movements have been checked somewhat by the monetary disturbances at the commercial centres, and several failures and assignments have been gazetted—few, however, for very large amounts. The Western cities have stood up better than was anticipated, and the collections have come in favorably, all things considered. Several important special sales of French and other goods have been held the present week, which drew good companies, and the prices obtained were in the main said to have been satisfactory. The export trade in cotton piece goods continues to be light. We have no changes of importance to notice in the prices of domestic cotton goods. The market seems to have been overstocked, and in order to avoid losses on the part of manufacturers, they had either to reduce the working time to four or five days in the week, or to stop the running of mills altogether. We understand that in the town of Lowell, the seat of extensive cotton manufactures, some of the large mills only run four or five days in the week, while some mills have ceased running. This movement, it is said, since the 1st instant, has led to the discharge of about 2,500 operatives. The supply of cotton is not adequate to the demand of the manufacturers, although the cotton consumed or taken for domestic consumption in the United States the past year has been over 800,000 bales, and about 20,000 in excess of last year's consumption. In foreign goods the stock is large, and assortments in great variety, while we have no important change to notice in prices.

Stock Exchange.

FRIDAY, Sept. 18, 1857.

$3000 Virginia 6's	86	50	do sale RR	b3	18⅝
5000 do	86⅝	100	Reading RR		46⅝
11000 Missouri 6's	70	200	do	a5	46⅝
3000 do	71	100	do		47
4000 do	71⅝	100	do		47⅛
8000 do	71	300	do		47⅛
1000 N Y Cen RR 6's	89	200	do		46⅝
5500 N Y Cen RR 6's	91	200	do	b8	46⅝
2000 Hud RR 1st mtg	69	200	do	s3	46
4000 Ill Cen RR 8's	85⅝	100	do	s15	45⅝
60 shs Mer Bk	b3 102⅝	100	do	s10	46
15 shs State of NY	91	135	Mich S & N I a RR	cog	21
11 Bank of Com'rce	94	100	do	p & c	20
10 Metropolitan Bank	96	100	do	opg	20⅝
10 Ocean Bank	75	15	do	opg	19⅞
30 Market Bank	b3	6	do	s3	20
10 Park Insur Co	108	50	Panama RR		81
41 Del & Hud Can	b3 106⅝	180	Ill Cen RR		53
100 Cumb Coal Co	10⅝	6	Clev, Col & Cin RR		79⅝
50 do	11⅝	40	do		80
100 Canton Co	s3 16	100	Gal & Chic RR		73
100 do	16⅝	50	do	s30	74⅝
100 do	b30 16	10	do		74⅞
50 Penn Coal Co	71⅝	300	Clev & Tol RR	cog	37⅞
10 do	72	100	do	cog	37⅝
100 New Jersey Zinc	6⅝	600	do	s10	38
50 Pacific M S Co	s3 60	60	Chic & R I RR		73⅝
30 do	s3 64	100	do		74⅝
100 N Y Gas Co	70⅝	100	do	b3	73
492 do	70	10	Mil & Miss RR		39
20 Erie RR	18⅝	10	do		38⅝
200 do	18⅝	60	La Sk Mil RR	s10	14
5 do	18	270	do		14
400 do	s3 18⅝	50	do	b10	14
100 do	c 18⅝	50	do		13⅝
100 do	s3 18⅝	50	Mich Cen RR		60
150 do	c 18⅝				

SECOND BOARD.

$14000 Missouri 6's	71	150	shs NY Cen RR	s10	69⅝
10 shs Park Bank	88	100	do	b30	70
10 Bank of St of N Y	94	10	Chic & R I RR	s3	72⅝
100 Merch Bank scrip	102⅝	100	do	b10	72⅝
27 Bank of Com'rce	95	250	Erie RR	s3	18
30 Del & Hud Canal	108⅝	100	Clev & Tol RR	cog	37⅝
500 Cumb Coal Co	10⅝	30	Hudson Riv RR		18⅝
11 Pac Mail S Ship Co	60	25	do		18
25 do	65⅝	100	do	b30	18
25 Canton Co	16	100	Reading RR	s10	45⅝
30 N Y Gas RR	70	10	Mich S & N I a RR		19⅝
280 do	69⅝	50	Panama RR		82
100 do Monday	69⅝				

FAMILY MARKETING.

The mild weather we have just passed through will prove a great blessing to poor people in the immense crop of corn it will secure. The summer was rather too wet for his cereal and it was feared that an early frost might damage the yield irretrievably. But luckily the weather was sultry at the very time it was most required, and now all Northern farmers rejoice in a wonderfully large crop of corn. This, of course, will have the effect of cheapening other produce by putting a larger amount of food on the market. From all accounts the potato rot extends all over the country, and a knowledge of this fact has put the price up. Mercers now sell for $1 75 per barrel, and ordinary potatoes for $2 per barrel, and farmers are very anxious to sell, as they do not know how