Surrogate's Court.
Before Hon. A. W. Bradford.

ESTATE OF JAMES NELSON.

A petition to admit the will of James Nelson, late a merchant of this city, to probate, was filed in this court on the 17th of July last and the citation returned on Sept. 15. The estate consists of about $60 000. The decedent bequeathed about $30,000 in real estate and stocks to his widow; to his neice Margaret Hand, $6,000; to Nassau Hall College, Princeton, N J, $1,000, to found a scholarship for some indigent young man, to be called the Nelson scholarship The residue of his estate, after his debts were paid, to go to buying wood and coal to be distributed among the poor of this city during the winter seasons. The will is considerably torn, and is contested.]

Peter T. Marserie, Catherine Marserie and Henry C. Hope were examined yesterday. Their testimony showed that the decedent had very sad habits, drank hard, &c.

Marine Court.
Before Hon. Judge Thompson and a Jury.

OCT. 22.—*Robert M. Ward vs. Charles F Henningsen.*—This was an action for mourning goods, consisting of bonnets, silk robes, silk and other dresses, collars, gloves, &c., sold to the wife of the defendant The defendant's answer set up merely a general denial. The plaintiff's clerk testified to the sale, delivery and character of the goods, and the defendant's style of living; that his wife had boarded at the New York Hotel and other houses of high standing, and lived rather extravagantly; that the wife purchased the goods and they were charged to her. Counsel for defendant contended that the credit was given to the wife, and not to the husband, and she only could be sued The Court instructed the jury that the wife was considered in law the agent of the husband, and that if the goods were suitable to the condition of the wife in her relations to society, they were necessaries, and the husband was liable Without leaving their seats the jury rendered a verdict for plaintiff for full amount and interest, amounting to $103 01.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—Circuit.—Part 1.—Nos. 1544¼, 1200, 638, 1123, 2066, 946, 1404, 631, 1015, 2316, 2099, 904, 2212, 698, 494, 844, 2214, 1310, 1062, 302, 1730, 1411, 2048 Part 2.—Nos. 1661, 1549, 1669, 1610, 1671, 1672, 1673, 1675 to 1682.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term.—Nos. 78, 86, 144, 229, 242

U. S. DISTRICT COURT.—Nos. 29 to 38.

SUPREME COURT —Nos. 399, 589, 600, 255, 544, 545, 606, 387, 395, 583, 307, 404, 501, 543, 340, 636, 638, 639, 640, 642, 644, 646, 647, 648, 650, 651, 653, 654, 656, 657, 660.

COMMON PLEAS.—Part 1.—Nos. 258 to 275, 297, 298. Part 2.—Nos. 276 to 296

Daily Circulation of the New York Herald—Renewal of the Type—Second Hand Type For Sale Cheap.

The daily circulation of this journal having reached the amount of between *eighty and ninety thousand copies per day*, and sometimes exceeding ninety thousand, it becomes necessary often and again to renew the type of all forms upon which it is printed. In a few days we expect to receive our new fonts of type, which are now being manufactured at the foundry of Messrs. Conner, when the HERALD will immediately appear in its new dress.

In the meantime the type upon which our paper is now printed, is not by any means worn out. It will be found good enough for the purposes of weekly or country journals. We therefore offer the fonts of type with which the HERALD is now printed for sale, *on cash terms alone*, to such weekly or country journals as may be in need of it. All printers or proprietors who desire to purchase this type will address James Conner & Sons, who will treat with them on the most favorable cash terms.

Everett House, Union Square, New York.—On and after this date, the price of board will be reduced from $3 50 to $2 50 per diem. HAWLEY D. OLAPP.
October 19, 1857.

Gentlemen's Hats.—Nothing can be more elegant and dashing than the style of the BIRKENHEAD hat for the present season Sold for $3 50, at 118 Nassau street. Give him a call.

The October Sale of
Ladies' furs, Boys' caps,
Sofa's, Children's fancy hats,
Boys' hats, Children's furs,
Infants' fancy hats, &c.,
UNDER COST,
will soon close at
GENIN'S,
214 Broadway.

Hats, Hats.—Best Quality of Silk Hat at the reduced price, three dollars; 25 per cent below former prices. ARCHER & MARTIN,
279 Greenwich street, between Warren and Murray.

Strangers Should Not Leave the City Before visiting the great Industrial Exhibition at the Crystal Palace. Over three thousand articles, representing every branch of industry, science and the arts. Admission to the whole only 25 cents.

M. B. Brady.
Has recently applied to the production of photographs a discovery which materially diminishes their cost. They will henceforth be sold at prices unusually moderate

THE NEW BOWERY
Is applied with great success to the delineation of groups—ten, twenty and even fifty persons may be portrayed at a single sitting of five seconds. None of the imperfections which have hitherto required groups comparatively valueless appear in the new productions. They are, in every artistic respect, perfect.

GROUPS OF FAMILIES
Taken by this mode will be found to possess a value quite distinct from ordinary family portraits.

THE EXTRAORDINARY SIZE
Of some of these works has attracted much attention. Two exhibited by Mr. Brady at the Crystal Palace are the largest ever executed A similar one is exhibited at his gallery. A photographic group of

THE NATIONAL CHESS CONGRESS
Is also on exhibition.

ASSOCIATIONS OR CLUBS
Desiring to interchange portraits can obtain them at a trifling cost.

THE GALLERY
Contains an unrivalled collection of portraits of native and foreign celebrities, and is open at all times to citizens and strangers.

BROADWAY, over Thompson's saloon.

12 Cent Ambrotype Portraits and Dollar photographs, by HOLMES' United States patent invention, observing economy and speed. 289 Broadway.

10 Cent Ambrotypes.—Second Day of the great reduction in prices. Immense crowds at KIMBALL'S, 547 Broadway.

Fur Warehouse,
No 46 Maiden lane.
C. G. GUNTHER & SONS,
Are prepared in the face of existing
Circumstances of trade, to sell their
Very extensive and varied stock of
LADIES' AND OTHER MANUFACTURED FURS,
At greatly reduced prices, and invite special attention to the same.
The character of their house insures to customers a sufficient guarantee that no goods which are not properly prepared and manufactured, will be offered.

Furs, Furs, Furs.—Ballard, Shute & Co., 128 Maiden lane, are selling off the largest stock of furs ever thrown upon the market, at prices to suit the times.

Furs.—Mink and other Furs at reduced prices in great variety, cheap for cash. ARCHER & MARTIN, 279 Greenwich street, between Warren and Murray.

Great Reduction in India Rubber Shoes—4s., 5s. and 6s. per pair, at
J. B. MILLER & CO.'S, 387 Canal street.

Girard House, Philadelphia.—In Accordance with the spirit of the times, and with a grateful appreciation of the liberal patronage they have enjoyed from the travelling community, the proprietors of the Girard House claim the privilege of being the first in Philadelphia to respond to the universal demand for retrenchment. On and after Monday, 19 October, their price of board will be reduced from $3 50 to $3 per diem. FERSHURY, SYKES & CO.

Mr. F. Blancard respectfully informs his friends and patrons that his establishment, corner of Broadway and Twelfth street, is now open for the reception of boarders. Families or single gentlemen will find comfortable apartments on liberal terms, and will be accommodated either at table d'hote or at private table

Clinton Place Hotel, Broadway.—$1 50 Per day; or rooms 50 cents, 75 cents and $1.

Cool Ila Whiskey, Warranted Six Years old, and in its pure state, for sale per puncheon or demijohn, by ARTHUR KENDALL, No. 5 South William street.

Horsemanship.—At Disbrow's Riding Academy, Fifth avenue, corner of Thirty-ninth street. Monday, Wednesday and Friday evenings for gentlemen; Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings for ladies and gentlemen.

Mill, Inimitable Cutter of Hair, No. 1 Barclay street.—Hair dye 4s. a box, black or brown. Infallible compound.

Batchelor's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—The best in the world, surpassing all. Made, sold and applied at the manufactory, 226 Broadway.

Cristadoro's Hair Dye Wigs and Toupees.—The very best in the world—On sale; and the dye privately applied. No. 6 Astor House.

Prof. Alex. C. Barry's Triophorous is the best and cheapest article for dressing, beautifying, cleansing, curling, preserving and restoring the hair. Ladies try it. Sold everywhere.

Marsh & Co.'s Medical Cure Truss Office removed to No. 2 Vesey street, Astor House.

White, Clear Skin and Fine Hair.—Jones' old Italian soap, two shillings, and Jones' coral hair oil. These beautiful articles are sold, wholesale and retail, at GARDIE, 120 Fulton street.

Holloway's Pills and Ointment.—In external inflammation there is an unnatural rush of blood to the part affected. The effect of the ointment is to disperse the long fever. The pills relieve the system, through the bowels, of all foreign bile and irritating influences

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

MONEY MARKET.

THURSDAY, Oct. 22—6 P. M.

The downward course of prices still continues. The bull party is pretty strong, but it has too much to contend against. Without any outside aid, with a deep rooted prejudice against railroad securities generally, with gloomy accounts by every steamer from Europe, with our banks doing business upon an irredeemable paper basis, with sterling exchange coming back from London by every mail, with our own exchanges in a state of confusion, with, in fact, the whole machinery of finance deranged, it is utterly impossible for any inflation in prices at the Stock Exchange to be maintained, and utter folly for the bulls to attempt any movement. At the first board to-day Virginia 6's declined 3 per cent; Missouri 6's, 1; Illinois Central bonds, 4; Delaware and Hudson, 3; Cumberland Coal, ¾; New York Central Railroad, ¾; Erie, ¾; New Haven and Hartford, 2; Michigan Southern, old, ¾; do. preferred, 6; Pacific, 1½; Galena and Chicago, 1½; Chicago and Rock Island, 2. Tennessee 6's advanced ¾ per cent.

At the second board still lower prices ruled, and transactions were principally in small lots. Virginia 6's fell off 1¾ per cent; Pacific Steamship Company, 1; Hudson River Railroad, ¾; Erie, ¾; Reading, ¾; Missouri State 6's and Tennessee 6's closed without change. The market, as a whole, is very flat, and it is very likely to be much more so before the lapse of many days. There is, we believe, but one house in the street, of any prominence, opposing the upward movement in prices. All the small artillery are on the bull side, firing away, as it appears, to no purpose. The great bear house of William street, which has been so successful for months past, stands, we believe, solitary and alone, opposed to any inflation in prices or any speculative movement of any kind, and the course of the market is a proof of their foresight and sagacity. The bears who deserted the old ranks a few weeks since and become bulls, have suffered some and been shorn of a portion of their previous gains. This shows pretty conclusively that there are among the members of the Stock Exchange not more than three or four houses at the most whose operations are based upon any principle of finance, or whose acts are governed by the most moderate amount of common sense. Two or three houses in the street came to the conclusion many months since, from their knowledge of the men who managed most of our incorporated companies and their mode of financiering, that sooner or later there was sure to be one grand universal smash among them, and that most of them would officially announce their own bankruptcy and become publicly protested. Upon this basis they operated for a fall, and although their most extravagant calculations have been realized, they see in the quotations now current representations of value yet much greater than the financial condition of the different companies justifies. The bulls undertook to stem the downward current and upon receiving accessions from the opposition, made a strong movement for an inflation. It did not, however, amount to much, but resulted in loading down some parties with a lot of railroad stocks at high prices, which they will find very difficult to get rid of. The stock market is gradually settling back again, and we should not be surprised to see prices rule again at as low points as have been reported any time this year.

A. H. Nicolay will hold a special sale of stocks and bonds to morrow, Friday, at half past 12 o'clock at the Merchants' Exchange.

A. H. Muller will hold a special sale at the same time and place, at which he will offer forty thousand dollars of St. Louis county, Missouri, bonds.

There is some talk among the banks about extending discounts to produce dealers, so as to give all the facilities possible for marketing the crops. All the promises of our banking institutions are made to break. There is no unanimity of feeling among them, and it is our opinion that there will be no expansion, until after a resumption of specie payments. The banks are afraid of each other. They dare not trust each other in inaugurating any new policy, and this distrust compels them to keep on the safe side, and that side just now is contraction. This is well enough to a certain extent, as the effect is of a conservative character and tends to keep them all straight, but in this instance it prevents a movement calculated to operate advantageously to the community at large and to the benefit of the banks themselves We have not as a general thing, any faith in bank promises, and therefore do not look for any expansion of loans. The banks dare not resume specie payments except in a body. An effort might be made, with good prospects of success, by a dozen or two of the strongest. It would not be a difficult matter for them to sustain themselves, for specie can be obtained in any quantity at a nominal premium. If the banks would go into the market, when necessary, and buy what specie they might require to meet the current demand, the difficulty would soon be over and a resumption established. The Bank of France has been doing this for years, and it has carried France thus far through a period of speculation equal to anything of the kind we have yet seen on this side of the Atlantic. If our banks had done the same we should have been by this time well over the worst of the revulsion

A meeting of the stock and bondholders of the Delaware, Lackawaxen and Western Railroad Company was held last evening at Clinton Hall, to hear the report of the special committee appointed to mature a plan for relieving the embarrassments of the company. The report provides that the stockholders and bondholders, under the first and second mortgages, shall each subscribe or cancel a portion of their stock and coupons, and the special and general creditors shall take their pay in income bonds of the company, payable in ten years, and in notes payable at long dates. The report, which was quite lengthy and carefully prepared, was adopted. A large committee was appointed to procure the requisite subscriptions before November 25, and quite a number of gentlemen subscribed before leaving the hall. Great confidence was expressed in the ultimate profitableness of the enterprise, if relieved of the floating debt—much of which is due to operatives in Pennsylvania, who are suffering for want of their pay.

The notes of the Newark, N. J., banks of five dollars and upwards are redeemed at par in this city, as follows:—

Newark Banking Company, by Merchants' Bank.
State Bank, by Manhattan Company.
Mechanics' Bank, by Mechanics' Bank.
Newark City Bank, by Continental Bank.

The house of Farnham, Kirkham & Co., of Philadelphia, offer to give notes at 6, 9 and 12 months in extension of their present obligations.

It will no doubt have been observed that during the late depressing panic the only stocks which have maintained their price with any degree of strength, have been those of the various city railroads. There are several very good reasons for this. The capitals as a general thing are not excessive; the roads are finished, and immediately under the eye of the community; the tide of travel flows from the upper to the lower part of the city, and prosperous, and these roads must not only continue to be the main medium of travel, but passengers must naturally continue to increase. During the past two years we have had occasion to pass over the Second avenue road more than any of the others, and we have been particularly struck with the change that good management can effect. We have obtained a statement of the business of the company for six months ending 30th September last, which we give:—

SECOND AVENUE RAILROAD COMPANY.

Receipts from Apr 1 to Oct. 1, '57		*Running Expenses, 6 mos.*	
Fares for April	$17,061 03	Cond's & Driv's	$27,243 49
" May	21,648 57	Employes' wages	26,244 51
" June	21,740 80	Sal. of officers	3,718 07
" July	22,648 41	Feed account	24,135 69
" Aug	24,438 08	Repairs of stables	810 08
" Sept	22,017 24	" " harness	869 97
Manure acc'nt	837 50	Repairs cars and horse shoeing	4,145 04
Wood "	79 25	Repairs road bed	380 85
Premium "	31 77	Contingencies	2,800 85
Car panels	17 50	Rent account	1,112 64
Sundries	8 00	Office expenses	61 90
		Damages	250 00
		Insurance acc't	89 65
Total	$131,528 15		$91,172 08
		Balance profit on 6 mos. busin'ss	40,356 07
		Total	$131,528 15

Everything except interest is charged to expense account, under the different heads; nothing is covered up up under "construction account." The expenses have been much greater than usual, on account of the extension of the new Bowery, which interfered with the track, and fifty per cent more passengers could be carried without any increase in the expenses. The regular business of the road has been increasing steadily, and we are told that the same has been the case on the Third, Fourth, Sixth and Eighth avenue roads.

The Bank Commissioners of Connecticut have issued a circular to all the banks in the State. They say that—

Having learned that very many of the banks in this State have suspended specie payments since the suspension of the banks of New York and Boston, and that a general suspension of all the banks in this State is anticipated.

As act as important as this, and so deeply affecting the public interests and the integrity of the banks themselves, should only be consummated after the most serious convictions of its absolute necessity, and with the concurrent action of every bank in the State.

It is very possible that many of the banks are entirely unable to continue specie payment under existing circumstances, but whether an institution abundantly able to meet its liabilities can claim any immunities therefrom by reason of a general financial pressure, may admit of a doubt.

It is very necessary, in case of a general suspension, that some concert of action should be had in relation to the future mode of transacting business, the manner of discounts, the regulation of exchanges with other banks, and an assurance given to the public that the notes of all other banks in this State, not under injunctions for insolvency, will be received, in all cases and for all purposes, at par, in order to give the currency of this State a uniform value at home and abroad

The Commissioners also suggest the propriety of having a convention called at an early day, composed of representatives from all the banks, to take matters into consideration. They also request every bank to send them a statement of their condition on the day of their suspension, showing the amount of discounts, bills in circulation, specie on hand, &c. This course will bring a good many of these institutions to the "bull ring"—for numbers of them have assets on which they cannot realize fifty cents on the dollar. There are several banks in the State which have not suspended specie payments, and probably will not.

The liabilities of the State of Tennessee for bonds endorsed for and loaned to railroad and turnpike companies and to the State Agricultural Bureau amount to more than eight and a half millions of dollars, as will be seen by the following table:—

FINANCES OF TENNESSEE—AMOUNT OF PUBLIC DEBT

Railroads	*Endorsed*	*Loaned.*	*Total.*
Nash. and Chattanooga	$1,500,000	—	—
Nash do for Cleveland, Chattanooga	150 000	—	1,850,000
East Tenn. and Alabama	200,000	1,289,000	1,489,000
East Tenn. and Georgia	—	870,000	—
Do for Cleve and Chat	160,000	—	1,030,000
Memphis and Charleston	—	1,100 000	1,000,000
Memphis and Ohio	—	670,000	670,000
Tennessee and Alabama	200,000	300 000	500,000
McMinnville and Manchester	—	372,000	372 000
Mississippi and Tennessee	—	98 000	98 000
Miss. Central and Tennessee	—	674,000	674 000
Mobile and Ohio	—	706,000	706,000
Memphis and Little Rock	850,000	—	850,000
Edgefield and Kentucky, and Louisville and Nashville Bridge	—	68,000	—
Railroads total			$8,589,000
Turnpikes.			
Carthage and Hartsville	—	6,000	—
Carthage, Alexander and Red Sulphur Springs	—	15 000	—
Miss. and Dyersburg Plank road	—	95,000	—
Mansker's Creek and Springfield	—	10,000	47,000
Agricultural bureau	—	30,000	30,000
			$8,676,000
Internal improvement bonds, 6¾ per cent			267,416
Internal improvement bonds, 5 "			1,524,440
Union Bank bonds, 5 "			259,000
Bank of Tennessee, 6 "			1,200,000
State Capital bonds, 6 "			841,000
Purchase of Hermitage			48,000
Total liabilities			$12,866,856

The Governor says in his recent message that as the State cannot rely upon the railroad companies for some years to pay the interest on the bonds loaned to them, it becomes the duty of the Legislature to increase the rate of taxation so as to secure not only a sufficient fund for the annual interest, but to sustain the sinking fund for the eventual liquidation of the debt.

The following is a comparative statement of the Missouri banks for the last two weeks:—

State Bank.	*Oct. 10.*	*Oct. 17.*
Exchange maturing	$821,438 01	$847,816 50
Exchange matured	156,317 45	144,359 79
Discounts	941,091 94	946,914 34
B'k notes of other b'ks on hand	32,620 00	26,655 00
Deposits	472,288 27	154,123 89
Circulation outstanding	423,540 00	398,100 00
Coin on hand	144,206 93	161,040 02
Southern Bank.		
Coin on hand	$126,660 49	$ 83,338 32
Exchange maturing	148 388 07	108,292 78
Circulation outstanding	261,060 00	133,184 00
Mechanics' Bank.		
Coin on hand	$105,862 26	$85,453 55
Exchange maturing	75,800 00	65,100 00
Circulation outstanding	110,035 00	77,640 00

The aggregate showing of the statement for the week is as follows:—

Increase of exchange maturing	222,774 47
Decrease of circulation	863,130 00
Decrease of coin on hand	447,838 12

There is no important feature in this statement. The general movement of all banking institutions in these times is a matter of interest. Contraction is a favorable sign, as it shows a reduction in commercial operations and in the aggregate liabilities. The more reduced bank loans become, the nearer the public are out of debt.

The receipts by canal, at tide water, during the second week in October, in the years named, were as follows:—

	1856.	1857.
Flour, bbls	53,202	50,965
Wheat, bushels	367,580	175,803
Corn, do	330,681	167,614
Barley, do	132,249	44,566

The receipts at tide water, from the opening of the canals up to the 15th inst., have been as follows:—

	1855.	1856.	1857.
Flour, bbls	792,141	695 445	462,562
Wheat, bushels	2,081,500	7,190,116	2,676,004
Corn, do	8,488,613	8,398,612	4,829,663
Barley, do	571,717	1,509,476	792,574

By reducing the wheat to flour, the deficiency is equal to 1,124,565 bbls. of flour.

The St. Louis *Herald* contains the following sensible remarks regarding the financial revulsion generally, and the railroad revulsion particularly:—

All and sundry who discourse about the times, admit that the country is rich in property, but that trade flags, because there is a "want of confidence"—that is, men won't trust their neighbors. And is this strange, after what we have seen going on for the last three or four years? Just look at the way in which "honorable" men have conducted railroad matters. Is there any cell in any State prison in the country too degrading for such men? If equal and exact justice were done, ought there not at this moment to be at least fifty of the prominent financiers of the country at work for the State, in our penitentiaries? And so long as such men can not only escape, but carry off their frauds triumphantly, is it not natural that men generally should feel that rottenness is universal, and distrust everybody—even themselves

The simple truth is, that if we would have the country and its trade prosper, we have got universally to believe in, and act upon the maxim, that honesty is both the best principle and the best policy. The roles of a sound morality can no more be dispensed with in the business movements of our people than they can be in our schools and churches. Swindling now and then may, for a time, and but for a short time, serve the purposes of a rascal by temporarily filling his pocket at the expense of men whom he has cheated. But when things tend to make the whole business of a people a mutual swindle, the margin for profits to anybody is exceedingly small and mutual distrust hedges trade within very narrow limits. The rascally expedients to which railroad managers have resorted so frequently has sown a distrust which it will take some time to cure.

Stock Exchange.

THURSDAY, Oct. 22, 1857.

$4000 N Y 6's '60	95	200 shs CumbCl Co.c	5¾
5000 Tenn 6's 90	72¼	100 NY Cen RR b3	63¼
5000 Virginia 6's	80	50 do s3	63⅝
2000 Missouri 6's	66	50 do s3	64
13000 do	65¾	50 do s10	64
6000 do 1ak	65¾	100 do s3	64¼
15000 do	65⅝	50 do s10	64¼
8000 do	65¾	400 do s60	63⅞
13000 do	65	600 do s3	64¾
1000 Califor 7's '70	89¾	20 do	64¼
12000 do	60	50 do b3	64¼
2000 ErRRSink'g '83	50¼	20 Mich Cen RR	84
5000 do c	50	20 Erie RR	1 ¾
4000 ErRR Con bs '71	22	100 do	10⅛
10000 Hud R RR 1st m	80	100 do c	10¼
24000 Har RR 2d mtg.	45	320 do c	10
2000 Ill Cen RR bds.	60¼	18 NH & Hart RR	105
8000 do	60	200 Reading RR c	28
500 do	60¼	100 do c	28⅛
1500 do s3	60¼	50 Mil Sc & N lad RR	9¾
2000 Ill Fve bds w pr	60	10 MilSc&N lad pf stk	20
32 shs Mech Bank	90	70 do	19
28 Bk of America	86	5 Panama RR	70
32 Bk of Commerce	80	105 do	69¼
20 Im & Trad Bank	78	50 do	69¼
10 Metropolitan Bk	75	150 do	68¾
7 BoskRedHoskBk	93¾	100 do	68⅝
25 do	93¾	25 Gal & Chic RR	64⅝
50 do	93¾	25 do b10	65
17 do	93	500 Cle & Toledo RR	27
8 do	92¾	80 Chi & R Island RR	66
132 do	92	10 do	65¼
10 Pac Mail Stp Co	70¾	15 do	66
5 do	70¾	50 La Cro & Mil RR	6¾
80 do	70	20 Ill Cen RR	76
300 Canton Co b3	14	100 do s10	76

SECOND BOARD.

$31000 Missouri 6's	65	50 shs Harlem RR	7
5000 N Y 6's '74	102	50 Mich Cen RR	84
1000 Kentucky 6's	93	200 Clev & Pitts RR	10
1000 Virginia 6's	78¾	50 do b60	10
1000 do	79	250 Ill Central RR	76¼
8000 Tenn 6's '90	72¼	200 Clev & Tol RR	27
3000 Er RR bs '85	58	50 Ch & Rk Is RR	65
1000 Er RR C bs '71	22	100 Mil & Miss RR	16
5 shs Del&Rad Ctl Co	92	100 La Crosse&Mil RR	6¾
10 Pac Mail Stp Co	69¾	46 shs S&N Is pr stk	19
70 do	69	50 Erie Railroad	9¾
150 N Y Cen RR	64¼	100 Reading RR b60	27¾
100 do	64¾	50 Panama RR	68¾
50 Hud River RR	14¾		

SALES OF STOCKS AT AUCTION.
By A. H. Nicolay.

$1,000 Milwaukie City 7's	85¾
9,000 La Crosse and Milwaukie R. R. 7's	9 a 9¼
3,000 Michigan Southern R. R 7's	46
10,000 Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana R. R. 1st mortgage 7's, (Steuben branch.)	47 a 50
2 000 Missouri state 6's	65¼
2,000 New York State 6 per cent stock of 1860	98¾
64 shares Bank of America	90¾ a 90¾
50 Bank of Commerce	76¼
50 Importers' and Traders' Bank	74 a 74¾
68 Second Avenue Railroad	49¼ a 51
7 Sixth Avenue Railroad	85¼
300 American Guano Company	62¾ cents per share
12 Grocers' Steam Sugar Refining Co	43¾
100 Wells, Fargo & Co. Express	52¾
100 Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad	20¾
100 Peter Cooper Fire Insurance Co	99¾
21 North River Fire Insurance Co	121
80 Resolute Fire Insurance Company	70
90 Indemnity Fire Insurance Company	70
20 Knickerbocker Fire Insurance Company	100¼
40 Lorillard Fire Insurance Company	107
40 North American Insurance Company	99¾ a 101¾
40 Broadway Fire Insurance Company	109¾ a 110
25 Gallatin Fire Insurance Company	75
20 Merchants' Exchange Bank	64
10 do do	65
20 do do	70¼
60 Fulton Bank	105
20 Ocean Bank	80¾
20 Union Bank	80
20 Pacific Bank	91¾
10 Atlantic Bank of New York	80¾
20 Market Bank	77
10 do	77
60 Importers' and Traders' Bank	70
50 Pacific Bank	90¾ a 91¾
10 American Exchange Bank, $100	74¾
10 Irving Bank, $50	70
60 Grocers' Bank, $50	80
10 Bank of North America, $60	75

Suspensions, Failures, Assignments, &c.
[From the Independent, Oct. 22.]

The following are the reported failures, assignments, &c., for the week:—

S. Raymond & Co., Amherst, N H., suspended.
I. E. Brainard, St. Albans, Vt., assigned.
Gardner, Tobey & Sampson, dry goods, Boston, suspended; ask an extension.
Tenney & Ballister, dry goods, Boston, suspended.
Gregory, Tilton & Co, dry goods, Boston, suspended; ask an extension
Sampson, Baldwin & Co, fancy goods, Boston, suspended.
Keith & Thornton, clothing, Boston, failed.
M. C. Warren & Co, hardware, Boston, suspended.
Wm. Greenough, hardware, Boston, failed.
Chilson, Gould & Co., stoves, Boston, suspended; ask an extension
Underhill Edge Tool Company, Boston, suspended and assigned.
Blanchard & Gross, shoes, Boston, suspended.
J. W. Carter & Bro, grocers, Boston, suspended.
J. S. Edgerly & Co., grain, Boston, suspended.
W. F. B. Brooks, furniture, Boston, failed.
George Forsyth, furniture, Boston, suspended.
J. M. Holden, furniture, Boston, suspended.
T. F. Smith & Co., Worcester, Mass., suspended.
W. A. Fisher, Worcester, Mass., failed.
Williams, Rich & Co., Worcester, Mass., failed.
The Pacific Mills, Lawrence, Mass., suspended; ask an extension of six months to pay in full.
W. O. Cummings, Waterbury, Conn, suspended and assigned.
Rosenbush & Hartman, Rockville, Conn., assigned.
Winslow, Lanier & Co., bankers, New York city, suspended.
S. & T. Lawrence, dry goods, New York city, reported suspended, we are happy to say are now going on with the business as usual.
Barnes, Lyman & Co., dry goods, New York city, suspended.
S. H. Terry & Co, silks, New York city, suspended.
Homer & Ketchum, millinery goods, New York city, suspended.
S. Gallager & Son, millinery, New York city, suspended
Ohlman & Brother, hosiery, New York city, suspended.
B. Deutsche, dry goods, New York city, failed.
W. A. Crocker, fancy goods, New York city, suspended and assigned.
J. Steinberg & Co., fancy goods, New York city, suspended.
Lesnais & Phelps, straws, New York city, assigned
E. P. Williams & Co, straws, New York city, suspended.
Fisher & Plimpton, straws, New York city, suspended.
S. D. Hall & Co, straws, New York city, suspended.
Allason, Brothers & Co., straws, New York city, suspended.
John Priestly, paper, New York city, suspended
Sheets & Paradise, paper, New York city, suspended; ask an extension.
John P. Son, paper, New York city, suspended; asks an extension of four and six months; shows a good surplus.
Thomas Jones & Co., paper hangings, New York city, suspended.
E. Bainbridge & Co, stationers, New York city, suspended.
Simon Loerburger, caps, New York city, assigned.
S. De Agreda, Jove & Co, New York city, suspended.
McCready, Mott & Brundage, distillers, and McCready, Mott & Co., shipping, New York city, suspended; liabilities large; ask an extension; offer to pay in full, with interest.
Kenyon, Cox & Morley, grocers, New York city, suspended.
Darius C. Newell, lumber, New York city, suspended.
James N. Wood, lumber, New York city, failed; liabilities said about $100,000.
Urias Sutherland, lumber, New York city, failed and sold out.
[illegible], watches, New York city, failed and assigned.
Merrick [illegible], failed and assigned.
V. L. Cornell, trunks, New York city, failed and assigned.
Pratt & Co., Buffalo, N. Y., suspended, surplus large.
John Sage & Sons, Buffalo, N. Y., suspended.
Barton & Griffin, Buffalo, N. Y., failed and assigned.
Elias Dorlan, Troy, N Y., failed and assigned.
Darrow & Bro., books, Rochester, N. Y., suspended.
Alfred K. Fassett, Niagara Falls, N. Y., assigned.
B. F. De Witt, Lansingburg, N. Y., failed and assigned.
John K. Lawson, Newburg, N. Y., assigned.
Hiram Gong, Saratoga Springs, N. Y., assigned.
Coddington & Brown, Norwich, N. Y., assigned.
W. F. Brown & Co., Norwich, N. Y., assigned.
James Fisher, Addison, N. Y., suspended and sold out.
Whallon & Van Vleeck, Whallonsburg, N. Y., failed and assigned.
F. Slosson, Owego, N. Y., suspended.
J. H. Stoboff, Phelps, N. Y., assigned to Sylvester King and I. B. Stewart.
Richard Farrell, Morrisonville, N. Y., assigned.
Daniel Blanvelt, Newark, N. J., failed
Jerome B. Ward, Newark, N. J., suspended.
W. M. Simpson, Newark, N. J., failed.
Carson & Newbold, commission, Philadelphia, suspended.
John Devereaux, commission, Philadelphia, suspended.
A. F. Chesebrough & Co., commission, Philadelphia, suspended; ask an extension.
Raigual & Co., dry goods, Philadelphia, suspended.
Temple & Barker, dry goods, Philadelphia, suspended.
Bunn, Raigual & Co., dry goods, Philadelphia, suspended; ask an extension to pay in full.
J. W. Hosea, dry goods, Philadelphia, suspended.
W. H. Shearmire, dry goods, Philadelphia suspended.
Levicks, Bassett & Kuhn, clothing, Philadelphia, suspended.
Cowell, Farrar & Co, hats, Philadelphia, suspended.
A. M. Collins & Co., paper, Philadelphia, suspended.
The Mutual Deposit and Loan Company, Philadelphia, suspended and assigned; liabilities about $60,000.
W. S. Boyd, grocer, Philadelphia, suspended.
S. B. Bond & Co., fruits, Philadelphia, suspended.
I. R. Savage & Co., chemist, Philadelphia, suspended.
Randolph Peters, Philadelphia, failed.
David S. Brown & Co., Philadelphia, previously reported, propose to pay five cents on the dollar in cash, and renew the balance for six months.
A. A. Mason & Co, Pittsburg, Penn, suspended.
Wells & Bean, Pittston, Penn, suspended.
Asa Carson, Scranton, Penn., failed
John L. Staples, Scranton, Penn., failed.
Moss & Brother, Scranton, Penn., failed and assigned.
Amos B. Merrill, Lenox, Penn., failed.
Cochran & Little, Punxtauny, Penn., failed.
C. W. Pollard & Co., New Orleans, La., suspended.
Louis Charles, New Orleans, La., suspended.
Molony & Bro, New Orleans, La, suspended.
G. W. Shaw & Co., New Orleans, La, suspended.
Oakey & Hawkins, New Orleans, La, suspended.
J. A. Doherty & Co, New Orleans, La., suspended.
Tessen & Darjen bankers, St. Louis, Mo., suspended.
Yeatmen, Robinson & Co, St. Louis, Mo, suspended.
Reed & Co., St. Louis, Mo, suspended.
Jesse Reaves, Paducah, Ky., failed.
Phares, Taylor & Co, Cincinnati, Ohio, suspended; ask an extension; pay in full
G. T. Lewis, Cleveland, Ohio, assigned.
Paige Croswell, Painesville, Ohio, failed.
Kimball & Co., Canton, Ohio, suspended.
John A. Grove, St. Clairsville, Ohio, suspended and assigned.
Henry Jourdon, Troy, Ind., failed and assigned.
Wadsworth & Co., bankers, Chicago, Ill., suspended and assigned.
W. P. Ross, late Ross, Bamber & Co., Chicago, Ill., assigned.
W. H. Ames & Bro., Springfield, Ill., suspended.
E. M. Phillips, Bloomington Ill., assigned; liabilities about $50 000.
S. & W. B. Thayer, Quincy, Ill, assigned to Newton Flagg.
Crane & Levy, Aurora Ill., assigned.
L. Burtchy, Jr., Woodstock, Ill., assigned.
I. I. Pierce, Milwaukie, Wis., assigned.
J. I. Burchy, Milwaukie, Wis, failed.
Marcus Ottenburg, Milwaukie, Wis, suspended.
B. Thorp, Milwaukie, Wis., assigned.
John M. Griffin, Madison, Wis., suspended.
Kasper Genz, Sheboygan, Wis., failed and assigned.
Martin Rich & Co, Horicon, Wis. assigned.
Taylor & Sons, Baraboo, Wis, assigned to L