The Jews' Hospital.

DINNER AND BALL IN AID OF ITS FUNDS.

A grand ball and dinner were given last evening at Niblo's, in aid of the funds of the Jews' Hospital. This institution was established some three or four years ago, and is one of the most praiseworthy charities in the city of New York. Every year since its erection its trustees have given a ball and banquet, the proceeds of which are devoted to its maintenance; and it is enough to say that no institution of its kind meets with a more liberal support. Last evening there was a very large company of ladies and gentlemen present, and the whole affair was most successful. There were about eight hundred persons present altogether, and as no class of our citizens know how to enjoy themselves better than the Jews, it proved to be one of the most agreeable and pleasant occasions of the kind that has taken place this year.

Mr. Benjamin Nathan, the President of the hospital, officiated as Chairman; N. K. Rosenfeld, Esq., acting as Vice Chairman. Among those present were the Mayor, Rev. J. J. Lyons, Rev. S. M. Isaacs, P. J. Joachimsson, Rev. Mr. Cramer, Rev. J. Jacobs, Rev. Dr. Adler, and others.

When full justice had been done to the liberal fare provided, the President made a statement of the present condition of the hospital. Ladies and gentlemen, said he, as President of the Jews' Hospital, in behalf of its officers, directors and members, to the celebration of its third anniversary I bid you welcome. A very brief statement of the present condition of the hospital is necessary and proper on this occasion, that you may understand and appreciate its claims to your consideration, its general utility, and its pressing necessities. It is for me to present facts; to others more able and more eloquent has been entrusted the duty of appealing to you for aid—material aid—to its funds. Since the opening of the hospital 747 patients have been admitted—an army of invalids, a host of suffering humanity—and of this number all but 73 have been treated gratuitously. How great, how incalculably great is the good we have thus effected! Think, my friends, to how many we have restored health—what sufferings we have assuaged, what wounds we have healed, and when we have failed in bodily, how many spirits have departed soothed and quieted by the consolations of religion and the observance of its rites; and now, in the midst of our career, at the approach of winter, our funds are exhausted, our treasury empty, our treasurer in advance. Such is our condition, friends and brethren; you can believe it, and in the hope and confidence that you will do so, I take leave to offer the first regular toast:—

"The Jews' Hospital in New York, founded by charity, benignant queen of all the virtues, whose diadem reflects no ray more pure than that called forth by the gratitude of ailing misery."

To this the Rev. S. M. Isaacs, pastor of the Wooster street Synagogue, and one of the founders of the hospital, responded in an able and eloquent address, in which he forcibly set forth the claims of the institution to public and private benevolence.

At the close of his remarks, Mr. Lionel Goldsmidt read a list of the donations to the hospital, from which it appears that the total amount contributed was ten thousand and some odd dollars.

The second toast, "The President of the United States," was received with three hearty cheers, and a tiger of the most gigantic dimensions.

The third toast, "Civil and religious liberty, the cornerstone of true freedom, without which the superstructure of constitutional government can neither be substantial nor enduring," was responded to by Rev. Dr. Pischel. He referred in eloquent language to the liberty which all enjoy in the United States, and to the allegiance with which the Jews in common with other citizens rendered to the constitution and the laws of the country. None would be more ready and prompt to maintain its independence and to repel the foe within or the enemy from without. The reign of religious prejudice was fast fading away, and men of different creeds, in approaching nearer to each other, found that they were not the monsters they had supposed, but that they were human beings, with hearts beating with noble impulses and generous feelings.

The fourth toast was "The Mayor and constituted authorities of the city of New York," to which Mayor Tiemann replied as follows:—

In responding to the toast which has just been offered, I beg to assure you of the strong interest which not only myself but the authorities of New York take in the private institutions of charity in our city, and especially in the one the anniversary of the founding of which is celebrated here this evening. Your institution, although founded as it was for the purpose of relieving the destitute and afflicted of your own faith, has nevertheless been conducted in a true spirit of divine love, for you have extended its objects so as to embrace all, without distinction of sect or denomination, and the fact of destitution or affliction presented in whatever form has been a sure passport for admission within your walls, so far as your means and your accommodations would admit. You have, therefore, deserved and are entitled to the gratitude and liberal aid of every truly charitable person in our midst, and I trust, as I have no doubt you will, receive that response in this respect which the citizens of New York are ever ready and know so well how to bestow. Whatever may be said in regard to other matters connected with our city, either in the administration of its government or otherwise, she cannot be reproached for her want of sympathy with or neglect of her aid to the poor and afflicted that she finds within her wide extent. Her public as well as private institutions of charity, her almshouses and nurseries, her hospitals and homes, and other institutions of a similar character are not only justly her pride, but are the most brilliant jewels in her civic diadem, and truly reflect the benevolent character of her people as well as the influence of free institutions in bringing into full action that heavenly virtue of charity which, while it is the chief ornament, is at the same time the true foundation of society. The expenses of our city are annually upwards of a half a million of dollars in the support of paupers and in aid of private charities; but I can well say, from my experience while connected with the Almshouse Department for a period of over three years, seeing as I then did, during the whole of that period, but three of your faith within the charitable institutions under its charge, that if all the other sects and denominations were to take the same care of their own poor and afflicted members as you do, there would be need of but a much smaller sum for the support of those only whom no religious society or sect could claim as their own. Gentlemen, I again thank you for your kindness and for your allusion to myself and the authorities of New York, and in return, I would give you—"The Jews' Hospital—founded by the benevolent members of that faith in a spirit of divine love, it embraces in its objects of charity the destitute and afflicted without distinction of sect or denomination."

Fifth toast.—"Education, the boon of a free country, stands to all her citizens the safeguard of our modern civilization; without it, we are behind the requirements of the age; possessed of it, we are the equals of kings."

Responded to by the Rev. Dr. Anson, in German.

Sixth toast.—"Our Country—be it the land of the East or of the West, the land of our birth or of our adoption—its associations, dear to our hearts, are enshrined among the sacred things of memory."

Seventh toast.—"Foreign Ministers and Consuls resident in the United States."

Mr. Barck, British Consul at Charleston, replied.

Eighth toast.—"The Medical and Surgical Staff of the Jews' Hospital in New York. The kindness of heart which prompts gratuitous advice and attention to the poor adds lustre to professional fame, and enhances the value of scientific requirements." Responded to by Dr. McKinney.

Ninth toast.—"The memory of Judah Touro and Sampson Simpson. To their munificence the Jews' Hospital in New York is indebted for its present usefulness."

Tenth toast.—"The Benevolent Societies of the city of New York. In their efforts to alleviate the wants of suffering humanity all distinction of creed is disregarded, all all difference of race is ignored." Mr. P. J. Joachimsson responded.

Eleventh toast.—"The Press—A power of mighty import when moved in behalf of civilization and humanity."

Twelfth toast.—"Dear Woman—No work of charity is complete without her approving smile." R. J. De Cordova responded.

At the close of the speaking the company retired to the ball room, where they enjoyed themselves to two or three o'clock this morning.

Movements in Real Estate.

The following sales of real estate were made yesterday, at the Merchants' Exchange, including valuable Broadway property, at the corner of Leonard street, opposite Appleton's bookstore:—

By Bleecker, Son & Co.

5 story b. f. building and lot, 343 Broadway, and 3 houses on Leonard st., adjoining, 29 ft. 7 in. front, 36 ft. 3 in. rear, by 155 and 158 ft. 11 in. deep.....$160,000
Frame house and lot e. s. 10th av., between 32d and 33d sts., 24 ft. 8 in. by 80.....2,000

By James H. Miller.

1 lot e. s. 3d av., between 120th and 121st sts.....1,000
1 do. on 118th st., 200 ft. from 2d av.....1,150
1 do. adjoining.....400

By A. H. Muller.

1 lot cor. 8th av. and 123d st., 24x100.....$700
1 do. adjoining, 22x100.....410
1 do. do. 25x100.....315
4 do. on 123d st., near 8th av. ea. 25x99—$430 ea.....1,160
1 do. adjoining, 25x99.....240
1 do. do. 25x81.....140
1 do. do. 25x80.....130
1 do. do. 25x184.....400

Personal Intelligence.

ARRIVALS.

From California, via Aspinwall, in steamship St. Louis—From California—Mrs Dr McNulty, Mrs Capt Whiting and servant, Mrs Richardson, Mrs J Gray, infant and servant, C W Frink, R S Knight, J M Haven, T E Flint, Bishop Scott, Bishop Armut, J Clapp, Dr Worthington, A Helm and wife, Mrs Barnum, W C Grimsdale, M Frank, F A Gates, W C Platt, jr, C McLaughlin and wife, H Archer, M Speyer, C H Smith, Miss C Hurwell, T Mahoney, Mrs McCready, S Scott, J B Roberts and wife, Capt J Knowles, W L Dudley, Mrs Finger, R W Bonnet, N S Green, J Rosch, Mr Gardner, W L Pearson, M Kahn, W Mrs Andersen and two infants, F A Moore, J D Vaughan, Capt Mayo, J Yerkes, J S Colgrove, Mrs E Foley and child, B G Johnson, J Blumenthal, J W Samonton, G W Taylor, wife and two infants, Miss Rea Ferguson, G R Mosher, Mrs Maguire, Mrs Murphy, Mrs Dodge and child, Dr J C Cobb, Co G F James, New L J Logan, C Forward, Mrs A Butler and infants, J C Jones, H Butler, W Metcalf, Mrs Mulich, C B Lane, W M Wentworth, G Carter, B Smith, J H Sisler, Mrs Grouman, infant and servant, R Jackson, C Stephen, R R Dodge, E Townson, J Ferrance, R Campbell, S R Harris, M R Brown, Messrs Beasley, Gates, Gardner, Rolfe, Davis, Burdge, Wright, Tuttle, Barry, Barry, Lanson, Nicholson, Murray, Bradley, McLaughlin, Wheatly, Montgomery, Morgan, Gould, Smith, Birch, Johnson, Ross, Cain, Swartz, Wm Gardner, and 300 in the steerage.

From Aspinwall—Mr Gates, R Lanier, Philo White and lady, Co. Coats, Dr Greer, G W Harris, A Duval, H W Seager and others.

From Richmond, &c., in steamship Jamestown—Isaac Nathan, H H Dunley, P S Vanderpyle, V A Wickers, Mrs W H Stratton, Mrs S Bradley, Miss A Field, Mrs Brodie, Mrs L L Montague, D B Latham, S B Pinnville and lady, E O Parsons, Peter Dachell, B Phillips, T Hall, Geo Seagster and lady, J W Bullock, lady and child, S B Hone—and 70 in the steerage.

DEPARTURES.

For Savannah, in steamship Alabama—E P Hoge, George Law, John Foley, Robert May, A Dumont, E Gumpert, S Konkel, J Levi, B Muller, W Prehn, Dougal McGregor, S L Brewster, Henry Sandbach, Miss Mary W Jones, J H H Bonnell, Mrs Dillon, infant and servant, George Coats, G W Dillon, Mr and Mrs H Muller, infant and servant, Mrs Lee, Miss Lee, Mr and Mrs Minnies, Mrs L Isaac and two servants, Mrs Hoey, son, infant and servant, Miss Phillips, Miss Smith, A Wignell, Miss Baker, Miss Young, Rev Dr Prescot, Dr Lee G A Farley, Mrs Wright and son, Miss Pierpont, Adolph Kosten, W H Smith, L Tift, Mrs H N Vermilen and child, Mrs Bennett, Mrs Dillon, infant and servant, Mrs Ward, Miss Moyer, Mrs Goode, four children and servant, Mrs Fox and servant, A Hunter—and 50 in the steerage.

Dreadful Calamity.

A MAN AND A WOMAN BURNED TO DEATH AND TWELVE HORSES SUFFOCATED.

Shortly before nine o'clock last night a fire was discovered in the five story tenement house No. 184 Sixth street. The flames spread rapidly throughout the building and filled the rooms with a dense smoke. There were six families occupying the building at the time. Several made their escape to the roof and through the windows; but, sad to relate, a man named Michael Hertel, aged about fifty years, and his daughter Catherine Hertel, aged about twenty years, who resided on the fourth floor, were burnt to death. The bodies were extricated under the direction of Assistant Engineer Cornwell, and sent to the Eleventh precinct station house.

The building was damaged about $5,000. It is owned by Daniel Jones, and fully insured. Mr. Jones, who keeps a brewery adjoining, also occupied the cellar as a stable, and the first floor under the tenement house as a cooper's shop. There were fifteen horses in the stable, only three were taken out alive, thirteen were suffocated. There was one span of carriage horses, worth $1,000, and another $500; the remaining eight were worth about $175 each. We did not learn if there was any insurance on the horses. There was also some slight damage done to the brewery by water.

The second floor was occupied by D. Donohue. The family all escaped uninjured, but there entire furniture was destroyed. Loss about $600; no insurance.

The third floor was occupied by Louis Bussert. His wife and two children escaped, one child only being slightly burned. Their furniture is mostly destroyed. Insured for $400 in the Beekman Insurance Company. Wm. Schmidt also occupied part of the third floor; his family escaped uninjured. Loss on furniture about $300; no insurance.

The fourth floor was occupied by S. Lambert. The family escaped uninjured. Loss on furniture $200; no insurance. Part of the fourth floor was also occupied by Michael Hertel and family. Mrs. Hertel escaped uninjured.

The fifth floor was occupied by a man named George Beloff, who has sustained damage to his furniture about $100; no insurance.

It is not known how the fire originated, but from what we could learn it is supposed to have first started either in the stable, in the cellar, or on the first floor, in that part used as a feed room. It is said to be the result of carelessness. The Fire Marshall was soon at the premises, and will investigate the origin of the fire.

The Boston Weekly Bank statement.

BOSTON, Oct. 26, 1858.

The following are the footings of our bank statement for the past week:—

Capital stock	$33,072,500
Loans and discounts	55,357,600
Specie	8,946,600
Amount due from other banks	7,410,700
Amount due to other banks	7,826,000
Deposits	22,425,400
Circulation	6,505,900

TWO MEN SENTENCED TO BE HUNG IN ROCKLAND COUNTY.—Thomas Mulroe, for a murder committed in the town of Haverstraw in August last, and a man named Connelly, for a murder committed in the same place in July, were sentenced on Wednesday to be hung at the Court House in Rockland county, on the 26th of November.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT.—Circuit.—Part 1.—Nos. 4907, 1767, 1407, 5161, 559, 1147, 1715, 1825, 1744, 1962, 2635, 2734, 2838, 2976, 3024, 3479, 3491, 3503, 4066, 4108, 4792, 4811, 4524, 4879, 4902, 4947, 4973, 5031, 5055, 5221, 5237, 5493, 5622, 5626, 5647, 5667. Parts second and third the same as before.

SUPERIOR COURT.—Nos. 491, 492, 453, 579, 580, 581, 560, 595, 284, 292, 329, 461, 599, 600, 603, 604, 607, 143, 97, 469, 377, 582, 583, 578.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY, Oct. 28—6 P. M.

By the arrival of the St. Louis from Aspinwall we have our usual fortnightly mails, and $1,472,979 in specie. Our San Francisco correspondents report an active state of business, with higher prices for nearly all descriptions of merchandise, and a general tendency to speculation. Money continued very cheap and abundant. The advices from the Fraser river country state that a panic prevailed there among the immigrants, most of whom were returning in haste; but the waters had fallen at last, and those miners who had secured claims were doing well. The government authorities, and generally those who were in a way of obtaining correct information, seemed to entertain no doubt of the future of the region as a gold producing country. With regard to money at San Francisco, Messrs. W. T. Coleman & Co. write:—

The most prominent feature of interest in the immediate financial operations of the day consists in the course being pursued in regard to the action of the late Board of Examiners, who passed upon upwards of $1,100,000 outstanding city and county indebtedness of San Francisco. As is known, this was done under a State law, and the Commissioners appointed by the act have been enjoined from issuing bonds to scrip holders, upon the ground that the debt was originally illegal, and that no legislative enactment can make valid the debt of a corporation illegally incurred. The effect has been greatly to depreciate approved scrip, which has receded from 54c. to 40c. on the dollar. San Francisco 6 per cents have also declined to 55c., as will be noted by our figures below. Money has been abundant in this market during the last two months beyond all precedent. In default of desirable investments at interest, speculations in merchandise have been stimulated to a considerable extent. Operators in the way appear well supplied with funds, and are calling for but a very limited amount from the hands of capitalists. First class paper, and other with which collateral is required, is being done at 1½ a 1¾ per cent per month. Real estate loans upon very desirable property for a one time can be had at 1 per cent, and 1½ can be quoted for transactions of second rate character. There is more demand for money on such security for both city and country account.

The day has been a quiet one in stock matters, and the aggregate volume of transactions is considerably less than usual since the revival of speculation. There appeared to prevail, among outside operators, a general impression that the reaction of yesterday would be continued to-day; and while the bears are afraid to put out contracts in the face of the unmistakable symptoms of a rise in stocks, the bulls seem quite willing to stand aside and allow prices to fall off, in order to purchase at lower figures. There is a desire on the part of many, who are heavily interested for the rise, to see a bear interest well defined and working vigorously; a certain amount of short sales being, in their opinion, a natural and even an essential element in a rising market. Judging from this day's operations, however, and from the views of the well known bear leaders, as expressed in conversation, there is no design on the part of the bears to interfere with the rise as yet. The commission brokers continue to report activity among their outside customers, and a general inquiry among mercantile men and capitalists as to "what stocks it will do to buy." The following letter will explain the motives which are inducing outside men of means, not generally speculators, to take ventures in the stock market at present:—

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

I notice what you say about New York Central, and wish to state to you the principle on which I and other merchants who have idle balances at banks are acting. Let us say that I have $10,000 at bank. If I loan this I cannot make over 4 per cent—say $110—in the next hundred days, but I buy 1,000 shares of Central. They cost me $87,000. I borrow from any of the banks $77,000 on them (I could borrow more, but I wish to be within the mark), and my operation stands thus:—

	Dr.
Interest on $77,000 for 100 days at 3½ per cent	$758
Do. on $10,000 of my own at 4 per cent	110
Brokerage on 1,000 shares Central at ⅛ c. w	500
Total	$1,368
	Cr.
Dividend 4 per cent on 1,000 shares	$4,000
Profit on the aggregate	$2,632

—Besides which I have the chance of the stock going to par (which I consider very probable), and being able to make the dividend, and sell out at an advance of six or eight per cent besides. A MERCHANT.

As a general rule stocks were unchanged in price to day. As compared with the prices current yesterday afternoon, we notice a slight decline in Missouris and Virginias, the market value of which has been injuriously affected by the large lots sold by heavy operators yesterday. Railway bonds and bank stocks were generally steady at last quotations. Among the speculative stocks we note a decline of 1 per cent in Pennsylvania Coal, ¼ per cent in Michigan Central, ¼ in Panama, ⅛ in Illinois Central, and ⅛ in Galena and Chicago. The latter stock is damaged by the issue which has been raised between the ex-President and his late colleagues. Other descriptions were pretty steady throughout the day. Rock Island was active, the bulls readily taking all the stock that was offered. Reading opened at 58¼ this morning before the board, but fell off in the afternoon to yesterday's closing price. The want of short sales will soon tell on the market price of this stock. Michigan Southern preferred was in good demand. As soon as it is generally understood that this stock is in fact a ten per cent irredeemable bond, with only about $10,000,000 before it, it will probably attract attention abroad. The movement in Hudson River is steadily progressing. The receipts for October will show an increase over those of last year, and it is expected that November and December will do still better. The following are the latest quotations, as reported by Kowalski—Missouri's, 90 a ½; New York Central, 96½ a 96¾; Hudson, 36½ a 36¾; Reading, 52½ a 52¾; Michigan Central, 88½ a 88¾; Panama, 121½ a 122; Illinois Central, 86½ a 87; Galena, 81⅞ a 82; Rock Island, 68¼ a 68½; Toledo, 35½ a 35¾; Pennsylvania Coal, 80 a 80½. The market closed steady.

The exchanges at the Bank Clearing House this morning were $23,258,710 84, and the balances $1,334,862 36.

The following was the business at the Sub-Treasury:—

Total receipts	$520,558 63
—Revenue customs	115,000 00
Total payments	560,604 71
Total balance	9,315,678 67

The following interesting statement of the business of the New York and Harlem Railroad Company for the past two years shows what may be effected by a practical business man in the office of President. If all our roads were managed by practical men like Mr. Campbell, we should hear of less floating debts and unpaid coupons. The Harlem is now in a better condition than it has been for years:—

NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.

Receipts for six months ending Mar. 31, 1857	$924,686 50
Do. six months ending Sept. 30, 1857	502,885 91
Total receipts for the year 1857	$1,027,572 41
Total expenses for the year 1857	867,320 61
Applicable to interest	$160,051 80
Receipts for six months ending Mar. 31, 1858	$469,071 24
Do. six months ending Sept. 30, 1858	506,782 32
Total receipts for the year 1858	$975,853 56
Total expenses for the year 1858	617,285 13
Applicable to interest	$358,568 73
Receipts in 1857	$1,027,572 41
Do. 1858	975,853 56
Decrease in receipts	$51,718 85
Expenses in 1857	$867,320 61
Do. 1858	617,285 13
Decrease in expenses	$250,035 48
Increase in net receipts	$198,316 63

By reference to an advertisement elsewhere, it will be seen that the interest coupons on the 1st mortgage Harlem bonds and bonds of 1867 will be paid at the office of the company on and after November 1.

The movement of the banks in the four principal cities of the Union in which weekly reports are made, as shown by their last statements, is as follows:—

	Loans.	Deposits.	Specie.	Circ'ln.
New York, Oct. 23	$124,874,222	81,143,167	29,601,429	7,879,624
Boston, Oct. 25	55,357,600	22,425,400	8,946,600	6,505,900
Philadelphia, do.	29,220,000	11,441,249	7,361,906	3,126,908
N. Orleans, Oct. 16	17,941,171	17,451,965	11,473,772	5,802,254
Total	$228,392,993	144,271,731	56,487,707	24,018,666
Last week	229,287,467	142,887,551	55,177,184	24,116,319

Stock Exchange.

THURSDAY, Oct. 28, 1858.

$28000 Tenn 6's, '90	95½	100 sh Mich S N I RR	12½
5000 do.....b30	95½	116 Harlem RR pref	27
6000 Virginia 6's	96½	200 do	27½
33000 Missouri 6's	90½	10 Third Ave RR	122½
1500 Cal 7's, new bds	92½	100 Reading RR...s10	53
5000 Erie 4th m b	60	100 do.....s10	52¾
2000 Erie con b, '71	36½	200 do	52¾
2000 Hud RRR 1st m	102½	200 do.....s60	53
4000 Harlem RR 1stm	62½	100 do.....b30	52½
4000 Harlem 2d m	82	400 do	52½
1000 N Ind 1st m	87½	500 do.....s60	52
3000 Mich So s f bds	79	600 do.....s30	52½
3000 Read RR bds, '86	73¾	200 do.....s10	52½
1000 Ill Cen RR bds	97	1400 do	52½
11500 do	96½	50 Mil & Miss RR	17
3000 Ill Freeland bds	92	300 do.....b30	17
40000 Lac&Mil 1 g b	29½	50 Mich Cen RR...s60	58
10000 do.....s60	29	100 do.....s30	58½
2000 Mil&Mdm 10 b	74	50 do.....b30	58¾
5 sh Bk of America	114	125 do	58¾
58 Am Ex Bk ex div	106½	100 Mi So & N Ind RR	24½
20 Corn Exch Bk	101½	550 do	24½
300 Canton Co	21½	150 do.....b10	24½
300 do.....b60	21½	250 MiSo&NInd gtd st	55½
200 do	21½	100 do	54
100 Cary Imp Co	6½	50 Panama RR...b60	122
100 do.....b60	6½	250 do	122
100 Comb pref	19	25 do	122½
135 Amer Guano Co	8	50 do.....b30	122½
19 Pacific M SS Co	106¾	100 Illinois Cen RR	87½
150 do.....s60	106¾	400 do	87½
100 do.....b10	106¾	100 do.....s60	87
275 do	106¾	100 do.....b60	87½
50 do.....s30	106¾	50 Clev Col & Cin RR	95½
100 N Y Cen RR...b60	87	50 Gal & Ch. RR.b60	82½
150 do	86⅞	350 do	82½
325 do	86¾	250 do.....b10	82½
100 do.....b10	86¾	150 do.....s30	82
100 do.....b7	86¾	100 do	82½
100 do.....s60	86¾	100 do.....b60	82½
100 do.....s10	86¾	100 Clev & Tol RR	35
200 do.....s4	86¾	300 do	35¼
50 do.....b60	86¾	200 Chi & Rk Is RR	68½
100 do.....b30	86¾	200 do.....s10	68½
100 do.....b60	86¾	100 do.....b20	68½
100 do.....s10	86¾	100 do	68½
150 Erie RR	17¾	800 do	68¾
300 do	17¾	200 do.....b60	68¾
25 do.....b10	17¾	250 do.....b60	68¾
5 Hud River RR	34	100 do.....s30	68
550 do	33¾	50 do.....b10	68¾
100 do.....b60	33¾	350 La Crosse&Mil RR	5¼
150 do.....b60	33¾	50 do.....b30	5¼
100 do.....s15	33¾	54 N Jersey Cen RR	60
15 do	33¾	70 Brooklyn City RR	109

SECOND BOARD.

$4000 Tenn 6's, '90	95½	100 sh Mich S N I RR	24¾
15000 do	95	350 do.....b30	24¾
15000 Virginia 6's	96	100 do.....b30	24¾
7000 Missouri 6's	90½	50 Mich So & N Ind g s	54¾
6000 do	90	100 do.....s10	53¾
1000 Ill Cen RR bds	96	200 do	54
1000 Lac&Mil 1 g bds	29½	200 do.....b30	54
5000 do	29¾	17 Ill Cent RR	87
100 shs Pacific M SCo	106½	108 Cleve & Pitts RR	84½
100 N Y Cent RR	86½	50 Gal & Chi RR.b60	82
250 do.....b10	86½	50 do.....b60	81⅞
100 do.....b60	86½	50 do	81⅞
650 do	86¾	200 Cleve & Tol RR	35¼
10 do	86¾	200 do.....b60	35¼
31 Erie Railroad	17¾	150 do	35¼
100 Hud Riv RR...s15	33¾	200 Chi & R I RR	68
100 do.....b30	33¾	1000 do	68¼
100 do	33¾	200 do.....b60	68¼
50 do	33¾	50 La C & Mil RR	5¼
50 Harlem RR...b60	12½	300 do.....b30	5¼
19 do	12½	50 do	4¾
200 Reading RR...s30	52¾	25 Stonington RR	50½
1200 do	52¾	10 Buffalo & S L RR	85

CITY COMMERCIAL REPORT.

THURSDAY, Oct. 28—6 P. M.

ASHES.—The sales embraced small lots, at unchanged prices.

BREADSTUFFS.—Flour—The market, with a good home demand, was much more active, while prices were without change in quotations. The sales footed up about 17,000 bbls., closing within about the following quotations:—

Rejected superfine	$3 00 a $4 00
Standard superfine state	4 35 a 4 45
Extra State do	4 50 a 4 70
Common to good Western	4 35 a 4 45
Extra Ioua, Michigan, Indiana and Ohio	5 00 a 5 25
Extra round hoop Ohio (shipping brands)	5 00 a 5 40
Extra Genesee	5 10 a 7 75
Canadian superfine and extra	4 75 a 6 00
Mixed to straight Southern	4 80 a 5 35
Southern fancy and extra	5 45 a 7 40
Choice extra family and baskets brands	7 00 a 8 50
Rye flour	3 25 a 4 10
Corn meal	4 18 a 4 75

Canadian flour was in good demand, with sales of about 600 bbls., closing within the range of the above prices. Southern brands were in fair demand, with sales of about 1,800 bbls., closing within the range of our figures. Rye flour and corn meal were without change in prices. Meal was steady, with small transactions at our quotations. Wheat was firmer, especially for red, for which there was some speculative demand; the sales embraced about 45,000 bushels, including white Canadian, part at $1 13; white Western at $1 12½; red Western at $1 10; mixed Western at $1 07; Milwaukie club at 88c.; Chicago spring, unsound, at 66c., and included in the sales were 3,000 bushels white Southern, prime quality, at private terms. Corn was firm, with sales of about 58,000 bushels, including Western mixed at 66c. a 68c.; Jersey and Southern yellow were nominal. Rye was quiet at 70c. Barley was in fair demand, with sales of about 6,500 bushels at 83½c. a 90c. Oats were steady and in fair demand, with sales without change in prices.

COFFEE.—The market was quiet, and prices were firm; the sales were confined to a small lot of Rio at 10¾c.

COTTON.—The market was less buoyant, while the sales embraced about 35,000 bales, about 2,500 of which were in transitu; prices were heavy at about 12½c. a 12¾c.

FREIGHTS.—Rates were firm, but engagements were light. To Liverpool about 550 bbls. of rosin were engaged at 11s. 9d.; two tons of seed at 22s. 6d. For wheat, 7d. a 7½d. was asked, 5½d. a 6d. for corn, and 1s. 9d. for flour. 50 casks of rice were taken at 17c. 6d., and 200 bales of cotton at 3-16c. a 7-32d. To London 100 tons of oil cake were engaged at p. t. To Antwerp 80 bags clover seed were taken at 5½c., and about 100 bbls. lard were reported at the same figure. Rates to California and Australia were unchanged.

HAY was steady, and the sales embraced about 1,000 bales at 50c. a 55c.

HOPS.—Sales of 75 bales new were reported at $12 a $16, old were at 4c. a 7c.

LEAD was steady, with fair sales at 7½c. for common, and 8¼c. for lump Rockland.

MOLASSES.—Sales of 15 hhds. muscovado were made at 23c. a 25c.

NAVAL STORES were quiet. Spirits were firm, with sales reported at 37c. a 38c. Common rosin was nominal at $1 62½ a $1 68 per 310 lbs. Crude was held at $1.

OILS.—The market for linseed was inactive, with small sales reported at 66c. a 67c. Crude was in good demand at the eastward, while crude whale was quiet and unchanged.

PROVISIONS.—The market was irregular, but quite active, Pork—the sales embraced about 2,100 bbls., included in which were about 500 bbls. mess at $17, and 1,300 bbls. prime at $13 50 a $14, part for the inside figure, check to-day. Beef was in good demand, with sales of 300 a 400 bbls., including repacked Chicago at $10 50 a $12; extra do. $15, and double extra do. at $13 50; country prime was at $7 a $7 50, and mess do. at $9 a 10. Beef hams were steady, with sales of about 212 bbls at p. t. Cut meats were unchanged: shoulders were at 6¼c. a 6½c., and 5¾ c. for pickled hams were sold at 7½c. Lard was without change. The sales embraced about 300 bbls. at 10c. a 10½c. for old and at 9½c. a 10c. for new.

RICE.—Sales of about 100 cases of prime were reported at 5¾c. a 5¾c.

SUGARS.—The market was quite steady, and closed with a firmer feeling. The sales embraced about 1,600 hhds. Cuba, chiefly within the range of 6c. a 7¼c., with a small lot in bond at 5½c., and 50 bbls. Porto Rico at 7½c.

WHISKEY.—The sales embraced about 500 bbls., including a lot of prime to choice brands at 22c.

MARITIME INTELLIGENCE.

ALMANAC FOR NEW YORK—THIS DAY.

SUN RISES	6 26	MOON RISES	eve 11 49
SUN SETS	5 02	HIGH WATER	eve 2 14

Port of New York, October 28, 1858.

CLEARED.

Steamship Alabama, Sebercik, Savannah—S L Mitchill & Son.
Ship Margaret Ellen, Street, Buenos Ayres—W W DeForest.
Ship Cordelia, Bishop, Charleston—C G Duncan & Co.
Bark Waverley, Thompson, New Orleans—N H Brigham.
Bark E Morrison, Pike, St Mary's, Ga—R P Buck & Co.
Bark J B Chadbourne, McKee, Philadelphia—J R Dow.
Brig Joanna Jacobs (for), Sap, Gibraltar—Holmes & Hand.

Brig John Butler (Br), Park, Port au Plate—H G Smith.
Brig Gov Brown, Axworthy, Havana—W W Russell.
Brig J S Colton, Anderson, Matanzas—T Owen & Son.
Schr W B Hovey, Colburn, St Ann's Bay—W H Roach.
Schr J M Hallock, Clark, St Jago—W W Russell.
Schr Eleanor (Br), Lanfesey, St Michaels—G F Bulley.
Schr St Lawrence, Dickey, St Johns—G L Hatch & Co.
Schr J F Durfee, Davis, Franklin—Sturges & Co.
Schr Enchantress, Jayne, Savannah—Mcready, Mott & Co.
Schr Red Eagle, Clark, Charleston (recleared).
Schr Moonlight, Stokes, Charleston—Dollner & Potter.
Schr S N Smith, Smith, Georgetown—Dollner & Potter.
Schr John Price, Price, Baltimore—Mailler, Lord & Quereau.
Schr W Carroll, Chipman, Bangor—R P Buck & Co.
Schr E H Colson, Colson, Bangor—R P Buck & Co.
Schr W L Richards, Coker, Salem—S W Lewis & Co.
Schr G L Lowell, Rosecrans, R Nickerson.
Schr Bay Plate, Hallett, Boston—Dayton & Sprague.
Sloop Rhode Island, Hull, Providence—Master.
Steamer Delaware, Copes, Philadelphia.

ARRIVED.

Steamship St Louis, Mottowan, Aspinwall, Oct 19, with pas sengers and specie, to M O Roberts. 24th inst, 6:29 PM, lat 27 04, lon 74 18, passed steamship Star of the West, hence for Aspinwall, 2 P, 8:20 AM, lat 36 10, lon 74 20, signalized herm brig Nathan, bound N.

Steamship Jamestown, Parrish, Richmond, &c, with mdse and passengers, to Hy Lathem. Thursday, 6 AM, off Delaware Lighthsp, spoke pilot boat No 3.

Ship Nonpareil, Green, Philadelphia, 30 hours, in ballast, to Wells & Emanuel. The N was towed to this port by steamtug America.

Park Bannerg (Dan), Olsen, Rio Janeiro, Sept 17, with coffee, to J L Phipps & Co. Has had a pilot on board for six days.

Brig Fortuna (Por), Crusa, Oporto, Sept 19, with mdse, to L E Ansonck. 4th inst, lat 40 25, lon 58, saw a bark waterlogged and abandoned, with mizenmast only standing—the first two letters of her name were MA, and she hailed from New York (no doubt the Mayflower, before reported). Sept 25, lat 39 34, lon 72 48, during a heavy gale from NE, lost jibboom, which carried away both topmasts.

Brig Stephen Young, Ferry, Port Ewen for Boston.
Schr James Lawrence, Allen, Boston, 2 days.
Schr Isabella, Franklin, Boston, 2 days.
Schr Adelaide, Robinson, Boston.
Schr S S Buckingham, Skinner, Portland, Ct.
Sloop Harvest, Cowdin, Providence.
Steamtug America, Hennessey, Philadelphia, 30 hours, with ship Nonpareil in tow.
Steamer Delaware, Copes, Philadelphia.
Steamer Westchester, Clark, Providence.
Steamer Charles Osgood, Smith, Norwich and New London.

SAILED.

Steamship Alabama, Savannah; ship Amazon, London.

Miscellaneous.

For loss of ship WILD WAVE, of Boston, see news columns.

SHIP ANGLO SAXON, hence at San Francisco, was off Cape Horn 41 days in severe westerly gales; split and lost sails.

SHIP HARVEY BIRCH, hence at San Francisco, was off Cape Horn 30 days. June 19, Francis Coit, seaman, of Brooklyn, fell from the mainmast cap to the deck, and was killed instantly.

SHIP LUCRAMY, at San Francisco from Boston, had constant gales from the westward and heavy sea, split sails, stove bulwarks, &