POLICE ESPIONAGE.

The Metropolitan Police in Southern Cities—Correspondence Between Police Kennedy and Viscount Kane—The Whole South Invaded by New York Detectives—Comments of the Baltimore Press, &c., &c.

[From the Baltimore Exchange, March 4.]

We insert in another column a copy of certain correspondence recently had by Marshal Kane, at the request of the Police Board of this city, with Mr. Superintendent Kennedy, of the New York police. The association of the name of the latter officer with the malicious and absurd reports concerning the police authorities and people of Baltimore, which have been recently circulated by the Northern press in connection with the begira of Mr. Lincoln, furnished an opportunity for establishing the falsehood and tracing the fabrication of those slanders. We are glad that the Police Board availed themselves of the occasion, inasmuch as the reply of Mr. Kennedy, though characteristic of his creed and latitude, puts an end to all pretext for ascribing any foundation whatever to the preposterous stories referred to. With our own community, the official and explicit denial of the Board of Police, which we published a few days ago, as to the fact of their having only intended to send twenty men to the station, &c., &c., of course needed no confirmation. The corroboration which Mr. Kennedy's letter now supplies must reach the convictions, how little soever it may avail towards silencing the falsehoods of the republican press and party. He distinctly admits, not only that he never attempted the impertinence of suggesting to the Board of Police the sufficiency or insufficiency of their preparations, or had anything whatever to do with the ample arrangements which they made for the occasion, but that on arriving in the city he found his advice was not needed, and did not therefore obtrude it. He further states that instead of having advised the change of Mr Lincoln's route from Harrisburg to Baltimore, he sent an express telegraph, on February 22, to Mr. Wood, of the Presidential party, advising them to go down by the Northern Central Railroad as "perfectly safe." Nay, more, he bears voluntary and explicit testimony to "the orderly and good natured character of the very large crowd assembled around the depot to receive Mr. Lincoln." In regard to the supreme nonsense of his having discovered or traced an organized plot in this city to assassinate the President elect, his disavowal is as explicit and ingenuous as could be expected from a gentleman, who, after saying that a stolen report in the *Tribune* of a private conversation is "wonderfully accurate," goes on and denies, in detail, every fact and statement which it attributes to or connects with him.

So much for the fugacious exploit of the President elect. We have deemed the subject worthy of this additional notice, not only because of the importance apparently attached to it by the organs and representatives of the dominant political party, but because it appears to us entirely improper to let any such imputations upon the temper, character and government of our city pass unexposed, to be quoted hereafter as history. There is no knowing how much capital can be made, when necessary, out of a falsehood which has been left uncontradicted or disproved, and when we remember the currency which the Executive of our State has given, for his own purposes, to a similar slander, just as unfounded as the one now under discussion, we do not choose to let the one remain, to give countenance hereafter to the other.

But there is another matter suggested by Mr. Kennedy's letter which deserves independent consideration. We refer to the admission—or rather the ostentatious declaration—of the New York Superintendent, *that he is keeping up a system of police espionage in Baltimore and other cities of the South, with especial reference to our existing political troubles, and for use at "some proximate day."* When it is remembered that the police force of New York is confessedly as much of a purely republican party organization as any Wide Awake club in New England, while in its legitimate sphere, as an official body, its functions are as purely local as those of a New York Alderman, it must be obvious that any extension of its operations beyond the borders of the State to which it belongs can only be for the merest and most illegitimate party purposes. Over any alleged violations of the laws of the United States, by recruiting or volunteering for military service in the South or elsewhere, the New York police can of course have no jurisdiction, even at home, for it is a State police, having the State laws to execute and none other. With any such movements out of the State of New York it can have legitimately no more to do than if they were going on in China or Australia. When, therefore, Mr. Kennedy has the insolence to refer to certain alleged departures of desperadoes from this city for the South, and to say that "it has not appeared to him necessary to stop" them he not only is guilty of a very ridiculous rhodomontade, which he will be very shy of attempting to carry out here, but he does something more. He illustrates, what almost every developement of the last three months has gone to show—namely, that what is called at the North "sticking to the Union," "enforcing the laws," and "standing by the government," means really a usurpation by the North of the name, powers and functions of the federal government, for Northern ends and purposes altogether, and not federal. He shows that, instead of the present being a question between the federal government and the South, it is one between the North and the South, the North being disguised as the federal government. *He shows that the republican party, as a party—as a Northern State party—has not only taken charge of the interests of the federal government in the South, but has actually the temerity to invade its State officials into the South, as into a dependent province, to protect the federal government and look after the safety of its functionaries.* We commend this to our readers as a sign of the times well worthy their reflection. Let them couple with it State offers of militia to the general government and State guarantees of the bonds of the general government and they will see how rapidly Northern ideas are tending towards making the general government a mere Northern machine. Bad as the Southern doctrine of State rights may appear when it takes the shape of State secession, this Northern phase of the subject is tenfold worse and more dangerous. The one organizes open resistance to the federal power, the other does not resist but usurps it. *The one produces a Southern Confederacy for defence, the other a Northern protectorate for aggression.*

But the subject extends itself beyond our present space. We will only add, in reference to Mr. Kennedy's statements, as to the departure of squads of men from this city to the South, that it did not require any particular vigilance on the part of his detectives to find out what has been noticed in all our newspapers. We risk nothing in saying, however, as we do with positiveness, that no movement of the sort has occurred here of an illegal character, and that no information can be communicated by Mr. Kennedy or his associates to our own authorities—on that or any other subject, within the scope of their duty, as officers of the law, not politicians—which they will not be found to be quite as fully possessed of beforehand.

CORRESPONDENCE BETWEEN THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE NEW YORK POLICE AND THE MARSHAL OF POLICE OF BALTIMORE.

POLICE DEPARTMENT, OFFICE OF THE MARSHAL, BALTIMORE, Feb. 26, 1861.

JOHN A. KENNEDY, Esq., Superintendent of Police, New York:—

DEAR SIR—I have recently noticed many newspaper paragraphs referring to the Baltimore police, or myself as Marshal, which I have deemed utterly unworthy of notice, because they either mentioned no names as authority, or the names given were not such as would be likely to give weight to the various rumors in circulation. An article is, however, now going the rounds of the press, of a different character. It is stated that, upon information received in New York from this city, some of your detectives were sent on here; that by their efforts and those of Police Commissioner Acton and yourself, an organized plot for the assassination of the President elect was discovered; that you were satisfied of the existence of such a plot, and had in consequence recommended a change in the programme of Mr Lincoln's journey to Washington. Looking to your official position and my own, I deem it due to both of us that I should ask whether there is any foundation whatever for the above report of the acts and statements attributed above to you or any part of the New York police force acting under your orders. Yours respectfully,

GEORGE P. KANE, Marshal.

CENTRAL DEPARTMENT METROPOLITAN POLICE, No. 413 BROOME STREET, CORNER OF ELM. OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT, NEW YORK, Feb. 28, 1861.

Colonel Geo. P. Kane, Marshal of Police, Baltimore:—

DEAR SIR—In reply to your note of the 26th inst., this day received, I have to inform you, first, That I have neither published nor ordered to be published any of the newspaper articles to which you allude, and very possibly have not yet seen them all, nor have I thought it worth while in this case, any more than in others that have occurred, to publish explanations or corrections to the numerous articles misrepresenting the actions of myself and the members of my force. I do not desire to commence operating on a work which we both know to be an endless one. I can, therefore, assure you that none of the newspaper articles to which you allude, either emanated from me or by my sanction.

One article has appeared in the *Tribune* since—*i. e.*, 27th—which, in the main, was taken from my lips, which I herewith enclose. There is a spirit in the article which I disclaim; and a quotation, "nobody is going to turn out," &c., which is credited to you, that was not so given by me, nor was the response stated by me in the manner here printed. In other respects the statement is a wonderfully accurate sketch of what I said. I may also add that I am of the opinion that either you or Mr. Howard said something of the kind as quoted. On the evening of Tuesday, 26th, several friends came into my office to learn the facts whether any attempt was to have been made to assassinate Mr. Lincoln. I assured them there was no foundation in the story, and went on to relate to them my participation in the movements of Mr. Lincoln after he had left New York on the 21st inst. In doing so I spoke as freely as one friend should speak to another, and it was not until I had nearly closed the conversation that I discovered a newspaper reporter present, whom I had refused to communicate with, previous to the arrival of my friends. I regret, while he was taking the advantage of reporting a conversation entirely private, that he omitted the remarks of commendation I used in regard to the appearance and material of your force, as well as those on the orderly and good natured character of the very large crowd assembled around the depot to receive Mr. Lincoln. However, these are the kind of omissions the press delight in making.

Second—*I have had officers occasionally in your city, as I have had in others farther South, even Charleston, ever since these secession troubles began to show form.* I presume in this I am not much ahead of our Southern friends. Not a few of the journeys have been undertaken while attending the movements of persons who were in this city and excited our suspicions while here. But no officer of mine has reported to me the actual existence of any band "organized for the purpose of assassinating the President elect."

Although in the prosecution of their duty they may have deemed it advisable to associate themselves with the bodies denominated "Southern Volunteers" wherever they found them, they have not reported to me that even these bodies has resolved on assassination. Of course I regard them as dangerous organizations, and have not failed in obtaining every information in my power as to their locality, number, means of support, members, officers and movements.

On some proximate day these points of intelligence may become valuable.

Since Wednesday of last week up to Tuesday of this week, three hundred and twenty seven of these men have left your city in squads, for service at the South, and I am advised that about two hundred more will leave during the present week.

It has not appeared to me necessary to stop this movement else I should have notified you of it before. The parties are represented to me as being desperadoes of the worst kind, and whose departure from any community is the only good act they can perform.

I will merely add, that when I read my letters on Friday morning, advising me that your department felt so secure from riot and disturbance on the arrival of the President elect, that only twenty men were to be on duty as an escort, I at once determined to call on you and endeavor to induce you to increase the number. But on my arrival, I was very happy to find my advice was not needed, and therefore I did not obtrude it on you.

So far from having advised the change of Mr. Lincoln's route from Harrisburg, before leaving New York for Baltimore, on the 23d, I sent a telegraph to Mr. Wood, of Mr. Lincoln's party, advising him to go down on the Susquehanna road, as perfectly safe.

You are at liberty to make such use of this letter as you may deem proper. I am, very respectfully, yours, &c. JOHN A. KENNEDY, Superintendent.

POLICE CORRESPONDENCE.

[From the Baltimore Sun, March 4.]

An official publication by order of the Board of Police of Baltimore, contained in the *Sun* this morning, is peculiarly interesting, and on the part of Mr. Superintendent Kennedy, of New York, characteristically refreshing. He evidently has an idea that New York is the United States, and that Superintendent Kennedy is New York, and he seems to have established, in his black republican zeal, a system of espionage of the most offensive and unwarrantable quality. Judging from his own confessions, he is inaugurating a practice upon the French plan, but in doing so he does not seem to be conscious that French plans will not be safely adapted to the American people. *Instead of affording protection to Mr. Lincoln, Kennedy will have to look out for himself just so sure as he falls into the hands of those he has dared to put under espionage.*

The Board of Police of Baltimore, justly indignant at the vaporings attributed to this Kennedy, instructed Marshal Kane to address to him the note published in another column, which elicited the impudent reply, the style of which is sufficiently evasive to induce the belief that Kennedy denies what the press have, perhaps with some fanciful exaggeration, attributed to him. But the man who is capable of doing what he himself avows is quite equal to the flourish of his own greatness for the particular uses of the press. Moreover, Kennedy's letter virtually contradicts the article of the *Tribune* to which he adverts, while asserting that it is in the general "wonderfully accurate."

What this man says, and now ascribes either to Mr. Howard or Marshal Kane, to the effect that the Baltimore authorities had ever contemplated the use of a force of only twenty men, was positively denied by the Board in their publication in the other day. It is an evident fabrication by way of justifying the officious and impertinent introduction of New York officers into Baltimore.

With regard to the departure of persons from Baltimore to join the army of the South, it is needless to say that the police authorities of Baltimore were fully posted on the fact, and for the relief of Mr. Kennedy and the abatement of his zeal, we may state that the fact has been published by the Baltimore press again and again. But as this is not in violation of any other than Kennedy law, which seizes upon anything destined for the South, the operation is not prohibited in Maryland. It is to be presumed that the Board of Police of Baltimore will perform their duty without waiting for advice or suggestions from New York officials.

To the above we may very fitly add, that we have the best reason to believe *that parties connected with the New York police have been actively and prominently engaged in circulating incendiary publications in this State, in violation of the law*, which may yet be a subject of inquiry by the grand inquest of our city and State. The action of these parties has been such, indeed, as to challenge special scrutiny in Maryland, and we submit the propriety of like vigilance on the part of Virginia.

News from Porto Rico.

OUR ARROYO CORRESPONDENCE.

ARROYO, P. R., Feb. 12, 1861.

Markets—The New Governor of the Island, &c., &c.

The business season having now fairly commenced, I beg to renew my usual reports.

Sales of sugars thus far at 3¼ a 3¾, extremes, principally at 3¼, 3½ a 3¾. Molasses, 10c. per gallon; much inquired for.

Coffee—$12 75 a $14, as per quality.

Exchanges—60 days, on the United States nominal, 1 per cent premium to par; 90 days, on London, $5 to the pound sterling; 90 days, on Paris, five francs to the dollar.

The crop will be an average one, and the weather favorable for grinding.

The many friends of Don Manuel Sevila, a highly distinguished admiral in the Spanish service, in your city, where he spent several months on official duty some few years since, will undoubtedly be much gratified to learn his appointment to the command of the Marine Department of this island. This gentleman is one of the most distinguished in the Spanish service, and retains the most pleasurable reminiscences of his residence in the United States. He possesses a superb gold medal presented him by the President of the United States for the humane and successful efforts in rescuing the crews of two American vessels on the coast of Spain. The appointment of this gentleman has been hailed with great pleasure by the island. He is a gentleman in the most enlarged sense of the term.

Freights to the United States, 40c. for sugars, and $3 50 for molasses under deck, $3 on deck.

ARROYO, P. R., Feb. 18, 1861.

The New York Herald in Demand—Feeling in Regard to Secession—Markets, &c., &c.

The schooner Telegraph, of Telegraph line of packets to Norwich, Conn., sails to-day, with a full cargo of sugar and molasses, having on board Theodore Raymond, Esq., of the enterprising house of Messrs. J. M. Huntington & Co., of Norwich, proprietors of the line.

Sugars without change since my last: ruling rates 3½c. a 3¾c. extremes. Molasses in active demand, at 10c. Freights to United States 40c. for sugars, $3 50 for molasses under deck.

Fresh HERALDS in great request, and vessels arriving from the "Disunited States" are besieged for news, with the inquiries if there are any late HERALDS. Secession principles find but little sympathy among Americans residing abroad, and I can also add, among shipmasters, who are more fully impressed of the glory and moral protection of the stars and stripes than any other class of people. Among many American shipmasters I have met since the Presidential election, I have scarcely seen one who does not condemn the Northern fanatics who caused the present troubles.

Coroners' Inquests.

SUICIDE OF A LITERARY MAN.—Ferdinand Hofbauer, a German writer of some ability, and contributor to the *German Demokrat* and other newspapers, was found dead at his lodgings, No. 21½ Marion street, on Monday evening, under circumstances which leave no doubt as to his having committed suicide by taking chloroform. Deceased is said to have been a man of fine literary acquirements. In Germany he earned the title of "Doctor of Jurisprudence" before he attained his twenty-fifth year, and a few days before his death he accepted the editorship of a new publication about to be started named the New York Pioneer. Pecuniary embarrassments led him into habits of intemperance, and in a fit of desperation he determined to end his miseries in a suicide's grave. Purchasing a bottle of chloroform he retired to the privacy of his bedroom, and placing the vial to his lips administered the fatal draught. The act was probably committed on Saturday night, but it was not until Monday that the inmates of the house had any knowledge of the fact. Coroner Schirmer held an inquest upon the body yesterday. Verdict in accordance with the above facts.

A LABORER CRUSHED TO DEATH.—As a laborer named John Burke was engaged in hoisting some sugar into a vessel at pier No. 12, East river, on Saturday last, he was caught between a bogshead and the pier, and so severely crushed that it was deemed necessary to convey him to Bellevue Hospital. On Monday the injured man commenced to sink rapidly, and notwithstanding every attention was paid him, he died that evening. Coroner Schirmer held an inquest upon the body yesterday, when the jury rendered a verdict of accidental death.

FATAL ACCIDENT IN PITT STREET.—About ten o'clock yesterday morning as Daniel Fackner, of No. 59 Pitt street, was removing a lintel from over the front door, the stone slipped from his grasp and upset the scaffold, precipitating him to the sidewalk. The injured man was picked up and conveyed to the thirteenth precinct station house, where he died shortly afterwards from the effects of his injuries. Deceased was forty years of age and was a native of Germany. He was a man of considerable note and property in that neighborhood, and was a candidate for School Commissioner last fall. Coroner Schirmer held an inquest upon the body.

INSAKTICIDE CASE IN HENRY STREET.—Coroner Jackman held an inquest yesterday upon the body of a male infant found dead in the sink in the rear of the premises No. 93 Henry street, under circumstances which left no doubt in the minds of the jury as to the case being one of infanticide. Dr. Gallagher, who made a post mortem examination of the body, testified that death had been caused by strangulation. A piece of corset lacing found around the neck of the infant had evidently been the means used to destroy life. No clue could be obtained to the whereabouts of the unnatural mother, so the jury were compelled to render a verdict of "Death from strangulation at the hands of some person unknown."

DROPPED DEAD WHILE DANCING.—On Monday night, as a Swedish sailor, named Charles P. Rich, was engaged in dancing at the saloon of Frank Lang, 58 Cherry street, he was seized with a sudden illness, and dropped dead on the floor. Coroner Jackman held an inquest upon the body yesterday, at the Fourth ward station house, when it appeared from the medical testimony of Drs. Roach and Wattie, that death was caused by the rupture of an aneurism of the heart, and the jury rendered a verdict accordingly.

CASUALTY ON SHIPBOARD.—Coroner Jackman held an inquest at the New York Hospital upon the body of Garret Fitzgerald, a native of Pennsylvania, aged thirty-five years, who died from the effects of injuries received by falling from the rail of the ship Isaac Webb on Friday afternoon, while intoxicated. Deceased, in falling, struck against the deck of a canal boat which was lying alongside, receiving such severe injuries that he died in less than forty-eight hours afterwards.

RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—A RECOMMENDATION TO THE COMMON COUNCIL.—On the first instant a child, about three years old, named Ellen Collins, was run over by one of the Second Avenue Railroad cars in Oliver street, and so severely injured that it was deemed necessary to send her to the New York Hospital. The unfortunate child lingered until yesterday, when she died. Coroner Jackman held an inquest upon the body, and the jury, in rendering a verdict, recommended the Common Council to have the track taken up, it being dangerous to the lives of citizens.

City Intelligence.

ANNUAL MASONIC BALL.—The fifteenth annual ball of the Masonic Fraternity of New York, in aid of the Orphan Asylum fund of the order, took place at Irving Hall on Monday night. The spacious ball room was not so crowded as has been the case at former similar reunions, which circumstance afforded ample space for dancing throughout the evening. Though not uncomfortably crowded, however, the ball room and the several other apartments of the building were tolerably well filled with a splendid array of beauty and fashion. On this occasion—in consequence of the ball not being, as heretofore, under the auspices of the Grand Lodge—many of the brethren were not in regalia; but a sufficient number were decorated to afford a relief to the otherwise sombre habiliments which modern fashion prescribes as ball room costume. There were several distinguished visiting brethren present, as well as brethren of eminence belonging to the jurisdiction of New York. The Grand Lodge was not present in its official capacity, though several members of the present administration were observed among the festive throng. At about half-past nine o'clock dancing commenced to the music of an efficient band, and was kept up with the spirit characteristic of the brethren of the mystic craft till half-past four o'clock in the morning. The supper arrangements were excellent, and reflect much credit on Mr. Harrison, the proprietor of the Hall.

BURNED TO DEATH.—Yesterday morning Madame Catharine Vignes, widow of Antoine Vignes, former proprietor of the Hotel de Paris, Broadway, while alone in her apartment at 218 Seventh avenue, engaged in feeding a parrot in front of a small stove, her clothes became ignited, and before assistance could be procured she was so badly burned that death relieved her sufferings at four o'clock in the afternoon.

FIRE IN BROADWAY—A WOMAN ACCUSED OF ARSON.—Between eleven and twelve o'clock on Monday night a fire occurred on the landing of the third floor of the frame house No. 1,387 Broadway. The alarm brought Philip Short, one of the occupants of the second story, quickly to the spot, when, with some water, he extinguished the flames. The fire, it seems, consisted of some burning coal and small pieces of pine wood on the floor, a portion of which was burned. Suspicion was directed at once to Mrs. Mary Jane Millward, occupant of the front rooms on that floor. Sergeant Murphy, of the Twenty-second precinct, immediately sent for Fire Marshal Baker, and an investigation was gone into. The testimony shows that the pieces of burnt wood corresponded exactly with pieces of wood in Mrs. Millward's room; and, further, the wood found in the entry was partly burned to a coal, showing that it could not have been burnt in the entry, for if it had the house must have been burnt to a greater extent. These facts, together with other circumstances, went to show that the accused was the person who deposited the fire in the entry; and had it not been discovered by Mrs. Conway, the tenant in the back room, the house would undoubtedly have been fired. Officer Martin, of the Twenty-second precinct, took Mrs. Millward into custody, and the following morning conveyed her before Justice Connolly, where she was detained for examination.

SHAD.—The shad fishing in the Passaic and Hackensack rivers has commenced, though but few as yet have been caught. Some difficulty occurred last year between the Staten Island and Newark fishermen, owing to the former, contrary to law, setting poles at the mouths of the rivers. This the Newark fishermen considered an encroachment upon their rights, and finally it terminated in several law suits which were decided in favor of the Newarkers. Preparations are now being made by our fishermen to prevent, if possible, the fishermen from Staten Island setting poles, and it is expected that further trouble will ensue. The value of the shad taken in the rivers during the season is about five thousand dollars. They are principally sold in the adjoining markets.—*Newark Advertiser, March 4.*

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MARCH 5, 1861.—I WILL RECEIVE PROPOSALS FOR building a three story brick house, in whole, or conjointly or separately, from a carpenter and bricklayer; plan and specifications can be seen at 99 Gold street, Brooklyn, where the work will be done, this week. JOS. McMAHON.

NOTICE.—ALL PERSONS HAVING LEFT TRUNKS, luggage, &c., with the Proprietor of boarding house No. 141 Mercer street, N. Y., are hereby informed that if not redeemed between this day and the 20th instant, they will be sold, or otherwise disposed of. G. HUCK.

PERSONAL.

ANY PERSON HAVING ANY ACQUAINTANCE WITH Mr. Allison, who has been or is now connected with the New York Volunteers in the war with Mexico, will confer a favor by calling upon James McBean, 19 North William street.

A LBERT WILL FIND E. DODGE, FORMERLY OF No. 58 West Houston street, by calling at No. 143 Eighth street. E. D.

ANY PERSON WISHING TO ADOPT A FINE LITTLE Boy, three months old, will please call at 178 Seventh street. MRS. COOPE.

DR. C. J. KNIGHT WILL HEAR FROM A FRIEND BY calling immediately at no. 16 Broadway.

FANNIE—I SAW YOU TOO LATE TO SPEAK. SEND letter to 567 Broadway Post office.

IF ISABELLA McKEON, WHO RESIDED OR BOARDED with Mrs McGlocklin, at 356 West Twenty-sixth street, about four years since, will call or send her address to L. H. Dickerson, No. 6 City Hall place, New York, she will hear of something to her advantage.

INFORMATION WANTED—OF MR. JAMES WHEYball, a ship carpenter, native of the Isle of Wight, England; when last heard from was in Calcutta, India, in 1851. Any information concerning him will be thankfully received by his wife, Elizabeth Wheyhall. Address Mr. J. Springett, 123 East Eleventh street, New York city, America. English papers please copy.

MISSING—A GENTLEMAN, APPARENTLY PARTIALLY insane, looks to be about 37 years old, about 5 feet 9 inches high, stout built, full, florid face, dark eyes, hair, whiskers and mustache and slightly bald, dressed in dark cloths and over boots, with initials "D. A." inside. A liberal reward will be paid if he is found and taken to the office of the Superintendent of Police, in Broome street.

MESSRS. G. NESBITT & PEROEDA ARE REquested to call on or write to the subscribers for a letter just received for them. Any persons knowing the address of the abovementioned parties would oblige by communicating the same to AYMAR & CO., 34 and 35 South street, N. Y.

MISS S., WHO CAME FROM BOSTON SATURDAY night last, will find a letter from a friend, at Godfrey's, 831 Broadway.

MISS I. D.—PLEASE RETURN MY TRUNK TO NO. 61 West Twenty-fifth street. SUSIE STUART.

O. B. J. T.—I HAVE LEFT 255. CALL AT 61. B. R. B.

P. R. L. M.—YOURS WAS RECEIVED. PLEASE give your address in full, as I am fully satisfied with what you say. WILLIAM B * * * * *

WILL THE LADY FROM HARLEM, WHO LOST A Parcel, please call and take it on Thursday, as early as 12½ o'clock. If stormy, next day, at same time.

LOST AND FOUND.

DOG STOLEN—A LARGE BLACK NEWFOUNDLAND, answers to the name of Romeo; has some white on the breast and toes, and a long curved tail. Information in regard to him will be rewarded by applying at or addressing Washington Heights Drug Store, New York.

FOUND—A SMALL SUM OF MONEY IN THE THIRD week of last December. The owner can hear of the same by addressing S. P. P., box 181 Post office.

LOST—ON TUESDAY, MARCH 5, BY AN ERRAND boy, in going from No. 9 John street to No. 54 Nassau street, a Watch; brass case, fire gilt. No. 36,330, no glass, engraved backs. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at S. F. Gott's, No. 6 John street.

LOST—A LARGE WHITE DOG, HALF NEWFOUNDland and wasiff; answers to the name of Rover. Any one returning him to 159 and 161 Crosby street will be suitably rewarded.

LOST—ON SUNDAY MORNING, A BROWN SPOTTED Goat, with long horns. The finder will be rewarded by leaving her at the brewery, 157 Sullivan street.

LOST—ON SUNDAY EVENING, MARCH 2, PROBABLY in one of the Eighth avenue cars, a Lady's Jet Pin, with two oval stones and a gold band across them. The finder will receive $2 reward by leaving it in the store 307 Spring street.

STRAYED OR STOLEN—A SMALL ITALIAN GREYhound Dog, of a dun color; weighs about eight or nine pounds; has a notch on the tip of one of his ears; answers to the name of Charlie. An ample reward will be paid for the return of this dog to 282 West Thirty-fourth street.

REWARDS.

$3 REWARD.—LOST, A LIVER MOTTLED SETTER Slut, giving milk; had on a chain collar, with name on it. The above reward will be paid by leaving her at Cooper's stables, 103 Charles street.

$5 REWARD—LOST, ON SUNDAY MORNING last, a middle sized stout black Dog, white breast, four white feet, and white spot on the neck; answers to the name of Hector. The above reward will be paid by returning him to 71½ Third avenue, New York.

$7 50 REWARD.—LOST, ON THE 28TH FEBRUary, a small Pocket Book, containing about $30 and a few Memorandums, with the advertiser's Card. The finder will receive the above reward by returning it to W. H. Holt, at the office of Dennis, Alsop & Co., 53 Wall street.

$10 REWARD.—LOST, ON TUESDAY AFTERNOON, the 5th inst., in going from Union square, through University place to Washington square, but supposed to be lost in Washington square, a full set of Upper Teeth, which are of no use to any one but the owner. Any one who will return the same to 569 Washington market, will receive the above reward and the thanks of the owner.

$10 REWARD.—STOLEN FROM THE PREMISES OF the subscriber, on Sunday night, March 3, a Lamb, two weeks old, of a Chinese race. The above reward will be paid to any person who will give information that will lead to the conviction of the thief. WILLIAM REDMOD, South Orange, N. J.

THE LECTURE SEASON.

MRS. CORA L. V. HATCH, IN TRANCE MEDIUM, will lecture at Clinton Hall, for the place, on Wednesday evening, March 6, at 7½ P. M. Subject of discourse to be selected by the audience.

POLITICAL.

THE UNION INDEPENDENT DEMOCRATIC ASSOCIAtion of the Eighteenth ward will hold a special meeting, to transact business of importance, at Printy's Union Hall, corner of Third avenue and Twenty-second street, on Thursday evening, 7th instant, at eight o'clock. By order,

JAMES IRVE, President, pro tem.

T. H. BANCKER, Sec., pro tem.

STEAMBOATS.

RIVER OPEN—FOR HUDSON AND INTERMEDIATE Landings.—The steamer SOUTH AMERICA will commence her regular trips for the season on Wednesday, March 6, 1861, and will leave the foot of Brion street, North river, at 5 o'clock P. M.

FOR SALE.

A WELL ESTABLISHED PORTER HOUSE FOR SALE, doing a good paying business, with seven years' lease of whole house, at a very low rent; two-thirds of the annual rent paid by two permanent tenants, leaving the bar, sitting room, cellars, bedroom, &c., &c., at a mere trifle. Will be sold with or without the stock. Satisfactory reasons given for selling. Apply on the premises, corner of Front and Pearl streets, Brooklyn.

A GROCERY AND LIQUOR STORE, WITH HORSE and Wagon, for sale.—On one of the leading avenues, near a large factory. All the Household Furniture for sale. Apply to F. CAMPBELL, 313 West Seventeenth street, near Tenth avenue, N. Y.

A PAWN TICKET FOR A SPLENDID GOLD HUNTing Lever Watch—Cost the owner, when new, $140; in pawn for $25; also the ticket of an elegant Gold Chain; cost $100. The tickets will be sold cheap, as the owner has to leave the city. Address box 270 Herald office.

A GENTLEMAN, HAVING $2,000 TO INVEST, MAY hear of an excellent opportunity, with ample security, in an old established cash business, by addressing D., Herald office.

A GROCERY AND TEA STORE—FOR SALE, CHEAP, if applied for immediately, as the owner has to go to Europe; light stock in store, well fitted up, good location and cheap rent. For further particulars apply at 373 First avenue.

A SAFE, PLEASANT AND VERY PROFITABLE BUSIness for sale, in good working order, well established; doing a large paying business. Will bear close examination; more than ordinary good opening. Terms liberal. SOUTHWICK & WOOD 82 Nassau street.

A LODGING HOUSE AND RESTAURANT, STOCK, Fixtures and Lease, for sale—Located near railroad depot, and doing a first rate business; sickness the reason for selling; also a Paper Hanging store for sale. Apply to KINSHILSER, 343 Fourth avenue.

BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY FOR SALE CHEAP for cash—Good oven and furnaces; cheap rent; two years' lease from May 1; location unsurpassed. Apply on the premises, 1,255 Broadway.

BUSINESS ON BROADWAY—AS RESPECTABLE AND responsible as any on the street, chiefly done for cash; stock between $6,000 and $8,000; about $2,000 in cash, or responsible paper, will be required; the balance would be left to be sold on commission with respectable parties. Rent very low. Application can be made at 37 Beaver street.

BILLIARD SALOON, CONTAINING TWO TABLES, AT 394 Canal street, with a Lease of the whole house. Reason for selling, sickness of proprietor and lady.

DRUGGISTS.—FOR SALE, THE ENTIRE WOODWORK of a retail store, containing 98 Drawers, two Counters, four glass Sashes, Shelving, &c. Apply to W. FISHER, 311 Bleecker street, corner of Christopher street. Cash price $60.

FOR SALE—74 BRAIDING MACHINES, WITH SHAFTing, Belts and Benches; one Doubling and two Winding Machines. Inquire of CHRISTIAN SCHWART, First avenue and East Fifty-third street. Steam Power and Rooms to let.

FOR SALE—60 BRAIDERS, FOR COVERING WIRE, making cord and serpentine braid, all in running order. For further particulars address Edwin Field & Co., Providence, R. I.

FOR SALE—THE LEASE, STOCK AND FIXTURES OF a good Grocery and Liquor Store in the Fourth ward, and one in the seventh ward. Apply at 31 Monroe street.

FOR SALE—LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S BOOT, SHOE and Variety Store, neatly fitted up; rent low. Apply at 1,169 Broadway.

FOR SALE—THE OYSTER AND DINING SALOON 826 Broadway, nicely fitted up, and a good place of business; sickness the cause of selling, therefore must be sold. Rent only $375. Inquire of D. BURKE, Auctioneer, 135 Bowery.

FOR SALE—A LARGE, ESTABLISHED LAGER BEER and Billiard Saloon, at 333 Hudson street, by JACOB C. HOFFMANN.

FOR SALE—THE WELL KNOWN FIRST CLASS RESTaurant, Bar and Lunch Room 81 and 83 Pine street, which has been very successful for the last eleven years. Satisfactory reasons given for selling. Apply on the premises.

FOR SALE—A RARE CHANCE FOR A YOUNG MAN. An old established business in Books, Stationery and Fancy Goods in a first class business location in Brooklyn. For particulars inquire of O. C. Owens, 113 William street, N. Y., up stairs.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST LOCATED MEAT stores in Brooklyn, well established, a rare chance for one that understands the business. 203 Fulton avenue.

FOR SALE—AT A BARGAIN, THE STOCK AND FIXtures of an old established Oyster and Dining Saloon; good location, great thoroughfare, doing a good business, low rent, near a theatre. Apply to R. BLAKE, 14 Chambers street.

FOR SALE—THE STOCK AND FIXTURES OF A BILliard room, No. 449 Grand street, containing two Tables, Bar and Fixtures. Will be sold low for cash.

FOR SALE—ONE OF THE BEST STANDS IN WEST Washington Market, located in the centre of the Market, and is well adapted for any kind of market business; will be sold cheap to a cash customer. Apply at 371 West Washington Market any day this week.

FOR SALE—A RARE CHANCE TO MAKE MONEY.—A first class English Ale and Chop House, well established and doing a thriving business; the house is known as "the Enterprise," No. 261 Bowery, near Houston street; it will be sold at a very low figure. For particulars inquire on the premises for one week, when satisfactory reasons will be given for selling out.

FOR SALE—ONE LARGE COUNTER, TWO BEER Pumps and a Screen; to be sold low. Apply at liquor store, 61 Delancey street.

FOR SALE—A DRUG AND APOTHECARY STORE IN Brooklyn, doing a good cash business; reason on account of other business to attend to. Apply to Mr. BOSS, 572 Fourth street, near avenue B, New York.

FOR SALE—A FINE VAULT IN GREENWOOD, BEAUtifully situated on high ground. Will be sold reasonable. Address a note to box A. S., general Post office, for one week, stating where an interview can be had.

FOR SALE—THE BEST WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Liquor Store in the city of New York, on the corner of West Broadway and Franklin street, on account of the owner returning to California. Inquire in the store No. 103 West Broadway.

FOR SALE—A GOOD GROCERY STORE, IN A FIRST class neighborhood, on a business avenue in the west side of the city; business well established; large Store and Basement at low rent. This is a good chance for a business man having a fair amount of capital. No agents need apply. For further information apply at 82 West Thirty-first street.

FOR SALE CHEAP—THE GOOD WILL AND FIXtures of an old established Meat and Fish Market. For particulars apply at 462 Hudson street, in basement.

FOR SALE CHEAP—STAND NO. 74 BROAD AVENUE West Washington market, as the owner has other business to attend to. Apply to J. J. WATSON, 72 and 73 Broad avenue.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—A GOOD OPPORTUNITY will be offered to any person who wishes to purchase or exchange property for desirable improved Western farming lands; buildings all new; terms easy. For full particulars apply to PHILIP R. WILKINS, No. 10 Pine street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—IN UNION COUNTY, N. J., a Farm of 95 acres, in a high state of cultivation; good house and outbuildings in thorough repair; also a large stock of Cattle and Farming Implements; only 25 miles from New York and three from the depot. For particulars inquire at 98 Henry street.

HOOP SKIRT FACTORY FOR SALE—WITH EVERY convenience for manufacturing; also, a twenty two Shuttle Loom, in complete order, for the weaving of tape. Apply to J. HOWARD & CO., 349 Delancey street.

HOSIERY, HOSIERY.—THE STOCK AND FIXTURES of a Hosiery and Gents' Furnishing Store for sale; party having $1,200 will find this a rare chance for entering into business. The stock is new and very desirable. For particulars address Hosiery, Herald office.

HOTEL FOR SALE—NOW CONDUCTED AS AN English shades; contains twelve rooms, spacious hall and reading rooms; the house is eligibly located and is for sale at a great bargain. R. LAWRENCE & CO., 62 East Fourteenth street Union square.

HOTEL.—FOR SALE, THE LEASE AND FURNITURE of a small, first class Hotel, in one of the best locations in this city; will be sold cheap and on favorable terms to a responsible person. Inquire at 55 Madison avenue, or address M. H., box 1,169 Post office.

MARKET STAND FOR SALE—ONE OF THE FINEST Double stands in Centre Market, suitable for any market business, will be sold much below its value. Apply to A. TURNBULL, 35 Charles street, near Fourth street.

QUARTZ ROCK MILL AND PORTION OF PATENT for sale—Conceded by miners as very good for rendering rock and other hard substances to impalpable powder, with hardened and tempered steel plates, easily changed. SOUTHWICK & WOOD, 82 Nassau street.

RESTAURANT AND SALOON FOR SALE—A FIRST class respectable establishment, doing good business, in a thriving neighborhood; will be disposed of reasonably to a cash customer. Apply at No. 1 Chatham street.

TO TINSMITHS.—FOR SALE, THE STOCK AND FIXtures of a Stove and Tin Ware manufactory, now doing a good business. Apply in 19 Third avenue, between Eighty-first and Eighty-second street, Yorkville.

THE LEASE AND FURNITURE OF A FINE SUBURBan Hotel, which commends a large trade, will be sold, if applied for within a few days, at a reasonable price. Persons who wish to purchase will please address A. A., Herald office. It will be immediately attended to.

$300.—FANCY AND STATIONERY STORE IN A great thoroughfare will be sold a bargain if applied for at once;