something like a diplomatic falsehood, to represent that Russia and the United States held "the extremities of the two worlds." Knowing what the Russians are doing at the mouth of the Amoor and at Sitka, we can well understand the policy of the Russian Emperor. He would prefer to deal with a weak and disorganized neighbor, like the United States, rather than with a strong Power like England. But British North America, which stretches from ocean to ocean—the frozen regions of the North, the hunting grounds of the fur trade—British Columbia, prosperous, contented and free Canada, must be blotted from the map and ingloriously surrendered before Russia or the United States can with any decent office hold the balance of American power in their hands. The letter of the Emperor of Russia may convey sound and friendly advice, and as a mark of gratitude for benefits received may deserve respect; but both politically and geographically it is not only an enormous blunder, *but a studied insult to this country, which still possesses dominion over more than one-half of the North American continent, and, under existing circumstances, can kick any balance which either Russia or the United States may assume to hold in their uncertain and unsteady hands.*

THE FOREIGN ALLIANCE AGAINST MEXICO.

Terms of the Treaty and the Power of Enforcing Them.

[From the London Post (Palmerston organ), Sept. 24.]

We are glad to be enabled to state that the terms of a treaty between the Queen, the Emperor of the French and the Queen of Spain are in course of arrangement for an immediate intervention, by the combined forces of the three sovereigns, in the affairs of Mexico. The old standing claims of the British, the French and the Spanish people against the Mexican republic have at last brought the long suffering of these three Powers to an end. The claims of justice and the most urgent diplomatic representations have totally failed. The tolerance which Western Europe has so long exhibited towards a country plunged into civil war has been plainly abused, and has been mistaken for cowardice and indecision. The Mexican government, meanwhile, has found itself in the possession of ample funds for the liquidation of all foreign claims, and those funds are being disposed of by its own systematic malversation. The forcible robbery of the property of the English bondholders by the late government of Miramon, and since tacitly acquiesced in by the present government of Juarez, has *gone far towards placing the Mexican republic beyond the law of nations. It was obvious that, if conduct of this description were to be tolerated, there would at once be an end to all security in international transactions, and a precedent be set up for the deliberate repudiation by every foreign government of its obligations with this country.* It is under these circumstances that the Cabinets of London, Paris and Madrid have taken the resolution which we have already stated.

The manner in which the three allied Powers intend to carry out their object is at once the most inexpensive and the most effectual. They have no intention whatever of wasting powder and shot by raging a territorial war upon Mexico. To land a military force and advance upon the capital is altogether out of their contemplation. It would be impossible to deal with Mexico as an organized and established government, with a recognized centre of authority. The intention of the allies, on the contrary, is to send a combined naval force into the Gulf of Mexico. *This force will blockade, and will, we apprehend, temporarily occupy* the principal ports upon the Gulf, such as Vera Cruz, Tampico and one or two others. By these means the allies will no doubt bring the Mexican government to an immediate acquiescence in their terms. But whether they bring them to terms, or whether they do not, will probably make very little difference in the attainment of their object; for what they will do by treaty, if they do bring the refractory government to terms, they will do by force if they do not bring it to terms. The plan on which they have agreed for the satisfaction of the outstanding claims is this:—The allied Powers will sequestrate the Custom revenues of the ports in question. They will charge their consuls, or some other authorities, jointly to collect these revenues at the different ports; *and these consuls, acting together, will form a sort of international commission, constituted for the purpose at each port. No ship will be able either to enter or clear at the ports of Vera Cruz, Tampico, etc., without the authority of these consuls, who will exact—and not only exact, but themselves also receive—the customs dues on such entrances and clearances.* They will, we presume, observe the existing customs duties recognized by Mexican laws, and will throw the proceeds into a common treasury of their own at each port. They then intend to retain a given proportion of these proceeds for their respective nations, and to pay over a portion to the Mexican government. We believe that the allies will retain about fifty per cent of these, and will pay over fifty per cent to Mexico. This is a liberal arrangement towards Mexico, and it is one which will reserve to that government such a customs revenue as will enable it still to discharge the expenses of its own civil administration. But it is also an effectual arrangement for the allied Powers, the customs revenue of the Gulf being very large. *Their respective consuls, after paying over to the Mexican government its share of the proceeds, quarter by quarter,* will divide the balance, or other half, rat-ably between the three countries. This arrangement will be permanent, or will endure at least until all claims shall have been discharged. A sailor-of-war or two in the roadsteads of each of these ports will meanwhile secure the maintenance of the authority of the allied consuls.

Much of this arrangement of course presumes the capitulation of the Mexican government. *But if, contrary to all probability, that government should attempt to hold out,* this (which would otherwise have been done by arrangement with the Mexican authorities) *will be done by means of a blockade.* As soon as the arrangements can be made with the Mexican government there will no longer be need of an effective blockade, for the authority of the consuls would spring from a treaty with Mexico herself.

It is probable that the repayment of British and other claims under this just though vigorous measure will be rapid. We observe that in 1860 the value of the exports and imports of Vera Cruz alone was 133,000,000fr., or £6,320,000. We do not imagine that it will be necessary for ourselves to send any additional force into that quarter of the world. *We have already on the West Indian and North American station twenty-six vessels of war, mounting five hundred guns, and carrying six thousand five hundred men. We believe, moreover, that the force which will appear in the Gulf of Mexico will be such as will exhort immediate compliance,* and we shall hardly be too sanguine if we look forward to seeing the system of revenue collection which we have already explained brought into full and regular operation before the close of the present year.

FINANCIAL AND MORAL EFFECT OF THE TREATY.

[From the London Post (government organ), Sept. 25.]

In the foreign funds the chief interest was concentrated on Mexican, which have experienced a rise of more than 2 per cent since yesterday (23d), closing at 25½ a ¾, in consequence of the gratifying announcement, exclusively in the *Morning Post*, that a treaty is on the point of being arranged between England, France, and Spain for active and immediate intervention in Mexico. The intention of retaining 50 per cent of the customs duties of the Gulf, by the three Powers, to be divided ratably between them, is of considerable importance. Our claims on Mexico are indisputable, but the question which may probably arise as to some of the French and Spanish claims, in respect of the Zacker and Zulouga bonds, must be left to consideration hereafter. There is little prospect of resistance on the part of Mexico, and the measures in contemplation will, it is hoped, create a moral as well as a physical effect, and be the means of pacifying the country.

THE EMPEROR NAPOLEON DOUBTS THE INTENTIONS OF HIS ALLIES.

[Paris (Sept. 22) correspondence of London Post.]

It seems now to be understood that Spain sends an expedition to Mexico. France and England approve of this expedition and will support it. Then comes the *necessity of all agreeing that no attempt shall be made to profit by any naval and military operations beyond obtaining redress and indemnification for injuries inflicted on English, French and Spanish subjects.* There is some difficulty about these preliminary arrangements, but I am unable to state precisely their nature.

[From the London Herald (City Article), Sept. 25.]

A sudden spring of about two per cent in Mexican occurred to-day (24th) upon a statement circulated that England, France and Spain have agreed to send out a fleet to co-operate with each other in enforcing the collection of the duties in Vera Cruz, Tampico and the other ports, until the authorities shall be brought to reason, and make arrangements for the recognition and discharge of the claims of these several governments. *From the first thing in the morning, when the intelligence assumed something approaching substantial form, until the evening, when the highest price for the stock was attained, the dealings were continuous,* and of a character to support the impression that the news was well founded. The circumstance of its having made its appearance in the columns of a ministerial cotemporary stimulated the speculators to purchase, and no sales for a reaction having been attempted, the market was fully supported to the end of the evening. If this intelligence shall be confirmed to-morrow it is exceedingly probable that an advance to a greater extent may yet ensue, but afterwards those who have invested at low values will bring stock forward, which cannot fail in a degree to affect the stability of current quotations.

THE SPANISH FLEET FROM CUBA FOR MEXICO.

[From the London Post, Sept. 23.]

The five Spanish frigates in course of preparation at Havana, to be sent to Mexico, are the Beringuella, Princessa, Escurial, Loaltad and Concepcio.

THE SPANISH ARMY IN CUBA.

The Madrid *Correspondencia*, of the 19th September, says that a number of soldiers have requested permission to be allowed to go to Cuba. It states, also, that though troops are about to be sent to that island, they are not intended to increase the garrison, but only to replace others that are coming away—the force in Cuba being so great that as many as 8,000 men can be detached from it without inconvenience.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—Part 1.—Nos. 2105, 2137, 2141, 2145, 2147, 2151, 2153, 2157, 2161, 2163, 2165, 2169, 2177, 2179, 2181. Part 2.—Nos. 1648, 2122, 2124, 2126, 2128, 2134, 2136, 2138, 2142, 2144, 2150, 2152, 2162, 2164, 2166, 2172, 2176, 2178, 2180, 2182.

COMMON PLEAS—Part 1.—Nos. 1399, 959, 912, 559, 557, 1382, 479, 1412, 1413, 1414, 1415, 1416, 1417, 1418, 1419. Part 2.—Nos. 1299, 1420, 1421, 1422, 1424, 1425, 1427, 1428, 1429, 1433, 1434, 1435, 1436, 1437, 1315.

SUPREME COURT CIRCUIT—Part 1.—Nos. 1052, 1066, 736½, 855, 1070, 1072, 1074, 1076, 1078, 1080, 1082, 1084, 1086, 1088, 1090, 1094, 1098, 1359, 1361, 1365.

Official Drawings of Murray, Eddy & Co.'s Kentucky and Missouri State Lotteries.

KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 53—October 9, 1861.
8, 59, 48, 3, 30, 7, 77, 33, 75, 54, 40, 22, 17.

KENTUCKY, CLASS 52—October 9, 1861.
73, 18, 58, 36, 77, 40, 65, 45, 51, 59, 4, 17, 2.

Circulars sent free of charge by addressing either to
MURRAY, EDDY & CO.,
Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

Royal Havana Lottery.—Prizes Cashed and information furnished by TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, 16 Wall street, New York.

Prizes Cashed in all Legalized Lotteries, and information given, by JOSEPH EATES, Broker, Nos. 17 and 19 Wall street, up stairs, New York.

The "Reliable Gentleman" who has imposed upon so many good natured people, used a curious but strangely effective method of gaining their confidence. He wore a KNOX Hat, which gave him a look so entirely respectable and gentlemanly, that no one ever suspected his real character. Last week he lost his hat, but has since purchased another one of the fine Fall styles, now on exhibition at No. 212 Broadway.

MAILS FOR THE PACIFIC.

New York Herald—California Edition.

The mail steamship Northern Star, Captain Jones, will leave this port to-morrow, at noon, for Aspinwall. The mails for California and other parts of the Pacific will close at the post office at half-past ten o'clock to-morrow morning.

The NEW YORK WEEKLY HERALD—California edition—containing the latest intelligence from all parts of the world, with a large quantity of general and miscellaneous matter, will be published at nine o'clock in the morning. Single copies, in wrappers, ready for mailing, six cents. Agents will please send in their orders as early as possible.

A Card from Mr. Elsfeld.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Having just returned from Europe, in the Niagara, I learn that, very recently, a statement has been made in the NEW YORK HERALD to the effect that I was not to return to the United States, but had accepted an engagement in Germany. As this report has already injured me very much in my professional labors, I request, as a special favor, your leave to state publicly that no proposal for any engagement whatsoever in Europe could induce me to quit my most satisfying position as a teacher and artist in New York and Brooklyn.

THEODORE ELSFELD,

NEW YORK, Oct. 9, 1861.

Add to Extreme Cheapness all the Advantages of a first class, fashionable fabric, and you will have some idea of the splendid new fall style of Gentlemen's Hats just issued by ESPENSCHEID, Manufacturer, 118 Nassau st.

To the Public.

Permit us to inform you that we have now opened a complete and extensive assortment of

NEW GOODS,

adapted for fall and winter clothing, to which we particularly invite your personal inspection, and which we are willing to make up to order in our usual well known style of excellence, without any advance to prices (although a great advance has taken place in all fashionable imported goods within sixty days).

Assuring you of our continued determination to merit the confidence we have so long enjoyed, we are

Your obedient servants,
F. DERBY & COMPANY,
Tailors and Importers, 57 Walker street.

By the request of many of our customers, and during the present disturbed state of public affairs, we are deducting five per cent for ready money on all purchases from this date.

Army and Navy Equipments positively not cash on delivery.

Look at the Map of Missouri.

KEY TO 1,800 MILES OF TERRITORY TO THE PACIFIC OCEAN.

The great impending battle there will decide the fate of Missouri. The Missouri river on the north and the Pacific Railroad on the south of Lexington, both of which are controlled by Fremont, makes a complete triangle, in which Lexington is situated. With the Pacific Railroad (150 miles long) in the possession of Fremont, Gen. Price would be hemmed in at Lexington, and his communication cut off from the South, hence his evacuation of Lexington to Warrensburg, 40 miles southward, thus facing or outflanking Gen. Fremont. The report that he had gone to Arkansas will prove to be erroneous. Mark this prediction, and see LLOYD'S OFFICIAL STEEL PLATE MAP OF MISSOURI, three feet square, drawn from surveys of each county for the Land Office Department, and nicely colored in counties. Price 25 cents; eight for $1. Also, LLOYD'S $10 STEEL PLATE MILITARY MAP OF THE FIFTEEN SOUTHERN STATES, five feet large. Price only 50 cents; four for $1. LLOYD'S MAP OF AMERICA, four feet square. Price 25 cents; eight for $1. LLOYD'S $100,000 STEEL PLATE TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF VIRGINIA, five feet square—the exact copy of the map used by General Scott. Price $1; ten for $8. Money refunded to any one finding an error on these maps. Agents can sell hundreds.

J. T. LLOYD, 164 Broadway.

Album and Card Visite Photographs—$1 dozen. Finest of the art and cheapest in the world, at HOLMES' Park Gallery, 264 Broadway.

New Stock of Fall and Winter Clothing for men and boys.—Now is the time for bargains at DE GROOT'S Oak Hall, 84, 86 and 88 Fulton street.

Great Improvements and Great Reduction in the prices of Singer & Co.'s Sewing Machines, making them the best and cheapest in the world. Call and examine at 458 Broadway.

Pure Liquors.—Buy Your Liquors for wholesale or family trade at Fifteenth street Distillery, established in 1832, at 255 West Fifteenth street.

A Pure Tobacco.—Yellow Bank Tobacco.—Goodwin's Pure Yellow Bank Tobacco, free from all impurities, for sale by all tobacco and segar dealers, and at wholesale by E. GOODWIN & BROTHER, 207 Water street.

Cristadoro's Hair Dye, Wigs and Toupees.—The best in the world; wholesale and retail, and the dye privately applied. No. 6 Astor House.

Batchelor's Hair Dye—The Best in the world—Harmless, reliable and instantaneous. Sold and applied at BATCHELOR'S wig factory, 16 Bond street.

Gray Hair—Its Diseases, Change of Color and Embellishment; new Treatment for Baldness by GRANDJEAN, Astor place.

Hill's Hair Dye—50 Cents, Black or brown; best in use. Depot No. 1 Barclay street, and sold by all druggists.

Trusses.—Marsh & Co.'s Radical Cure Trusses, also Military Shoulder Brace and Abdominal Supporter combined—a superior article. No. 2 Vesey st., Astor House, opposite the church.

Barry's Tricopherous is the Best and cheapest article for Dressing, Beautifying, Curling, Cleaning, Preserving and restoring the Hair. Ladies, try it. Sold by all druggists.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 9—6 P. M.

There is no change in the money market. Money is very abundant at 5 a 6 per cent on call, and the highest grade of paper is wanted at 6 a 7 per cent. Six per cent Treasury notes are in demand at 99¾ a 99⅞. The banks are all accumulating specie very rapidly, and are not feeling any inconvenience from the government loan.

Stocks advanced again to-day, though the movement was more irregular than on Monday or yesterday. Toledo rose 2½ per cent, the Michigan shares 1½ a 1¾, and Reading and Central 1. Erie, Hudson and Illinois Central all rose ¾; Tennessee and Missouris rose ⅝. United States stocks were steady, and Galena and Rock Island fell off ¼ per cent. It was to be expected that, after the active rise of the past four or five days, some operators would want to realize profits. Indeed, a reaction has been confidently anticipated for some days by some of the older speculators. However sound the reasons are for expecting a general advance in the money value of stocks and other property, it cannot be denied that the upward movement of the past week has been rather too abrupt to be reliable, and, if anything, rather premature. Experience teaches that when stocks advance one a two per cent a day, the advance cannot be maintained, but is soon followed by a sharp reaction. After the first board to-day the market was tame; in the afternoon stocks were generally steady; Toledo was 1 per cent higher; Central rose ¼ a ⅜; United States registered sixes ⅛, and 6 per cent Treasury notes ¼. The market closed firm, the following being the last quotations:—Treasury 6 per cent, two years, 99¾ a 99⅞; United States 6's, registered, 1881, 92½ a 92¾; United States 6's, coupon, 1881, 92½ a 92¾; United States 5's, coupon, 1874, 82 a 82½; Indiana 5's, 78½ a 79½; Virginia 6's, 48 a 49; Tennessee 6's, 42¾ a 42⅞; North Carolina 6's, 60½ a 60¾; Missouri 6's, 43¾ a 44; Pacific Mail, 90¾ a 91; New York Central, 78¼ a 78½; Erie, 30 a 30¼; do. preferred, 48 a 49; Hudson River, 37¼ a 37½; Harlem, 12 a 12½; do. preferred, 28¾ a 29; Reading, 36¾ a 36⅞; Michigan Central, 46¾ a 48⅝; Michigan Southern and Northern Indiana, 17 a 17½; do. guaranteed, 37¾ a 37½; Panama, 117 a 118; Illinois Central, 67 a 67½; Galena and Chicago, 71¼ a 71½; Cleveland and Toledo, 36¾ a 37; Chicago and Rock Island, 48¾ a 49; Chicago, Burlington and Quincy, 63¾ a 64; Delaware, Lackawana and Western, 67 a —; Illinois Central bonds 7's, 88 a 89.

The business of the Sub-Treasury was as follows to-day:—

Receipts	$738,528 98
For customs	11,000 00
Treasury notes	561,000 00
Payments	491,428 70
Balance	11,273,775 41

Messrs. Read & Drexel have sold $600,000 of the new Treasury notes, and other agents have likewise done well.

There were sales of Erie shares in London on the 27th at 32½. The latest full report of the market we have is in the London *Times* of the 26th, which notices and quotes as follows:—

The principal feature in the colonial market has been a fall in the Grand Trunk to 19½ a 20, and in Great Western of Canada to 9¼ a ⅜, on the decrease in the traffics. In American securities Virginia six per cents and Illinois Central shares receded. Canada five per cents, 100¾ a 101¼.

The receipts of the Harlem Railroad for September were:—

1860	$105,589 27
1861	89,345 65
Decrease	$16,243 62

The receipts of the road for the fiscal year ending with September were:—

1860	$1,142,850 87
1861	1,144,980 26
Increase	$2,129 39

The exchanges at the Bank Clearing House this morning were $16,667,671 99, and the balances $970,847 14.

Stock Exchange.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 9, 1861.

$2000 U S 6's, '62	96½	15 shs Erie RR pref			
10000 U S 6's, 81, cou	92½	500 Erie RR, ass't sep			71
2000 U S 5's, '74, cou	82¾	100 Hudson River RR			37
5000 do	82	400 do			37⅛
5000 do	[illegible]	[illegible]			
6800 Tres 6's	[illegible]	[illegible]			
[illegible]	99¾	50 do		b30	37¼
Ohio 6's, '60	89¾	450 Harlem RR			12½
5000 Kentucky 6's	76½	300 do			12¾
2000 Ill coupons, '79	84	200 do			12⅞
2400 Indiana 5's	79	100 do		b60	12¾
2000 Michigan 6's	84	550 Harlem RR pref			28½
2000 Tenn 6's, 90	42¾	100 do			28¼
16000 do	43	200 do		b50	28½
5000 Virginia 6's	47½	275 Reading RR			36½
16000 Missouri 6's	43¾	100 do		b10	36½
1000 do	43¾	100 do			36¾
5000 do	43¾	25 Mich Cen RR		b30	48
5000 do	44	700 do			48
20000 do	44	40 Mich So & N I RR			16¾
8000 do	44½	50 do			16⅞
1000 Mo State RR	47	600 do			17
1000 do	47½	50 do			17⅛
1000 California 7's	83	100 Mich So & N Ind		b80	37½
5000 N Y Central 6's	92	50 do			37¾
4000 Harlem 1m b	97	50 do		s3	37½
1000 M So & Ind sb	94½	50 Panama RR			117¾
7000 Mich So s f b	78¾	460 Ill Cen RR scrip			67
3000 Chi & N W 1m	38½	100 do		b30	67¼
12 shs Bk of Amer	99¾	300 do		s30	67
85 Bk of Commerce	81	500 do			67¼
25 Am Exchange Bk	84	61 Clev, Col & Cin RR			98
10 Continental Bank	69¾	50 Galena & Chi RR			71½
11 Del & Hud Can Co	85¾	150 do			71
9 do	86	100 Clev & Toledo RR			34½
50 Pacific M S S Co	b10	91	100 do		34¾
157 do		91	400 do		35
400 N Y Central RR		77¾	110 do	b10	35
850 do		77¾	1000 do	s10	34½
50 do	s5	77½	600 do		34¾
250 do	b10	77¾	1650 do		35
100 do	b30	77¾	200 Ch & Rock I RR	b10	49
100 do	b60	77¾	150 do		49
1050 do		77¾	100 do		48¾
700 do	s60	77½	275 do		48¾
100 do	s10	77½	175 do		48¾
350 do	s10	77¾	300 Ch, B'n & Qy RR		63½
200 do	b30	77¾	50 do	s30	63½
965 Erie RR		30	50 do		63¾
50 do	b30	30¼	50 do	b10	63½
175 do	b30	30	100 do		63½
5 do		29¾	75 do		63¼
100 do	s10	30			

SECOND BOARD.

$25000 U S 6's, '81, reg	92¾	25 shs Harlem RR			12
6360 Treas 6 per 2yr	99¾	20 Harlem RR pref			28¼
9000 do	99½	100 do			28¾
5000 Tenn 6's	42¾	100 Michigan Cen RR			47¾
28000 Missouri 6's	43¾	100 do		b30	48
10000 do	s30	43¾	150 do		47¾
5000 Virginia 6's	s30	47	100 Mi So & No In RR		17¼
1000 N Carolina 6's	60¾	400 Mi So & N I RR			37¾
30000 California 7's	83	400 Cal & Chic RR			71
5000 N Y 6's, 1872	99¾	100 Clev & Toledo RR			35¾
50 shs Bank of Com	82	1000 do			36
96 N Y Central RR	77½	200 do			36¼
200 do	77¾	200 do			36½
360 do	78	250 Chic & Rk Isl RR			48¾
300 Erie RR	30	50 Ch, Burl & Qu RR			63¾
300 do	s30	30	200 do		63½
150 Hud River RR	37½	97 Mil & Prairie du Chi RR			18¾

CITY COMMERCIAL REPORT.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 9—6 P. M.

ASHES.—Small sales of pots were making at $5 50. Pearls were quiet and nominal.

BREADSTUFFS.—Flour—The market was heavy for most grades, and from 5c. a 10c. per barrel lower, especially for the common grades, while choice grades were without change of moment. The sales footed up about 20,000 barrels, closing within the following range of prices:—

Superfine State	$5 25 a 5 35
Extra State, good to choice	5 50 a 5 60
Superfine Western	5 25 a 5 35
Common to choice Western extra	5 50 a 6 50
Extra Canada	5 50 a 6 75
Mixed to straight Southern	5 85 a 6 25
Straight to good extra do	6 20 a 7 25
Choice extra family and bakers' brands	7 25 a 8 00
Rye flour	2 75 a 4 00
Corn meal, Jersey and Brandywine	2 75 a 3 20

—Canadian flour was heavy and prices favored purchasers. The sales embraced about 1,200 bbls., closing within the range of quotations. Southern flour was in good demand and common grades were sustained; the sales embraced about 1,600 bbls., closing within the above range of prices. Rye flour was steady and in fair demand at our figures, with sales of about 250 bbls. Corn meal was firmer, with sales of 325 bbls. at quotations. Wheat was irregular and closed at a decline of 2c. per bushel; the sales embraced about 250,000 bushels at $1 40 for white Indiana and Michigan, $1 34 a $1 44 for white Kentucky, $1 25 a $1 40 for white Ohio, $1 32½ a $1 33 for amber Michigan, $1 27 a $1 32 for red Western, $1 29 a $1 30 for red State, $1 22 a $1 23 for good to choice amber Iowa, $1 19 a $1 21 for Milwaukee Club, $1 19 a $1 20 for Racine spring, $1 17½ a $1 19 for Chicago spring. Corn was active, and closed at an advance of about 1c. per bushel; the sales embraced about 225,000 bushels, here and to arrive, at 53c. for damaged, 54½c. for shipment eastward, and at 55c. a 56c. for good Western mixed, for export, closing at the latter figure. Barley was in good request, with sales reported of 3,700 bushels State at 70c. a 73c. Barley malt was quiet at 77c. a 80c. Oats were steady and in fair request, with sales of Western and State at 33½c. a 35c., Canadian was nominal at 31c. a 31c.

COFFEE.—The market was steady, but quiet; Rio ranged from 15c. to 16½c., according to quality.

COTTON.—The market was firm, while the sales embraced about 1,600 bales, closing stiff on the basis of 21¾c. for middling uplands. A part of the cotton recently received from Liverpool, it was stated had been resold for reshipment to that port. By the time it gets back it will have crossed the Atlantic three times.

FREIGHTS were firmer. To Liverpool about 20,000 to 30,000 bushels of corn were engaged, in bulk, at 11½d. a 11¾d.; wheat was at 12d., and flour at 3s.; for cotton 7-32d. was demanded. 1,000 boxes cheese at 46c., and 200 packages butter at 40s. To London 1,000 boxes cheese were engaged at 50s., and 1,000 bbls. rosin at 4s. To Havre rates were firm; about 24,000 bushels of wheat were engaged at 25c., and 3,000 bbls. flour at 95c.

NAVAL STORES.—Sales of 200 bbls. spirits were made at $1 43 a $1 44. Rosin was quiet and nominal.

PROVISIONS.—Pork—The market was without change of moment, while the sales embraced about 500 bbls. at $14 50 a $14 75 for mess, and at $9 75 a $10 for prime; thin mess sold at $13 37½. Beef was steady and in fair demand, with sales of 250 bbls. at $9 50 a $11 25 for repacked, and at $12 a $13 75 for extra. Beef hams were wanted at $16 a $17. Bacon was scarce and nominal. Cut meats were steady, with sales of 40 a 50 bbls. and tierces at 4¾c. a 5c. for shoulders, and 5½c. a 5¾c. for hams. Lard was firm and in good request, with sales of 500 a 600 bbls. at 8½c. a 8¾c., the latter figure for prime.

Married.

BANES—VAN WYCK.—On Wednesday, October 9, by Rev. Dr. Porter, CHARLES BANES, to Z. F. VAN WYCK, daughter of William Van Wyck, of South Carolina.

BERRIEN—RAYMOND.—On Wednesday, October 9, by Thomas De Witt, D. D., ROBT. S. BERRIEN, to ANGELIQUE RAYMOND, all of this city.

Jamaica, L. I., papers please copy.

DOBB—BARSAL.—On Monday, October 7, by Rev. Dr. C. H. True, Mr. GEORGE W. DOBB, to MISS JANIE M. BARSAL, only daughter of Dr. N. W. Bidleau, all of Tarrytown.

HAWLEY—BROWN.—At the Brick Church, on Tuesday, October 8, by Rev. Dr. Spring, DAVID HAWLEY, to Miss CATHARINE A. BROWN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Allow me to correct an error published in your valuable paper of the 6th and 7th instants, concerning the marriage of DOMINICK FRANCISCO, to MRS. ELIZA A. WAY, as utterly false, and I have not authorized any person to do so.

Hudson and West Troy papers please copy.

DOMINICK FRANCISCO.

Died.

BOSWORTH.—On Friday, September 20, at Colonel Isaac T. Avery's, Swan Ponds, Burke county, North Carolina, where she went in February last for the benefit of her health, FANNIE AVERY BOSWORTH, daughter of Judge Bosworth, of this city, aged 27 years, 4 months and 5 days.

HUNTER.—On Tuesday, October 8, at two o'clock, ELLA LOUISE, infant daughter of Francis A. and Emma F. Hunter.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) morning, at ten o'clock, from No. 201 West Fourteenth street.

HUNNEMAN.—On Wednesday, October 9, ANN HUNNEMAN, aged 80 years, 6 months and 12 days.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Friday afternoon, at one o'clock, from the Methodist Episcopal church, Second street, without further invitation.

HYNES.—On Tuesday, October 8, of cholera infantum, ELLA LOUISE, infant daughter of Frank A. and Emma F. Hustel.

Her remains will be taken to Greenwood cemetery for interment, to-day (Thursday).

KELLEHER.—At his residence in Hoboken, N. J., JAMES KELLEHER, aged 46 years. He was a native of Kells, County Meath, Ireland.

Notice of funeral in to-morrow's paper.

KENNY.—On Tuesday, October 8, CARON KENNY, in the 54th year of his age.

His relatives and friends, also those of his son-in-law, Thomas H. Seymour, together with the members of Atlantic Lodge, F. and A. M., and the members of Ocean Lodge, I. O. of O. F., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) morning, at nine o'clock, from his late residence, No. 10 Gerrick street.

MCGRAHAN.—On Tuesday, October 8, MARY, the beloved wife of Thomas McGrahan, in the 27th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, No. 197 East Sixteenth street.

Dublin papers please copy.

MONTAGUE.—On Tuesday, October 8, EGAN MONTAGUE, aged 52 years, native of the parish of Bodony, county Tyrone, Ireland.

The friends and acquaintances of his family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at half past one o'clock, from the residence of his niece, Bridget Dussey, 160 Mulberry street.

PHILLIPS.—On Monday, October 7, WILLIAM H., son of the late John and Sarah A. Phillips, aged 24 years, 11 months and 22 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 548 Fifth street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

PHINNEY.—On Wednesday, October 9, after a short illness, JANE M., wife of George W. Phinney, in the 45th year of her age.

The relatives and friends, also the members of Sylvan Grove Lodge No. 275, F. A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Friday afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, No. 206 Sullivan street.

PERRINE.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday, October 9, WILLIAM HUMPHREY, second son of Dr. and Lizzie Perrine, aged 3 years and 3 months.

The funeral will take place this (Thursday) morning, at ten o'clock, from 22 Myrtle avenue. His remains will be taken to Bloomfield, N. J.

PIDGEON.—On Tuesday, October 8, after a long and tedious illness, JOHN, son of the late James Pidgeon, aged 20 years, 6 months and 21 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at half past one o'clock, from the residence of his cousin, Thomas Foulks. His remains will be taken to Greenwood cemetery for interment.

New Orleans papers please copy.

RAYMOND.—On Tuesday, October 8, GEORGE TRASK, infant son of Shepherd K. and Lucy H. Raymond, aged 15 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral service, this (Thursday) afternoon, at three o'clock, at the residence of his parents, 55 Fort Greene place, Brooklyn.

REILLY.—On Tuesday, October 8, of hooping cough, MARY ELLEN, daughter of Patrick and Rosanna Reilly, aged 1 year, 5 months and 20 days.

Dearest Mary Ellen, adieu,
Forever we mourn for thee;
You're gone to the angels above,
To join your brother William.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at one o'clock, from the residence of her parents, 521½ Second avenue.

RICE.—At Melrose, on Sunday, October 6, ESTHER C., wife of Albert A. Rice.

Due notice of the funeral will be given.

Watertown (N. Y.) papers please copy.

SHERIDY.—On Tuesday, October 8, DANIEL SHERIDY, aged 41 years.

The funeral will take place this Thursday, from his late residence, No. 855 Fifty-sixth street, near Third avenue.

SLACK.—On Monday afternoon, October 7, JAMES SLACK, Jr., aged 24 years.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Thursday) afternoon, at half-past three o'clock, from the corner of Court and Schermerhorn streets, Brooklyn.

STERNBERGH.—On Tuesday afternoon, October 8, at the residence of his son, No. 407 Fourth avenue, of paralysis, WILLIAM STERNBERGH, aged 86 years.

His remains will be taken to Rochester for interment.

Saratoga papers please copy.

SMITH.—On Wednesday, October 9, of congestion of the brain, JAMES SMITH, late of the firm of James Smith & Son, aged 55 years.

His friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, which will take place from his late residence, at Cypress Hills, on Friday afternoon, at one o'clock. Cars leave South ferry, Brooklyn, at 11:45 A. M.

VAN BRUNT-BUTEN.—On Wednesday, October 9, ARTHUR EUGENE, infant son of Elias and Rosalie Van Benschoten, aged 1 month and 7 days.

The friends and relatives are invited to attend the funeral, from No. 13 York street, Jersey City, this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

VAN DYKE.—On Monday evening, October 7, MARIA VAN DYKE, aged 77 years.

The friends and relatives of the family, and of her brothers, Francis and James Van Dyke, and of her brother-in-law, Joseph Meeks, are invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 219 North Broad street, Newark, this (Thursday) afternoon, at one o'clock.

WEBSTER.—On Wednesday morning, October 9, at 6 o'clock, THOMAS WEBSTER, only son of Alfred H. and the late Charlotte H. Webster, in the 11th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his father, No. 107 Seventh street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

YOUNG.—In Brooklyn, on Wednesday morning, October 9, JENNIE, the beloved wife of Edward T. Young, and eldest daughter of Michael and Zolia Caffe, aged 21 years and 16 days.

Her husband's friends and those of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her father, No. 328 Pacific street, Brooklyn, on Friday afternoon, at half-past three o'clock, without further invitation.

MISCELLANEOUS.

AROMATIC SCHIEDAM SCHNAPPS.

Grocers, druggists and private families who wish to supply themselves at the present low price, had better make early application. UDOLPHO WOLFE, 22 Beaver street.

AT $3—DOUBLE SOLE SHOES, AT JONES', 10 AND 12 Ann street; also, at $3 50, quilted Congress Gaiters, a new style.

AT EVERDELL'S—WEDDING CARDS.—THESE CELEBRATED engraved Cards sold only at 532 Broadway, corner of Duane street.

A 1 U. S. PASSPORTS ISSUED BY EDWARD BISSELL, agent, 271 Broadway, corner of Chambers st.

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