

NEW YORK HERALD.

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AMUSEMENTS THIS EVENING.

NIRLO'S GARDEN, Broadway.—CHILD OF THE REBEL.

WALLACK'S THEATRE, 84 Broadway.—THREE MEN.

LAURA KEENE'S THEATRE, Broadway.—FANCHON.

WINTER GARDEN, Broadway.—THE WIZARD.

NEW BOWERY THEATRE, Bowery.—MARRIED.

BOVEY THEATRE, Bovey.—JULIAN, MOORE AND

OLYMPIA THEATRE, No. 483 Broadway.—MEDIATION.

BARNUM'S AMERICAN MUSEUM, Broadway.—COM.

BRYANT'S MINSTRELS' Mechanical Hall, 67 Broadway.

CHRISTY'S OPERA HOUSE, 86 Broadway.—ETROPIAN

AMERICAN MUSIC HALL, No. 44 Broadway.—SONGS.

NATIONAL THEATRE AND MUSIC HALL, Canal

GAITEES CONCERT HALL, 616 Broadway.—DRAWING

PEOPLE'S MUSIC HALL, 45 Bowery.—SONGS, DANCES,

PARISIAN CABINET OF WONDERS, 563 Broadway.

New York, Friday, June 27, 1862.

THE SITUATION.

We have to announce to-day an important

change in the military command in Western

Virginia, proving that our predictions as to the

object of the President's visit to West Point

were perfectly accurate. General Pope has received

the supreme command of affairs in the Shenandoah

Valley, and will now be pitted against the

rebel Stonewall Jackson. The forces under

Major Generals Fremont, Banks and McDowell

have been consolidated into one army, called

"the Army of Virginia," and Major General

Pope has been especially assigned by the

President to the chief command. The forces

under General Fremont constitute the

first army corps, to be commanded by General

Fremont. The forces under General Banks

constitute the second army corps, and are to

be commanded by him. The forces under General

McDowell constitute the third army corps, to be

commanded by him.

General Pope enters upon his new command with

the prestige of former successes in the Mississippi

Valley and in Missouri surrounding his name, which

no doubt will be a host in itself with the army

of the Shenandoah, recently involved in a somewhat

clouded condition of affairs, under the manage-

ment of the political generals. A soldier

of great dash, combining a capacity for

instant action with the strategical power, as

his conduct at Shawnee Mound, New Madrid and

Isla No. 10 evinced, General Pope is just the

man for the position assigned to him. His ap-

pointment, under the circumstances, and in the

prompt manner by which it was accomplished, is

another evidence of the firmness, sagacity and

independence of Mr. Lincoln, and will insure re-

new confidence on the part of the whole North—

radical abolitionists of course excepted—in his

capacity to bring the country safely through its

present difficulty, and that speedily, too. We may

look out now for some stirring times in Western

Virginia, and the expulsion of Jackson from that

region.

In connection with the appointment of General

Pope we give to-day a brief sketch of the gallant

career of the hero, which will be found exceedingly

interesting.

We are in possession of some further particu-

lars which we publish of the skirmish in front

of Richmond, on Wednesday. The ground con-

tested for was swamp, scattered over with clumps

of brushwood, with an open country in front. The

main object of the advance appears to have been

to obtain a dry and healthy location for that por-

tion of our army then encamped in a swampy and

sickly region. In this General McClellan proved

entirely successful, as but little more ground

was to be gained in order to place our men beyond

the effects of their previous unpleasant position.

The rebel camps in front of General Hooker's

division are now occupied by our troops. Our total

loss in killed and wounded in the action of Wednes-

day did not amount to over two hundred—the

killed being exceedingly small—while that of the

enemy was much greater. General McClellan con-

ducted the affair in person, and his presence stimu-

lated the valor of the men engaged. We publish

to-day a very interesting and comprehensive map

of the rebel defences and positions of their forces

in front of General McClellan's army previous to

the blockade is not stated.

Our European files by the Arabia, dated in Lon-

don and Paris on the 14th of June, contain ver-

batim reports of the speeches delivered in the

two Houses of the British Parliament on the

subject of General Butler's late proclamation respect-

ing the exhibition of rebel sympathies by the

"ladies" of New Orleans, and the idea of coalition

between France and England for the purpose of

"mediating" or intervening in the governmen-

tal affairs of the United States, so far as relates to

the suppression of the rebellion. The addresses

of Earl Carnarvon, Earl Russell, Lord Palmer-

ston, Sir J. Walsh and Mr. Gregory are more impor-

tant in this shape than they appeared in our tele-

graphic synopses from Halifax, published in the

HERALD last Wednesday. Hence we give them in

extenso. It will be remarked from the very full

letters of our Paris correspondents that the Count

de Persigny arrived in London on the 11th of June,

about two days before the debates occurred in the

House of Lords and Commons, and the essential

point of the whole subject is to be found in the as-

sertion that the Count was entrusted by Napoleon

with the negotiation of the terms of a plan of "me-

diation" with England. The assumption obtained

a very general credence in Paris from the fact

that the *Patrie* of the 11th instant circulated the

following paragraph in larger type than usual:—"We

are assured that negotiations are about to com-

mence in London to arrive at an understanding

which may enable proposals to be made for a

mediation in American affairs. If the negotia-

tions in question succeed, the mediation of En-

gland and France will be tendered simultane-

ously, and in identical terms, to the belligerent

parties."

Senor Calderon Collantes, Minister of Foreign

Affairs of Spain, has officially and completely

endorsed the action of General Prim in retiring

from Mexico.

CONGRESS.

In the Senate yesterday, petitions in favor

of the passage of a bankrupt bill and the con-

struction of a ship canal from Lake Michigan to

the Mississippi were presented and referred. A

bill for the relief of the widow of General C. F.

Smith was introduced. The bill granting the

proceeds of certain public lands in aid of the

construction of the Northern Pacific Railroad was

passed. The bill for the admission of Western

Virginia into the Union as a State was taken up

and discussed by Mr. Sumner. The bill recog-

nizing slavery till the end of the year 1863; but

Mr. Sumner moved an amendment prohibiting

slavery in the State. Pending the question,

the Senate resolved itself into a High Court

of impeachment, and proceeded with the trial

of Judge West H. Humphreys, of Tennessee,

charged with high crimes and misdemeanors

against the government. After the hearing

of testimony, the President of the Senate pro-

posed the judgment of the Court, as follows:—"It

is hereby ordered and decreed that West H.

Humphreys, Judge of the District Court for the

Western, Middle and Eastern districts of Ten-

nessee, be, and is hereby, removed from said

office, and that he be and is disqualified from

holding or enjoying any office of honor, trust

or profit under the United States." The Court

and the Senate then adjourned.

In the House of Representatives, Mr. Walton,

of Vermont, offered a preamble and resolution

declaring, in effect, that the reporter of the

New York Tribune who sent to that paper an

article relative to the purchase by Congress of

Gales & Seaton's compilation of the proceedings

of Congress is guilty of a breach of the privi-

leges accorded to reporters by the House, and

directing the Judiciary Committee to inquire

into the facts. The preamble and resolution

were adopted by a vote of 102 against 8. The

Senate bill increasing the army medical corps

was passed. No other business was trans-

acted, the members of the House being in

attendance upon the High Court of impeach-

ment for the trial of Judge Humphreys.

MISCELLANEOUS NEWS.

Our correspondence from Nassau, which we

publish in another column, would seem to in-

dicate that some of our merchants engaged in

trade with that island are indirectly, if not

directly, furnishing aid and comfort to the

enemy. The schooner *Kate*, referred to by our

marine list to have been cleared by Messrs. F. F.

Montell & Bartow from this port for Nassau, on

the 14th ult., with the following cargo, viz:—

120 barrels of flour, 100 bags of corn, 50

barrels of pilot bread, 4 tierces of hams, 25

kegs of lard, 10 barrels of alum, 6 barrels

of Epsom salts, 25 boxes of cheese, 25

half chests of tea, 25 cases of sweet oil,

125 cases of mustard and pepper, 1 barrel

of camphor, 20 barrels of kerosine oil, 50

bags of pepper, 234 wool cards, 6 wheel-

barrows, 5,000 feet of lumber, 25,000

shingles, 1 case of chocolate, 120 boxes

of oil, 300 boxes of soap, 14 boxes of

cream tartar, 150 cases of soda, 3 barrels

of Rochelle salts, 25 barrels of potatoes,

30 slabs of speyer, 1 flask of quicksilver,

4 cases of paper, 5 cases of shoes, 1 case

of indigo, 13 cases of matches, 30 boxes

of tin, 50 dozen brooms, 4 packages of

drugs, 1 case of thread, 1 can of fluid, 1

can of balsom copiva—valued at \$11,223. As

this is one of our oldest and most substan-

tial houses engaged in trade with Nassau,

it is to be hoped that they will be able to

clear up any doubts that may arise out of

these proceedings affecting their loyalty.

Captain S. W. Hopkins, of schooner *Daniel*

Williams, arrived yesterday from Bermuda,

bringing us dates to the 7th inst. There was

but little of interest transpiring. The

crop of sugar would amount to about

40,000 hhds., and would be all shipped by

the last of June.

The ceremony of laying the corner stone

of the new French Protestant church took

place yesterday afternoon at five o'clock. The

erection, which promises to be a fine, cap-

acious edifice, is situated on the corner of

Twenty-second street, between Fifth and

Sixth avenues. The proceedings were very

imposing, and a large number assembled

to participate in them. The Rev. Dr. Verren

officiated on the occasion, and the religious

part of the programme was well gone

through. Previous to laying the corner stone

several articles, to serve as mementoes

for future generations, were deposited in

the box of the stone, after which the lid

was securely fixed. A brilliant address was

then delivered by the reverend Doctor, after

which the Doxology was sung and the benedi-

ction pronounced, when the large and respect-

able assembly separated.

At the meeting of the Board of Aldermen

yesterday, a message was received from the

Mayor, vetoing the resolutions and ordinan-

ces relating to the establishment of St. Joseph's

Hospital, in the Central Park, for sick and

wounded soldiers. A resolution donating

\$2,000 to the charitable fund of the Fire

Department was adopted. A resolution

appropriating \$5,000 for the celebration of

Independence Day was read and laid over.

The Board then adjourned till Monday next.

The business transacted at the meeting of

the Board of Councilmen yesterday was chief-

ly routine. The chief feature of interest was

the adoption, over the Mayor's veto, of the

resolutions

complimentary to Mr. Thurlow Weed. An

appropriation was made by \$250 to each of

the clerks, messengers, &c., of the last Com-

mon Council, for extra services. The Board

adjourned to Monday.

A meeting of manufacturers, dealers in im-

ported marble was held at the marble depot

near the foot of Grand street yesterday, to

express their views in opposition to the extra-

ordinary increase of the duties imposed upon

manufactured marble in the new tariff, which,

if adopted, they say, will go far to destroy

the trade, and to defeat the object of revenue

from its importation. The meeting adopted

suitable resolutions, to be found in our

advertising columns, setting forth the

facts involved, and expressive of its views on

the subject, with a hope that Congress will

reduce the rates imposed in the present bill

as it passed the House.

The Police Department yesterday issued a

general order to arrest all persons violating

the Excise law, as we stated in our Sunday

edition. The Board of Excise held its

third session yesterday, and up to that time