

EXCITING NEWS.

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.)

He boarded the boat in his own, demanding and obtaining from the Austrian government the release of Costa as an American citizen. On the 13th of September, 1855, he was promoted to a captain, and after an interval of inactivity was, on the 10th of March, 1856, attached to the Bureau of Ordnance as its chief. He held this position at a salary of \$2,500 a year when the rebellion broke out, when he, like many other true patriots, forsook the flag under which he had fought through which he had received many honors, to join the cause of the rebels.

Captain Ingraham married Harriet Rutledge, daughter of South Carolina, a granddaughter, on the paternal side, of Henry Laurens, the President of the first Continental Congress, and who afterward was captured by a British frigate while on his way to France as American Commissioner, and continued for a long time in the Tower of London. On the maternal side she is the granddaughter of Edward Rutledge, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence. His eldest son, Henry Laurens Ingraham, was a lieutenant of the firing corps when the rebellion broke out.

It is a curious circumstance, that by intermarriage with an American family the Ingraham blood flows in the veins of some of the most distinguished officers of the British Navy. Among these was the late Captain Murray, C. B., (the author), and Sir Edward Belcher, C. C. B., who commanded the exploring expedition round the world, and who in 1853 commanded the Arctic expedition, sent out by the British Admiralty, in search of Sir John Franklin. The grandmother of both these officers was an Ingraham, the near relative of Commodore Ingraham.

As a name, it may be as well to state that he was in the United States service nearly fifty years, fourteen of which were spent at sea, nine on shore and other duty, and the remainder unemployed, although receiving pay. More than half his time he accepted the pay of the United States for doing nothing else than seeking the best means to ruin and betray her. Of such is the chivalry and gentleness of South Carolina compared.

Sketch of Captain Rutledge. The rebel Captain John Rutledge was formerly an officer of the United States Navy. He is a native and citizen of South Carolina, from which State he was appointed to the navy on the 9th of April, 1835. On the 21st of June, 1841, he was warranted as a post midshipman, and on the 7th of January, 1849, was promoted to a lieutenant, which rank he held when the rebellion broke out. Up to that time he had been nearly twenty-six years in the United States service, eighteen years of which had been spent at sea, three on shore and other duty, and the remainder unemployed. He had had a fair amount of service under the Stars and Stripes, and had seen first upon that flag which had protected him and which he has so disgraced.

THE IRON-GLAD COMBAT.

ANOTHER FIGHT AT THE OGEECHEE.

The rebels report another report of the Montauk after a furious bombardment.

THE REBEL COMMANDER KILLED.

The Richmond Dispatch of the 2d instant contains the following telegram reporting the renewal of the bombardment of Fort McAllister at the Ogeechee by the Montauk.

Another unsuccessful bombardment of Fort McAllister.

The abolition fleet, consisting of one iron-clad turret, four gunboats and one mortar boat, again attacked Fort McAllister at Georgia Point this morning.

The firing continued until half past two o'clock this afternoon, when the enemy retired, whipped again. The bombardment was more furious than the last.

The only person killed on our side was Major John B. Galle, commander of the fort, a shell striking him in the head.

The Capture of the Gunboat John P. Smith.

Additional particulars of the affair—capture of two officers of the Flambau by the Rebels, etc.

Several days ago Gen. Ripley dispatched a force of artillery, commanded by Lieut. Col. Yates, to James Island, with the design of attacking the Yankee gunboats cruising in Stono river. About eight miles from the city Lieut. Col. Yates posted his guns, twenty-one in number, in a semi-circle, stretching on both sides of the river, around the gunboat John P. Smith, and at four o'clock yesterday afternoon opened a concentrated fire upon her. She replied with broadsides. The engagement lasted one hour, when the gunboat hauled down her flag, surrendering unconditionally, with one hundred and eighty prisoners. She carries seven guns. Our loss only one man wounded.

The John P. Smith had eight killed and fifteen wounded. Her chief engineer, Turner, was killed, and several others were wounded. The John P. Smith is now safely anchored under the guns of Fort Pemberton. She has one Parrott gun, ten eight inch guns, and one thirty-four pounder. She will soon be ready for sea.

Ninety-four prisoners, including three negroes, from the John P. Smith, arrived here this morning.

A Yankee gunboat came to the mouth of the Stone river this afternoon and fired five shots, but soon retired. She did no damage, and no one was hurt on our side.

Two prisoners—Lieutenant Sheldon and Engineer Pringle—captured while on a gunning expedition on Bull's Island, were brought in to-day. They belong to the steamer Flambau, blockading the port of Georgetown.

Arrival of the United States Bark Restless.

The United States bark Restless, Wm. R. Brown, Acting Master, commanding, from Fort Royal, arrived at this port yesterday morning.

The Restless brings nine passengers from Fort Royal to be on board the rebel steamer Histress, burned off Charleston.

The following is a list of the officers of the Restless—Acting Master Commanding—Wm. R. Brown. Acting Master and Executive Officer—Marquez Diaz. Acting Assistant Paymaster—Walter H. Cushman. Acting Engineer—Henry Cason, J. J. Russell and Chas. N. Hicks.

Acting Master—John W. Mackie, W. B. Brown.

The Restless fell in, on the 31st ult., with six of General Foster's expedition, off Cape Fear. The expedition consisted of six steamers, heavily laden with troops, namely, the Calvernia, City of Baltimore, New England, Curlew, United States and two others whose names were not ascertained, all of which were bound to Fort Royal.

During the fight at Ogeechee, on the 25th ult., the Montauk was struck by fourteen round shot, but sustained no damage. During the engagement three of the rebel guns at Genesis Point were disabled.

When the Restless sailed there was heavy firing heard in the direction of Fort Palaski. The Restless brings nine prisoners from the steamer Histress, which was burnt at Charleston on the night of the 17th ult.

Inspection of Our Harbor Defences.

Major General Wood and staff, accompanied by Colonel F. A. Howe, Generalis Storms and Ulman, and several private gentlemen, got on board the revenue cutter Wyandott at six o'clock yesterday morning and proceeded on a tour of inspection. The distinguished party first called at Fort Mifflin, where they reviewed the troops to be assembled. The cutter was then headed for Sandy Hook, where they arrived at five o'clock. The party immediately, care having been taken to allow none of the well placed with their trip. It is about six o'clock, the fortification at Sandy Hook presents a sufficiently formidable appearance, and the water is so calm that the agitated state of the water is not to be seen. Wood from extending his inspection further, but he will, it is understood, resume it in a day or two.

Court Calendar—This Day.

Supreme Court—Circuit—11th—Nos. 1051, 1077, 1171, 1172, 1173, 1185, 1207, 1249, 1407, 1478, 1480, 1573, 1611, 1187, 909, 225, 226, 227, 228, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238, 239, 240, 241, 242, 243, 244, 245, 246, 247, 248, 249, 250, 251, 252, 253, 254, 255, 256, 257, 258, 259, 260, 261, 262, 263, 264, 265, 266, 267, 268, 269, 270, 271, 272, 273, 274, 275, 276, 277, 278, 279, 280, 281, 282, 283, 284, 285, 286, 287, 288, 289, 290, 291, 292, 293, 294, 295, 296, 297, 298, 299, 300, 301, 302, 303, 304, 305, 306, 307, 308, 309, 310, 311, 312, 313, 314, 315, 316, 317, 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 325, 326, 327, 328, 329, 330, 331, 332, 333, 334, 335, 336, 337, 338, 339, 340, 341, 342, 343, 344, 345, 346, 347, 348, 349, 350, 351, 352, 353, 354, 355, 356, 357, 358, 359, 360, 361, 362, 363, 364, 365, 366, 367, 368, 369, 370, 371, 372, 373, 374, 375, 376, 377, 378, 379, 380, 381, 382, 383, 384, 385, 386, 387, 388, 389, 390, 391, 392, 393, 394, 395, 396, 397, 398, 399, 400, 401, 402, 403, 404, 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000.

IMPORTANT FROM ALBANY.

Election of the Hon. E. D. Morgan United States Senator on the First Ballot.

The issue in the Senatorial Controversy.

The Great Conservative Triumph in the Election of Edwin D. Morgan.

The Real Principle Involved, and What His Election Signifies.

The First Public Step in the Organization of a Monarchist Conservative Party.

How the Election of Morgan is to Bring This About.

ALBANY, Feb. 3, 1863.

The great question of this session—the most important that will be brought before it—has finally been settled and decided in a way that is satisfactory to all true lovers of the country. The intense excitement and nervous commotion that have characterized the crowds that have gathered here for several days, and the signs of the United States Senatorial contest, culminated last night upon the nomination of Edwin D. Morgan for United States Senator. The contest was different from any that ever preceded it in Albany. The long and bitter contest for Speaker—extending to within a week of the time for electing a United States Senator—prevented any caucus or interchange of views on the part of the members. None of them dared speak their minds or intimate their preference for Senator, fearing that it might complicate and embitter the contest for Speaker. The result shows that we have had only about five days to consider the Senatorial question. Two years ago, when Harris was elected, there was a steady canvass for four weeks. By that time every man was dotted down in his true position, unless it were a few who were waiting for a bid. The contest this year has been short, spicy and decisive, and the result will prove the most important event in the politics of the Northern States that has transpired since the South Carolina, in their mad frenzy for secession, commenced firing upon that little band of faithful soldiers in Fort Sumner.

Public interest was, from the start, centered in the republican party. That side having a majority on joint ballot, all eyes were turned upon them. The conflicting elements in that organization, the strong conservative feelings of a portion of the party, the extreme radical and destructive sentiments on the part of another portion, rendered it altogether improbable that an agreement could be effected. As this critical moment Wood's favorably appeared in the Evening Post. The radical received credit for his position, but the immediate developments showed that the democrats were ready to nominate Wood for Senator to defeat a radical. This feeling created an alarm in the republican ranks, and they were ready to accept of a compromise. The result shows that we have had only about five days to consider the Senatorial question. Two years ago, when Harris was elected, there was a steady canvass for four weeks. By that time every man was dotted down in his true position, unless it were a few who were waiting for a bid. The contest this year has been short, spicy and decisive, and the result will prove the most important event in the politics of the Northern States that has transpired since the South Carolina, in their mad frenzy for secession, commenced firing upon that little band of faithful soldiers in Fort Sumner.

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