a most estimable man. I heard an officer of high position assert to-day that among the long list of major generals or in the crowded ranks of the brigadiers there could not be found a man more thoroughly schooled in military science than Captain Cross. The scene as his men gathered around him after he fell was very affecting. Each one, as he passed by, stooped and kissed the cold pale forehead of his loved commander, and there were very few among those veterans whose cheeks were unstained with tears.

THE ENEMY IN FORCE.

A visit to the front discloses the enemy in unusually strong force in his old position. If we attempt to advance the rebels will oppose us; it is thought, with more men than have before met us in this vicinity. To the right of us, and to the left of us, and in front of us, they are constantly busy, and large columns seem to be moving up and taking a position to await the further operations of our own forces.

HOOKER AND THE SIXTH CORPS.

Gen. Hooker was here last evening and visited the picket line. What his plans are or may be none of us know; but we are nevertheless confident that whatever he gives the Sixth corps to do it will perform creditably and well. The troops comprising this corps have accomplished some of the hardest fighting of the war, and it is doubtless because of his confidence in them that Gen. Hooker has selected them for the task now on hand.

LADIES AND BEAUX AMONG THE SOLDIERS.

Our troops, though lying beside their arms in line of battle, while their comrades are skirmishing with the enemy just in front, are patronizing the newsboys, and reading their letters, and parting with their greenbacks over the diverting game of bluff, as unconcernedly as if at home in camp. Conspicuous among the soldiers are two ladies, mounted. One of them—the wife of Colonel Morrison, of the Twenty-sixth New Jersey—is not only very prepossessing, but very ubiquitous, appearing now on this side of the river and now on the other; at one time surveying the cannonading from the friendly heights, and again galloping at full tilt over the fields. She rides very gracefully, and is attended faithfully by her husband. The second female is evidently yet a novice in the art of equestrianism. Her steed is led at a very amiable pace by a mounted lieutenant; but she shows a womanly curiosity to see the war and a woman's pluck in accomplishing her object.

PICKET FIRING—NARROW ESCAPE OF COLONEL TITUS.

The picket firing yesterday was almost continuous. To-day, however, the rebels seem to have slackened their animosity somewhat, and have allowed our pickets to rest nearly unmolested. Only when mounted officers ride out to reconnoitre do they manifest their sharpshooting proclivities. This afternoon Colonel Titus, of the One Hundred and Twenty-second New York, had a narrow escape while at the front. An entire volley of English lead was fired at him, but though they came uncomfortably near him, he was not hit.

HOWE'S DIVISION RELIEVED BY WRIGHT'S.

General Howe's division, which protected the laying of the bridges and was the first to cross, was relieved to-night by General Wright's command. Howe's men have been doing arduous duty since Friday in skirmishing and picketing, and require rest.

RETURN OF GENERAL NEWTON.

Major General Newton arrived from his home this afternoon and assumed command of the Third division, which has been for several days under the charge of Brigadier General Wheaton.

OUR CASUALTIES ON THE SIXTH INSTANT.

The following are the losses in the Sixth Vermont, received in skirmishing yesterday:—

John Hines, Co. E, killed.
Albert Jolls, Co. E, killed.
David Jessmore, Co. I, killed.
Nathan Potter, Co. K, killed.
Lieut. J. G. Ralstrick, Co. C, wounded, right shoulder.
Sergeant Joseph E. Averill, Co. K, arm.
Corporal Richard O'Neal, Co. K, arm amputated.
Truman Lewis, Co. C, thigh.
John King, Co. C, arm.
Henry C. Anthony, Co. C, leg.
Dana Cook, Co. D, shoulder dislocated.
J. H. Wood, Co. D, arm.
Wm. Meacher, Co. G., shoulder.
Sergeant Thomas Murphy, Co. H, face.
Levi Raymond, Co. H, arm.
John Russell, Co. I, hand.
Leander Picquett, Co. I, arm.

The Turf.

FASHION PLEASURE GROUNDS—TROTTING.

TUESDAY, June 9.—Trotting match, $2,000, play or pay, mile heats, best three in five, to go as they please.

H. Woodruff named br. s. Robert Fillingham, in harness	1	1	1
W. Dobb named g. g. Rockingham, under the saddle	2	2	2

Time—2:24½—2:27½—2:32½.

First Heat.—One hundred to fifty on Fillingham. The stallion won the inside. With a good send off the horses went around the upper turn as if yoked together. At the quarter pole Rockingham was a neck ahead, in thirty-six seconds. They went lapped into the backstretch, but, nearing the half mile pole, the gray drew away from the stallion about a length. The post was passed in 1:12. From there to the new stand Rockingham fell off, and the stallion went to the front for a short time; but in going around the lower turn the gray again made a dash and took the lead, passing the three-quarter pole a length ahead of the stallion. This advantage he maintained into the home stretch. Then he began to show signs of wanting to break, the pain from the damaged cord of his near fore leg unmistakably telling seriously on his temper, and before he reached the drawgate he broke up very badly. The struggle for the heat was then over. Fillingham was taken in hand and brought to the stand at a reduced rate of speed, three or four lengths ahead of the gray, making the heat in 2:24½.

Second Heat.—No betting. A very even start was had, and the horses went around the upper turn and to the quarter head and head in thirty-seven and a half seconds. They went into the backstretch locked together, down which to the half mile pole a more beautiful race could not be imagined. Time 1:15. They continued together until passing the new stand, where the stallion was a neck and shoulders in front. At the three-quarter pole they were again parallel. Excitement and speculation now ran high as to how long Rockingham could keep on his feet, as it was plain that if he could last to the judges' stand his chances for the heat would be as good as those of the stallion. The question was soon settled, however, for before he got to the distance box he broke to pieces, and the stallion beat him out four or five lengths. Time 2:27¼.

Third Heat.—The owner of Rockingham now told the rider to trail for this heat until he reached the home stretch, and then with a burst try and land first at the stand. The experiment was tried and came very near being successful, as will be shown. The horses went off rather slowly, the stallion leading to the quarter pole a length in forty-one seconds. At the half mile pole—in 1:19¼—their relative positions were unchanged. In front of the new stand the race began in earnest. The gray then made a skip, then had a couple of jumps, then resumed his trot, and made after Fillingham at a tremendous rate, shutting up the daylight at every stride. He lapped the stallion as he swung into the homestretch, and after as game and gallant a struggle as was ever seen, the rider and driver using every means they were possessed of, the horses reached the score so closely together that the stallion won only by half a neck. Time 2:32½—the last half mile of the heat having been trotted six seconds faster than the first.

To-day the third $5,000 race between George M. Patchen and General Butler will come off over the above courses. This trot will be to wagons. The story about Patchen being out of condition is all humbug. The horse had a slight touch of the cholic on Monday; but his owner assured us yesterday that he is now entirely well and fit to trot for a man's life.

City Intelligence.

A SOLDIER'S MONUMENT IN LANDMANN'S HAMILTON PARK.—Monday, having been the anniversary of the battle of Cross Keys, was commemorated in a very appropriate manner by our German citizens by setting up a large monument in Landmann's Hamilton Park, in honor of the noble soldiers of Blenker's old brigade who fell in that engagement. The Twenty-ninth New York Volunteers, together with large delegations from many of the German civic societies, took part in the ceremonies, previous to which they marched in grand procession through many of the principal streets of the city, arriving at Hamilton Park about mid day. Here the monument had already been erected. It consisted of a brown stone column, twenty-eight feet high, on a base of ten feet square, containing four tablets, with suitable inscriptions; the names of the German regiments and other ornamentations; on the two prominent tablets are the following words:—

Honor the Brave.
8th June, 1862.
"Cross Keys."

The proceedings consisted of an oration by Dr. J. A. Foersch, who spoke in the most eloquent language respecting the valor of the dead heroes whose memory they had assembled to honor. Among those present were General Blenker, Prince Salm Salm, Colonel Brickel and Lieutenant Colonel Schlembach.

THE NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY have increased the accommodations of their city line by running the cars to and from Thirty second street instead of stopping at Twenty-seventh street as heretofore. We hope now that this improvement is being made the Superintendent will direct the conductors to keep the feet of the sleeping passengers off the seats, and not to start the cars till ladies and some passengers are safe on terra firma.

THE ODD FELLOWS' HALL ASSOCIATION.—The annual meeting of the Odd Fellows' Hall Association was held on Monday afternoon, when the following Board of Managers were chosen:—John A. Kennedy, Wilson G. Small, Samuel Booth, Thaddeus Davis, R. M. Demill, James Stephens, John G. Clayton, John J. Davis, R. G. Millard, Theodore Froment, H. F. Aubrey and George Smith.

ANNIVERSARY OF THE UNION HOME SCHOOL.—The second anniversary of the Union Home School for the education and maintenance of the children of our volunteer soldiers will take place this evening at the Academy of Music, when quite an interesting series of exercises will be gone through, including the Zouave drill by the boys. For particulars see advertisement.

ADDITIONAL STENOGRAPHER FOR THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS.—Mr. Joseph L. Blundell, a well known New York reporter, has been appointed one of the official stenographers to the Court of Common Pleas, under the recent amendment to section 256 of the Code of Procedure.

COLLISION ON THE EAST RIVER.—A collision took place on the East river yesterday morning between the ferry boat Minnesota and the sloop Flora. The Minnesota was badly damaged. Lieut. Schwartzfeter, of the Third New York Volunteers, was seriously injured.

Arrival Home of the Massachusetts Forty-fourth Regiment.

BOSTON, June 9, 1863.

The steamer George Peabody, with a part of the Forty-fourth regiment, arrived this evening and anchored below Fort Independence.

The steamer Guide, with the remainder of the regiment, will be up during the night. The public reception will take place to-morrow.

EUROPE.

THE AFRICA AT HALIFAX.

FOUR DAYS LATER NEWS.

INTERVENTION RUMORS.

Mason and Slidell Operating in Paris.

Some of the British Cabinet "Stubborn."

Mr. Roebuck to Move for Recognition in Parliament.

English Opinion of the War on the Mississippi.

A Liverpool Tribute to "Stonewall" Jackson.

Admiral Wilkes and the Danish Government.

England Breaks Off Relations with Brazil,

&c., &c., &c.

HALIFAX, June 9, 1863.

The steamship Africa, Capt. Stone, from Liverpool at eight o'clock on the morning of the 30th, via Queenstown on the 31st of May, arrived at Halifax at three o'clock this afternoon. She has forty-one passengers for Halifax and sixty-eight for Boston.

The dates by the Africa are four days later than those already received.

A Cabinet Council was held in London May 29.

No further deaths arising out of the Sheatham (Eng.) Railway accident have taken place. No official reports of the affair have yet been published. Mrs. Childers, who was killed, was a niece of Sir J. Clarke's.

The English House of Commons re-assembled after Whitsun holidays on the 28th. The proceedings were unimportant. After a considerable debate touching the mail contract between England and France, a division took place, in which the ministerial side of the question was sustained by a vote of 205 against 191.

Lord Palmerston was not present. His absence was attributed to an attack of gout. A long debate took place on Turkish affairs.

The correspondence between the Brazilian Minister at London and Earl Russell terminated in the rupture of official relations. The Brazilian Minister demanded and received his passports.

The English Board of Trade returns state the exports in the month of April amounted to £11,897,000, or £2,000,000 more than in April last year. For the first six months of the present year the exports were £89,450,000, or nearly three-quarters of a million more than for the same period in 1862.

The West India mail by the steamer Tasmania had reached England with nearly two and a half million dollars in specie.

The steamship City of Washington, from New York, arrived at Queenstown at three o'clock on the morning of May 29.

The steamship Teutonia, from New York, arrived at Southampton May 30.

The steamship Australasian, from New York, arrived at Liverpool about one o'clock in the afternoon of May 30.

THE AMERICAN QUESTION.

Mr. Mason's Visit to Paris—Speculation Respecting an Approaching European Intervention—English Conjecture as to New Civil Wars—News of the Capture of Vicksburg—Its Effect—Mr. Roebuck on Mediation—Reports From the Alabama—The Memory of "Stonewall" Jackson, &c.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Herald*, writing on May 29, says that Mr. Mason's presence in Paris has *strengthened the report of the approaching recognition of the Southern confederacy.* The great stumbling block continues to be the stubbornness of a portion of the British Cabinet. *The general impression is that France will take the lead in the recognition of the South, and the rest of Europe will not be slow to follow.*

The Paris correspondence of the London *Morning Post* also reports that fresh efforts are being made by Messrs. Mason and Slidell to obtain from the European governments the recognition of the Southern confederacy.

The London *Army and Navy Gazette* looks during the early part of June for a most remarkable series of operations in various parts of America, on which will depend the summer campaign. It says:—

Let no man believe that we are near the end of the war, so far as the North is concerned. There are signs, however, that a civil conflict may at any time break out within the borders of either or both belligerents.

The Liverpool *Post* gives prominence to the following on the receipt of the Australasian's news:—

Vicksburg has fallen. The Mississippi is open from its mouth to its source. The federal cause has triumphed. There can now be no doubt that General Grant has seized the key of peace that is hung up in the fortress at Vicksburg. *Now is the time for mediation, instead of indulging in the idea of supporting or on even hopes of the war continuing, every one who wishes well to England and to the world at large should promptly unite in an appeal to Lord Palmerston, requesting him not to lose a moment in proposing terms not injurious to the South, yet acceptable to the North. This important news having only arrived when we were going to press, we have only time to express the hope and prayer that at last we are on the eve of peace between the North and south.*

The London *Globe*, of May 31, remarks that the federal commanders in the valley of the Lower Mississippi seem at length to have found the right road to Vicksburg, and from their general operations at some other points, they seem to be intent on solidly *securing what, when the war ends, may be called lines of frontier.* The character of the military operations leads to the supposition that the recognition of Southern independence is not excluded from the meditations of the statesmen at Washington, and that they are preparing *for the inevitable day.*

On the 29th of May Mr. Roebuck gave notice that on an early day he should move that an address be presented to the Crown, praying that her Majesty would cause negotiations to be entered into with European Powers, with a view to the recognition of the Confederate States.

Lord R. Montagne gave notice that he would move an amendment to this.

A public meeting was to be held in Liverpool on the 3d of June to pay a tribute to the memory of Stonewall Jackson.

The ships Dorcas Prince and Union Jack, from New York for Shanghae, the Sea Turk, from Boston for San Francisco, and the Nye (a whaler) had been captured by the Alabama.

The London *Times* remarks that the North has expended three armies in trying four generals, and the last two have most signally failed. Against these contingent commanders, for the selection of whom the field is almost without limit, the South must stake the lives of generals whose abilities cannot be questioned, and whose numbers such casualties as that by which Jackson has fallen may too soon diminish; and it is in the gradual loss of men, eminent by their qualities and skill, that the South may prove most vulnerable.

The London *Times'* city article says:—Thus far there is not the slightest symptom of willingness to close the war in America, and those on this side who are calculating on the probable effects of a conscription and financial collapse may perhaps find that these agencies, so far from bringing about a settlement, will simply lead to an increase of anarchy, and, further, a dismemberment of the country, which will bring it to a condition in which the existence of any central authority capable of making a treaty of peace, or of enforcing it when made, will be even more doubtful than at present. As to its being the true policy of England to recognize the independence of the South, *we cannot recognize that which does not exist. The South is not yet independent*, though apparently she is rapidly achieving independence. Hopeless as the prospects of the North may be, we have no right to place in the way any *fictitious cause of discouragement.* If friendly remonstrances or personal sacrifice could be of avail it would be incumbent upon us to use every effort; but we know each step of that kind on our part would but increase the mischief. *France, Spain or Russia might command our good will in the attempt*, but just to the extent that we might join it, should we lessen the prospects of its success.

ADMIRAL WILKES IN THE DANISH WEST INDIES.

English advices from St. Thomas to the 4th of May state that seven federal vessels of war were then lying in that harbor, composing the squadron of Wilkes, who evidently intended making St. Thomas the centre of operations in the West Indies, regardless of the fact that St. Thomas is in possession of a Danish crown. The Wachusett was to all intents and purposes the guard ship, and remained at St. Thomas during the crushing of other vessels, always having steam up in readiness to overhaul any vessel leaving the harbor, and otherwise to annoy the shipping leaving port. The ship-of-war Gemsbok had been dismantled and made a stationary coal hulk. Four vessels with coal were there from the States supplying the fleet, and other stores for the federal squadron were to follow. Much discontent prevailed on the subject. The colonial government were much embarrassed by the extraordinary acts of Wilkes, and it was expected the Danish government would immediately remonstrate with the federal government against the aggression of their officer.

The Polish Question.

On the 25th of May the insurgents, under Orinekki, gained an important victory over the Russians, near Kosciapal, in the government of Kalitsch Oxnizki. They were attacked by six companies of Russians troops, 150 of whom were killed and the remainder put to flight. The insurgent's cavalry occupied Modogigow, at Dombrowa, and seized the treasuries. An engagement also took place on the 22d between Turck and Nutegow. The Russians were defeated.

A general levy is being organized in Polica. In several districts the peasants declared themselves willing to fight against the insurgents.

Insurgent bands in Volhynia had been dispersed. Czarckowski's corps had been defeated by the Russians.

France.

Mr. Mason had reached Paris, and reported on his mission to the French government.

Signs of political life were increasing in France. Determined efforts were making to elect Thiers, as a lesson for the government.

The Bourse was steady. Rentes, 69f. 45.

Prussia.

The London *Times* fears it is the intention of those who raised a conflict in Prussia to fling the sword in the balance, and trample on those liberties which they have been so long seeking to degrade.

Russia.

The submarine cable between the Crimea and Turkey has been cut, by order of the Russian government. The Ottoman Cabinet sent a protest to St. Petersburg against the act.

An imperial decree orders the bank to effect another successive diminution in the price of gold, so that gold may be at par at the close of the year.

South America.

Buenos Ayres dates to the 29th of April have been received.

The suppression of the trouble in the interior was satisfactorily progressing. The invasion attempted by Flores had entirely failed.

Dry American hides, 36s. a 37s. Wool firmer and an advance demanded.

India.

Bombay telegrams to May 13 have been received. The market was dull. Cotton lower. Freights declined to 65s. for cotton to Liverpool. Exchange, 2s. 1 1/16d.

The Indian budget which has been published shows that the surplus duty on iron will be reduced to one per cent. Other duties will also be diminished.

CALCUTTA, May 11, 1863.

Cotton goods dull. The indigo crop is promising. Exchange, 2s. 3/8d. Freights to London, 9s.

Commercial Intelligence.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, May 30, 1863.

The London money market was active. Terms in the open market were quite up to the bank minimum. Funds steady.

AMERICAN SECURITIES.—State stocks steady. Railroad securities active and still advancing.

Consols closed Friday at 93½ a 93¾ for money. The bullion in the Bank of England had decreased £29,500.

LONDON, May 31, 1863.

Yesterday consols, after official hours, were quoted at 92½, and were in demand.

The Confederate loan yesterday closed at 2½ a 1½ discount.

PARIS BOURSE.

On the Paris Bourse, May 30, the rentes were at 69f. 35c.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, May 30, 1863.

The Brokers' Circular reports the sales of the week at 54,000 bales. The market opened buoyant, and all qualities advanced to a trifling extent; but the advance was not fully sustained, prices closing at an advance of ⅛d. a ¼d. on the week for American and Surats. The sales to speculators were 10,000, and to exporters 13,500 bales. The sales on Friday were 5,000 bales, including 2,000 to speculators and exporters, the market closing quiet and unchanged. The authorized quotations are:—

	Fair.	Middling.
New Orleans	25½	23
Mobile	25½	22½
Uplands	24½	22

The stock in port is estimated at 815,500 bales, of which 40,000 are American.

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.

HAVRE, May 29, 1863.

COTTON.—Sales of the week 8,500 bales. Market quiet and unchanged, but firm. New Orleans tres ordinaire, 310f.; do. bas, 290f. Stock, 85,000 bales.

STATE OF TRADE AT MANCHESTER.

The Manchester markets are closed, owing to the holidays.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.

Breadstuffs are dull but steady. Richardson, Spence & Co., Bigland, Athya & Co., and Wakefield, Nash & Co. report:—Flour dull, but steady. Wheat inactive, and quotations barely maintained: red Western, 9s. a 9s. 6d.; red Southern, 9s. 6d. a 9s. 9d.; white Western, 10s. a 10s. 3d.; white Southern, 10s. 3d. a 11s. Corn quiet and unchanged; mixed, 29s. 9d.; white, 30s. a 31s.

PROVISION MARKET.

The same authorities report:—Beef steady. Pork easier. Bacon heavy, and 6d. lower. Lard dull, and declined 6d. Tallow firmer, but quiet.

PRODUCE MARKET.

The Brokers' Circular reports:—Stock of ashes scarce; sales at 32s. 6d. a 33s. for both pots and pearls. Rosin steady at 27s. a 28s. Spirits turpentine quiet and unchanged; sales at 160s. Petroleum dull and unchanged; quoted at 1s. 11d. for refined and 16s. for crude. Sugar quiet but steady. Cod oil—Sales small at £50 10s. Linseed oil—Stock scarce; sales at 40s. 6d. a 47s.

LONDON MARKETS.

LONDON, May 30, 1863.

Barlings' circular reports.—Breadstuffs steady. Iron quiet but steady. Sugar quiet but steady. Coffee declined 1s. Tea quiet and unchanged. Rice steady. Tallow inactive at 43s. Spirits turpentine quiet at 97s. Petroleum firm at 15s. for crude, and 1s. 9d. for refined. Sperm oil firm at £85. Linseed oil steady at 45s. 3d. a 45s. 6d.

THE LATEST MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, May 30, 1863.

COTTON.—Sales to-day 3,000 bales, including 1,500 to speculators and exporters. Market quiet and prices unchanged, but the tendency is rather downward.

BREADSTUFFS quiet but steady.

PROVISIONS flat.

THE PRODUCE market is steady.

Military Affairs.

DINNER TO THE TWENTIETH REGIMENT NEW YORK STATE VOLUNTEERS.

The city authorities last evening entertained the Twentieth regiment New York State Volunteers (Turner Rifles), by an excellent banquet at Turner Hall, in Orchard street. The Twentieth regiment returned from the seat of war some three weeks since, and were, on that occasion, received with the utmost enthusiasm at the hands of the New York public. At the time the Committee on National Affairs of the Common Council had not properly made their arrangement in order to give those regiments that formal reception which their gallant deeds in the field entitled them to, and hence the postponement of the banquet in their honor, which would otherwise have occurred had everything been in proper working order.

At eight o'clock the large room of Turner Hall was filled with members of the regiment, together with a large number of invited guests. Among those present were Col. Von Vegesack, of the Twentieth; Major Christensen, Aldermen Mitchell, Jeremiah, Reid and Ryers; Councilmen Webster, Keenan and Metzpell and several others. The hall was appropriately decorated with national flags and emblems. Prominent among them were the German colors, while the Stars and Stripes, together with other national ensigns, waved in social accord. An excellent band enlivened the festivities of the occasion, and several musical volunteers offered the quota of songs for the entertainment of the guests. After the interests of the inner man had been properly attended to, Colonel Von Vegesack, of the Twentieth, made some few remarks to the soldiers, and concluded by toasting the health of the city authorities of New York.

Alderman Jeremiah responded to the toast in a short but eloquent speech, which was received with great enthusiasm by those present.

After spending the time in the most agreeable manner, the proceedings terminated at a late hour.

New Military Districts.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., June 9, 1863.

The Indian Territory, the State of Kansas, south of the Thirty-eighth parallel, the western tier of counties in Missouri, south of the same parallel, and the western tier of counties of Arkansas, will constitute the District of the Frontier, under command of Major General Blunt, headquarters at Fort Scott or in the field.

The state of Kansas north of the thirteth parallel and the two western lines of counties of Missouri north of the same parallel and south of the Missouri River, will constitute the district of the Border, under command of Brigadier General Thomas E. Wing, Jr., headquarters at Kansas City.

Brigadier General Brown will relieve Brigadier General Lane, in command of the Central District of Missouri.

Lieutenant Colonel J. D. Broshead, of the Third Cavalry Missouri State Militia, is appointed Provost Marshal General of the District of the Department of Missouri.

By command of Major General S. HOFFELD.

THE BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

Termination of the Tournament—Dudley Kavanagh the Victor and the Billiard Champion of America—Exciting Contest of the Winner with Foley, of Cleveland—Fox, of Rochester, Wins the Second Money, &c.

Last night Irving Hall was crowded with a large and fashionable assemblage, to witness the grand closing matches of the billiard tournament, between Dudley Kavanagh, of this city, and Foley, of Cleveland, and between Fox, of Rochester, and Goldthwait, of New York. Upwards of a thousand people were present, including many elegantly dressed ladies, who viewed the proceedings with the deepest interest.

The tournament was commenced on Monday, the 1st inst., consequently it had lasted eight days, there having been afternoon and evening exhibitions for five days. On the first day Kavanagh played with and beat Tieman, of Cincinnati, by 432 points in the established game of 500 up. The winner's highest runs were 124, 88 and 203, and his average 83. The second game was between Foley of Cleveland, and Seereiter of Detroit, the former winning by 110 points. His highest run was 71; the loser's, 77. Foley's average was 13. On the second day Goldthwait beat Deery by 104 points. The highest run of the former was 65; of the latter, 43. Fox beat Estephe by 116 points; his highest runs were 98 and 105, and his average 16. Kavanagh, the same evening, "came, saw and conquered" Seereiter (the old opponent of Mr. Phelan in the greatest billiard match, as far as the amount of the stakes were concerned, ever played in any country), beating him 160 points. His highest run was 101 and average over 12; Seereiter's greatest score was 78. The same day Tieman, of Cincinnati, beat Foley by 274 points, making one run in the game of 134; his average was 33, exactly the same as Kavanagh's in the first game, and which was never equalled in the tournament. On the third day Fox beat Deery by 110 points, and Seereiter beat Goldthwait 58 points; the former's highest run was 141 and average 14; Seereiter's was 52 and average 13. In the afternoon of the same day Kavanagh beat Estephe by 226 points, and Fox beat Foley 250, or exactly one half the game. On the fourth day Tieman beat Seereiter 179 points; Estephe beat Deery 28 points; Seereiter beat Estephe by 132, and Foley beat Goldthwait 31 points. With the exception of Seereiter, who made 114, no high runs were made in these games. On the fifth day Kavanagh beat Fox by 203, and Foley did the same by Estephe by 192 points. Goldthwait proved victorious over Tieman by 28 only (the former making a run of 104, and the latter of 131); and Deery beat Seereiter by 206 points. The sixth day (Saturday) witnessed a most extraordinary game between Deery and Tieman; the latter stood 478 to Deery's 187, when the latter, getting the balls into position, made the unequalled run of 315, and won the game without finishing his innings. Kavanagh met and captured Goldthwait by 243 points, making one splendid run of 168. Foley was beaten by Deery by two points only—the closest contest of the week; and Tieman beat Fox by 59, the former again making one of his fine runs of 126, and the latter of 123. On the seventh day (Monday) Tieman beat Estephe by 185 points, again making a run of 203; and Deery beat the crack, Kavanagh, by 99 points. Fox beat Seereiter by 173, and Goldthwait Estephe by 314.

Last night the games stood as follows:—Kavanagh had won five games and lost one (with Deery), and had to play Foley. Tieman had lost four out of seven; Seereiter the same; Deery three out of seven; Estephe six; Goldthwait and Foley three each out of six, and Fox two out of six; the last three having to play a game each to make up the required number. Foley took a decided lead in his match with Kavanagh, turning his first hundred 116 ahead; his second, 171; his third, 192, and his fourth, 44. Kavanagh now electrified the spectators with his magnificent playing, for he scored a run of 135, which carried him out, beating Foley by 92 points, and thus winning the splendid prizes and the high position of champion billiard player of America. Fox, in his match with Goldthwait for the second prize ($250), beat him easily by 255 points, to the general surprise, and took the cash. His playing throughout the tournament was universally admired from his steady, quiet, finished style of execution.

The magnificent billiard table upon which all the matches were played was manufactured and presented by Messrs. Phelan & Collender. It is exquisitely inlaid with the most valuable and beautiful foreign and variously colored woods, and is in a new style, having only four pockets, the centre pockets being omitted. So generally was this new style of table admired by the players that there is no doubt they will come into general use in matches, as they save the players from the annoyance of their balls going into the centre pockets after scoring. The prizes will be presented to the victor on Thursday evening, after the great East and West match.

Organization of Colored Troops in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, June 9, 1863.

By special authority of Adjutant General Thomas, General Prentiss has detailed Colonel Pride, of the Thirty third Missouri regiment, to superintend the organization of colored regiments in this department.

The order has been fully endorsed by General Schofield, who has directed all the officers of the department to afford all the proper facilities for the discharge of this duty.

Colonel Pride has also obtained permission from Governor Gamble to enroll and remove from the State all negroes desiring to enlist, except those belonging to loyal owners.

Movements of Major General Curtis.

ST. LOUIS, June 9, 1863.

Major General Curtis left this city last evening for his home in Iowa.

News from Utah.

SALT LAKE, June 7, 1863.

On the 5th Gen. Conner made a treaty with five hundred Snake Indians at Fort Bridger, and sent Capt. Lewis after fifty warriors who refused to abide by it.

FIRE AT GREENPOINT.—A fire broke out at Greenpoint yesterday morning in the kerosene refinery of Hoye & Brother. The building was partially consumed, together with 500 barrels of crude and 230 barrels of refined oil. The total loss is estimated at between $10,000 and $12,000. The establishment was worked on English account.

Arrivals and Departures.

ARRIVALS.

St Marc, Hayti—Brig Petrel—Wm. H Crawford, wife and five children; Alfred Smith, wife and five children; A Coff and wife, Chas Morris.

Court Calendar—This Day.

SUPREME COURT—CIRCUIT.—Part 1—Adjourned to Tuesday, June 16, 1863.

Part 2—Nos. 2517, 3066, 3120 to 3158 inclusive.

SUPERIOR COURT—Part 1—Nos. 2093, 1481, 969, 1743, 3, 1811, 2593, 2639, 2641, 2668, 2644, 2747, 2649, 2651, 2653, 2655. Part 2—Nos. 644, 1496, 1760, 1050, 2350, 2018, 1234, 2166, 486, 532, 2820, 1412, 2568, 2570, 2572.

Official Drawings of Murray, Eddy & Co.'s Kentucky and Missouri State Lotteries.
KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 319—June 9, 1863.
28, 56, 59, 47, 63, 57, 34, 3.
KENTUCKY, CLASS 320—June 9, 1863.
21, 63, 31, 12, 62, 30, 45, 49, 18, 43, 68, 59.
Circulars sent free of charge by addressing either to MURRAY, EDDY & CO., Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

Official Drawings of the Shelby College Lottery of Kentucky.
EXTRA CLASS 419—June 9, 1863.
16, 15, 57, 2, 62, 29, 65, 61, 20, 17, 44.
CLASS 420—June 9, 1863.
2, 7, 46, 1, 55, 67, 17, 61, 27, 52, 34, 31, 49.
Circulars sent by addressing JOHN A. MORRIS & CO., Wilmington, Delaware.

Prizes Cashed in all Legalized Lotteries. Information given. J. R. CLAYTON & CO., 10 Wall street, basement room No. 8.

Royal Havana Lottery.—Thirty per cent premium paid for prizes. Information furnished. Highest premium paid for doubloons, and all kinds of gold and silver. TAYLOR & CO., Bankers, 16 Wall street, New York.

Prizes Cashed in all Legalized Lotteries. Information given. LOUIS H. HAYES, Broker, No. 11 Wall street, Room No. 1.

Hats.—White's Spring Styles of Hats are very attractive. Dress Hats, Soft, Imperial and Military. A no Caps: 216 Broadway.

A Pair of Gaiters for One Dollar.—Cantrell is disposing of a large stock of Colored Gaiters, suitable for summer wear, below cost. CANTRELL, 513 Broadway.

Eight Cartes de Visite for $1. of Unequalled style and finish, at TAIT'S, corner of Courtlandt and Greenwich streets.

Eight Cartes de Visite for One Dollar, at BALOU'S new gallery, 455 Broadway, near Grand street, late Barnby and Greenwood streets.

Beardsell's Wedding and Visiting Cards, the most elegant in the city, sold only at the old store, 302 Broadway, corner Duane street.

Married.

TIERNEY—CARROLL.—On Sunday, June 7, at St. Peter's church, by the Rev. Father Quinn, THOMAS TIERNEY to Miss MARIA CARROLL, both of this city.

California papers please copy.

UNACKE—ARMSBARD.—On Tuesday, June 9, at Trinity Chapel, by the Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D., ROBERT UNACKE, Esq., of Halifax, Nova Scotia, to GEORGINA HANCITT, third daughter of Edward Mortimer Archibald, Esq., Her Britannic Majesty's Consul, New York.

Died.

ARNOLD.—On Monday, June 8, in Hoboken, ARNOLD H. ARNOLD, in the 46th year of his age.

His friends and those of his brothers, Dr. E. S. F. Arnold, of Yonkers, and Wm. S. Arnold, also the members of Arcana Lodge No. 246 F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from Trinity church, Hoboken, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

BALDWIN.—On Monday morning, June 8, CHARLES N. BALDWIN, in the 47th year of his age.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, 369 Broome street, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at two o'clock. His remains will be taken to Newark, N. J., for interment.

BROOK.—On Monday morning, June 8, at No. 73 West Twenty-second street, JAMES BROOK, aged 50 years.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his uncle, George Brodie, No. 165 West Twenty-third street, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

BROWN.—On Monday, June 8, WILLIAM, son of Charles R. and Catharine S. Brown, aged 5 years, 7 months and 15 days.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at two o'clock, from the residence of his parents, 289 North second street, Williamsburg.

CONNOLLY.—On Tuesday, June 9, of hasty consumption, ALICE MORGAN, wife of Michael Connolly, in the 50th year of her age.

The friends of the family and those of her brother in law, John Oliver, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 12 Cherry street, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

Galway (Ireland) papers please copy.

COCKS.—On Monday, June 8, WALTER PERCY, son of Albert H. and Caroline E. Cocks, aged 9 months and 13 days.

The friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from 66 East twenty seventh street, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at three o'clock.

DEVERSON.—On Monday, June 8, HELEN M. FOX, wife of William Deverson, in the 38th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral this (Wednesday) afternoon at half past two o'clock, from No. 83 East Thirty ninth street, without further invitation.

DOONAN.—On Tuesday, June 9, after a long and painful illness, EDWARD DOONAN, brother of Patrick Doonan, aged 30 years.

Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from 281 East Thirteenth street, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at two o'clock. His remains will be taken to Calvary Cemetery for interment.

DOWDALL.—On Tuesday evening, June 9, CHARLES EDWARD, infant son of P. J. and Margaret Dowdall, aged 15 months.

The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, 117 North Fifth street, Brooklyn, E. D., on Thursday afternoon, at two o'clock.

FLANNIGAN.—On Monday, June 8, THOMAS FLANNIGAN, aged 44 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 371 First Ninth street, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

MCGINNESS.—On Monday, June 8, THOMAS ROBERT MCGINNESS, only child of Thomas and Annie McGinness, aged 1 year, 2 months and 14 days.

The funeral will take place from the residence of his parents, 4 First street, this (Wednesday) afternoon, at one o'clock. The remains will be conveyed by the Hackensack road to Newark for interment.

CRAIG.—On Tuesday morning, June 9, HANNAH H., wife of Edward J. Owen and daughter of Charles J. Hill, late of Rochester, N. Y., in the 25th year of her age.

The friends of the family, without further invitation, are invited to attend the funeral, on Thursday afternoon, at two o'clock, from her late residence, 317 Lynn place.

PHILLIPS.—On Sunday morning, June 7, of South Natick, Mass., ANNIE L. PHILLIPS, wife of Edwin Phillips, Jr., late of East Boston, and daughter of Henry Greenough, of New York, aged 28 years.

POWERS.—At Powers' Hotel, on Tuesday, June 9, of consumption, of the lungs, JOHNNY POWERS, of Ludlow, Vt., aged 47 years.

New England papers please copy.

SPROW.—On Tuesday, June 9, CHARLES, infant son of Thomas H. and Eliza Sprow.

TOWNSEND.—On Tuesday, June 9, MARY E. TOWNSEND, widow of Daniel Townsend, aged 71 years.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her son, Charles E. Townsend, 255 West Forty ninth street, this (Thursday) afternoon, at one o'clock, without further invitation.

VAN ERVEN.—On Tuesday, June 9, JOHN J. VAN ERVEN, aged 20 years, 9 months and 10 days.

The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his uncle, D. M. Van Erven, Sixty-first street, below First avenue, on Thursday afternoon, at one o'clock.

WEBB.—At Flushing, June 9, WILLIAM H. WEBB, of the firm of T. Webb & Co.