INTERESTING DETAILS OF MEXICAN NEWS.

Proceedings of the Assembly of Notables---Vote of Thanks to General Forey---A Letter from General Forey on Religious Freedom and Ecclesiastical Property---Military and Religious Movements, &c.

European Phases of the Mexican Question.

England, Spain and Austria Opposed to the Imperial Scheme.

England Alarmed About Canada, Spain About the Antilles, and Austria About Independence in France.

ENDLESS COMPLICATIONS,

&c., &c., &c.

We have received journals from Vera Cruz to the 30th of July and from the city of Mexico up to the 26th, also a political manifesto published in San Luis Potosi. From a review of the latest events in Mexico we abstract the following:—

VOTES OF THE ASSEMBLY.

The vote in the Assembly of Notables on the 10th of July on the article constituting Mexico a moderated monarchy was carried by two hundred and twenty-nine votes against two—the negative votes being in favor of a constitutional monarchy. The second article, giving to the sovereign the title of Emperor, and the third article, offering the crown to the Archduke Maximilian, for himself and his descendants, were approved unanimously. The fourth article, requesting Napoleon III. to name another Catholic prince in case Maximilian should decline the offer, was carried by a vote of two hundred and eleven against nine.

The bust of the French Emperor is to be placed in the Assembly hall. A vote of thanks has been accorded to Mr. Kint, the Belgian Minister. A copy of the act of the Council of Notables is to be sent to the Pope, with a request that he shall give his blessing to it and to the prince called to reign over Mexico. The body of General Robles, who was shot by order of the Juarez government in March, 1862, is to be exhumed and brought to the capital with funeral honors. The new order of things had been communicated to the municipal authorities of the capital, Orizaba, Vera Cruz and the other principal towns, where it is said to have been hailed with public rejoicings.

In regard to the property of religious corporations, the Regency, in consideration of the inconveniences that might result from a social measures and of the fact that a matter of such grave importance should be governed by a general and definite rule, has decided that until such rule be established the whole matter shall remain in *statu quo*.

The vote of thanks decreed by the Assembly to General Forey is as follows:—

Your Excellency has arrived at the capital of the Mexican nation after a series of victories distinguished by the remarkable skill and generous valor of your Excellency. Glorious has been the campaign, and never was the sword of France better employed than now, that it shelters and protects the nationality and independence of a people weak through discord, the august privileges of religion, the rights and liberties of citizens. Mexico will hold your Excellency's name in that respect and gratitude which it deserves, and the Assembly will be honored by having its name associated with yours. Accept, then, this vote of thanks passed by the Assembly in the midst of the liveliest applause, and with it the assurance of our respect.

The Assembly also tendered votes of thanks to the French army and to the Mexican army under General Marquez. It also gave the Grand Cross of the Imperial Order of Guadalupe, instituted by Iturbide, to General Forey and the French Minister.

GENERAL FOREY ON RELIGIOUS LIBERTY, ETC.

The following letter from General Forey to one of the Mexican journals has been published:—

MEXICO, July 15, 1863.

Mr. Editor—Your journal of the 14th contains a long article, one passage of which has particularly attracted my attention. You say that reason will contribute more efficiently to put an end to the civil war and to bring back all minds to the pure and simple recognition of freedom of religion, and the legal sanction of the lawfully made sales of ecclesiastical property. The question of freedom of religion in a country so essentially Catholic as Mexico is too grave for me to say anything concerning it beyond more than is contained in my manifesto, viz.—"The Emperor would be pleased to see the government, if possible, proclaim freedom of religion the great principle of modern society." As to the legitimacy of the lawfully made sales of ecclesiastical property, I am offended by the doubt implied in your article. I refer you purely and simply to my manifesto, where it is said that—"The owners of national property acquired regularly and in conformity to law will not be troubled in any manner, and will remain in possession of their property. The fraudulent sales only will be the subject of revision." What more can be desired by those who continue the civil war on account of the national property? Persons who have acquired some of this property by cunning and fraud cannot have any pretension that the honor and government constituted by the same nation shall sanction, purely and simply, these scandalous acquisitions. I suppose that you do not yourself wish that. The French army has come to Mexico to act as a safeguard to all legitimate interests. It will fulfil its mission, and, whilst I am at its head, my manifesto will be its truth. This manifesto is intended to cut an end to the civil war, and to bring back all minds, as you desire. Receive, sir, &c.

The General of Division, Senator, Commander-in-Chief of the Expeditionary Corps of Mexico.

FOREY.

MILITARY MOVEMENTS.

Several small skirmishes are reported to have taken place in the interior, between the forces sent out from the capital and those of Juarez, in which the latter are said to have been worsted.

Expeditions were being sent from Vera Cruz to Minatitlan, Tampico and other points. The occupation of Campeche was to make the French masters of the coast.

The English brigantine Goodyear had been captured, bringing to Matamoros, on account of Juarez, ten thousand guns and munitions of war.

Juarez and those who adhered to his government were still at San Luis Potosi. His adherents are said to be daily diminishing in number.

RELIGIOUS MOVEMENTS, ETC.

Dr. Garate (Irish, Garrity,) and Dr. Ormaechea, bishops elect of Queretaro and Tulancingo, have received from Rome their respective letters of appointment. Dr. Solano, Bishop of Leon, has been consecrated by the Most Illustrious Senor Ramirez. Senor Joaquin Velasquez de Leon has been appointed Director of the College of Mining.

Telegraphic communication between Mexico and Puebla has been re-established.

The government had appointed commissioners to present to the Archduke Maximilian the act of election.

England, Spain and Austria Opposed to the Imperial Scheme—England Frightened About Canada.

(Translated for the NEW YORK HERALD from L'Opinion Nationale.)

The new phase into which the Mexican question has just entered by the election of the Archduke Maximilian is the subject of very great interest in England, Austria and Spain.

It seems to be feared on the other side of the channel, that the establishment of a monarchy in Mexico may produce, before long, very grave complications. *They appear, as a possible if not probable consequence of this event, an intimate alliance between Mexico and the Southern confederacy, which the Emperor, they say, will soon recognize, and they speak of a project of common action being the object of secret negotiations between the United States of the North and Russia.* Our neighbors go still farther. When fear sieges them they stride over infinite spaces. They see already the United States, stopped southwardly by the sword of France, seek an equivalent to the North by taking from Great Britain her two Canadas.

A correspondence from London, which we have before us, assumes even that the definitive resolution taken by the British Cabinet of standing with folded arms while the Czar is throttling Poland proceeds from a sort of inspiration or illumination which it received as soon as it learned of the imperial entrance of Marshal Forey into Mexico. *The middle class, over the whole field, are supposed to have discovered a Danaides not susceptible of leading to a general conflagration in the old and in the new world, and to have command it necessary to hold back and to take shelter in an absolute neutrality.*

As to the accession of the imperial crown of Mexico by the Archduke Maximilian, it is still doubtful. "It is a notorious fact—they write from Vienna to the *Boersen-Halle* of Hamburg—that the Archduke has great sympathies for this throne; but it is not so certain that the Emeror Francis Joseph, through personal and political reasons, favors the desire which his brother may have to play a role beyond the Atlantic ocean."

The *Presse*, of Vienna, shows itself openly hostile to this combination, declaring that it would be a fatal determination, which would place Austria in dependence on France.

An official journal, the *Austrian Gazette*, with a much greater moderation of language, gives utterance to the hesitations that are experienced at Court. [We give a translation of the article referred to.—ED HERALD.]

To perform properly our duty as a journalist we must add that the Spanish journals have received with an ill humor, more or less spiritedly expressed, the news of the proclamation of the Archduke. The *Pueblo* of 10th August, pretends to have discovered that the intention of France is to substitute its influence at Mexico for that of Spain. "*If that combination, it says, be realized, the Napoleonic propaganda would be immense in America, to the prejudice of the other European interests, and particularly of the direct interests of Spain. The day when that would happen would see our Antilles continually menaced by Southern filibusters.*

The *Epoca* is no less afflicted. It confesses so openly, while admitting that the proposition of the republican form at Mexico is, in its eyes, a progress which somewhat mitigates its regrets.

If *La France* is well informed, the Archduke Maximilian accepts the crown of Mexico, and the family council convoked at Vienna to deliberate on the subject, had only to consider questions of form and of private interest. The political questions connected with the acceptance will be examined in a special council, over which the Emperor Francis Joseph is to preside, on his return from the Congress of Frankfort.

It may, therefore, be believed that the question of the Mexican throne is resolved, and that there only remains some details of form and of private interest to be discussed. Still, according to *La France* itself, the empire has not been definitively chosen as a form of government, nor the Archduke irrevocably proclaimed Emperor, if it be true that the vote of the Assembly of Notables has to be ratified by the six thousand Mexican municipalities, which represent the constituent power, and which are distinguished, besides, by an absolute independence. Even admitting that the six thousand municipalities will be as happily composed as the Assembly of Notables, still it is necessary, if they are consulted, to await their responses. These six thousand responses may be delayed two or three months, because the future empire of Mexico has neither railroads nor electric telegraphs. The communications are so slow and difficult, that when then the Archduke Maximilian was proclaimed Emperor by the Assembly of Notables, on the 10th of July, a full half of Mexico was not aware that the French had entered the capital.

THE AUSTRIAN VIEW OF THE SUBJECT.

[From the Austrian Gazette.]

There is a time to speak and a time to be silent. There are questions which gain nothing by discussion, and which must be allowed to mature before being brought forward for decision. That is why we have not spoken of the new phase into which the Mexican question has entered.

The name of a prince closely allied to the throne is connected with it. A very powerful ruler is also interested in it. It is necessary that on neither side shall offence be given. The solution of such questions demand prudence and foresight; they are not advanced by crying out and making a fuss. As yet matters are nearly at the same point as they were two years ago. The acceptance or rejection of the crown of Mexico is, for so far, a personal affair of the Archduke Maximilian. The Austrian government, which cannot, however, remain a stranger to an Austrian question, has played no act in it up to this time, has taken no part in it. The Emperor of the French, who is in direct relations with the Archduke, has even persisted in considering the affair as a question to be negotiated between himself and the Archduke, not between the two States of France and Austria. The proceedings of the sovereign of France have been as courteous as they have been loyal in this matter.

If the question were connected with the interests of the State it would be necessary, without doubt, for the counsellors of the crown to consider the responsibility which would weigh upon them. There is no political question that does not touch the question of money, and in this way the Parliament and House of Deputies will have cognizance of the affair if the House does not itself take the initiative by interpellations.

The situation in Mexico may ultimately lead to quarrels with America, but that eventuality is still a distant one, for the Union has not yet conquered the confederacy. Still, the manner with which England will regard the matter and the obligations which would grow out of it to France would have much more significance.

But all this is outside of the question so long as the affair has no political character, but a purely personal character, which is to be negotiated and decided, not by the States, but by the princely persons interested.

We might then leave it to the prudence, the political wisdom, and the inclination of the Archduke, to see whether he will consent to the thing, and what are the guarantees to be given. The Archduke Maximilian is a man too skilled and experienced to accept the proposal made to him by the Mexican deputation before the civil war shall have ended. He is too eminent a character to make a decision before the country shall have pronounced itself really by its representatives, freely chosen. *He will not allow himself to be carried to the throne by a clique.* This question is, according to *Presse*, an internal affair of the imperial family; and it is to the chief of that family, his majesty the Emperor, that it belongs to utter the decisive word.

Without doubt there are, besides the confessed political obligations, moral obligations which have often given place to complications whose solution has cost great sacrifices. Those things may be weighed, examined; they cannot be decided by the stroke of a pen. It must not be for often that many advantages, particularly for commerce and industry, would spring out of connections with a transatlantic country governed by a friendly chief. The matter is therefore one of the most difficult and delicate. We willingly leave the decision of this question, which as yet touches only indirectly our political interests, to the wisdom of the sovereign who has known how to take in Germany such a brilliant initiative.

The Exiled Archbishop and Bishop.

La France mentions that Monseigneur Lavastida, Archbishop of Mexico, has recently had a private audience of the Emperor at the palace of St. Cloud. The Emperor conversed at length with the prelate, to whom he evinced the most profound esteem and greatest kindness.

Monseigneur the Archbishop will take passage on the 15th of August at St. Nazaire on the mail steamer Vera Cruz, to return to Mexico, with several other members of the Mexican episcopacy, who are at present refugees in France.

The Archduke Maximilian of Austria.

The London *Post* gives the following brief description of Archduke Maximilian, of (Mexico) Austria:—The Archduke Ferdinand William Joseph was born on the 6th of July, 1832, so that he is now thirty-one years of age. He is a brother of the Emperor of Austria and son of the the Archduke Francis Charles Joseph. He is a vice admiral, a member of the admiralty council, commandant of the Austrian navy, proprietor of the Eighth regiment of Austrian Lancers, and head of the Third Prussian regiment of the Neumark dragoons. He married on the 27th of July, 1857, the daughter of the King of the Belgians. The Archduke Maximilian was Governor General of the Lombardo-Venetian kingdom until 1859.

A Mexican Female Officer.

[From the London Times Paris correspondence.]

Among the Mexican prisoners brought to France by the transport Rhone is a young Indian woman, only twenty-three years of age, who was Lieutenant Colonel of the regiment of Zacatecas, and who, in the course of seven years, rose step by step from the ranks by her courage and talents. She followed her husband to the army and was soon promoted to the rank of second lieutenant for her distinguished bravery. The death of her husband, killed in action, afforded her an opportunity of avenging him and of rising another step. The French defeat at Guadalupe on the 5th of May, 1862, obtained for her the rank of lieutenant colonel, second in command of a regiment, in which position she again greatly distinguished herself during the siege of Puebla. This singular woman handles the sword like a first rate fencing master, and she made herself not only respected but feared by her soldiers, who looked upon her as a supernatural being. After Ortega surrendered at discretion at Puebla she was brought to Vera Cruz, and was lodged on board the Rhone until that vessel sailed for France. Her order of embarcation mentions her rank and gives her a right to sit at the field officer's table. She is said to be of agreeable personal appearance, although, as might be expected, rather mere masculine in her ways than altogether becomes her sex.

Musical.

BRYANTS' MINSTRELS.

This most popular place of amusement is now in the full tide of that well merited success which attended the efforts of the management last season. Messrs. Dan Bryant, Neise Seymour and Dave Reed are great cards in their way, and nightly afford amusement to the crowds who throng the hall to overflowing. We would suggest that a more careful selection of doleful ballads be made for Mr. Howard, who is really distressing in the "Beggar Girl," &c. These songs may be, and no doubt are, put in to render the fun more salient, but really a better choice should be made. Those who want to laugh unrestrainedly need but to go to Bryants', and if Dan, Seymour or Reed can't accomplish this for them, they are hopeless hypochondriacs.

URUSE OF THE HARTFORD.—We have received this work, and find it to be a complete and interesting epitome of the cruise of this ship. This journal was kept by Mr. W. C. Holton, one of the petty officers of the vessel, who was one of her crew during the entire cruise. It has been compiled and arranged by Mr. B. S. Osbon, who was for several months attached to Admiral Farragut's staff. It is now for sale at Van Nostrand's, No. 192 Broadway.

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New York, August 24, 1863. WM. WOOD, Manager.

Official Drawings of Murray, Eddy & Co.'s Kentucky and Missouri State Lotteries.
KENTUCKY, EXTRA CLASS 451—AUGUST 26, 1863.
26, 61, 67, 33, 55, 65, 58, 35, 3, 57, 21, 2, 63, 76, 37.
KENTUCKY, CLASS 452—August 26, 1863.
64, 44, 31, 22, 3, 62, 23, 42, 29, 9, 52, 20.
Circulars sent free of charge, by addressing either to MURRAY, EDDY & CO., Covington, Ky., or St. Louis, Mo.

Official Drawings of the Shelby College Lottery of Kentucky.
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27, 46, 69, 54, 51, 7, 38, 16, 44, 19, 8.
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32, 15, 50, 56, 74, 67, 38, 10, 40, 1, 2, 13, 30, 26.
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Official Drawings of the Library Association Company's Lottery of Kentucky.
EXTRA CLASS 277—August 26, 1863.
70, 11, 18, 46, 30, 64, 78, 17, 21, 52.
CLASS 278—August 25, 1863.
51, 11, 50, 62, 10, 28, 37, 64, 77, 3, 57, 23.
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Died.

MARTINEZ.—On Wednesday, August 26, ANTONIA FRIAS DE MARTINEZ, widow of Ambrosio Martinez, aged 60 years.

MCCLELLAN.—ISABELLA, child of Andrew and Maria McClellan.

The funeral will take place this (Thursday) afternoon, at half past two o'clock, from 567 Second avenue, between Thirty-fourth and Thirty-fifth streets.

[*For other deaths see eighth page.*]

MISCELLANEOUS.

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MISCELLANEOUS.

IMPORTANT SURGICAL CASES.—PILES, FISTULA, Stricture, Stone in the Bladder, &c.; Deformities of the Eyes, Nose and Face treated by Dr. H. A. DANIELS, Operating and Consulting Surgeon, 231 Sixth avenue, near Fourteenth street.

LADIES SHOULD READ ABOUT THE WEDDING Ring, Family Likenesses, Choosing a Wife, A Wonderful Child, Physiognomy, &c., in September PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL. 15 cents. 308 Broadway, New York.

MAYORS' OFFICE, NEW YORK, JULY 31, 1863.—Proclamation.—I, George Opdyke, Mayor of the City of New York, pursuant to a resolution of the Board of Supervisors of the county of New York, this day approved by me, do hereby offer a reward of five hundred dollars for the arrest and conviction of the murderers or murderers of the late Colonel H. T. O'Brien, of the James T. Brady regiment, 11th N. Y. S. V., who was killed on the 14th inst., while engaged in assisting the civil authorities to quell the late riot. This amount is to be paid on the certificate of the Justices or Judges before whom the conviction or convictions shall be had, and is in addition to the reward offered on behalf of the city in my general proclamation of the 1 d instant.
GEORGE OPDYKE, Mayor.

NEW YORK, AUGUST 24, 1863.—THE MEMBERS OF the Constitutional Union Party of the State of New York are hereby requested to elect two Delegates and two Alternates, to represent each Assembly district in a Convention to be held at Albany on the 8th of September next, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of nominating State officers and transacting such other business as may come before the convention.

Constitutional Union men throughout the State are earnestly solicited to procure a full representation of their respective districts, in order that their influence may be felt in the selection of suitable men for State officers, upon whom all conservative parties may concentrate in the coming election. By order of the State Executive Committee.
R. F. STEVENS, Secretary.

F. A. Talmadge, Walter Briggs, Eli P. Norton, Lorenzo Burrows, Jonas G. Hearit, Washington Hunt, Jas. L. Smith, George Kelsey, E. H. Hutchins, J. P. Faurot, D. B. St. John, John C. Ham, Abraham Duryea, E. J. Brown, Jas. Kidd, C. R. Freeman, R. Davis Nelson, A. K. Chandler, D. W. Tomlinson, S. H. Parsons, Franklin Vose, R. F. Stevens, Geo. A. Paisley.

N. B.—The State Executive Committee are particularly requested to meet at Albany on the same day, and at the same place, at 11 o'clock A. M. on special business.
F. A. TALMADGE, President.

MOSQUITO NETS—MOSQUITO LACE. All new styles of PATENT CANOPIES, RINGS and FRAMES. G. L. & J. H. KEITH, 359 Broadway, N. Y.

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Only 15 cents; by first post. 308 Broadway, New York.

SUMMER COMPLAINTS—RADWAY'S READY RELIEF.—This fashionable medicine must be taken at this season of the year, particularly whenever you have the least uncomfortable feeling from an over indulgence of fruit, or whenever diarrhœa or pain in the bowels are the result of eating tainted food, or a relaxed condition of the alimentary canal. It takes accordance to directions. It never fails to check the disorder and allay the pain. For years has it been tested, and its reliability established beyond a doubt. The soldiers of the Potomac can bear testimony to its efficacy in curing of Diarrhœa and Dysenteries, for they poor fellows, paid the sutlers last summer as high as $1 a bottle. It was the wood or iron power to supply them for 25 cents, for a bottle of the Relief. For Diarrhœa, Dysentery, and Cholera Morbus, use RADWAY'S READY RELIEF, chew a little gum arabic, and avoid opiate mixtures. Sold by druggists generally. RADWAY & CO., 87 Maiden lane.

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PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL.
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THE IMPROVED AMERICAN CARTE PORTE CHEAPNESS AND BEAUTY COMBINED EVERYBODY SHOULD HAVE THEM. Just introduced by E. & H. T. ANTHONY, 501 Broadway, Manufacturers of Albums, Photographic Materials, &c.

THE BALM OF THOUSAND FLOWERS is a delightful compound highly and delicately scented by its own ingredients, for use in the toilet.

FOR THE TEETH it is far superior to all mere medicinal than any preparation yet known. It quickly renders them white as alabaster, removing tartar, strengthening gums, preventing ulceration and decay of the teeth, and purifying the breath.

FOR SHAVING the Balm gives a rich, penetrating lather, and has no equal in rendering the beard soft, emollient and pliable.

FOR THE COMPLEXION. It will effectually remove pimples, tan and freckles, imparting beauty, comfort and health to the skin.

FOR THE NURSERY. No article is more suitable for suffering infants, to promote cleanliness and health. Sold by the Balm of Thousand Flowers. It is far preferable to spirits, lotions, castile soap, and similar cosmetics.

WM. L. VANCEY.—FOR PORTRAIT, BIOGRAPHY and phrenological developments see PHRENOLOGICAL JOURNAL.
September number. 308 Broadway. 15 Cents.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

PROPOSALS FOR $1,000,000 OF "RIOT DAMAGES INDEMNITY BONDS" of the County of New York.

Sealed proposals will be received at the Comptroller's office until Tuesday, September 1, 1863, at two o'clock P. M., when the same will be publicly opened, for the purchase, at not less than their par, of the whole, or any part of the sum of one million dollars ($1,000,000) of "Riot Damages Indemnity Bonds" authorized by an ordinance of the Board of Supervisors of the County of New York, approved by the Mayor, August 13, 1863, for the payment of damages for which the county has become liable under the provisions of chapter 428 of the laws of 1855, in consequence of the proceedings of the mob during the recent riot.

The said bonds will be redeemable on the first day of August, 1864, and will bear interest at the rate of six per cent per annum.

The proposals will state the amount desired, and the price per $100 thereof; and the persons whose proposals are accepted will be required to deposit with the County Treasurer (at the Broadway Bank), within five days after the opening of the proposals, the sums awarded to them respectively, including the premiums thereon.

On presenting to the Comptroller the receipts of the County Treasurer for such deposits, the parties will be entitled to receive Bonds for equal amounts of the par value of the sums awarded to them, bearing interest from the date of payment.

Each proposition should be sealed and endorsed "Proposals for Riot Damages Indemnity Bonds," and the same enclosed in a sealed envelope and addressed to the Comptroller.

The Comptroller reserves, as usual, the right to reject any or all the bids if he shall deem it expedient so to do.
MATTHEW T. BRENNAN, Comptroller.
City of New York, Department of Finance, Comptroller's Office, August 26, 1863.

THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE APPOINTED BY THE Board of Supervisors to examine claims made against the county for damages alleged to have been sustained by the destruction of or injury to buildings or other real or personal property in consequence of the recent riots, will hold a meeting at the Chamber of the Board of Supervisors, room No. 17 City Hall, on Friday, August 28, 1863, at 2 o'clock P. M., to consider the following cases:—

Mrs Jane Boyd	$460 22
Anna Bailey	25 00
Jemima Bedegeer	500 00
Lucy J. Hyard	120 00
Diana Van Cleffe	18 00
Vestris Burton	50 00
Cordelia Jefferson	15 00
John W. Jarboe	275 00
Alexander E. Hosack	50 00
Theodore Kruse	234 00
William Johnson	96 00
Alexander Bloomfield	35 00
John R. Curtis	25 00
Henry Jones	17 00
William Sandford	75 00
Prince Thompson	175 00
Albert Rogers	82 66
Jacob Smith	41 00
John Young	101 75
William Scott	450 00

Claimants will be required to prove the ownership of the property destroyed, the facts in relation to their destruction, and the value of the property.

The above named parties, with their witnesses, are invited to attend.

ELIJAH F. PURDY,
JAMES DAVIN,
AUGUSTUS WEISMANN,
SMITH ELY, Jr.,
ORISON BLUNT,
} Special Committee.
New York, August 27, 1863.

SHIPPING NEWS.

ALMANAC FOR NEW YORK—THIS DAY.

SUN RISES	5 22	MOON SETS	morn 3 32
SUN SETS	6 41	HIGH WATER	morn 6 56

Port of New York, August 26, 1863.

CLEARED

Steamship Kanzaroo (Br), Bridgman, Liverpool—J G Dale
Ship Southampton, Southwick, Liverpool—Sew Burgess.
Ship Wm F Schmidt, Blanchard, St John, NB—Chas Carver.
Ship Wm Tapscott, Bell, St John, NB—Has T Tapscott.
Bark Heloise (French), Lahalle, Marseilles—Baetjer & De Verte.
Bark Pyrmont (Brem), Von Hager, Bremen—Chas Lolling & Co.
Bark Danish Princess (Br), Tooker, Belfast—Boyd & Hincken.
Bark Augusta Aurora (Dan), ——, Pernambuco—Funch,