

WASHINGTON.

The Sentence of Wirz Approved by the President and Communicated to the Prisoner.

He Is to be Hanged on Friday Next.

DEMEANOR OF THE CONDEMNED.

Complete Arrangements Made for the Trial of Jeff. Davis.

Commodore Craven Before the Naval Court Martial.

Wirz to be Hanged—His Sentence Communicated to Him.

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The prisoner made a request that the Rev. Father Boyle and Louis Schade, Esq., of his counsel should be sent for, which was granted. Before the officers retired Captain Wirz is represented as saying: "I have been persecuted, and if there is such a thing as a spirit coming back to earth I'll come back to persecute those who have persecuted themselves to hang me."

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THE CHOLERA.

Meeting of the Board of Health, Commissioners—An Investigation Ordered—Four eminent Physicians Examine the Cholera—Meeting of Prominent Citizens—A Board of Health Commissioners took place yesterday morning, when it was decided to have a full examination made, with regard to the cholera, which is now prevailing in the quarantine, now lying at the foot of the city. The object of this investigation is to ascertain the facts about the cholera or other sickness now on board, with a view to enable the health authorities to take such action in the interest of our citizens as the circumstances require. United States Surgeon Trippler, Sloan and Drs. Sayers and Swinburne will make the examination, which will take place to-day.

A United States revenue cutter has been placed at the disposal of the health authorities, to be used in their work. The following letter from the Secretary of the Treasury has been received by the Hon. Preston King:—

THE VETERAN RESERVE CORPS. It is reported that in such portions of the West where detachments of the Veteran Reserve Corps have been detached, in accordance with the orders lately issued for voting themselves in or out of the service, the privates have shown more disposition to perpetuate their term of service than the officers, who are said to be almost unanimous in their desire to be mustered out.

THE HOURS OF CLERICAL LABOR IN THE DEPARTMENT. Secretary Harlan has notified the Commissioner of the Interior Department that the additional hours of labor lately exacted of the employees will not be required on Saturday afternoons, when clerical labor will cease at three o'clock as formerly. Secretary McCulloch has extended the same privilege to the clerks of the Treasury Department.

THE RETURNS TO THE GENERAL LAND OFFICE. The returns from the Public Land Office, at Falls of St. Croix, show that upwards of three thousand acres were taken up last month for actual settlement under the Homestead Law.

Mrs. Douglas and Confiscated Property. TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD. New York, Nov. 7, 1893. In your edition of this morning, editorially, correspondence from Washington, appears a statement relative to "abandoned and confiscated property," which I beg leave to bring to your personal notice with this emphatic contradiction of so much of the same as relates to Mrs. Douglas. The statement is as follows:—

Rebels who are too well known to reclaim labelled property are resorting to all manner of devices to regain its possession. A number of persons have been charged with the possession of such property, and to those holding Treasury permits to purchase. Mrs. Douglas is among the latter class. She is a woman of high standing, and her property is being sold by the Government. The Treasury Department will show neither favor nor affection in the examination of these doubtful transactions, and, unless she is cleared up, she will be liable to the seizure of her property. Mrs. Douglas's great name will obscure the proportions of such frauds.

Mrs. Douglas has never held a Treasury permit to purchase, and has never purchased for herself or others, directly or indirectly, any property whatsoever of the nature and description of that which she is now endeavoring to dispose of. She has never held any such property in any manner, and has never been connected with any person or class of persons engaged in such transactions.

"The shadow of Mr. Douglas's great name," to use your correspondent's phrase, connects itself with that great name, and is being used to transfer to it the principles of self-government which he hoped and believed would have averted civil war. With his own address, and the names of his friends, and the names of the American people that he practices his principles so far as to apply to the changed condition of the country, are to be the foundation of its future glory, happiness and peace. I am, sir, very respectfully, Sir, your obedient servant, Brevet Lieut. Col. U. S. A., Capt. Eleventh Infantry.

Attempt to Flood the City with Counterfeit Money. On Monday night a gang of counterfeiters was observed attempting to circulate counterfeit ten dollar bills on the Albany City Bank.

Lorimer Peyton was arrested by officer Jackson, of the Eighth precinct, charged with offering one of the above counterfeit bills at the store of W. C. Albertus, No. 605 Broadway. It is also alleged that the accused offered a similar bill at the Fontaine Hotel, Broadway.

Previous to the arrest of Peyton two strangers attempted to victimize Mr. Albertus with two of the counterfeit ten dollar bills.

The night officer Rowland, of the Twenty-ninth precinct, arrested a young man named David Fowler, charged with attempting to pass one of the above counterfeit bills at the store of W. C. Albertus, No. 605 Broadway. The complainant against Fowler is Ernest H. Behr, an attaché of the salon.

The same detective likewise arrested John Walker for attempting to pass one of the above counterfeit bills at the store of W. C. Albertus, No. 605 Broadway. In this prisoner's possession were found several packages of good money.

Later in the night officer Rowland, of the Twenty-ninth precinct, arrested William Nelson at the same salon, charged with attempting to pass one of the above counterfeit bills. Bernard Barney entered a complaint against Nelson.

All the alleged counterfeiters were yesterday arraigned before Justice Stetler, sitting in the Jefferson Market Court, and committed for examination.

Distinguished Visitors in Boston. Boston, Nov. 7, 1893. Governor Parsons, of Alabama; Major General Swaine, of the Freedmen's Bureau, and the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher are in this city. Governor Andrews introduced them to the members of the Union Club this evening, of whom there was a large attendance. The following cordial introduction from Secretary Stanton was read:—

Governor Parsons, of Alabama, goes North for the purpose of conferring with loyal and able gentlemen in relation to matters affecting the general welfare, particularly in the South. He is earnestly and sincerely laboring for the restoration of the Union, and is entitled to confidence and respect.

News from Tennessee. THE HERITAGE PROPERTY TO BE SOLD—SMALL FOX IN NASHVILLE. Nashville, Nov. 7, 1893. A bill was introduced in the Senate, Nov. 7, authorizing the Governor to sell and convey the Heritage property, belonging to the State of Tennessee, except two acres enclosing the grave of Andrew Jackson, provided that the estate shall be divided into lots and sold at public auction to the highest bidder; payment to be made in bonds of the State. On payment of the purchase money the Governor is authorized to give the purchaser a good and sufficient deed in the name of the State of Tennessee.

The cotton market was shaky to-day, prices ranging from 40 to 45 cents. Receipts to-day, 432 bales; shipments, 208 bales. The river is fifteen and a half inches deep on Harpeth Shoals, and is falling.

The Turf. FASHION COURSE, L. I.—TROTTING. Tuesday, Nov. 7.—Sweepstakes \$250, mile heats, best three in five, in harness. 1. W. Walker entered ch. m. Lady Evelyn, 1 2 3 1 2 1. G. N. Ferguson entered br. m. Sam Rowley, 2 3 3 3 3 3. Race entered br. m. Black Jack, 3 3 3 3 3 3.

First heat.—Lady Evelyn was the favorite at one hundred to forty previous to the start. Sam Rowley took the lead, but was soon passed by the mare and Black Jack. The mare went to the quarter pole four lengths ahead of Rowley, who was two lengths in front of Black Jack. She kept in front and passed the half mile pole three lengths ahead of Rowley in 23. She maintained the lead to the end, winning by two lengths. Rowley second, Black Jack four lengths behind. Time, 2:52.

Second heat.—The mare the favorite at four to one. She took the lead and passed the quarter pole four lengths in front of Rowley in forty seconds, but soon afterwards broke up and the brown gelding went in front and came home a winner by four lengths, in 2:44 1/2. Third heat.—The mare still the favorite, two to one being wagered on her winning. She took the lead and kept it until she reached the half mile pole, but there she was overtaken by Black Jack, and taking a commanding lead, kept steadily at his work, opening a gap of six lengths to the three-quarter pole. Going on to the end, she won by two lengths. Rowley second, Black Jack four lengths behind. Time, 2:52.

THE CUBA AT HALIFAX WITH TWO DAYS LATER NEWS.

HALIFAX, Nov. 7, 1893. The steamship Cuba, Captain Stone, which left Liverpool at 10 o'clock in the afternoon on the 29th ult., and arrived at Halifax on the 27th inst. at half-past nine o'clock. She has thirty-seven passengers for Halifax and one hundred and forty for Boston. The Cuba experienced heavy weather the entire passage. She had a gale from Liverpool to Queenstown, where she arrived at six o'clock on the evening of Sunday.

On November 1 the Cuba passed the steamship China in lat. 51, lon. 21, bound east. The Cuba sails from Halifax about four o'clock to-morrow morning for Boston, where she will be due on Thursday at noon.

Among the Cuba's passengers for Halifax was Hon. Fenwick Williams, the new Governor of Nova Scotia. Great preparations were being made at Liverpool to give the Prince and Princess of Wales a suitable reception on the occasion of their anticipated visit to the island.

It was reported that the cattle disease was abating in London. The steamship City of Limerick, from New York, was to sail at two o'clock P. M. on the same day on which the Cuba left.

The steamship Lafayette, from New York, arrived at Bristol on the 25th. The steamship Persia, from New York, arrived at Crookhaven at eight o'clock P. M. on the 27th.

Burial of Lord Palmerston. Lord Palmerston was buried in state at Westminster Abbey on the 27th inst. The Queen was represented by one of the royal carriages. The members of the dead Premier's Cabinet were present, and both houses of Parliament, as well as the diplomatic representatives of foreign Powers were largely represented among the mourners and spectators.

Immense crowds thronged the streets through which the funeral procession passed. Business was partially suspended in most parts of the country.

Earl Russell Grudgingly Accepted. The London Times accepts the reconstructed Cabinet as a necessity. It acknowledges that Earl Russell is not a man of a great deal of political experience; but regrets that it should be necessary to turn to a politician more than seventy years old. The Times would rather have seen a younger man, but is content to admit, for the time, that Russell is inevitable. The Premier should be chosen from the Commons, especially when so many have been passed by. The Times cannot look upon the arrangement with favor. The State was never in a better position than it is at present.

The London Advertiser thinks Russell's Ministry may be sufficient to last, and that will be all, until the meeting of Parliament. The London News in a friendly article points out the difficulties which surround the Ministry, and says that it is more to lay claim to a definite policy the Cabinet must speak with the sense of having the support of the country, and it is impossible to do this effectually unless a national confidence in the Government is restored.

More Fenian Arrests—A Tribune Correspondent writes from New York that Alfred M. Williams, who stated that he was a member of the Fenian Brotherhood, was arrested by the New York Police, and a note book, containing the names and addresses of Fenian agents in New York, was found on him. He was detained by the police.

The departure of the Count Compiègne was postponed. The Emperor and Empress had determined not to leave Paris until after the entire disappearance of the cholera.

The Emperor visited two military hospitals on the 26th. The Paris papers were enthusiastic about the visit of the Emperor to the hospitals and her personal interest in the cholera patients.

The rumor of the resignation of M. Fould was contradicted. It was asserted that there was a great probability of the reduction of the budget of expenditures by thirty millions of francs.

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Rome. The correspondence of the London Pall Mall Gazette states that the Count de Sargis had informed the Pope that the evacuation by the French troops would commence on the 15th of November. The Count de Sargis in his interview with the Pope announced that the Italian government would renew negotiations with the Holy See as soon as the elections were completed.

The Latest. The news to-day is unimportant. Two French frigates leave Toulon to-day, to bring home a portion of the French troops in the Roman States. The departure of the Count de Sargis is expected next spring. The Danish ministers are said to have declared that they cannot sanction the revision of the constitution as proposed by the committee of the Rigsdag. American stocks opened flat, but closed rather better.

Commercial Intelligence. LIVERPOOL MONEY MARKET, OCT. 27. Money in fair demand, bank rates remaining at 7. The London Daily News says the favorable bank returns had inspired more confidence in financial circles, with a considerable advance. Corn all sales mixed. Lined oil quiet at 38s. 9d. Rosin quiet and firm. Spirits turpentine quiet at 46s. For French. Petroleum quiet at 2s. 10d. 3s. LONDON MARKETS—OCT. 27. Broad Street. Wheat firm and advanced 1/2, from 5s. 6d. Sugar quiet and steady. Coffee steady. Tea active and firm. Rice firm. Tallow less firm. Spirits turpentine quiet. Lard quiet. Flour all sales mixed. Lined oil quiet at 38s. 9d. Rosin quiet and firm. Spirits turpentine quiet at 46s. For French. Petroleum quiet at 2s. 10d. 3s. LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET—OCT. 28. The Broken Circular reports—Active and advanced 1/2, from 37s. 6d. to 38s. 6d. Sugar quiet and steady. Coffee steady. Tea active and firm. Rice firm. Tallow less firm. Spirits turpentine quiet. Lard quiet. Flour all sales mixed. Lined oil quiet at 38s. 9d. Rosin quiet and firm. Spirits turpentine quiet at 46s. For French. Petroleum quiet at 2s. 10d. 3s.

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Rome. The correspondence of the London Pall Mall Gazette states that the Count de Sargis had informed the Pope that the evacuation by the French troops would commence on the 15th of November. The Count de Sargis in his interview with the Pope announced that the Italian government would renew negotiations with the Holy See as soon as the elections were completed.

The Latest. The news to-day is unimportant. Two French frigates leave Toulon to-day, to bring home a portion of the French troops in the Roman States. The departure of the Count de Sargis is expected next spring. The Danish ministers are said to have declared that they cannot sanction the revision of the constitution as proposed by the committee of the Rigsdag. American stocks opened flat, but closed rather better.

Commercial Intelligence. LIVERPOOL MONEY MARKET, OCT. 27. Money in fair demand, bank rates remaining at 7. The London Daily News says the favorable bank returns had inspired more confidence in financial circles, with a considerable advance. Corn all sales mixed. Lined oil quiet at 38s. 9d. Rosin quiet and firm. Spirits turpentine quiet at 46s. For French. Petroleum quiet at 2s. 10d. 3s. LONDON MARKETS—OCT. 27. Broad Street. Wheat firm and advanced 1/2, from 5s. 6d. Sugar quiet and steady. Coffee steady. Tea active and firm. Rice firm. Tallow less firm. Spirits turpentine quiet. Lard quiet. Flour all sales mixed. Lined oil quiet at 38s. 9d. Rosin quiet and firm. Spirits turpentine quiet at 46s. For French. Petroleum quiet at 2s. 10d. 3s. LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET—OCT. 28. The Broken Circular reports—Active and advanced 1/2, from 37s. 6d. to 38s. 6d. Sugar quiet and steady. Coffee steady. Tea active and firm. Rice firm. Tallow less firm. Spirits turpentine quiet. Lard quiet. Flour all sales mixed. Lined oil quiet at 38s. 9d. Rosin quiet and firm. Spirits turpentine quiet at 46s. For French. Petroleum quiet at 2s. 10d. 3s.

THE CUBA AT HALIFAX WITH TWO DAYS LATER NEWS.

HALIFAX, Nov. 7, 1893. The steamship Cuba, Captain Stone, which left Liverpool at 10 o'clock in the afternoon on the 29th ult., and arrived at Halifax on the 27th inst. at half-past nine o'clock. She has thirty-seven passengers for Halifax and one hundred and forty for Boston. The Cuba experienced heavy weather the entire passage. She had a gale from Liverpool to Queenstown, where she arrived at six o'clock on the evening of Sunday.

On November 1 the Cuba passed the steamship China in lat. 51, lon. 21, bound east. The Cuba sails from Halifax about four o'clock to-morrow morning for Boston, where she will be due on Thursday at noon.

Among the Cuba's passengers for Halifax was Hon. Fenwick Williams, the new Governor of Nova Scotia. Great preparations were being made at Liverpool to give the Prince and Princess of Wales a suitable reception on the occasion of their anticipated visit to the island.

It was reported that the cattle disease was abating in London. The steamship City of Limerick, from New York, was to sail at two o'clock P. M. on the same day on which the Cuba left.

The steamship Lafayette, from New York, arrived at Bristol on the 25th. The steamship Persia, from New York, arrived at Crookhaven at eight o'clock P. M. on the 27th.

Burial of Lord Palmerston. Lord Palmerston was buried in state at Westminster Abbey on the 27th inst. The Queen was represented by one of the royal carriages. The members of the dead Premier's Cabinet were present, and both houses of Parliament, as well as the diplomatic representatives of foreign Powers were largely represented among the mourners and spectators.

Immense crowds thronged the streets through which the funeral procession passed. Business was partially suspended in most parts of the country.

Earl Russell Grudgingly Accepted. The London Times accepts the reconstructed Cabinet as a necessity. It acknowledges that Earl Russell is not a man of a great deal of political experience; but regrets that it should be necessary to turn to a politician more than seventy years old. The Times would rather have seen a younger man, but is content to admit, for the time, that Russell is inevitable. The Premier should be chosen from the Commons, especially when so many have been passed by. The Times cannot look upon the arrangement with favor. The State was never in a better position than it is