THE COURTS.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT.

Before Judge Shipman.

This court sat yesterday, but only for a short time, to take return of process in the following cases:—One Custom House case, eleven casks of Phœnix gin, marked W., as condemned. The rest were internal revenue cases:—One still found in Forty-first street, between Eighth and Ninth avenues; one still found in Forty-second street, between Ninth and Tenth avenues; ten barrels of distilled spirits found at No. 83 Cedar street; five barrels do. found at the same place; two barrels do. found at the corner of Eleventh avenue and 127th street. No claimants appeared, and on motion of Mr. B. K. Phelps, United States Assistant District Attorney, a decree was entered condemning these goods by default.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S COURT.

Charge of Counterfeiting—The Manufacture of Counterfeit Plates.

Before Commissioner Osborn.

Charles Ulrich, who had been charged with having engraved several counterfeit plates for the purpose of printing notes of different denominations, was brought up yesterday before Commissioner Osborn.

Judge Stuart, who appeared for the prisoner, said that the only charge against the prisoner was for having engraved a counterfeit plate.

Mr. Joseph Bell, on the part of the government, observed that there were more charges than one against the prisoner. The charge was a very serious one. He had heard of the prisoner by reputation.

Judge Stuart—There is nothing of that kind before the Commissioner. Counsel asked the Commissioner to admit the prisoner to bail.

Colonel W. P. Wood, Chief of the Secret Service of the Treasury Department, stated that the prisoner had been very fair and open to him with regard to this matter.

The Commissioner—You get one of these persons and he leads you into information of another, and this other person gives you further information, and so on.

Colonel Wood—I never make any compromise with them. While I say that the prisoner has been open and candid about this affair, I must say that his offence should not go unpunished.

Mr. Bell thought that under the circumstances it would not be unreasonable to fix the prisoner's bail at $10,000. If guilty at all he deserved the highest penalty the law could inflict.

Judge Stuart—If this man is found guilty he will deserve not the highest but the lowest amount of punishment, for he has exhibited some very noble qualities of human nature. He has expressed repentance for his offence.

The Commissioner—Is the plate which the prisoner is charged with making complete?

Mr. Bell—He has completed a dozen of them.

The Commissioner—Was money printed from those plates?

Colonel Wood—This man was in with the party who had the transfer press. He has been frank and plain with the government, and I don't want to be hard on him; but I think he has done more harm to the government by these plates than Hank Hall did.

In the course of some further discussion it appeared that the prisoner had not been arrested on any warrant. He was now under a mere commitment.

The Commissioner said he would issue a warrant and date it to-day for Ulrich's commitment, lest hereafter the proceedings of the court might be subject to criticism.

The prisoner stands committed in default of $8,000 bail.

A woman named Kate Gross, who had been accused of counterfeiting practices, and bringing "bogus" notes to New York at the request of one Gordon, who, it is understood, is in prison on a charge of selling bad money, was ordered to be released from custody.

Alleged Illicit Distillation.

Henry Goodman, keeper of a lager beer and billiard saloon, 127 Columbia street, was charged with having permitted the illicit distillation of whiskey in a basement of his house. The government was not ready to go on with the case, but the defendant stated that he had let the basement to a person who there carried on the manufacture of vinegar. If whiskey had been distilled it was wholly without his knowledge or consent. He knew nothing whatever about it. The Commissioner said the case had been already adjourned three times, and if on the next adjournment the government would not proceed he would dismiss the charge. Mr. Bell explained that efforts to obtain the attendance of witnesses had failed. The examination was adjourned to Friday.

SUPREME COURT—GENERAL TERM.

General Term Versus Chambers—Orders Issued—Names of Successful Legal Candidates.

Before Judges Leonard, Ingraham, Sutherland and Clerke.

This court assembled yesterday morning for the purpose of rendering decisions on causes tried during the term and announcing the names of successful candidates for admission to the bar passed at the recent examination. In addition to this business the court also promulgated the following orders:—

RULES ADOPTED AT THE GENERAL TERM OF 1867.

Ordered—After the month of April, 1867, all applications to the court, except for the taxation of costs, connected with or relating to the opening, altering or widening of streets, avenues, squares and other public places, shall be noticed for and brought on in the General Term only, and such applications may be noticed for any day in the term.

Ordered—That the General Term for April be continued through the first two weeks of May.

Ordered—That the second and fourth Saturdays of each month, except July and August, be appropriated for the hearing of appeals from non-enumerated motions, and that the General Terms shall be adjourned accordingly.

Ordered—That appeals from non-enumerated motions may be noticed for any Saturday in the term, and put on the calendars for the day for which they are noticed; and notes of issue shall be filed on the Thursday preceding.

Ordered—That the clerk make out a special calendar for such Saturday of the causes standing over from each preceding Saturday, and of the new notes of issue filed previous thereto.

In order to provide for the continuing of the General Term in May next the Circuit, Part 2, will be adjourned to the third Monday.

LIST OF STUDENTS ADMITTED TO PRACTICE AT THE BAR.

Andrew L. Bush, Calhoun Benham, Wm. E. Carpenter, Nathaniel H. Clement, John H. Dean, James H. Elliott, Wm. Everett, Edward P. Flint, Isaac V. French, Robert E. Foot, Geo. Gallagher, Grosvenor S. Hubbard, Archibald W. Hall, J. Frank Hatch, Richard T. Haines, Jr.; James A. Hudson, Charles S. Joslyn, George G. Keys, Wm. H. King, Edwin Kempston, John T. Lockman, Francis W. Lamb, John T. McGowan, P. H. McDonough, Charles F. Martin, Carlisle Norwood, Jr.; Wm. G. Nicoll, Lucius C. Polk, Ambrose H. Purdy, Norman L. Perry, James Parsons, Wm. F. Reilly, Duryea J. Stevenson, John H. Stitt, Goldiel S. Simpson, George L. Simonson, George P. Smith, Freling H. Smith, Eugene Carroll Skinner, Wm. A. Sanger, D. Smith Sutherland, John H. Turner, Wm. W. Taylor, Wm. C. Witter, Aldace F. Walker, Barclay Watson, Philip S. Van Rensselaer, J. Talmadge Van Rensselaer.

SURROGATE'S COURT.

Before Surrogate Tucker.

Surrogate Tucker has admitted to probate the contested will of Mrs. Anna Maria Forman, deceased, holding that Mrs. Forman was of sound mind at the time of the execution of the testamentary paper.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

Before Recorder Hackett.

DISCHARGE OF THE GRAND JURY.

The Grand Jury came into court yesterday with a number of indictments, and, having finished their business, the Recorder in a few complimentary observations discharged them for the term.

District Attorney Hall was present and conducted the prosecution.

GRAND LARCENIES.

William Boyle pleaded guilty to an indictment charging him with stealing a pocketbook containing $10 from John Scrohan on the 20th of April, while riding on an Eighth avenue car, at the corner of Vesey street and Broadway. He was sent to the State Prison for four years and six months, a special statute against picking pockets giving permission to punish as for grand larceny.

Charles Henderson, who was indicted for a similar offence, pleaded guilty to larceny from the person. On the 13th of April he stole a watch and chain valued at $10 from Lorenzo Luigi, No. 31 Baxter street. He was sentenced to Sing Sing Prison for four years.

William Campbell, charged with stealing $290 from the window of John B. Henroe's store, 176 Broadway, on the 8th of April, pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny. He was sent to the State Prison for two years and six months.

Gustav Youngbaus, who stole $20 worth of watch keys from the factory of Victor Martin on the 10th of April, pleaded guilty to an attempt at burglary and was sent to the Penitentiary for eighteen months.

William Frampton, charged with stealing a wagon and a set of harness on the 6th of April, the property of John McGarry, Jersey City, pleaded guilty to an attempt at grand larceny.

Henry Luther, indicted for a felonious assault, pleaded guilty to an assault with a dangerous weapon with intent to do bodily harm. On the 28th of February he cut Ellen McNulty in the arm with a razor. These prisoners were remanded for sentence.

COURT OF SPECIAL SESSIONS.

Before Justices Kelly and Dowling.

The calendar for trial in this court yesterday was particularly heavy, containing no less than fifty-seven different charges, of which twenty-nine were for petit larceny; fourteen assault and battery; three violation of the Health law; one gaming; one cruelty to animals; one carrying burglars' tools; and three suspended from last sitting. None of the cases were of any general importance and were all disposed of by an early hour.

BROOKLYN COURTS.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT AND CIRCUIT COURTS—EASTERN DISTRICT.

Recognizances Forfeited.

Before Judge Benedict.

Both of these courts were opened yesterday afternoon, Judge Benedict presiding, when the recognizances of thirty parties charged with various offences, were forfeited, they having failed to appear, as required by law. The cases of five of these parties were in the District Court, and the remainder in the Circuit. Both courts adjourned for the term. During the May term of the Circuit Court there will be several important cases tried, among which is that of Chas. C. Braine, a lieutenant in the late Confederate navy, who is charged with piracy, &c., in having seized the steamer Chesapeake, on the high seas, during the rebellion.

CITY COURT.

The New Judge and His Appointments.

George Thompson, who was elected on the democratic ticket in November last as Judge of the City Court for the ensuing six years, enters into office to-day. He has just made the following appointments to the court:—Chief Clerk, Joseph T. Sackett; Deputy Sheriff, Aury Snediker; Constables, Patrick McGlynn, George Colgan, William Lynch, J. Trent, G. W. Smedick, J. V. Bogart.

There will be no business, however, transacted in this court until Monday next, when the May term will be opened and the civil calendar called. A number of criminal cases, it is expected, will also be tried during the present month.

BOARD OF ALDERMEN.

Special Meeting—The License Question—The Extension of Fifth Avenue to the Battery.

The Board met at four o'clock yesterday afternoon, the president, Joseph Shannon, in the chair.

Alderman Norris offered the following resolutions, which were adopted:—

Resolved, That the Counsel to the Corporation be and he is hereby authorized and directed to second the efforts of his Honor the Mayor, by every legal means in his power, in conducting to a final determination before the Supreme Court of the United States, if necessary, the question in controversy between the city of New York by its corporate authorities and the Legislature of this State by the Board of Metropolitan Police Commissioners; and be it further

Resolved, That his Honor the Mayor be and he is hereby authorized to employ such other counsel as in his judgment may be necessary to aid him in protecting and defending the corporate rights of this city, thus further imperilled by this new attempt at usurpation by the Legislature of this State.

Alderman Loew offered a resolution calling for the extension of Fifth avenue to the Battery.

Alderman Henry said he was not in favor of taking any prominent part in the matter of public improvements by the Common Council, but that in order that this matter might receive a full investigation he moved that it be referred to a special committee of three, which was carried, and Aldermen Loew, Hardy and Coman were appointed as such special committee.

The resolution of the Board of Councilmen authorizing the compilation and publication of 10,000 copies of the Corporation Manual, the compiler to receive $3,500 when the work was completed, was taken up and laid over.

The Board then adjourned.

THE PUBLIC HEALTH.

The following is Dr. Harris' weekly letter on the deaths in this city and Brooklyn for the week ending Saturday the 27th ult.:—

METROPOLITAN BOARD OF HEALTH,
BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS, April 30, 1867.

In the week ending April 27 there were 465 deaths in New York, including 73 in public institutions, 50 of them being in the island hospitals. There were 105 deaths in Brooklyn, exclusive of the Kings county institutions. This mortality is equivalent to a yearly death rate of 25.41 per 1,000 living in New York, and of 20.54 per 1,000 in Brooklyn by census of 1865.

Zymotic causes destroyed 105 lives in New York and institutions, and 22 in Brooklyn; or, 25.90 per cent of all who died in the former, and 18.80 per cent of all deaths in the latter city. There perished in the first year of infancy 120 in New York, or 29.62 per cent of the dead from all causes, and 35 in Brooklyn, or 29.91 of the total list. There were 206 deaths of children under five years of age in New York, or 50.86 per cent of all the dead, and 52 or 44.44 per cent in Brooklyn.

Scarlatina and measles destroyed 37 lives, principally in the Fourth and Seventeenth wards, in New York, and 12 in Brooklyn, 6 of the deaths being in the Eighth and Ninth wards. Typhus and typhoid destroyed 14 lives in New York and but one in Brooklyn. Diarrhœal diseases took 15 lives in the former and but 2 in the latter city. The constitutional and local inflammatory diseases, so called, were the chief causes of mortality in both cities, and the zymotic diseases increased slightly upon the previous week of the month, and they scarcely varied from the records of the corresponding week of the preceding year. The 6 deaths from puerperal infections, and the 4 from erysipelas, will not be disregarded by physicians.

The operation of fatal diseases last week was, as usual, very unequally distributed through the different wards of New York. If we compare the population and the death-rates of the salubrious and the insalubrious districts—that is, of the well-housed, cleanly, well fed, to the badly-housed, uncleanly tenant house population—we find their death records last week to read as follows:—

TENANT HOUSE DISTRICTS.

Wards.	Consumption.	Diseases of the Lungs.	Infectious Diseases.	Nervous and Organic Diseases.	Other Diseases.	Under Five Years.
First	1	1	1	3	3	5
Fourth	2	4	6	—	1	5
Sixth	4	—	4	1	2	6
Seventh	4	1	5	—	5	7
Eighth	6	3	6	4	6	15
Eleventh	3	12	7	3	9	20
Total	20	21	29	11	26	58
CLEANLY AND HEALTHY DISTRICTS.						
Fifteenth	—	1	3	—	3	2

Thus we find that in a population of 172,971 (by census), dwelling in six of the tenant house wards, that are here selected for fairness of illustration, there were 107 deaths, mostly from preventable causes, and more than half were of children under five years old. The death rate on population in those six unhealthy wards was equal to 34 1-3 per thousand annually, while in the Fifteenth ward, with an unusual mortality there, owing to the presence of infectious erysipelas, the rate was only equal to 14 1-5 per thousand. Then there are crowded and filthy sections of the Tenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth and other up town wards, in which death is kept up in the same way and equally as high as in the average of the six we have mentioned, while in their cleanly and well housed portions, away from the filthy flanks of the wards, the chances of life are as good as in the much quoted Fifteenth. These records help us to understand the practical value of pure air, and they show why the mute appeal of the dead in the homes of the laboring classes has been heard, and why an honest laboring man in the Legislature became the successful advocate of the Tenant House Reform act.

The mortality reports from the other great cities compare favorably to this metropolis. In the first week of April London had a death rate equal to 25 per 1,000; Edinburg, 28; Dublin, 28; Liverpool, 29; and in Vienna the previous week the rate was 35 per 1,000 annually. Cholera was not reported in last returns by any of the cities mentioned. We may reasonably expect that commercial towns in the Mississippi Valley will this year be the only sources whence the cholera will be transported to us; but the Western and Southern cities are alive to the duty of suppressing by active means every cause of the epidemic. Civic cleanliness and the prompt care of the sick begin to take their just rank as cardinal virtues.

E. HARRIS.

THE GARDINER WILL CASE.

The hearing of the Gardiner-Tyler will case, which has occupied the Circuit Court of Richmond county, Staten Island, the Court and jury, and eminent counsel for the last eight days, was brought to a close by the verdict of the jury at a late hour on Monday night last. The whole of Monday's proceedings were taken up by the summing of counsel and the charge of Judge Lott. About half-past eight o'clock the jury retired to consider their verdict. The court room during the entire day was densely crowded by the friends of the litigants on either side and a very interested auditory. Judge Lott consumed two hours and a half in summing up, and when the jury retired the surmises and speculations as to the verdict they would return were the general topic of discussion.

Between eleven and twelve o'clock the jury announced that they were prepared with their verdict. Judge Lott was at once summoned, and immediately after took his seat on the bench. Counsel and the parties most interested hurried into court, Mr. Evarts leading in Mrs. Tyler.

The following verdict was given on all the issues submitted:—

First—Was Juliana Gardiner, at the time of executing and publishing the instrument in writing, bearing date October 4, 1864, purporting to be her last will and testament, a copy whereof is set out in the complaint in the action, of sound and disposing mind, memory and understanding. A. No.

Second—Was the said instrument of October 4, 1864, purporting to be the last will and testament of Juliana Gardiner, procured by Julia G. Tyler by fraud or undue influence? A. Yes.

Third—Did Juliana Gardiner, by said instrument, in writing, bearing date October 4, 1864, purporting to be her last will and testament, devise her real estate to the persons, for the estates, upon the conditions, and to the effect declared and expressed in the said instrument and writing? A. No.

Fourth—Did the said Juliana Gardiner, deceased, die intestate as to her real estate, without having made any devise of the same, or any part thereof, as in the said complaint alleged? A. Yes.

Verdict on all the issues for Mr. Gardiner, the contestant.

On the rendition of the verdict Mr. Evarts had the Jury polled, when the Jury separately recorded the verdict as above.

Mr. Evarts then moved to set the verdict aside on the Judge's minutes, on the ground that it was against the evidence.

The Court *pro forma* denied the motion.

Mr. Evarts then announced that he would appeal from this decision to the General Term. The Court granted counsel one week to prepare a case with a view to arguing the questions involved.

The Court then adjourned.

CONVICTED OF MURDER.

HAMMONDS, April 26, 1867.

Jacob H. Jones has been convicted of murder in the second degree of Benjamin Moore, both colored men.

SHEEP AND WOOL EXHIBITION AT JACKSON, MICH.

DETROIT, Mich., April 26, 1867.

Very active preparations are being made to render the great State Exhibition of Sheep and Wool, at Jackson, a success. The railroads have agreed to transport stock and all articles for the exhibition, with the necessary attendants, free. The exhibition will be held on the 7th, 8th and 9th of May. The list of premiums offered is very liberal.

POLICE INTELLIGENCE.

ARREST OF JUVENILE BURGLARS.—Last Saturday night, at a late hour, the rear basement of premises No. 239 Centre street, occupied by Michael Callahan, was entered by means of forcing in the panels of the door, and robbed of six packages and fifteen books of gold leaf, worth $65, a clock and pair of scales worth $12, with which the burglars made their escape. Search was made for the burglars by officers Mulligan, Kent and Conklin, of the Fourteenth precinct, and yesterday morning the officers succeeded in arresting four boys from eight to fifteen years of age, named James Murtha, James P. Binejan, Thomas Owens and Martin Winters, on suspicion of committing the burglary. Most of the stolen property was subsequently traced to their possession, and the prisoners confessed their guilt. One of the lads said that a portion of the gold leaf had been burned. Alderman Coman committed the juvenile offenders to the Tombs for trial. In all probability they will be sent to the House of Refuge, they being too young for imprisonment in Sing Sing.

BOLD ROBBERY FROM A DESK.—Yesterday afternoon a young man giving his name as James McGuire entered the store of Mr. John Van Deventer, No. 232 Greenwich street, and stealthily approaching a desk, opened it with a false key, and took therefrom $59 in Treasury notes. McGuire was about escaping with the money, when Mr. Van Deventer discovered him and intercepted his progress. He was detained till officer Berry, of the Third precinct, was called and took charge of the prisoner. Later in the day the accused was arraigned before Alderman Coman and committed to the Tombs for examination. In possession of the prisoner were found three skeleton keys and some other trifling articles.

CRUELTY TO HORSES.—Patrick Whelan, a stage driver, was yesterday arrested by officer Phelps, of the Sixth precinct, for cruelly driving a horse attached to an omnibus, the horse having a running sore upon his hind leg, which rendered him unfit for service. Whelan was taken before Alderman Coman, and required to give bail to answer before the Court of Sessions.

John Smith was arrested for cruelly driving a horse attached to a cart heavily laden with coal. The horse had a lame and sore foot, and was scarcely able to draw the cart. Smith was applying his whip to the horse in order to make him move faster than he was able to do. Alderman Coman held Smith in $300 bail to answer before the Court of Sessions.

CHARGE OF EMBEZZLEMENT.—William H. Shields, a youth of seventeen years, recently employed as porter in the store of Messrs. A. T. Stewart & Co., Broadway, was yesterday arrested by Captain Jourdan, of the Sixth precinct, on the charge of embezzlement. Mr. John W. Mallon, in the employ of Mr. Stewart, on the 5th ultimo gave the prisoner three parcels of goods to deliver, with bills attached, amounting in the aggregate to $52 25. Shields was instructed to collect the amount of the bills, which he did, but instead of returning the money to his employers it is alleged he feloniously embezzled and appropriated the same to his own use. Shields was taken before Alderman Coman and committed for trial in default of $1,000 bail. The accused lives on the corner of Grand and Fourth streets, Williamsburg.

THE LOOMIS EMBEZZLEMENT CASE.—In consequence of the continued illness of Justice Dowling the examination in the case of Theodore H. Loomis, charged with feloniously embezzling $5,000 in compound interest bearing bonds from his former employers, Messrs. Carter & Hawley, No. 60 Beaver street, which was set down for yesterday morning, did not take place. The hearing was further adjourned till eleven o'clock next Saturday morning.

A HORSE DEALER IN TROUBLE.—On complaint of Daniel Carver, No. 135 Varick street, Charles Lindauer was brought before Justice Dodge, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, yesterday. The complaint set forth that on the evening of the 29th ult. the accused went into the house of complainant and took therefrom a quantity of clothing and a meerschaum pipe, in all valued at $115. The prisoner was detected in the act of leaving the premises with the property by a man named Samuel J. Jackson, by whom he was followed until he attempted to escape by running away and dropping the stolen articles. Lindauer says he is a horse dealer by profession, and is not guilty of the charge. He was held to answer in the sum of $2,000.

ALLEGED RECEIVING OF MONEY UNDER FALSE PRETENCES.—Joseph John Daly, residing at No. 175 Sixth avenue, appeared before Justice Dodge, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, and made a complaint against a young man who gives his name as Henry Holmes, and who represents himself as being a clerk in the Surrogate's office, for having on the 29th day of April called at the house of complainant and in an interview with Mrs. Jennie L. Smith, an employé of Mr. Daly, informed her of the arrival of some property at pier 13 East river, which had been sent to her from the West, and that for twenty-five cents he would bring it to her. Believing his statement she paid the money, but ascertained nothing further of her Western property. The complainant in the case states that this is an old trick of the accused, and that several persons in the neighborhood have already been victimized by his representations. In answer to the accusation Holmes said he was sent by a man named Williams, who drives a black horse and a red cart. The explanation was not satisfactory, and he was committed in default of $1,000 to answer.

VIOLATING THE HEALTH LAWS.—John H. Pheasant was brought before Justice Dodge, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, yesterday, charged with violating section 45 of the Health laws. Michael Gleeson was also charged with violating section 100 of the same laws. Both were held to answer.

ARRESTED ON SUSPICION.—About two weeks since the premises 138 Canal street were entered by burglars, and property consisting principally of velvets, to the amount of over $400, carried off. Yesterday officer Dwyer discovered in the possession of two waiter girls a portion of the property, and learning from them that they had received it from Charles Herchbark and Adolph Kerr, he arrested both those individuals, who it appears were not entirely strangers to him. Being subsequently arraigned before Justice Shandley, at the Essex Market Police Court, one of them was held in $300 to answer, the other being discharged.

ALLEGED BURGLARY.—Henry Hogan was arraigned yesterday at the Essex Market Police Court upon the above charge preferred against him by John Goring, whose sail loft at No. 1 Broome street was broken into on Sunday evening last, between seven and eight o'clock. Hogan, in company with another party, had been observed coming from the direction of this loft about that time, and was seen jumping over a fence adjacent thereto. The parties who had thus observed them, suspecting their business, gave them chase and arrested Hogan, his companion escaping by jumping into the river. A bag of wax, which Goring identified, was found close to the fence. Justice Shandley committed Hogan to answer.

ALLEGED CONSPIRACY.—Application was made before Justice Connolly, at the Fourth District Police Court, on Monday last, for a warrant against Adam Dippel and Frederick Weyman, in the matter of an alleged conspiracy to defraud the complainant, William Elliott, of the town of Southeast, Putnam county, in this State, and others, entered into, it was alleged, by the defendants and the wife of one of them, Lena Weyman. The complaint set forth that some time since the defendants, one of whom (Weyman) was conducting business under his wife's name, had entered into a partnership for the purchase upon credit of cattle on foot and the subsequent disposal, after slaughtering, dressing, &c., of the same, the proceeds of which business were to be divided amongst them, and payment in the case of the original purchase avoided by a mock failure of the concern; that such purchases were made from various parties, in the aggregate to the amount of about $6,000, $600 worth being purchased from the complainant, and that such failure, in due time, took place, and the defendant Dippel was arrested and confined in Ludlow street jail, where he now is, upon an attachment issued at the suit of interested parties, for the purpose of avoiding the claims of the creditors. A warrant was issued by Justice Connolly, and the defendant (Weyman) subsequently arrested thereon. Upon arraignment at the Fourth District Police Court the accused denied the several allegations made by the complainant, and demanded an examination, which was set down for next Tuesday, when the other defendant will be present. Pending this bail was entered by Weyman in $3,000.

THE COURT AT POLICE HEADQUARTERS.

Before Wm. H. Bull, Justice.

There was another "crowded house" at Police headquarters yesterday morning during the sitting of the new court. Each up town precinct located in Justice Connolly's district was represented by several prisoners, the majority of whom had been arrested for intoxication.

A YOUNG HOPEFUL.

Nicholas D. Rogers, doing business at No. 458 Third avenue, had in his employ some time ago a young man named Wm. Robinson, aged 16. A few days ago Rogers discharged the boy for having been intoxicated on several occasions; and on Monday the latter came into the store and stole a brush valued at $4. Robinson was committed to answer in default of $300 bail.

ACTION OF THE POLICE JUSTICES.

At the Essex Market Police Court, yesterday, a number of prisoners were brought in on the morning return from the Twenty-first precinct. In each case inquiry was made by Justice Shandley as to whether the Fourth District Police Court was open, and upon a reply in the affirmative the different officers in charge of prisoners were instructed to take them there first, and in the event of the presiding magistrate there refusing to adjudicate in the matter of complaint, that that court would then entertain and dispose of the cases, but not otherwise.

GRANTING LICENSES.

Colonel Bartram, the Inspector of Excise, was busily engaged all day yesterday in attending to the wants of those liquor dealers who came to procure new licenses—as the licenses of 1866 were withdrawn yesterday. From nine o'clock in the morning up to five o'clock in the evening the hallways leading to the Excise Inspector's office were crowded to repletion with the applicants.

On Monday two hundred licenses were granted, and yesterday three hundred and twenty additional ones were allowed. The sum total received for new licenses up to five P. M. was $140,000. Three-fifths of the licenses granted were of the first class, by which the possessors are privileged to sell spirituous liquors as well as malt.

The Inspector has not as yet given out to any applicant who has paid his license money the license itself; but each dealer who came yesterday to the office with an application indorsed by the Committee on Applications, received a permit to keep open house and sell liquors during legal hours, until the licenses are made out, when the permits will be recalled and the licenses, of course, be the best protection against prying policemen.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

BOARD OF COUNTY CANVASSERS.—The Board met at eleven o'clock yesterday morning, and after completing the canvass in the Tenth and Fourteenth wards adjourned to eleven o'clock this morning.

THE BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSIONERS.—The new Fire Commissioners will in all probability meet this morning and organize the new Board by the election of a president and treasurer. The new Board consists of Commissioners Wilson, Shaler, Abbe, Gallway and Engs. It is said that Mr. Abbe will be the president and Mr. Engs the treasurer of the new Board.

INCREASE OF SALARIES OF POSTAL CLERKS.—Yesterday being the last of the month—"pay day" at the Post Office—considerable anxiety was manifested by the many clerks, some five hundred in number, as to the certainty of an increase of their salaries. All doubt, however, was soon dispelled when the cashier began paying to each clerk drawing a salary of $1,000 or less twenty per cent increase, and those over that sum ten per cent. Considerable enthusiasm was displayed by the clerks, who were not unmindful of the untiring exertions of Postmaster Kelly in their behalf.

THE BROADWAY BRIDGE.—For several days a corps of knights of the brush have been engaged in painting runic figures upon the now completed iron structure across Broadway at the intersection of Fulton street, and in a few days, the weather being sunny, the bridge will be opened for public use. A wag, passing it yesterday, suggested an emendation of a certain couplet in Butler's Hudibras, to the effect that

The Broadway bridge, by twice a score of men,
Was first put up and then pulled down again.

Four lamps, one at each corner, have been erected upon slender standards, by way of lighting the structure. The bridge was originally contracted to be built for $15,000, but, as nearly as can be learned, it is likely to cost about $25,000.

ASSOCIATION FOR THE ADVANCEMENT OF SCIENCE AND ART.—A paper was read last evening at the rooms of the Society on "The Existing and Prospective Modes of Tanning." A large number of the members were in attendance. The paper contained some very interesting statistics as to this art, and clearly exhibited the advantages that tanners would derive from using the extract of hemlock on the seaboard, instead of locating their tanneries in the interior adjacent to the forests. By this course they would save an enormous amount in transportation of the raw hides to the interior and the return of the tanner's leather to the market. It also indicated a chemical means by which the process of securing the extract could be much simplified and separated from the coloring matter, which is more or less injurious to leather, and renders it loose and liable to absorb water.

THE FARMERS' CLUB.—The regular weekly meeting of the Farmers' Club was held yesterday afternoon, at the Cooper Institute, Mr. Nathan C. Ely in the chair. The debate on the truth or falsehood of the representations which have been made in reference to Vineland was continued, both sides of the question being maintained with considerable earnestness, though all agreed that manure was necessary to make the soil produce anything. The value of ashes as a fertilizer was also discussed. Some agricultural implements were subsequently examined, after which the Club adjourned.

UNION THEOLOGICAL SEMINARY.—The Hebrew chair in this educational institution, which is under the auspices of the Presbyterian church, has been tendered to Dr. Ganse, the able divine of the Dutch Reformed church, Twenty-third street. Dr. Ganse has not yet signified his acceptance of the professorship, but it is believed that he is disposed to do so.

FOOT RACE.—The foot race between Davis and Wilson for $500 a side, advertised to take place at the Union Half Mile Track yesterday, was postponed on account of the rainy state of the weather.

SCHOOL EXAMINATION.—Messrs. Henry Kiddle and Thos. F. Harrison conducted an examination yesterday of the scholars who meet in Grammar School No. 27, Forty-second street. The results were of a highly satisfactory character and speak well for the care of Mr. Cremin and his highly efficient staff of teachers. In the female department, about eighty-eight per cent passed successfully, while in the male department the average was nearly ninety per cent. The singing and penmanship were specially good, and called for commendation from the examiners, and the drill and discipline were so near perfection that one hundred per cent were reported to have passed in those important branches of school matters. The school continues to be well attended, and is reported as being in thoroughly good and efficient condition.

LIFE-SAVING APPARATUS.—The government commission on life-saving inventions met yesterday at the usual place, Mr. Bemis presiding. After disposing of some routine business they adjourned to a foundry in West street, where they examined two different descriptions of anchors and a non-inflammable lye wash. Wood and cloth saturated with this wash were dried and held in a furnace, but emitted little or no flame. The Board then proceeded to Jersey City, where they witnessed a test of a fire extinguisher, after which they returned to the city and adjourned until this morning.

ALLEGED VIOLATION OF THE EXCISE LAW.—Richard Smith, No. 120 Greene street, was yesterday brought before Justice Dodge, at the Jefferson Market Police Court, charged with a violation of the Excise law. He was held to answer in the sum of $300.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.—Mrs. Emma Clark, a woman aged forty-four years, attempted to commit suicide about nine o'clock yesterday morning by jumping into the river from one of the Greenpoint ferryboats while it was crossing the stream. She was rescued by the hands of the boat and conveyed to Bellevue Hospital.

BURGLARY.—The work shop of Samuel Kinsey, who does business as a harness plater at 80½ Greene street, was entered by burglars from the rear yard of the building on Monday night and robbed of about fifty dollars' worth of property.

FOUND DROWNED.—The remains of an unknown man, apparently about forty-five years of age, were yesterday found floating in the dock foot of Eighth street, East river. Deceased was five feet eight inches in height and of light complexion. He was dressed in a dark coat, light ribbed pants and woollen shirt. An inquest will be held over the remains.

FATAL RAILROAD ACCIDENT.—Yesterday morning, about ten o'clock, an aged man named Carr, while attempting to cross the Fourth Avenue Railroad track, between 107th and 108th streets, was struck by the locomotive attached to an express train of cars belonging to the New Haven Railroad Company, knocked down, run over and almost instantly killed. His remains were taken up by the Twenty-third precinct police, and Coroner Schirmer notified to hold an inquest. Deceased lived in 114th street, near Seventh avenue.

SUICIDE BY HANGING.—A German dry goods pedler, named Abraham Hauser, who lived at No. 371 East Fourth street, was, at an early hour yesterday morning, found hanging in his parlor, and quite dead. It is thought that deceased was temporarily deranged, caused by heavy losses in business. Mr. Hauser has left a widow and ten children. An inquest will be held on the body by Coroner Gamble, who was notified. Deceased was forty-one years of age.

THE DEATH OF MR. LANG.—Coroner Schirmer yesterday held an inquest at Bellevue Hospital on the body of John Lang, whose death was the result of injuries received by accidentally falling from a new building in Fourteenth street, near avenue A, to the pavement. Deceased was twenty years of age, unmarried, and a native of Germany. He lived at No. 5 avenue A.

THE LATE REAR ADMIRAL CADWALLADER RINGGOLD, U. S. N.

The Funeral To-Day—Order from Rear Admiral Bell.

Rear Admiral Charles H. Bell, commanding the Brooklyn Navy Yard, has issued the following order for the guidance of officers of the navy, army and Marine corps who are desirous of attending the funeral of the late Rear Admiral Cadwallader Ringgold to-day:—

COMMANDANT'S OFFICE, NAVY YARD,
NEW YORK, April 30, 1867.

Died yesterday, 29th inst., at four P. M., Rear Admiral Cadwallader Ringgold, United States Navy. The officers of the navy, army and Marine corps are invited to attend his funeral, from his late residence, No. 33 Union place, near Sixteenth street, to-morrow, May 1, at half-past eleven A. M. The officers will please attend in undress uniform, with swords.

CHAS. H. BELL, Rear Admiral U. S. N.,
Com. Navy Yard and Station, New York.

The funeral cortège will move at noon to-day from his late residence, No. 33 Union square, down Broadway to Trinity church, where the services will take place at one o'clock. After the services the body will be taken to Baltimore for interment in the Green Mount Cemetery, where it will be placed close to the remains of his late brother, the gallant Major Ringgold, who fell at the battle of Palo Alto.

SALES OF REAL ESTATE.

By Muller, Wilkins & Co.

4 lots n. s. 97th st., 100 ft. east 4th av., co. 25x100.11, co.	$1,020
4 lots s. s. 98th st., 100 ft. east 4th av., co. 25x100.11, co.	1,075
1 lot n. s. 56th st., 25 ft. east 9th av., 25x100.5	7,000
1 lot s. e. cor. 3d av. and 113th st., 20.6x80	4,400
1 lot adjoining, 20x80	3,075
8 lots adjoining, each 20x80, each	3,050
1 lot adjoining, 20x80	3,025
1 lot e. s. 112th st., 25 feet east 3d av., 25x100.5	1,000
6 lots adjoining, each 20x100.5, each	1,200
7 lots adjoining, each 20x100.5, each	1,200

UNITED STATES NAVAL CONTRIBUTION TO THE PARIS EXPOSITION.—Our national naval contribution to the Paris Exposition will be the fine war steamer Franklin, commanded by Admiral Farragut. The Franklin will probably go from Boston to New York and start from here. General DeWitt C. Clarke, Chief Executive Clerk of the Senate, will go out in the Franklin as bearer of dispatches.

THE LABOR QUESTION.

Master Masons.

A special meeting of the Master Masons of this city and county was held yesterday afternoon, at No. 51 Liberty street, to discuss the propriety of granting the increase of wages (from $2 50 to $3 per day) which had been fixed upon at a late meeting of the journeymen to be demanded this morning. The meeting having been called to order it was moved, seconded and carried that John T. Conover officiate as President of the meeting, and W. M. Jackson as Secretary. At this stage it oozed out that several members of the press were present, and a motion was adopted that they be requested to retire. The meeting then proceeded to business, of which only the result could be gleaned. The discussion occupied a couple of hours, during which the prospects of business were canvassed, and the results of a general strike argued and reargued. At half-past three o'clock the following motion was offered and adopted:—

Resolved, That the prospects of business for 1867 are not such as to warrant the master masons in granting any increase of wages for the present.

An informal resolution was then adopted to the effect that no part of the debate be given to the press, and at four o'clock the meeting was adjourned.

Housesmiths.

The Housesmiths' Mutual Protective Association held a regular meeting last evening, at Millman's Hall, corner of Seventh avenue and Twenty-sixth street. No business other than routine was transacted. The reports received informally from the different members of the association exhibited a very satisfactory condition of affairs in the matter of wages, they being all in the receipt of a regular advance.

Hackney Coach Drivers.

The hackney coach drivers of this city held a meeting at the Sixteenth Ward Hotel, on Monday evening last, for the purpose of taking into consideration the most available means to obtain an increase of wages. After some deliberation the conclusion was arrived at, that their employers, the livery stable keepers, should be respectfully solicited to grant the advance desired—all idea of a "strike" being discountenanced by the meeting. An address was finally adopted setting forth that the present rate of compensation, eleven dollars per week, was totally inadequate to the support of themselves and families; and that, in consequence of increased rents, the high price of provisions, &c., they could not meet the necessities of those dependent on them, for less than fourteen dollars per week. Included in this address was a statement published not long since in the HERALD, showing the actual cost of living for a family of two persons; and the document closed by respectfully soliciting the stable proprietors to