TELEGRAPHIC NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

MEXICO.

Trouble in Tabasco—The Yucatan Elections—Collector of Mazatlan Carries Off Funds—Chihuahua Mining—General Items.

HAVANA, May 11, 1868.

The French mail steamer Paris has arrived here with dates from Vera Cruz to the 5th inst. and from Sisal to the 7th. Her mails from the city of Mexico are to April 30.

In Tabasco the government employés had joined the insurgents in Tonalapa. Colonel Aguado had started in their pursuit.

Government had ordered the elections in Yucatan to take place immediately. Government had also praised General Alatorre for his conduct of the Yucatan campaign, and had censured Señor Ancona, the new Governor, for having postponed the elections; nevertheless, it admitted that as he was on the spot and knew the situation best the troops should be withdrawn so as to allow fair play in the elections and tranquillize the peninsula.

The defeat of Negrete near Tulancingo is officially confirmed.

The port of Mazatlan had been closed by order of President Juarez while it was in the hands of General Martinez.

Colonel Dávalos, with four hundred rebels, had left for Guaymas, as also the Collector of the Customs, with as much of the funds as he could transport.

Re-enforcements were expected in Jalisco for the national army. The discontent there was alarming, owing to election intrigues.

An English company had contracted to work the Santa Eulalia mines in Chihuahua. A company of Americans had bought the mines of Uracht. A party of Philadelphians were negotiating for the purchase of those of Guanaceni. The gold placer at the latter point extends a distance of one hundred and twenty miles. There were in Chihuahua twelve hundred Americans engaged in mining, as well as a large number of Germans. They are making so far only $2 a day.

A motion had been made in Congress to suppress the remaining legal holidays.

The merchants of Chihuahua had petitioned Congress to suppress the depreciated silver and copper coins that are circulating in that State.

Fragoso's name had been proposed for the office of chief of the new mounted gendarmerie.

The loss to the revenue by the recent smuggling operations of one vessel at La Paz is estimated at $80,000. The government now demands the full amount from the consignees and owners.

The assassins of Braniff are still at large, and the authorities seem to be indifferent as to securing them.

The successful operations of General Corona in Sinaloa have been confirmed.

The colonists recently settled at Tuxpan had been informed by the authorities that all religions are tolerated in Mexico.

Smallpox had begun to show itself at Zacatecas.

Señor Mendez, the Prefect of Misantla, had been dismissed for having ordered the bandit Ortiz to be shot without a trial.

At the Conservatory of Music, in the capital, Señorita Olasta had been killed by accident.

An entire cargo of goods destined for Guadalajara had been stolen by bandits on the road. Such robberies had become frequent since the troops left for Sinaloa. Lynch had been recommended as the only cure.

General Escobedo was at Monterey.

At Oaxaca a curate had been fined $100 for organizing a procession on Good Friday, such outdoor ceremonies being now illegal.

The Legislature of Zacatecas had authorized the appropriation of $200,000 for the reworking of the Fresnillo mines.

The Governor of Puebla was mistrustful of his ability to keep order, and had asked for troops.

The stage between Orizaba and Paso del Macho had been robbed.

General Figueroa had been sent in pursuit of the bandit Galvez.

General Alvarez was levying troops in Titloapam.

HAYTI.

Capture of Diamond Fort on San Mario—Salnave Penned at Gonaives—Successes of the Cacos—Geffrard to be Recalled—Strange Reports About the American Minister and Americans Generally in Connection with the Cacos.

HAVANA, May 11, 1868.

By an arrival from Hayti at Santiago de Cuba we have the news that General Nissage Sayet had taken Fort Diamant and the town of San Mario. The whole populace cheered and shouted *vivas* in honor of Geffrard.

The entire north of the republic is in possession of the Cacos, and President Salnave is surrounded in Gonaives, which is expected soon to fall into the rebels' hands.

A deputation had been sent to Kingston, Jamaica, to request Geffrard to return to Hayti.

The successes of the Cacos are attributed to the presence among them of American *filibusteros*, and the American Minister is accused of having supplied the money to get up and maintain the revolution. The Cacos are well supplied with funds, and some parties state positively that they are also led by American officers. Among the rumors of this nature is one to the effect that after the overthrow of President Salnave the annexation of Hayti to the United States would be proclaimed.

CUBA.

Decisive Action of the American Government in the Case of the Seized Vessels—Another American Vessel Fined.

[From the Evening Telegram of yesterday.]

HAVANA, May 11, 1868.

Information has been received here to the effect that the American government has come to a decisive determination regarding the cases of the brig Imaho and other vessels. Instructions were received by the steamer Eagle to resist paying the fines until the Spanish government enforce them, and then to pay them under protest.

At Matanzas the American bark Sena has been fined $900 for a mistake in her manifest. The cargo consisted of lumber, and the entry was correct in feet, but a clerical error was made in reducing them to metres.

When Captain General Lersundi returns the matter will probably be arranged.

A Spanish Iron-Clad Sails for New York—Sugar Market—Provisions—Exchange.

HAVANA, May 11, 1868.

The Spanish iron-clad Tetuan sailed to-day for New York.

Captain General Lersundi has returned from the interior of the island.

Sugar market quiet at 8½ a 8¾ reals per arroba for No. 12 Dutch standard. Flour, $12 50 per bbl. Lard 19½c. a 20c. for tierce and 21½c. per pound in 25 lb. tins.

Exchange on London 9¾ a 10 per cent premium; on United States, in currency, 30 per cent discount; in gold, 2 premium.

ST. DOMINGO.

Formation of Two New States—Annexation Rumors.

HAVANA, May 11, 1868.

Advices from St. Domingo are that two new States had been formed. There was a strong party in favor of annexation to the United States.

KENTUCKY.

The Lexington Races.

LEXINGTON, May 11, 1868.

The spring meeting over the Lexington Association Course commenced on Saturday, the 9th instant. The first race was a sweepstake for three year olds that had never won a race; $20 entrances, play or pay; mile and repeat; $500 added; fourteen nominations. The race was won by J. V. Gregsley's br. f. Minnie Milton. Time 1:50 and 1:54½.

The second race, Railroad purse, $200, mile and repeat, for all ages, was won by Lucy Gray after four hotly contested heats. Time, 1:51¾, 1:52¾, 1:53½ and 1:55.

SECOND DAY.

MONDAY, MAY 11, 1868.

The Phœnix stake, mile heats, for three year old colts and fillies, $250 added, twelve entries, was won by General Buford's br. c. Crossland after three heats were run. Time, 1:54¾, 1:54¾ and 1:54½.

The second race, mile heats for all ages, purse $150, was won by Mr. H. P. McGrath's ch. g. Erin, who won two out of three heats; time 1:52¾, 1:52¾ and 1:55¾. This race was very exciting on account of Ford's rider falling off when making the first turn, but the filly kept on around the track and passed the stand thirty yards ahead of the winning horse.

ENGLAND.

Anti-Popery Riots—A Number of Persons Shot.

LONDON, May 11, 1868.

Considerable excitement was occasioned to-day on the receipt of telegrams from Ashton Under Lyne (a great centre of cotton, woollen and gingham cloths manufacture, six and a half miles' ride from Manchester) announcing the breaking out of a serious anti-Popery riot in that city.

The mob paraded the streets, sacking houses and outraging people.

Several persons were shot.

At the last accounts the riot had been suppressed and the city was quiet.

FRANCE.

Napoleon and Eugenie in Orleans—Peaceful Assurances.

PARIS, May 11, 1868.

The Emperor and Empress were at Orleans on Saturday, from which city they returned to-day.

Upon their arrival in the ancient city, delivered from the English siege in 1428 by the heroic "Maid of Orleans," they were received by the Mayor on the part of the people in an address of welcome.

The Emperor replied briefly. After expressing his thanks, he said he was happy to be in a city made sacred by glorious religious and political memories, and devoted to active industry. He was sure that such labors were safe in the general assurance of peace.

The Bishop of Orleans spoke in reply, and concluded by invoking blessings on the Emperor and Empress.

GERMANY.

Commercial Relations With Austria.

BERLIN, May 11, 1868.

The Zollverein Diet of the North German Confederation has adopted the customs treaty recently negotiated with Austria.

ILLINOIS.

The Methodist Episcopal Conference.

CHICAGO, May 11, 1868.

The Conference assembled at the usual hour. The order of business, the presentation of memorials and petitions, was taken up. Dr. McClintock, of New York, presented a memorial for the union of the Methodist Episcopal Church with the Protestant Episcopal Church, signed by ministers of the latter denomination, which was referred.

Rev. A. Wheeler, of North Ohio, presented numerous petitions for a lay delegation. As the roll was called nearly every delegate presented petitions, more or less numerously signed, in favor of the same.

At ten o'clock the special order was taken up, being the reception of delegates of the Methodist Episcopal church in Canada. The Secretary read the credentials of the delegation and afterwards the address of the body which they represented.

Rev. Mr. Perrett, of the delegates, was then introduced to the Conference and presented an address giving an interesting sketch of the origin, progress and prospects of Methodism in Canada.

At eleven o'clock the Conference resumed the consideration of the question of the admission of Southern delegates. Rev. Dr. Foote said that, being chairman of the special committee, he desired to harmonize the views of the committee, to constitute the Conference *de facto*, and thus admit them to the right of representation; that the Annual Conference has the right of representation, of which they cannot be deprived by this body; but in the opinion of the speaker these Southern conferences were not annual conferences according to the original law of the Church. He referred to the action of the last General Conference, and endeavored to show that the enabling act under which these bodies were organized did not contemplate their formation without certain disabilities. He contended that although the General Conference could not deprive the existing annual conference of the right of representation, it could deny that right to the conferences to be organized. He said that the claimants at the door of this body were not delegates, but that in the act under which Southern conferences were organized there was nothing to prevent them from electing delegates and sending them here, and that the General Conference has power to erect them into annual conferences and admit their delegates to seats.

Rev. Dr. Harris offered the following:—

Resolved, That all action of the General Conference of 1864 restricting, or purporting to restrict, the rights and privileges of the annual conferences which the bishops were authorized by said General Conference to form within the United States and Territories be and the same is hereby repealed.

Resolved, That the following conferences—viz: Alabama, Delaware, Georgia, Holliston, Massachusetts, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, Virginia, North Carolina and Washington—are hereby declared to be annual conferences of the Methodist Episcopal Church, and vested with all the rights, privileges and immunities usual to annual conferences of said Church.

Resolved, That provisional delegates to this body elected by aforesaid conferences severally are hereby admitted to membership in this General Conference, and entitled to exercise the same rights as delegates from other annual conferences, provided always that they shall be found otherwise qualified according to the law of the Church.

Resolved, That a committee of seven be appointed, to which shall be referred the credentials of said provisional delegates, together with so much of the journals of said conferences as relates to their election, and that the committee report at the earliest practicable moment.

Mr. Jesse T. Peck, D. D., obtained the floor and spoke fifteen minutes in favor of the admission of the claimants.

Dr. Henry Slicer next addressed the conference and vindicated his section from the charge that Liberia was made a mission conference without representation through the influence of the South, and then proceeded to show that according to his view of the law in the case it would be impossible to admit Southern representatives.

Rev. Dr. McClintock, of New York, replied to Dr. Foster. At the close of his speech,

Dr. Patterson, of Philadelphia, moved to lay the report of the special committee and the substitute of Dr. Reddys on the table, with the view to adopt the resolutions of Dr. Harris. Adopted.

Dr. Harris' resolutions being now before the conference, it was agreed that they be voted on seriatim, subject to amendment, without debate. All of the resolutions were adopted and the result greeted with great cheering.

The conference adjourned to meet to-morrow.

LOUISIANA.

Suspension of State Taxes in the Overflowed Districts—Fire in New Orleans—Loss $100,000.

NEW ORLEANS, May 11, 1868.

General Buchanan has suspended the collection of taxes for 1865 and 1866 on lands overflowed last year until the 1st of January, 1869, upon a recommendation of Governor Baker, on account of the distress the collection at the present year would cause in the overflowed districts.

A section of the Montgomery warehouse, on Front, Levee and Fulton streets, New Orleans, filled with corn and baled hay, was destroyed by fire Sunday night. Loss $100,000. It was the work of an incendiary. The large warehouse, filled with quartermaster's stores, adjoining, was saved with difficulty, owing to the scarcity of water.

MASSACHUSETTS.

The National Bank Defalcation at Boston—The Accused Parties Held for Trial.

BOSTON, May 11, 1868.

James D. Martin, the alleged defaulting cashier of the Hide and Leather Bank of this city was arraigned before United States Commissioner Hallett this morning, with Alexander C. Felton, who is implicated with him, for preliminary examination on charges of conspiracy to defraud said bank. The president and John B. Alley, one of the directors, testified that both the accused had admitted to them that the defalcation would amount to $180,000, but would not exceed $200,000. The real figures cannot be arrived at for some days. The examination resulted in holding both of them for trial—Martin in bail of $50,000 and Felton of $100,000. Felton, it is said, is implicated in having induced Martin to cash his drafts unknown to the bank directors, and failing afterwards to make the consequent deficits good.

The Governor Vetoes the Bill Abolishing the State Constabulary.

BOSTON, May 11, 1868.

Governor Bullock sent a message to the House of Representatives this afternoon vetoing the "bill for the better enforcement of the laws," which provides for the abolition of the State constabulary and the appointment of two or more deputy sheriffs in each county to attend specially to the enforcement of the laws, and giving the Governor special control over the police of the different municipalities in case of emergency.

In his veto message the Governor says that he deems the proposed force entirely inadequate to perform the work, while they would be simply local officers, lacking the advantages derived from mutual assistance and communication through a central bureau, so efficient at present. He further objects to the proposed force as being virtually elective, and that thus the laws will not be uniformly enforced throughout the State. In the matter of giving him control over the municipal police, he says that it will be indeed an emergency when the Chief Magistrate of the commonwealth shall be compelled to assume in person the duties of chief of local police. He says he is satisfied that the majority of the people of the commonwealth wish no change, and that if any were made it would be injurious.

The House will undoubtedly pass the bill over the veto to-morrow, but it will scarcely get a two-thirds vote in the Senate.

MISSISSIPPI.

The Democrats Assembling in Convention.

JACKSON, May 11, 1868.

The democrats of Mississippi meet again in convention to-morrow. Delegates are arriving in large numbers. Candidates for State offices will be nominated and the policy to be pursued in the coming campaign, which will be a vigorous one, will be established.

The State Convention is still in session. Their work is of little importance.

AMUSEMENTS.

NIBLO'S GARDEN—"WHITE FAWN."—In this seventeenth week of the success of "The White Fawn" what more is left to be said about Mark Smith as King Dingdong, Vining Bowers as Lord Twaddledum, Miss Fanny Stockton as Aqualina, with the songs composed for her by Howard Glover, ("Fairy Call" and "Bridal Morn") or of "The Yellow Empire" and the "Enchanted Lake of the Sycamores," "The Fish Kingdom," "The Loves of Martha and Lionel" or "The Fire Fly" and the "Farragut Matelot," except that in these last two ballets Mlle. Maria Westmayler, *première danseuse* of Jarrett and Palmer's Viennese Ballet Troupe, made, last evening, not unsuccessfully, her first appearance in New York? In the third act, however, Mlle. de Rosa made her first appearance in America—an event in the history of the ballet in this country. In the grand *pas de deux* with M. Van Hamme, as well as in the new *ballet d'action*, "The Artist's Idol," composed by M. Costa, Mlle. de Rosa amply justified the title given to her on the programme of "Renowned Star Première Assoluta." In neither Turin, Florence nor Milan can Mlle. de Rosa have been more heartily applauded than she was last evening for steadiness of *pose*, elasticity of step or gracefulness of motion. Her first appearance in America was deservedly a decided success. We need hardly add that Mlle. Augusta Schlke danced her inimitable Hungarian Polka with all her wonted *verve*, or that the *souplesse* and grace of *la petite* Schlaeger were as greatly admired as ever.

THEATRE FRANCAIS—ENGLISH OPERA.—Miss Caroline Richings, who had the honor of inaugurating this theatre two years ago, returned to it last evening with her unrivalled company. The opera was "Martha," and in the title *rôle* the fair directress and artist was all that we have ever said about her in the same *rôle*. Mrs. Seguin, *née* Miss Zelda Harrison, appeared as Nancy and carried off a large proportion of the honors of the evening. Her arch vivacity, beautiful contralto voice and prepossessing appearance render her one of the favorites of the company. Castle and Campbell were, as usual, good, and the celebrated spinning wheel quartet was given in splendid style by those artists. The chorus was rather shaky in the first act, but improved after and the orchestra was rather too demonstrative. Mr. Castle as Lionel should not appear in the costume of one of the Hanlon brothers, and Mr. Behrens, the leader of the orchestra, should keep a strong rein over those confided to his care. Mr. Seguin in the small part of Tristram, and J. G. Peakes as the High Sheriff were excellent and amusing. To-night Wallace's "Maritana" will be given.

Musical and Theatrical Gossip.

The musical festival which will commence at Steinway Hall on Monday next, under the direction of Mr. L. F. Harrison, promises to be the grandest affair of the kind ever got up in this country. It will be an improvement on the Boston festival, inasmuch as there are more novelties on the programme and as a general rule better artists. The following will take part in it:—Madame Parepa-Rosa, soprano; Miss Maria Brainerd, soprano; Mrs. Marie Abbott, soprano; Mrs. Jenny Kempton, contralto; Miss C. V. Hutchings, contralto; Simpson, tenor; Thomas, basso; Rosa, violinist; Mills, pianist; Pattison, pianist; Morgan, organist; Bergner, violoncellist; Colby, accompanist; Dietz, cornet; Letsch, trombone; Hill, tenor; Bartlett, baritone; Steins, basso; Kopta, violinist; Mason, pianist; Pease, pianist; Connolly, organist; Toulmin, harp; Schmitz, horn; Eben, flute. An immense chorus and orchestra, the Seventh regiment band and a large drum corps will also assist. The programme comprises the "Messiah," "Creation," "Elijah," Bach's suite in D. No. 3; Overture, "Magic Flute," Mozart; Introduction to "Medea," Cherubini; pastoral symphony No. 6, Beethoven; symphony, "Wellington's Victory," Beethoven; overture to "Leonore," No. 3, Beethoven; symphony in B minor, Schubert; reformation symphony, first time, Mendelssohn; fourth symphony, Schumann; dramatic symphony, "Romeo and Juliet," Berlioz; Struensee music, Meyerbeer; Vorspiel, "Die Meistersinger von Nuernberg," Wagner; Mephisto waltz, Liszt; concerto for piano and orchestra, S. B. Mills, Chopin; overture to "King Manfred," first time, Reinecke; new symphony, F. L. Ritter; concerto for piano and orchestra, J. N. Pattison, Henselt; new concerto for piano and orchestra, Pease; overture, "St. John the Baptist," G. W. Morgan.

"Under the Gaslight" was revived at the Boston theatre for the first two nights last week, but did not draw enough money to pay for the gaslight of the theatre, and we hope it has gone out for good now.

Mrs. Booth benefited on Wednesday last and had a very good house and three bouquets. A Shakspearian bill was given, including "As You Like It" and "Taming of the Shrew."

Miss Amy Girdlestone, a Boston aspirant to histrionic honors, made her *début* last night at the Arch, Philadelphia, in a dramatic version of the "Daughter of the Regiment."

Edwin Adams concluded his Pittsburg engagement on Saturday, and was succeeded by the Viennese ballet troupe of Messrs. Jarrett & Palmer.

Barnum's singed curiosities are in the same city.

"Don Pasquale" was given on Friday in Louisville by Madame La Grange and Brignoli.

Annual Meeting of the Dramatic Fund Association.

The annual meeting of this association was held yesterday afternoon at the rooms of the secretary, 842 Broadway. There being a quorum present at half-past one o'clock, Mr. Davidge, who presided, stated that the business under the regulations which governed the Fund was the consideration and amendment of the by-laws, next the reading of the annual report of the treasurer, and lastly the election of officers for the ensuing year, the polls being, for that purpose, kept open from two until four o'clock.

The Secretary then stated that amendments to rules eight, nineteen and twenty-three of the by-laws had been proposed. It was proposed under rule eight to so increase the dues of those who, in the future, may become members of the association, that the payments of young members shall in all respects equal the payments of old members, thereby adding to the annual dues of new members about $15. The amendment to rule nineteen proposed to do away with all dues except during temporary sickness; and the change in rule twenty-three was to the effect that henceforth when a subscriber to the Fund who has arrived at the age of fifty years and upwards marries a young woman and should die, his widow shall not be entitled to any benefit, pecuniary or otherwise, from the association!

These amendments were very deliberately discussed and unanimously adopted. A young lady present stated that she highly approved of the substitute for rule twenty-three. She did not believe in young women marrying elderly gentlemen, who were members of the association simply because there was a slight probability of the said elderly gentlemen dying and they (the bereaved young women) receiving an income, however small, from the Fund. Of course the argument of the lady was unhesitatingly subscribed to by the gentlemen. Henceforth it is provided by the Dramatic Fund Association that it is against the order of its proceedings for young women to marry (in age) their grandfathers!

The Treasurer of the Fund then read the annual financial report, from which we glean the following items:—There are 189 subscribers to the Fund. Its assets are $41,783 63. The total receipts for the past year were $5,123 39. From this sum there were paid for annuities $2,128 47; to widows, $887 85; to sick members, $309 55; to orphans, $71 85; for funerals, $100; to incidental expenses, $65 99; to salaries, $802 01; for printing, $166, and for rent $264—making a total of $4,796 54, and leaving a balance to be credited to the Fund of $326 75. The estimated income of the current year is placed at $4,886, of which about one-half will be derived from the interest of the capital stock of the fund.

The association then proceeded to the election of officers for the years 1868-'69, and, with one or two exceptions, the members voted to retain those whom they have chosen for some years to manage the interests of the Fund. One of the board of managers was removed by death during the year.

PUBLIC EDUCATION.

The Course of Studies in the Public Schools.

The second public meeting of the joint committee of the Board of Education having charge of examining into the feasibility of amending the course of studies in the schools was held last evening at the hall of the Board of Education in Grand street. Commissioners Dupignac, Hall, West, Neilson, Warren, Euring and Duryea, of the committee, with the chairman, Commissioner Merrill, were present at the time of opening the meeting, and the large assembly room of the Board was crowded by the teachers, male and female, of the various schools and friends of the public school system. The discussion was continued by Messrs. Carlisle, James and Carroll and Messdames Beale, Blake, Loveridge, Wood, Simpson, Pardee, Vanderbilt and Simms. They all seemed to agree on the points submitted to the committee at its previous session, namely, that there is too much labor imposed upon both teachers and pupils by the present course of studies; that the course as prescribed is too indefinite; that the system of marking by percentage should be abolished, inasmuch as it cannot show the true standing of a class; that the system of review-passes should be abolished and no teacher be held responsible for the studies of a lower grade. And in addition to these the teachers in the primary schools complain that they, having at least twice as many pupils as the other departments, have too much imposed on them; that they are frequently obliged to train young teachers as well as young pupils; and they suggested that the school hours should terminate at two o'clock, and that a vacation of at least one week in spring time would be found of material benefit to the health of both teachers and scholars. The meeting adjourned, after a lengthy but interesting session, until Monday evening, 25th instant.

NEWS ITEMS.

A young man named Grant, who was shot at Florence, Boone county, Ky., about a week ago by the accidental discharge of a pistol in his own pocket, died on Sunday of tetanus.

The bodies of John Crothy and Walter and Milton Perkey, the three boys who were drowned in Mill creek, near Cincinnati, Ohio, last Saturday afternoon, were recovered on Sunday morning. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental drowning.

Hon. John Morrissey was in Cincinnati on Sunday and left yesterday for New York. While in Cincinnati he was visited by horsemen, prize fighters, railroad men and other professional gentlemen and also by invalids anxious to learn the result of his treatment in Arkansas. He received two invitations to dine out, two to attend public entertainment, three to act as referee at a base ball match, and one to attend the exercises at the Young Men's Christian Association.

General Schofield has appointed G. W. Gunn Mayor of Winchester, Va.

The large cotton and woollen mill of Jos. Lee & Sons, of Norristown, Pa., was burned yesterday afternoon. Loss $20,000.

The large tobacco factory of D. L. Mace & Co., in Richmond, Va., was seized yesterday for an alleged violation of the internal revenue laws.

George H. Joliff, a fireman in Boston, was run over and killed by a hook and ladder company at an alarm of fire yesterday morning.

At the Criminal Court at Baltimore yesterday William H. Foster, colored, convicted of the murder of Emeline Parks, also colored, was sentenced to be hanged, and John W. Dixon, colored, convicted of the murder of Mary Ellen Waters, colored, to eighteen years in the Penitentiary.

The Canada *Gazette* contains a copy of a despatch from the Duke of Buckingham to Lord Monck, stating that passports will not be granted naturalized citizens travelling in Europe, unless they come to the British Foreign Office provided with certificates of identity.

A fire broke out in the store of Joseph & Brother, wholesale clothiers, in Cincinnati yesterday, and destroyed the stock and injured the building and those adjoining to the amount of $27,000.

Navigation on the lake bids fair to come to a close, although so lately opened; this time, however, from causes entirely distinct from cold or ice. Eighteen vessels have discharged their crews and laid up at Buffalo, rather than run at the present low rates of freight.

A break in the canal at the Tonawanda culvert occurred yesterday and the water was drawn out for thirty-six hours to repair damages.

The General Meade has issued an order declaring the Georgia constitution ratified by 17,699 majority.

It is not yet determined whether the Georgia Legislature is democratic or radical.

The schooner Walton, from Portland, Me., arrived at Savannah yesterday in charge of the mate, who reports the loss overboard of Captain J. J. McCall, on the 1st of May, when off Hatteras, and two of the crew who went in a boat to search for the captain. The schooner came into port with only the mate, one sailor and the cook on board.

YACHT BUILDING.—In the building of yachts an improvement is announced. The masts are surrounded in the "step" with india rubber springs instead of being fastened by wedges. This plan is said to diminish the strain on the mast, and also to increase the speed of the vessel. It would seem to be applicable to all sailing craft as well as yachts.

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—LONDON, May 11—5 P. M.—Consols close at 94⅛ for money and 92⅝ a 92¾ for account. American securities close at the following rates:—United States five-twenties, 70¼ a 70½; Erie Railway shares, 46¾; Illinois Central, 95.

FRANKFORT BOURSE.—FRANKFORT, May 11.—United States five-twenty bonds close at 75¾ for the old issue.

PARIS BOURSE.—PARIS, May 11.—The Bourse closed dull. Rentes 69 francs 35 centimes.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, May 11—5 P. M.—The cotton market closed easier at a decline of 1 16d. in prices. The following are the closing quotations:—Middling uplands, 12d. a 12⅛d.; middling Orleans, 12⅛d. a 12¼d. The sales of the day foot up 7,000 bales.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, May 11—5 P M.—The market closed quiet. Corn, 38s. 9d. per quarter for new mixed Western. Wheat, 15s. 9d. for California white and 14s. 3d. for No. 2 red Western. Barley, 5s. 6d. per bushel. Oats, 4s. per bushel. Peas, 47s. 6d. per 504 lbs. Flour, 36s. 6d. per bbl. for Western canal.

LIVERPOOL PROVISIONS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, May 11, 5 P. M.—Beef 115s. per bbl. for extra prime mess. Pork 82s. 6d. per bbl. for eastern prime mess. Lard 70s. per cwt. Bacon 50s. per cwt. for Cumberland cut.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, May 11—5 P. M.—Rosin 6s. 9d. per cwt. for common North Carolina and 12s. for medium. Tallow, 44s. 6d. per cwt. Turpentine, 31s. per cwt. Clover seed, 44s. per cwt. for American red. Refined petroleum, 1s. 4d. per gallon. Spirits petroleum, 8d. per gallon.

LONDON MARKETS.—LONDON, May 11.—Sugar closed firm, but quotably unaltered. The last sales were made at 27s. 3d. per cwt. for No. 12 Dutch standard. Linseed oil, £35 10s. per ton. Sperm oil, £95 per ton. Linseed cakes, £10 5s. per ton for thin oblong for feeding.

PETROLEUM MARKET.—ANTWERP, May 11.—Petroleum closed dull. The last sales of standard white were made at 44f. per bbl.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

SOUTHAMPTON, May 11.—The steamship Teutonia, from New York April 28, arrived at eight o'clock this morning. The steamship Hermann, from New York April 30, arrived at nine o'clock last evening.

MAILS FOR EUROPE.

The Cunard mail steamship China will leave this port on Wednesday for Liverpool.

The mails for Europe will close at the Post Office at ten o'clock A. M. on Wednesday.

THE NEW YORK HERALD—Edition for Europe—will be ready at half-past ten o'clock in the morning.

Single copies, in wrappers for mailing, six cents.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Almanac for New York—This Day.

Sun rises..... 4 46 | Moon rises...morn — —
Sun sets..... 7 07 | High water....eve 12 23

PORT OF NEW YORK, MAY 11, 1868.

CLEARED.

Steamship Allemannia (NG), Bardua, Hamburg—Kunhardt & Co.
Ship N B Palmer, Low, Hong Kong—A A Low & Bro.
Ship Resolute, Freeman, Liverpool—Williams & Guion.
Ship Constellation, Jansen, Liverpool—Chas Carow.
Ship Harry Warren (Br), Jones, Boston—Bacon & Russell.
Bark Eliza Stevens, Phinney, Nuevitas—Brockway & Baker.
Brig Fanny (Br), Clay, Queenstown or Falmouth for orders—G F Bulley.
Brig Aurora (Br), Jollymore, Konigsberg—Peniston & Co.
Brig Isola, Cushman, St Louis, WCA—H P Sherman.
Brig Crimea, Waterhouse, Aspinwall—Walsh, Field & Way.
Brig Nelly Ware, Ware, Vera Cruz—Moss & Ward.
Brig Curacoa (Br), Lockhart, Barbados—H J DeWolf & Co.
Brig Alberti, Dow, Cardenas—H D & J U Brookman.
Brig San Carlos, Parker, Nuevitas—Miller & Houghton.
Brig Hiram Abiff, Tibbetts, Nuevitas—Miller & Houghton.
Schr Isabel, Duncan, St Kitts.
Schr Morning Star (Br), Cowen, Bermuda—N W Gardner.
Schr America (Br), Nason, Green Pond, NF—Crandall, Umphray & Co.
Schr Clara Jane (Br), Parker, St John, NB—Jed Frye & Co.
Schr Emma (Br), Davis, St Stephen, NB—G Boardman.
Schr Reindeer (Br), Miller, Halifax—Crandall, Umphray & Co.
Schr A W Collins, Tooker, Richmond, Va—Van Brunt & Slight.
Schr W W Brainerd, Pendleton, Philadelphia.
Schr Mary Stow, Parker, Elizabethport—Bentley, Miller & Thomas.
Schr America, Reynolds, Bristol—G N Stranahan.

ARRIVALS.

REPORTED BY THE HERALD STEAM YACHTS.

U S gunboat Don, Commander Ralph Chandler, Pensacola April 30, and Key West May 4. May 8, off Hatteras, experienced a heavy gale from SW, and lay hove to 24 hours.

Steamship City of Antwerp (Br), Minehouse, Liverpool April 29, and Queenstown 30th, with mdse and 1036 passengers, to John G Dale. May 2, lat 50 26, lon 23 45, saw steamer Tripoli, hence for Liverpool; 7th, lat 42 45, lon 47, passed ship Sunbeam, of Glasgow, bound W. Experienced westerly winds the entire passage.

Steamship Hatteras, Couch, Richmond and Norfolk, with mdse and passengers, to the Old Dominion Steamship Co.

Ship Herschel (NG), Friedrichs, Hamburg, 38 days, with mdse and 120 passengers, to H W O Edge. First part of passage strong westerly gales, latter part moderate weather; has had one birth and no death among the passengers.

Bark Argonaut (NG), Steengrafe, London, 54 days, with mdse, to Hermann Kopp & Co. Experienced heavy westerly winds the entire month of April.

Bark Eduard (NG), Halberstadt, Rotterdam, 61 days, with mdse, to Funck, Meineke & Wendt. Experienced heavy gales during the whole passage. Lat 55 57, lon 10 40, shipped a heavy sea, which carried away the fore hatch house, stove bulwarks and did other damage; April 25, lat 44 30, lon 43 20, saw several large icebergs; 26th, spoke fishing schr Lewis G Henry, of Marblehead, with 100 quintals of fish.

Bark Freihandel (NG), Hargesheimer, Bremen, March 25, with mdse and 250 passengers, to Oelrichs & Co. Had two deaths and one birth. Made the northern passage, and experienced stormy weather the entire voyage.

Bark Pelako (NG), Gerisch, Bremen, 30 days, with ballast and 121 passengers, to Reinhard Siedenburg. Experienced strong westerly winds the entire passage; had two deaths (children). March 18, lat 61 44, lon 2 30, saw a Spanish bark with foretopmast and maintopgallant masts gone and bulwarks stove, steering for the Irish coast; April 22, lat 44 13, lon 39 33, passed bark Eugenie (Br), steering E; April 29, lat 39 31, lon 53 32, passed ship Florence Treat, short, from Philadelphia for Antwerp.

Bark Ironsides, Tapley, Salt Cay, TI, 19 days, with salt and 5 passengers, to master. Spoke bark Susan M Dunman going in to Turks Islands. Had light winds the entire passage.

Brig John Freeman (of Boston), Baker, Palermo March 21 and Gibraltar April 3, with fruit, to Isaac Pierce, Giles & Co. Had moderate winds and fine weather. April 21, lat 36 25, lon 45 34, spoke bark Caney Scott (Br), from Marseilles for Montreal, 34 days out; May 7, off Nantucket, brig Clytie (of Scarsport), steering south.

Schr Frances Arthemus Oakes, Shules, NS, 11 days, with pilfur, to Snow & Richardson.

Schr N H Hall, Murphy, Little River, SC, 8 days.

Schr J M Richards, Irvin, Wilmington, NC.

Schr Geo H Mills, Mills, Wilmington, NC.

Schr Lewis A Edwards, Marshall, Wilmington, NC.

Schr Francis Edwards, Boyce, Wilmington, NC.

Schr Suwanee, Weaver, Norfolk.

Schr S W Showell, Willett, Norfolk.

Schr Rose, Brown, Virginia.

Schr Highland Chief, Freeman, Virginia for Keyport, NJ.

Schr E S Kirk, Burnett, Georgetown, DC.

Schr Henry Parker, Parker, Baltimore for New Haven.

Schr R S Dean, Cook, Baltimore for Stamford.

Schr J C Willett, Taylor, Philadelphia for Hudson.

Schr Jennie A Sheppard, Barrett, Providence for Washington, DC.

Schr Tryphenia, Chester, Providence for Elizabethport.

Schr Cornelia, Webber, Providence for Elizabethport.

Schr Margaret Powell, Fenton, Providence for New Brunswick.

Schr Triumph, Chester, Providence for Elizabethport.

Schr Hannah Willets, Boult, Providence for Rondout.

Schr Ana Eliza, Caswell, Providence for Elizabethport.

Schr Mary Hines, Errickson, Providence for Philadelphia.

Schr Lavinah Jane, Conklin, Providence.

Schr Agricola, Means, Pawtucket.

Schr James T Brady, Brown, New Haven for Elizabethport.

Schr Edward Lindsley, Hill, New Haven for Elizabethport.

Schr Arcturus, Barrett, New Haven.

Schr James Denny, Murphy, New Haven for New Brunswick.

Schr Henry A Deming, Baldwin, Hartford for Jersey City.

Schr J B Bleecker, York, Stonington.

Schr M M Brainard, Martin, Portland, Ct.

Schr Elizabeth T Smith, Chase, Portland, Ct.

Schr John Wright, Nickerson, Portland, Ct.

Schr Eva, Brennan, Norwich for Elizabethport.

Schr Geo F Brown, Seger, Norwich.

Schr Lavinia Bell, Hayles, Port Jefferson.

Sloop Rhode Island, Tyron, Providence.

SAILED.

Barks Mary Bentley, and Nord Pol; brig Queen of the South.

Wind at sunset SW, light.

Marine Disasters.

STEAMER RED JACKET, which was sunk at Elizabethport some time since, was raised on Sunday morning last by T A Scott, with the aid of two steam pumps.

STEAMER SAN ANTONIO, from Indianola for Wilmington, Del, put into Fortress Monroe 11th inst, short of coal. Was struck by lightning on the 7th inst, carrying away the smoke stack and hurricane deck; no one hurt.

SCHR MARY MANKIN, Gifford, at Gibraltar from New York, when 9 days out, carried away foremast head and maintopmast.

SCHR CLEMENTINE D STACY (fishing vessel), of Nantucket, put in Newport 9th inst with loss of mainmast.

FALMOUTH, April 23—The A V Goodhue, Crosby, from Shields, which put in to-day leaky, is bound for New Haven, US.

PERNAMBUCO, April 13—The Argosy, from Callao for Channel, put in April 3 with pumps damaged; proceeds to-day.

PORTLAND, Me, May 11—The British brig Annie Ingraham has been got off Broad Cove Rock and towed to this port.

QUEENSTOWN, April 27.—Yesterday the British ship Lady Seymour, Capt Ellis, from Cardiff with coal bound to Quebec, and which had been lying alongside the Victoria dock pier Passage West for the last six months undergoing some slight repairs and awaiting favorable weather, and sailed hence 15 days ago, returned again with rudder twisted and leaky in topsides. She has been towed to the same docks for repairs.

25th.—The British brig Forth, Capt Furloag, from Cardiff with a cargo of coal for Halifax, N S, put in here to-day with loss of topmasts and injury to dead eyes and rigging, also leaky. Cargo is discharging to effect repairs.

The American ship Casilda, Capt Robinson, has been towed from Victoria dockyard, Passage West, where she received the necessary repairs to hull and masts, and is now anchored in the outer harbor awaiting favorable wind to resume her voyage for NYork.

Miscellaneous.

STEAMSHIP S