SUBURBAN INTELLIGENCE.

NEW JERSEY.

Jersey City.

THE CASE OF POPE.—The examination of Henry S. Pope, who is charged with opening letters belonging to a man named Coe Casterlin and abstracting money therefrom, took place yesterday forenoon before Commissioner Jackson. He was held to bail in the sum of $1,500 for trial.

A CONFIDENCE MAN.—A few days ago a respectable looking man visited a saloon in Barrow street and represented that he was agent for a new brewery at Newark. He finally succeeded in passing off counterfeits in exchange for gold on Mr. Henry Weeks. The amount of the swindle is $300.

ANOTHER ALLEGED ROBBERY.—Yesterday afternoon a watchmaker, named John Miller, and Samuel Benedict, a shoemaker, were arrested on complaint of John Jones, who charged them with stealing shoes from his store in Newark avenue. They were committed to prison without bail to await trial.

ANOTHER MEETING OF GERMANS, on the subject of education, took place on Friday evening at Cooper Hall. Resolutions were passed calling on the Board of Education to appoint German teachers in the public schools and pledging the meeting to secure the election of a German on the Board when the opportunity presents itself.

THE FRIENDLY SONS OF IRELAND have elected the following officers for the ensuing year:—Æneas Fitzpatrick, President; J. C. Bailey and Robert Smyth, Vice Presidents; John Garrick and Patrick Farrelly, Secretaries; Patrick Reilly, Treasurer; B. McAnally, Sergeant-at-Arms; James M. Brann, John McGuigan, John Geraghty, Dr. Mulcahy and Matthew Monks, Executive Committee.

Bergen City.

BURGLARS ON THE RAMPAGE.—The residence of Mr. Charles H. Winfield, in Greenville, was attacked by burglars yesterday morning, but Mr. Winfield being aroused by the burglar alarm descended to the parlor, when the thieves jumped out through the window, got into a wagon and drove off. About the same hour the residence of Mr. Peter Henderson, in Clarke street, was entered by a burgler. The proprietor, hearing a noise, took a double barrelled gun and was going down stairs when the thief ran out. Two shots were fired after him without effect.

Communipaw.

THE STOCK YARDS.—The receipts at the stock yard for the past week were 167 cars, containing 1,216 cattle, 5,414 hogs and 8,427 sheep. There were slaughtered during the week 583 cattle, 5,369 hogs and 8,340 sheep.

Newark.

DISCHARGED.—Yesterday, after being on trial for two days on a charge of horse stealing, Joseph Cassell was acquitted by the jury.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—On Friday, in Richardson Brothers' saw factory, a ton of lumber fell on three men and seriously injured one of them, named John Sexton. His two comrades escaped with a few slight bruises. It is considered miraculous that all three were not killed or at least dangerously injured.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.—At its regular monthly meeting, held on Friday night, the Board of Education adopted the Finance Committee's report, which set forth that $123,000 would be required to defray expenses during the coming year. Some fifteen more teachers are to be provided for more than last year.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—After holding a post mortem examination on the body of Samuel W. Butler, the pensioner whose mysterious death was chronicled yesterday, the County Physician deemed it prudent to notify the Coroner and have in inquest held. Some facts have been elicited which tend to show that the poor fellow had been dealt with inhumanly. Coroner Chase has the matter in hand.

Elizabeth.

EXTENSIVE RAILROAD IMPROVEMENT.—The Delaware, Lackawanna, Scranton and Western Coal Company have just completed an extensive trestle work, eighty feet high, at the terminus in Elizabethport. A stationary engine is to be built for the purpose of hauling the cars up. The City Sealer has been making some investigations into the scales at this place recently. Several were found to be fifty or a hundred pounds deficient.

MUNICIPAL AFFAIRS.—The first meeting of the new Board of Council was held on Friday evening, when the Mayor's annual message and the other annual municipal reports were received. Mayor Grier's exhibit of the financial state and general condition of the city is lengthy but highly interesting. It shows to advantage the liberal spirit adopted by the Board of Council in all necessary improvements. The bonded indebtedness of the city on the 1st of January of 1868 and 1869 is set down respectively as $976,952 and $1,268,200; The real estate, including school houses and other public buildings, owned by the city is valued at $441,284; $6,994,750 is set down as the assessed valuation of real and personal property over liabilities in the city for the year 1868. The disbursements during the same year amounted to $142,661. There was expended during the same year by the Board of Education $195,524. The average daily attendance of pupils was 966. Chief of Police John Keron, in his report, says the force consists of twenty-eight regulars, officers and men, and five special men for emergencies. During the past year there were arrested altogether 414 persons, of which number sixty were females. Property to the amount of $3,515, lost and stolen, had been recovered. The total expense of maintaining the force was $22,878.

Orange.

GRACE CHURCH RECTORY FUND.—Two choice entertainments, consisting of some fine *tableaux vivants* and concerts, recently came off here, and were the means of relieving the new rectory of Grace church from the balance due in its construction—some $1,200. Both entertainments were well attended, though the tickets were all set at $1 50.

Paterson.

A BRAKEMAN KILLED.—A brakeman named Burke, running on an extra westward bound freight train, was killed at Paterson, near the Riverside bridge, at a late hour on Friday night. He was not missed until the arrival of the train at a small station some miles west of Paterson, when there was discovered blood on the wheels and his glove hanging on the truck of a coal dump. As the dumping arrangement, on account of a broken bolt, was unfastened, it is believed the unfortunate man fell through. His terribly mangled body was found yesterday morning near the above-mentioned bridge. Deceased was a resident of Goshen, about thirty-five years of age, and had been in the employ of the company but a short time.

DEATH OF PROMINENT CITIZENS.—Captain Daniel H. Winfield, a prominent gentleman of Paterson, died on Thursday at Pilatka, Florida, whither he had gone with the double intention of regaining his health and enjoying his wedding tour. Captain Winfield was promoted from the ranks in Company F, Thirteenth New Jersey volunteers, for bravery in the battles before Richmond; was afterwards captured and exchanged, and subsequently appointed on General Tyler's staff. He remained in the service until the end of the war, but his exposure and hardships brought on the disease which finally resulted in his death. Mr. Joseph Warren, for upwards of fifty years a resident of Paterson, died at his home on Friday night, after a protracted illness. He came to this city a half a century ago and started the firm of Warren & Brown, in the tanning business, by a strict attention to which he amassed a fortune of some $200,000. He was universally respected. It is mentioned among his other virtues that he never solicited nor accepted a public office during his life.

Trenton.

DIPHTHERIA is very prevalent in Trenton just now. It has proved fatal in many cases during the week.

C. K. LANDIS AND COMMODORE MEADE.—It will be remembered that some time since Charles K. Landis, of Vineland, published a card in the HERALD refuting some charges which had appeared in the papers concerning his alliance with Commodore Meade's daughter. It was said that at the time of the nuptials the Commodore was an inmate of the Asylum, and opposed the marriage. A bill, however, has been introduced into the Legislature to legalize the ante-nuptial contract between Mr. Landis and the Commodore's daughter. It is in the hands of the Judiciary Committee for a week and has not hitherto been reported. The affair excites much curiosity.

HEAVY CHARGE AGAINST THE CHIEF OF POLICE.—Yesterday's HERALD contained the particulars of the arrest by the Chief of Police of this city of a young man named Lewis Freere, on a charge of disorderly behavior in the Normal School, and of a counter charge preferred against the Chief by Colonel Freere of the false arrest of his son, which resulted in the binding over of both parties to appear at the next term of the court. Yesterday, however, Mr. Freere instituted further proceedings against the Chief of Police, and now sues him for $10,000 damages for assault and battery and false imprisonment of his son Lewis. The authority under which the Chief effected the arrest is said to be embraced in a city ordinance, which provides that any person or persons demeaning themselves in a disorderly manner within the confines of the city shall be arrested by the marshal or constable, and fined a sum not exceeding ten dollars for every suchoffence. Chief Justice Beasley is to hear the case on the 6th of February.

Camden.

IMPORTANT ESCAPE FROM THE COUNTY JAIL.—On Thursday afternoon a man named John Seiver, who was awaiting sentence in the Camden county jail on conviction of burglary and arson, managed to escape therefrom and has not since been heard of. The manner in which he exit is unknown to the authorities.

WESTCHESTER COUNTY.

DESTRUCTION OF LIVE STOCK BY FIRE.—At an early hour on Thursday evening a barn, owned by Michael Topcy, at Irvington-on-the-Hudson, caught fire, and in spite of the efforts made to arrest its progress the building was consumed with its contents, including four cows and a horse, valued in all at $1,000. The origin of the fire is not known.

A RAILROAD COMPANY CENSURED.—The jury empanelled by Coroner Smith to inquire into the circumstances attending the death of John O'Hare, who died from injuries ceeived at Hastings-on-the-Hudson, while attempting to get off a train at that place on the 15th instant, concluded their inquisition last Thursday evening. A verdict was rendered "That deceased came to his death through gross negligence on the part of the Hudson River Railroad Company or its servants." It is probable that a suit for damages will be immediately commenced against the company.

A FALSE ALARM.—During the dense fog which prevailed yesterday morning the business community of Sing Sing was thrown into a state of wild excitement, caused by some mischievous wag, who went through the village at a brisk pace scattering the intelligence that two hundred of the inmates of the prison had taken advantage of the fog, rushed past the guards and were in rapid flight from the neighborhood. Shotguns and revolvers were seized by many of the citizens, who hurried to join in the pursuit. They did not ascertain the extent of the joke until their arrival at the prison.

THE GOVERNMENT OF SING SING PRISON.—The arrival in Sing Sing on Friday evening of D. B. McNeil, Inspector in charge, has tended to promote increased vigilance on the part of those officeseekers who possess claims for favors on "the powers that be." For the appointment of principal keeper, four candidates—namely, Wheeler, of Rochester; Sherwood, of Sing Sing; Orr, of New York, and Harper, of Brooklyn—are, it is understood, urgently pressing their several claims, and it is not improbable that to-morrow will decide who is to be the lucky man. Apart from outside influences, it is to be hoped that the best man will be selected for the position, as on the efficiency of the principal keeper depends, in a great measure, the good order and discipline of the prison. Among the less important officers there is a feeling to-day of uneasiness and insecurity, as it is generally understood that about one-fourth of the remaining guards and keepers are about to undergo official decapitation.

A COMPLICATED AFFAIR.—The case of Martin Kavanagh, who was charged with embezzlement at Yonkers, the particulars of which appeared in the HERALD of Friday, has since then assumed a plurality of phases. Having been acquitted for want of sufficient evidence, by Justice Smith, Kavanagh on Friday caused the arrest of the complainant, F. W. Pond, on a charge of petty larceny, for having entered his room and taken money from his pocket book. On being brought before Police Justice Atkins the accused waived examination and gave bonds in the sum of $250 to answer. Later in the day Pond preferred a charge of grand larceny against Kavanagh and obtained a warrant for his arrest from Justice Atkins, before whom the unfortunate Kavanagh was rearraigned yesterday afternoon. Both parties were represented by counsel, and, after a lengthy examination, the accused was bailed in the sum of $250 to answer the charge of petty larceny.

POUGHKEEPSIE.

NEW CHARTER.—A new charter for the city will be presented to the Common Council for consideration on Monday night.

REVIVALS.—Revivals of much interest are progressing in the Clover street Methodist Episcopal church. A large number have already gone forward to the altar.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.—The Collingwood Opera House, fully as large as Niblo's in New York city, is about completed, and will be formally opened on Monday evening with a grand concert. The house will comfortably hold 2,000 persons.

EXTENSIVE FIRE.—The blast furnace and the outbuildings attached belonging to Alger & Co. at Cold Spring were destroyed by fire at four o'clock yesterday afternoon. The loss is quite heavy. The insurance is unascertained. During the fire a man named Frederick Warren fell from the burning building, breaking his neck. He died instantly. He was a resident of Cold Spring, and leaves a wife and five children.

CONNECTICUT.

New Haven.

RELIGIOUS.—The First Congregational church of Fair Haven have given Rev. Mr. Staats, of Orange, Conn., a call to become their pastor. The other evening his people paid him a visit, made him some valuable presents, and offered to increase his salary to $1,500 if he would remain with them.

On Wednesday evening the Dorcas Society of the West Congregational church held their annual meeting and presented the pastor, Rev. O. H. White, with a purse of $262.

FIREMEN'S PRESENTATION.—Friday evening the Quinnipiack Engine Company, No. 1, of Fair Haven, held their annual ball at Central Hall, in that village. During the evening Mr. James Hunt, chief of the department, was presented by the company, through their foreman, with an elegant silver trumpet, appropriately inscribed.

The Chief Engineer of the New Haven Fire Department, A. C. Hendrick, recently obtained two handsome pictures, which were to be given to the company that received the largest number of votes at ten cents each, the avails to be given to the fund of the Firemen's Benevolent Association. The pictures were awarded to companies No. 1 and No. 4. The sum realized was $60 20.

A COLORED BURGLAR.—An aged gentleman of the colored race by the name of John Price was arraigned before the City Court yesterday morning, charged with having committed burglary. From the evidence it appeared Mr. John G. North, who is building a house in Eaton street, suffered repeated losses of coal and wood from the premises during the night season, notwithstanding due precaution by way of bolts and bars was resorted to. Finally, a colored sentinel was put on guard and on Friday night he discovered the accused getting into the building and secured his arrest. Price was required to give bail for his appearance before the Superior Court for trial in the sum of $1,600, failing to do which, he was committed to the county jail.

THE CASE OF TWO ROGUES.—Yesterday the case of J. B. Locke, alias Edgar, charged with passing counterfeit ten dollar bills on the Auburn, N. Y., National Bank at a store in Westville, Conn., was brought up before United States Commissioner Ingersoll. The prosecuting attorney was not ready to proceed with the examination and the case was postponed. Locke is at large on bonds, which he will probably forfeit. A young man named S. Buckingham, alias Kennett, was arrested with Locke. He induced his uncle, a gentleman living in Woodbridge, Conn., to become bondsman for him to the amount of $2,500 and then forfeited the bonds. Both are young but fast men and are said to belong to very respectable families. They came from New York here.

BASTARDY CASES.—On Friday the case of Dennis McCarthy, a young man belonging in Cheshire, Conn., charged with bastardy, upon the complaint of Elizabeth Coyle, a woman about forty years old, of the same place, was heard before Justice Butler, and the accused bound over to the Superior Court under bonds of $150, which he failed to give and was sent to jail.

The case of Paul M. Brennan, a quack doctor, now in Albany, N. Y., who was charged with committing a rape upon a girl named Mary Ann Sheehan, after first stupefying her with a drug at his office, at the Tontine Hotel, and who escaped from a trial in that case by the Court declining to receive the dying declaration of the girl while in childbirth, came up before the City Court yesterday. In this case he his charged with bastardy. By an agreement of counsel the case went over a week.

ATTEMPTED MURDER IN NEW JERSEY.

Atrocious Assault on a Man in Monmouth County, N. J.—He is Knocked Down and Stabbed by a Robber.

At the very time the horror evoked by the Rogers murder in New York is at its height another murder on a similar scale is attempted in one of the most unfrequented districts in New Jersey. The circumstances attending the case show that desperadoes who will spill blood in order to obtain ever so trifling an amount of money are on the rampage. At a late hour on Thursday night a man named Edward Lyster, who has long been a resident of Monmouth county, N. J., was quietly wending his way to his house, and had arrived at a point about 500 yards from the Highlands station when he heard footsteps a short distance behind him. He stopped and listened attentively, and at once the sound of footsteps ceased. Thinking that it might be some one belonging to the cottage where a poor widow lived, about fifty yards off, he moved on and paid no further attention to the matter. He had not proceeded more than thirty yards when he received a blow on the left side of the head with some heavy weapon which almost stunned him. Lyster is a young and somewhat robust man, and, turning around, he faced his antagonist, whom he perceived to be a short, stout man, about thirty years of age and without any disguise whatever. He had just time to grasp him by the collar of the coat when the assailant plunged a knife in his left shoulder, the blade striking downwards from the shoulder-blade, but owing to the thickness of the two coats he wore at the time the weapon did not penetrate the flesh more than half an inch in depth. Lyster shouted and reeled to the ground, when the villain rifled his pockets; but his search was not rewarded with a solitary cent. He then ran off, and when Lyster was found, by a woman who lived some distance off and was passing that way, he was quite unconscious. His clothes were saturated with blood, his shirt torn open and the linings of his pockets drawn out. He had no watch and the only money in his possession was four dollars and fifty cents, which had passed into the lining of his vest through a hole in the pocket.

An alarm was raised at once through the neighborhood and Lyster was carried off to receive medical attendance. Mr. Campbell, who lives near Lyster's residence, despatched men in every direction, but no trace of the would-be murderer was found. On Friday morning information of the occurrence was sent to Sheriff Patterson, at Freehold, and that functionary sent off scouts to scour the district, but up to last evening they were unsuccessful. In the meantime the Coroner was directed to take the depositions of Lyster, lest the wound might prove fatal.

BROOKLYN NEWS ITEMS.

SNEAK THIEF.—The residence of Edward Shepard, No. 373 State street, was entered by a sneak thief last evening and robbed of silverware amounting to the value of fifty dollars.

SUICIDE.—George D. Cassio, residing at No. 175 Amity street, between Court and Clinton, committed suicide about a quarter past nine o'clock at his place of residence by shooting himself through the head with a pistol. Death was instantaneous. The decease was fifty-six years of age, and was engaged in the liquor business at 98 Front street, New York. Coroner Jones was notified and will hold an inquest to-day.

THE FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND.—Three thousand two hundred votes, at the rate of fifty cents a vote, have been thus far received for the prize fire trumpet which will be presented to the person receiving the highest number of votes at the Fire Department ball to-morrow night. The presentation will take place at nine o'clock. The contest lies between Smith Bayliss, of Engine Company No. 14, and William Burrill, of Engine Company No. 17. The proceeds are to be devoted to the Widows' and Orphans' Fund.

EUROPE.

The following communications from our special correspondents in France and in Ireland will be read with interest at the present time.

FRANCE.

Eastern Politics—The Conference—Trade in Paris—Napoleon's New Year's Address—The Official Organ and Quarrel of the Moniteurs—Newspaper History—New Year's Enjoyments and Celebrations—The Imperial Ball.

PARIS, Jan. 5, 1869.

One of the most interesting events of this week, putting aside the Emperor's peaceful speeches on the New Year's reception at the Tuileries, and the appearance of the non-official *Moniteur*, is undoubtedly the excitement of all the dailies about the Turco-Greek Conference. It has been so positively stated by politicians that the said peaceful conclave was to take place on the 2d that the HERALD can pride itself on having upheld that it would not; neither did it, though the Prussians, whose heads are rather "square," cannot be brought to confess the truth. It can now be truthfully affirmed that the great sitting is for the 9th, or rather that the Marquis de la Valette has announced it for that date. Now, as to the speeches, they have been universally approved, and if words could cause money to flow into empty coffers tradespeople would be satisfied, only they are not; trade is bad; perhaps because words have nothing to do with metal, and an old adage borrowed from the Chinese says that "silence is gold."

"I am happy," said the Emperor to the diplomatic body, "to say that a spirit of conciliation animates all the European Powers, and that the moment a difficulty arises they agree among themselves to smooth away and avert complications. I hope that the year now commencing will contribute, like the one just expired, toward removing many apprehensions and strengthening the bonds which should unite civilized nations."

The case of the two rival *Moniteurs* being now settled by the defeat of the pretensions of M. Rouher, it can be easily conceived how greatly the opposition glories. The story of the *Moniteur* is excessively interesting from the period of its foundation, and its vicissitudes deserve mention at this period of inquiry into the legitimacy of its rights. The present, however, is ever a primary consideration, and this is how the *Moniteur*, which up to the first of this year was the depository of governmental secrets, turns up a non-official—rather much the contrary. Its editor, Mr. Dalloy, not having complied with some of the conditions put down for future management, and the editor, Mr. Wittersheim, became editor, but thought with the government that he could retain the old title page, which Mr. Dalloy then claimed as private property. The end of all the suit is that the government made a mistake and has to call its sheet *Journal Official de l'Empire*, while Messrs. Dalloy & Pointel call theirs, as before, *Moniteur*. It would have been better not to dispute the point, as some bitterness has been caused, and it is evident the old editor is inclined to let a few cats out of a very long bag stuffed with official documents of great importance. The very first thing the *Moniteur* lets out to-day is that M. de Paiva, the Portuguese ambassador in Berlin did not die of apoplexy, but committed suicide "for causes it would not be proper to publish."

The ancient history of this important *Moniteur* is as follows:—Its name, the great recent subject of contestation, was adopted in 1789 by a M. Panckouke and is derived from *monco* (to warn); it has ever been a very appropriate name for the contents of the paper, mostly warnings or notices of what judicially and officially occurred. During the French republic it became an organ of that government, and in 1811, instead of being plain *Moniteur*, added the word "official," by special permission of the Emperor. Then it rose higher and in 1814 was called "sole official," but the very following year it fell with Waterloo and was for three months a free and independent organ. As soon as the effects of Waterloo blew over it rose again into an arsenal of judicial document. Unfortunately the restoration fancied a *Gazette Officielle* of their own, and the same, the very same difficulty then arose which has just existed, only the restoration left the *Moniteur* its Christian name.

The *Gazette Officielle* could not keep up, however, any more than the restoration, and Mr. Panckouke, like a cork, floated again on the official surface, and thus he did till he gave his *Moniteur* over to Mr. Dalloy; and thus things went on until 1852, when Napoleon gave the *Moniteur* a sub-title—"Official Journal of the French Empire."

The inauguration of 1869 having been very peaceful, statisticians have been thriving ever since my last correspondence. The last item we have been favored with in this line is of course the number of *bonbons* devoured in this capital, also the number of chickens cooked on the spit, and it has been proved without a shade of incredulity that on the night of Christmas, while all the tenors were singing over artificial cribs and wax figures of our Lord, no less than the following numbers of animals were jointed and roasted in Paris. It is not very intellectual, but it is characteristic:—4,000 hares, 350 boars, 300 kids, 20,000 partridges, snipes and woodcocks. Martyred geese are put down by rows of figures, and if all the tongues could speak that were pickled, smoked and sliced, Babel would be a mild comparison. We have not only had an account of all the food eaten by man; we have a very minute piece of addition on food for donkeys, as a statistician has computed the number of thistles that grow in a year. The gentleman who writes must have had plenty of leisure, for he has from one thistle brought the amount to 624,000,000,000,000,000, and I have calculated that at at this rate we shall in 100 years not only have thistles in all our fields, squares and gardens but in our parlors, bedrooms and bolsters—a thing statisticians ought to be reminded of. The worst of it is that all the Queen of Spain's mules and donkeys are being sold, and if they are purchased by Italians they will live on maccaroni and thistles will thrive with impunity. Her ex-Majesty's carriages are also being sold; they are 366 in number. I notice one on the catalogue in which Jane, the insane queen, used to drive with Philippe; it is ornamented with panels painted by Murillo.

The first ball at the Tuileries took place to-night, on which occasion all the members of the Spanish embassy here were presented to the Emperor and Empress. Ladies say that the great feature was the new flower wreath, with enormous roses. But your fashions correspondent will perhaps think my description of fêtes in high life unpoetical.

The famous musical masses at the Tuileries chapel, for which invitations are issued by the Duke of Bassano, were inaugurated last Sunday, the Bishop of Arras officiating. The *Kyrie*, the *Credo*, and the *Benedictus* were sung by Miles. Nilsson, Sass Bloch and Mandult. The mass lasts twenty-five minutes only, as no sermons are to be preached out of Lent—a terrible trial for future Bossuets.

IRELAND.

The National Association—Manifestoes of Cardinal Cullen and the Roman Catholic Bishops—The Amnesty Committee.

DUBLIN, Jan. 17, 1869.

The Irish National Association have received a reward for their exertions during the recent elections and their hands strengthened for a continuance of their work in a remarkable manner by the highest dignitaries of the Roman Catholic Church. At the last meeting of the association letters were read from his Eminence Cardinal Cullen, the Archbishop of Cashel and the Bishops of Ross, Cloyne and Limerick, which, based on the reports of local clergy throughout the country, and their intimate knowledge of the masses of the people, assume the proportions of manifestoes of the opinions of the Catholics of Ireland. They accept the programme of the Association, which is briefly "justice for Ireland on the three questions—Church, land, education"—and point to Mr. Gladstone and his colleagues as the men to carry those points to a successful terminatoin. His Eminence declares that "till all are settled the Catholics of Ireland cannot be satisfied." He demands a perfect level of religious equality, and, as he repudiates all State pensions or endowments for the ministers of his own creed, he takes his stand on the broad ground of "complete and absolute disestablishment, not interfering with existing interests." The land question he considers of most vital importance as affecting the large masses of the farming population, on whose prosperity and contentment so much of the local and general welfare of the country depends. He characterizes all the measures hither to introduced into Parliament as "delusive mockeries," not fit to settle the question nor meet the wants of the people. His Eminence earnestly hopes that the present Parliament will treat it on "principles of justice and equity." The Archbishop of Cashel, who from his position in the heart of an agricultural district speaks with mournful truthfulness, denounces the present system of land laws as "entailing misery alike on landlord and tenant." Perhaps no other man in any position has had better opportunity for forming an opinion on this subject. All his labors as prelate, preacher or friend have had little effect in counteracting the "hedge justice" (or, in other words, landlord shooting) proclivities which are the poisonous effects of bad land laws diffused throughout the famous district of Tipperary. He goes on to say, "if the Church and land questions vitally affect the legal and material status of Catholics of the present day, the education question must be considered as the all-important one of the coming generation. Cardinal Cullen is equally emphatic. He does not know what may be the nature of the royal commission report which is preparing for Parliament, but he declares that no system will be accepted by him or his flock which is not based on religion. "We leave Protestant education to Protestants, but demand a similar measure for the Catholics of the country." "Half measures will not do! no unworthy compromise will be accepted or listened to." The Bishop of Cloyne, like his brother prelates, has faith in Gladstone and Bright—they offered terms of peace and friendship, and such have been accepted. The responsibility of the future he considers now rests with them.

The Amnesty Committee are proceeding most vigorously with their task of procuring the release of Fenian convicts. Subscriptions and promises of support are coming in from all quarters of the country. An aggregate meeting will be held in this city on the 25th instant, presided over by the Lord Mayor, for the purpose of adopting a public memorial, which in conjunction with similar memorials from county towns will be either presented direct to the Home Secretary or through the new Viceroy. Among a number of letters read at the last meeting were two, one from the Marchioness of Queensbury and the other from the Roman Catholic Dean of Limerick, both of which were received with applause by all present.

ENGLAND.

The Late Marquis of Hastings' Furniture.

[From the London News, Jan. 12.]

The costly and elegant furniture, removed from Donington Park, Leicestershire, late the property of the Marquis of Hastings, is now being disposed of at the rooms of Mr. Phillips, in New Bond street. Yesterday was the first day of the sale, when the following valuable lots were sold:—Bedroom furniture, a capital 7½ foot birchwood wardrobe, fitted with trays, drawers and dressgeys, enclosed by two panels and a plate glass door, with moulded cornice—twenty-eight guineas; an excellent Spanish mahogany winged wardrobe, with rounded corners, centre doors with plate glass, the interior fitted with trays, drawers, box and dress pegs—twenty-two guineas; a capital 7½ foot Spanish mahogany winged wardrobe, fitted with trays, drawers and dress pegs, enclosed by two panels and a plate glass door—twenty-four guineas. The library furniture, a costly suit of rich crimson satin curtains for two lofty windows, lined and wadded, deep valiance and draperies, trimmed with silk gimp and hangers; two pairs of do., *en suite*, and a pair of portières, in the same taste, and two deep draperies—275 guineas; a capital 4½ foot stuffed-over walnut frame sofa and pillow, covered in satin to match the curtains, finished with silk fringe, extra cretonne covers, and set of Holland cases—twenty-seven guineas; a magnificent black buhl library table, richly inlaid and mounted with chaste caryatide, figures, masks and mouldings in ormolu, 6½ by 3½ feet, the top lined with crimson morocco, and a Holland cover—£100; a superb white and gold console cabinet, with centre plate glass doors, angular sides for China and marble slab, and a console glass over, with brackets for china—eighty-nine guineas; a pair of noble candelabra, designed in Sèvres, China, painted in subjects after Greuze, the reverse sides with birds and flowers supporting lily lights for eleven candles, and mounted with chaste ormolu figures, 6 feet high, on octagon wood stands, covered in blue silk, with Holland cases—150 guineas; a pair of beautiful old Oriental vases, 26 inches high, with medallions of flowers, relieved with gold on dark mazarine blue ground—ninety-five guineas; a pair of verde antique marble vases and covers, of Grecian design, double handles, 16 inches high—twenty-eight guineas; a pair of old Chelsea sceaux, with raised grapes and vine leaves—twenty-five guineas; a handsome vermilion ground bottle, 23 inches high, octagon form—twenty guineas; a pair of easy chairs, with shell-shaped backs, and two reading chairs, with ebonized frames—forty-eight guineas; three black and gold frame chairs, shell backs, and a rocking chair covered in satin—fifty guineas.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

YOUNG MAN'S TAMMANY GENERAL COMMITTEE.—This committee met for organization last evening at Tammany Hall and succeeded in electing the following officers for 1869:—President, Joel A. Fithian; Vice President, James Oliver; Secretary, Henry Garvin; Assistant Secretary, John Hennessey; Treasurer, Terence Smith; Sergeant-at-Arms, M. Lanigan.

ARREST AND SURRENDER OF A FUGITIVE.—Yesterday afternoon detectives Irving and Nevins, of the Central Office, arrested Frederick Worth, on a warrant issued by a Philadelphia justice. He is charged with stealing $700 from his sister-in-law, Mrs. Anna M. Worth, of No. 945 Newarket street, Philadelphia. The sum of $568 was found upon him when arrested. The accused was taken to Philadelphia last night by Mr. Irving.

A NEW YORK DETECTIVE ATTACKED.

Incendiaries and their Revenge.

(Rutland, Vt., (Jan. 30) Correspondence of the Springfield Republican.)

Last evening a murderous assault was made upon detective Whipple, of New York, by parties with whom he has been associated for the past few weeks in order to ferret out the causes of the recent incendiarism in Rutland. He had successfully worked up the cases and visited a resort of the suspected persons that he might close up his work previous to making an arrest. After somp time spent in their company they set upon him, robbing him of his watch and money and brutally beating him; but he succeeded in escaping, and William Thomas, James Butterly, Peter Narry, Mr. McDuffy and Mrs. Dunham were arrested, and are the parties who have been the principal actors in the incendiary fires, and their admissions to detective Whipple in reference to several of the fires will convict them. The examination has been postponed until Monday next on account of Mr. Whipple's condition.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Almanac for New York—This Day.

Sun rises ..... 7 12 | Moon rises ...eve 9 52
Sun sets..... 5 16 | High water .morn 11 08

Weather Along the Coast.

JANUARY 30—9 A. M.

Port.	Wind.	Weather.	Thermometer.
Plaister Cove	NNW	Cloudy	20 above
Portland	E	Raining	30 above
Boston	W	Raining	40 above
New York	SW	Foggy	50 above
Philadelphia	SW	Foggy	50 above
Wilmington, Del	SW	Clear	42 above
Washington	SW	Clear	58 above
Savannah	SE	Clear	68 above
Charleston	NNW	Clear	64 above
Mobile	N	Clear	47 above
New Orleans	NW	Clear	50 above
Key West	—	Foggy	71 above
Havana	—	Foggy	75 above

PORT OF NEW YORK, JANUARY 30, 1869.

Herald Packages.

Captains and Pursers of Vessels arriving at this port will please deliver all packages intended for the HERALD to our regularly authorized agents who are attached to our Steam Yacht fleet. The New York Associated Press do not now collect marine reports nor attend to the delivery of packages, as will be seen by the following extract from the proceedings of the regular monthly meeting, held March 3, 1868:—

Resolved, That on and after April 1, 1868, the Associated Press will discontinue the collection of ship news in the harbor of New York. Passed unanimously.

☞ The office of the Herald steam yachts JAMES and JEANNETTE is at Whitehall slip. All communications from owners and consignees to the masters of inward bound vessels will be forwarded free of charge.

CLEARED.

Steamship City of London (Br), Leitch, Liverpool—John G Dale.
Steamship Santiago de Cuba, Macdiarmid, Havana and New Orleans—Livingston, Fox Co.
Steamship Ferit, Gardner, Galveston—Spofford, Tileston & Co.
Steamship Gulf City, Stewart, Key West and Galveston—C H Mallory & Co.
Steamship Gen Grant, Quick, New Orleans—Samuel Stevens.
Steamship George Washington, Gager, New Orleans—H B Cromwell & Co.
Steamship Vicksburg, Benton, New Orleans—C H Mallory & Co.
Steamship Alabama, Limeburner, Fernandina—I K Roberts.
Steamship Montgomery, Lyon, Savannah—R Lowden.
Steamship San Jacinto, Atkins, Savannah—W R Garrison
Steamship Manhattan, Woodhull, Charleston—H R Morgan & Co.
Steamship Mary Sanford, Moore, Wilmington, NC—James Hand.
Steamship Ellen S Terry, Bearse, Newbern, NC—Murray, Ferris & Co.
Steamship Isaac Bell, Bourne, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond—H L McCready.
Steamship E C Knight, Neff, Georgetown, DC—Phillips & Brown.
Steamship Empire, Price, Georgetown, DC—James Hand.
Steamship Volunteer, Jones, Philadelphia—J Lorillard.
Steamship Glaucus, Walden, Boston—W P Clyde.
Steamship Wamsutta, Fish, New Bedford—Ferguson & Wood.
Ship James Guthrie, Johnson, San Francisco—Samuel W Osgood.
Ship Halicon, Rogers, San Francisco—C Comstock & Co.
Ship Chancellor (Br), Jones, Liverpool—Williams Guion.
Ship W F Storer, Bryant, Liverpool—C H Marshall & Co.
Ship Ellen Hood, Neill, Baltimore, to load for Yokohama—Meamish & Sons.
Bark Atlantic (NG), De Haan, Hamburg—H Koop & Co.
Bark Ukraine, Meicher, Cadiz—J E Ward & Co.
Bark Glenallandale (Br), McDonald, Buenos Ayres and Montevideo—Henry & Parker.
Brig Ann (Dan), Brinck, Penarth Roads for orders—Funch, Meincke & Co.
Bark American Eagle, Lindsley, Aspinwall—Panama Railroad Co.
Brig Alexander (Br), Thompson, Hamburg—Penison & Co.
Brig Arctic (Br), Blankhorn, Montevideo and Buenos Ayres—J F Whitney & Co.
Brig Persis Hinckley, Foster, Kingston, Ja—A H Solomon & Co.
Brig S A Holbrook (Dan), Boritell, St Thomas—Penision & Co.
Brig Tally Ho, Chisham, Cabarien—F Talbot & Co.
Brig Orinoco (Br), Roberts, Trinidad, Cuba—Crandall, Umphray & Co.
Schr Ella May, Allen, Point a Petre, Guad—B J Wenberg.
Schr New Dominion (Br), Penery, Antigua—Jones & Lough.
Schr Norwester, Foster, St Martins and a market—B J Wenberg.
Schr Comrade (Br), Bute, St Kitts—B J Wenberg.
Schr Mollie, Plummer, Barbados—Miller & Houghton.
Schr R M Atwood, Doane, Havana—B J Wenberg.
Schr Mahaska, Bray, Jacksonville—W Ray & Co.
Schr Virginia, McFadden, Savannah—M L McCready & Co.
Schr Franklin, Swain, Charleston—Tupper & Beattie.
Schr D W Sanders, Davis, Little River, SC—Thomas & Holmes.
Schr Gem, Jones, Wilmington, NC—E S Powell.
Schr J Lenthal, Martin, Edenton—Bentley, Miller & Thomas.
Schr J B Woodbury, Craig, Norfolk—C E Staples.
Schr Mary S Lunt, Brown, Baltimore—C E Staples.
Schr Moll Bedell, Bedell, Baltimore—M B Bedell.
Schr W Carroll, Magee, Philadelphia—W B Vondersmith.
Schr Richard Vaux, Whittaker, Salem—Goldthwaite & Overton.
Schr E C Latham, Eldridge, Boston.
Schr Isabel, Denison, New London—Miller & Houghton.

ARRIVALS.

REPORTED BY THE HERALD STEAM YACHTS.

Steamship Rienville, Baker, New Orleans, Jan 23, 9 PM, and the bar 24th, with mdse and passengers, to Livingston, Fox & Co. 26th, at 2:15 PM, 20 miles ENE of Sombrero, passed steamship Gen Meade, from New Orleans for New York.

Steamship Cortes, Nelson, New Orleans, Jan 23, with mdse to H B Cromwell & Co. 26th inst, off Carryafort, passed schr Narragansett, of Cleveland, bound N.

Steamship Glaucus, Walden, Boston, with mdse, to Wm P Clyde.

Ship Mystic Belle (of Boston), Burnham, Manila Sept 5, via St Thomas Jan 14, with hemp, &c, to Meamish & Sons. Passed Anjier Oct 21, Cape of Good Hope Nov 26, St Helena Dec 12, and crossed the equator Jan 27, in lon 29 W. The M B has been 145 days at sea without lowering a topsail.

Bark Runeberg (Nor), Fredricksen, Port Talbot, via Halifax (where she put in for repairs), 14 days, with railway iron to Funch, Meincke & Co.

Bark Gladstone (Norw), Neilsen, Girgenti, 81 days, with sulphur, to Funch, Meincke & Co. Had strong gales most of the passage. 16th inst, off Hatteras, had a heavy gale, during which shipped a sea, carrying away bulwarks and twelve stancheons on starboard side, lost long boat, maintopsail and foretopmast staysail. 19th, lat 37 48, lon 66, passed a berm brig, apparently abandoned; a heavy gale blowing at the time was unable to get near enough to ascertain her name; all her spars were standing.

Bark Maggie Hammond (Br), Willis, Alicante, 27 days, with old railway iron, to Boyd & Hincken. Had heavy weather south of the Gulf,