SARATOGA RACES.

Two Races and a Walk Over—Remorseless and General Yorke Winners—Scenes and Incidents of the Day—Decision of the Judges in the Case of the Saratoga Cup Race.

SARATOGA, August 6, 1869.

A New York miss won a bonnet and fifty dollars on the race yesterday, and husbands who withheld cash from their better halves are warned against milliners' bills.

A leading fashionable lady won $5,000 on the first race yesterday and lost it all on the second.

The novelty of the Saratoga meeting having passed away, and Fashion having displayed all her latest styles at the course, the interest in the running has somewhat abated. The throng of people has in nowise diminished, however, and the streets and hotels present the same animated appearance as on the first day of the meeting. There has been a decided improvement in the character of the sporting gentry. The stringent regulations of the association and the exclusion from the grounds of known pickpockets, roughs and other disreputable characters have driven that class almost entirely from the place, and the attendance at the races is characterized by a remarkable degree of respectability. The perfect good order and decorum that have been observed each day are subjects of universal comment. Not a single disturbance has occurred, nor has there been a case of drunkenness on the ground. The road to the grounds has been free from reckless driving and boisterous conduct, and everything has thus far passed off in a manner unusual with occasions of this kind. The only incident that has occurred to ruffle the good feeling hitherto so universally prevailing has been the alleged

FRAUDULENT RIDING

of McConnell & Thompson's Vauxhall, by John Ford, in the race for the Saratoga Cup yesterday. This incident took everybody by surprise and for a short time created no little consternation in betting circles, as it was impossible to determine how far the results of the affair might extend. Immediately after the racing the association held a meeting and adopted the following resolution:—

SARATOGA SPRINGS—ANNUAL MEETING OF THE SARATOGA ASSOCIATION.

AUGUST 5, 1869.

IN THE SARATOGA CUP RACE.—In consequence of the fraudulent riding of John Ford, the rider of Vauxhall in the race, it is resolved that all bets, pools or otherwise, on or against Vauxhall, or a field of horses in which Vauxhall is included, are declared off. John Ford, the rider of Vauxhall, is ruled off the course for fraud in riding, and will not be permitted to ride again on the course.

ODIN BOWIE.
F. F. BAYARD.
C. W. WOOLEY.

Great excitement prevailed among the sporting men throughout the afternoon and evening in consequence of the affair, and many comical scenes occurred between parties who had settled bets on Vauxhall before the action of the committee became known. The decisive measures adopted by the association, demonstrating not to disinest practices would be tolerated, had a marked effect on all the sharpers, and it is now believed that the succeeding races will be free from all attempts at cheating.

THE POOLS

were somewhat affected last night by the Vauxhall incident and were duller than usual. The following were the sales by Dr. Underwood:—

SARATOGA STAKES.

Belmont	$300	320	560	600
F. Morris	400	310	520	500
Doswell	130	230	220	190
Dennison & Crawford	160	200	70	80
McConnell	160	220	240	260
Eckerson	100	100	120	100
McDaniel	110	120	170	100
L. Morris	60	70	80	55
Davis	60	100	60	80

SECOND RACE.

Lancaster	$140	210	135	215	225	250	250	205
Aldebaran	50	60	35	75	50	60	65	50
Julius	15	28	21	50	52	50	50	65
Climax	50	60	50	100	70	100	90	110
General Yorke	25	60	55	75	45	50	60	65

TO-DAY'S PROCEEDINGS

were not so lively as those of the preceding days, and the attendance at the grounds was considerably smaller than on any previous day. The weather was remarkably favorable, with a cloudy sky and a cool breeze, and everybody seemed to realize perfect comfort. Betting was much more spirited than last evening, however, as is shown by the following summary of the pool selling on the

SECOND RACE.

Lancaster	$710	500	1,000	1,300
Yorke	300	270	400	260
Climax	200	255	450	510
Aldebaran	95	75	200	120
Julius	55	45	50	50

The Racing.

The track was in capital order for racing to-day and the weather fine. We had but two races, although there were two purses offered besides the Saratoga Stakes; but one of the purses failed to fill, there being but one entry, and as a matter of course that affair resulted in a walk over. The Saratoga Stakes was for two year olds and had eleven starters. A most capital race was the result, and a finer field of youngsters would be difficult to parade before a critical assemblage. Mr. Belmont had two in the race, Nellie James and Finesse, which are very handsome and promising. Messrs. Dennison & Crawford had also two by Censor, one out of L'Anglaise, and the other out of Pasta, which are splendidly developed for their age; Mr. McConnell's Anna Mace, by Leamington, is a grand creature in appearance, and in time, with care, ought to make a racer of distinction. All the others were fine specimens of the best strains of fashionable blood. Four of those that started were by Censor, two by imported Eclipse and only one by Lexington. Remorseless won this race as easily as she did the Flash Stakes the day before. She is a very fast filly and runs with great power and resolution. The second race had five starters, all well known to the racing public. These were General Yorke, Aldebaran, Climax, Lancaster and Julius. They only had 100 pounds up and made a very fast race, General Yorke winning the money. Lancaster was the favorite, but was beaten badly. The horse is not in condition for any race and has not been since he won the Saratoga Cup last summer. He has been beaten in every race that he has run in this year and will be when run again in his present form. General Yorke is a capital horse and can run any distance, he cannot run as fast as many others on the turf at the present day, but he will stay as long as any of them. This horse suited him nicely, the weight and distance being play things for him, and yet he sold in the pools for a mere song. Those who bought him reaped a rich harvest. Aldebaran seemed at ease with the 100 pounds on his back, and ran with spirit as far as he could. Climax, like Lancaster, deceived his backers and did not run as well as we have seen him. The journey was half a mile too long for him. Little was expected of Julius, and those who bought him in the pools got less. He never had the look of a winner from beginning to end. The following are the details of the day's sport:—

THE FIRST RACE.—THE SARATOGA STAKES.

This was the Saratoga Stakes, fifty dollars entrance, play or pay, $1,000 added for two year olds, three-quarters of a mile; colts, ninety pounds; fillies, eighty-seven pounds. There were forty-three entries, eleven of which came to the post. Mr. Belmont's entries sold highest in the pools; F. Morris' second choice. Dennison & Crawford's entries were the next in favor. The youngsters were started on the inside course, and while preparing for the start presented a fine appearance. They all appeared in the finest condition and were wild to get away. One break away and they were started very finely. The field consisted of F. Morris' chestnut filly Remorseless, by imported Eclipse, dam Barbarity; Mr. Belmont's chestnut fillies Finesse, by Lexington, dam Filigree, and Nellie James, by Dollar, dam Fleur de Champs; Dennison & Crawford's chestnut filly, by Censor, dam L'Anglaise, and chestnut filly, by Censor, dam Pasta; J. Eckerson's chestnut filly Polly Lyons, by Censor, dam Adelgiza; J. McConnell's bay filly Anna Mace, by Leamington, dam Luxemburg's dam; J. W. Doswell's bay filly Midday, by Eclipse, dam Vinetta; D. McDaniel's brown colt, by Doneraile, dam Canary Bird; L. G. Morris' chestnut filly, by Censor, dam Verbena, and John H. Davis' bay colt Kelso, by Voucher, dam by Epsilon. Remorseless had a tride the best of the start, Anna Mace second, McDaniel's filly third, Dennison & Crawford's pair fourth and fifth, L. G. Morris' sixth, Belmont's seventh and eighth, J. Eckerson's ninth, Doswell's tenth, and Davis' last. They ran across the field rapidly, and when they entered the regular course at the half-mile pole Remorseless led two lengths; Anna Mace second; the others as before named. Going around the lower turn there was little change of place, with the exception of Belmont's and Dennison & Crawford's entries working their way through and past some of the others. As they came on the homestretch they began to spread out like the tail of a kite, Remorseless leading several lengths, Belmont's fillies second and third; then came Dennison & Crawford's pair fourth and fifth. They came dashing up the homestretch at a merry pace, Remorseless going in a winner by two lengths, Belmont's Nellie James second and his filly Finesse third, Dennison & Crawford's filly by L'Anglaise fourth, and their filly by Pasta fifth, Eckerson's Polly Lyons sixth, Anna Mace seventh, Midday eighth, McDaniel's brown colt ninth, L. G. Morris' chestnut filly tenth, and Kelso last. Time of the dash, 1:18¾. The race was a very interesting affair, and was run in very fair time.

The following is a summary:—

SARATOGA COURSE, August 6.—Saratoga Stakes; $50 entrance; play or pay; $1,000 added; for two year olds; three-quarters of a mile; colts 90 lbs., fillies 87 lbs.

F. Morris entered ch. f. Remorseless, by imp. Eclipse, dam Barbarity 1
A. Belmont entered ch. f. Nellie James, by Dollar, dam Fleur de Champs 2
A. Belmont entered ch. f. Finesse, by Lexington, dam Filigree 3
Dennison & Crawford entered ch. f. by Censor, dam L'Anglaise 4
Dennison & Crawford entered ch. f. by Censor, dam Pasta 5
J. Eckerson entered ch. f. Polly Lyons, by Censor, dam Adelgiza 6
J. McConnell entered b. f. Anna Mace, by Leamington, dam Luxemburg's dam 7
T. W. Doswell entered b. f. Midday, by Eclipse, dam Vinetta 8
D. McDaniel entered br. c. by Doneraile, dam Canary Bird 9
L. G. Morris entered ch. f. by Censor, dam Verbena 10
John H. Davis entered b. c. Kelso, by Voucher, dam by Eclipse 11

Time 1:18¾.

THE SECOND RACE.

This was for a purse of $700, for all ages; to carry 100 pounds, with the usual allowances to mares and geldings; two miles and an eighth; fifty dollars entrance, which was added to the purse. For this event there were five entries. These were R. W. Walden's chestnut horse General Yorke, by Planet, dam Albino, five years old; J. W. Weldon's chestnut gelding Aldebaran, by Commodore, dam Nannie Lewis, aged; R. Shea's brown horse Climax, by Balrownie, dam Jewell, aged; M. H. Sanford's bay horse Lancaster, by Lexington, dam Blue Bonnet, six years old, and D. McDaniel's bay horse Julius, by Lexington, dam Julia, aged. Lancaster was a great favorite, selling for as much as all the others put together. The start was from a point one furlong down the homestretch. The flag dropped at the first attempt, and the horses, getting under good headway from the first jump, came rattling up and passed the stand at a rapid pace, Lancaster leading, Climax second, Julius third, General Yorke fourth and Aldebaran fifth. Going around the turn Climax went up and took sides with Lancaster, and they passed the quarter pole head and head, two lengths in front of Julius, who was third, half a length ahead of General Yorke, who was a short length in advance of Aldebaran. Going down the backstretch Lancaster and Climax ran side and side, but just as they reached the half-mile pole Climax had his head and shoulders in advance. Aldebaran was the third at that point, having passed General Yorke and Julius. The pace was at this time too great for Julius, and Yorke took the fourth position, while Julius fell far in the rear, hopelessly beaten. Going around the lower turn Lancaster and Climax were again head and head, and they ran in that way well up the homestretch, when Aldebaran made a splendid burst, and, going up, passed them and led at the end of the mile. He was hailed with cheers as he dashed along in front of the stand. Going around the upper turn General Yorke ran ahead of Climax and Lancaster, these two showing symptoms of distress. Their chances of victory were entirely gone at the quarter pole. Aldebaran led two lengths and looked very much like the winning horse; but going down the backstretch General Yorke went after him with such power and speed that he captured the gelding before he reached the half-mile pole. At this point Aldebaran was three or four lengths in advance of Lancaster and Climax, who were fifty yards ahead of Julius. Aldebaran soon afterwards seemed to give the race up, and Lancaster appeared to revive for a short time and made a faint effort, which was like the flicker of a candle, and on the lower turn took second place, which he maintained into the homestretch. At the three-quarter pole General Yorke was leading four or five lengths, Lancaster second, Aldebaran third, Climax fourth, while Julius was eighty yards behind Lancaster. These gave the race entirely up, being hardly able to make a jump, and Climax seemed in almost the same condition, as they almost came to a standstill, and old Aldebaran struggled in the second place. General Yorke won the race, by half a dozen lengths, in fine style, Aldebaran second, followed by Climax a long way off, while Lancaster was so hard beaten that Julius came up and took the fourth place. Time of the two miles and an eighth, 3:51¼, which is most capital time, notwithstanding the light weights that the horses carried.

Below is the summary of the race:—

SARATOGA COURSE, Same Day.—Purse of $700 for all ages; to carry 100 lbs., with the usual allowance for mares and geldings; two miles and an eighth; $50 entrance, which was added to the purse.

R. W. Waldon entered ch. h. General Yorke, by Planet, dam Albino, five years old 1
J. W. Weldon entered ch. g. Aldebaran, by Commodore, dam Nannie Lewis, aged 2
R. Shea entered br. h. Climax, by Balrownie, dam Jewell, aged 3
D. McDaniel entered b. h. Julius, by Lexington, dam Julia, aged 4
M. H. Sanford entered b. h. Lancaster, by Lexington, dam Blue Bonnet, six years old 5

Time 3:51¼.

THE THIRD RACE.

This was for a purse of $600, for three year olds, one and a half miles, winners of the Belmont, Ladies' or Travers Stakes excluded; colts to carry 110 pounds, fillies 107 pounds. As there was only one entry, Mr. Babcock's chestnut colt Helmbold, by Australian, dam Lavender, he walked over for the money. The reason that there were no other entries for this purse was that the other owners of three year olds were under the impression that Mr. Babcock intended to enter Pompey Payne, and they were all afraid of him. Had they known that Helmbold would have been the colt entered there would have been a good field of horses in it and no doubt a good race.

COMING TROT BETWEEN LADY THORN AND MOUNTAIN BOY.

Lady Thorn and Mountain Boy trot here on Friday next for a $3,000 purse.

Saturday's Races.

The following are the entries and rates of betting for Saturday's races:—

For the Selling Race.—Fanny Ludlow, $350; Viley, $100; Bonny Braes, $85; Bayswater and Connelly together, $70; Lizzie Rogers, Urbana, Jubal and Scotia, $60.

For the Three Mile Dash.—Vauxhall, $800; Pompey Payne, $6.0; Ab del Kader, $185; Flora McIvor, $105; Sanford, $95; The Banshee, $95; Nellie McDonald, $50.

For the One and Three-quarter Mile Dash.—Helmbold, $200; Corsican, $150; Pleasureville, $100; Metairie, $80; Aldeoaran, $30.

THE BUFFALO RACES.

BUFFALO, August 6, 1869.

The horses for the great trots to come off next week are arriving here daily from the West and from Canada. Old turf men say that there are more fast horses already here than were ever together before in one place. It is estimated that there are over $1,000,000 worth of fast horses in the city. The indications promise the most interesting trots ever held anywhere. The city is full of strangers. Among the arrivals yesterday were W. R. Johnson, from Kentucky, and the noted pacer Dan Voorhees.

TROTTING IN NEW HAMPSHIRE.

PORTSMOUTH, August 6, 1869.

At the Rockingham Park yesterday the trot for $400, in three purses, was won by McClellan in 2:45, 2:37, 2:38¾; Black Walnut the second money, and Nelly Locke the third. Black Walnut took the second heat. The trot for $200 was won by Lady Wilkes, who won the race (under protest) in three straight heats. Time, 2:50, 2:53¼, 2:51½. There were two dead heats in 2:51 and 2:54. Lady Wilkes' time on Monday should have been given as 2:55, not 2:55.

CUBA.

El Hombre Justiciero—Another Example of His Equitable and Unflinching Decisions—Extracts from the Press.

HAVANA, August 1, 1869.

The following was issued yesterday from the Secretary's office and appears in the *Gaceta Oficial*:—

HAVANA, July 31, 1869.

The court martial held in Santa Clara on the 24th inst. for the trial of Don Antonio Calvo, who, having abandoned the rebel lines and voluntarily presented himself for pardon to his Excellency the Commandant General of that district, has pronounced sentence *absolutoria* of all the charges brought against him, except that of having falsely asseverated that he was forced into the insurgent ranks against his will, having thus concealed the true character of the act and detracted from the merit that would have attached to a voluntary presentation; in consequence whereof, and placed at the disposition of the Superior Political Governor, his Excellency has ordered that the aforesaid Calvo fix his residence in the Peninsula of Spain.

The council of war held in the capital on the 20th inst., for the trial of Don Rafael Navarro y Fuentes, on a charge of disloyalty, gave verdict unanimously condemning the aforesaid Navarro to three years' banishment from this island. The sentence being approved and Navarro placed at the disposition of the Superior Political Governor, his Excellency has ordered that said banishment be fulfilled in the Peninsula of Spain.

CESAREO FERNANDEZ, Secretary.

The Captain General has directed, under yesterday's date, that Don Cesareo Fernandez (de Rodas) is to take charge of the "Despacho," *ad interim*, of the "Local Direccion de Administracion."

Don Enrique de Arantave ceases to be Inspector General of Telegraphs, and Don M. Crespo Quintano has taken charge of said office. Señor Arantave sailed for Spain in the steamer Comellas.

The press lauds General Prim's telegram of yesterday, in which the War Minister among other matters adds:—"I am giving my attention to preparing reinforcements for Cuba." This needs no comments, says *La Prensa*, "but it will produce effect on the minds of the *laborantes* and sympathizers, as they will little have expected it, especially those that fixed their attention to the appointment of General Sickles, as the new Minister of the United States in Madrid. In Spain certain negotiations can never be consummated, because the whole nation would reject them, and whatever may be the government of Spain she will always find the means to defend this much coveted Antille."

El Diario de la Marina says:—"Those few words imply a meaning of the greatest importance. In the first place it proves that the government considers itself with sufficient means to provide not only for its own military necessities, but also for those of Cuba; and in the next place it shows that it is firmly resolved to send everything necessary to put down the rebellion."

La Voz de Cuba cannot reconcile itself with the report that Señor Morales Lemus or any others of the Junta Cubana would be allowed to go to Spain under safe conduct, and much less be listened to by the Spanish government.

MURDER IN PORT JERVIS.

An Old and Respected Citizen Assassinated by a Ruffian—The Coroner's Inquest—The Verdict.

PORT JERVIS, N. Y., August 6, 1869.

The people of this village were thrown into a state of the wildest excitement last night by a report that one of its oldest and most respected citizens had been shot dead in his own store, by an intoxicated ruffian, named Warren Fellows. It was soon found that the report was true.

It appears that about half-past eight o'clock this ruffian, well known in this section as a cigar and tobacco peddler, came to the storehouse of Alexander Swinton & Sons, and for indecent conduct was remonstrated with by one of the firm. He commenced an altercation, during which Mr. Alexander Swinton was shot and killed, and Fellows was nearly killed by James Swinton with a hatchet.

THE VICTIM.

Mr. Alexander Swinton was the head of the firm of Swinton & Sons, who occupy the Port Jervis Foundry building and keep a large hardware concern. He had been a resident of Port Jervis for many years, and was much esteemed in the community as a quiet, unoffending and peaceable citizen. He was a native of Scotland, sixty-four years of age, has no wife living, but leaves a family of five grown sons and daughters to mourn his untimely decease. He died in about twenty-five minutes after he was shot.

THE MURDERER.

Warren Fellows is a man who has for many years borne a bad reputation, having been engaged in a number of questionable rows before. He is pretty badly wounded, but his physicians say that if inflammation does not set in he may recover. He is at the Fowler House at present. Last evening Drs. Van Etten, Hunt and Lawrence performed an operation on Fellows' head, removing pieces of the fractured skull.

THE INQUEST.

Coroner Isaac Penney immediately summoned a jury and held an inquest at the house of John Swinton on the body of the deceased. The inquest was then adjourned until this morning, at nine o'clock, when the following testimony was taken:—

TESTIMONY OF PETER RUFFER.

Peter Ruffer testified—He resides in Port Jervis, and was present last evening when Alexander Swinton was shot; he went to Mr. Swinton's store to get some zinc; between eight and nine o'clock John Swinton went out to the door to get something to cut the zinc with; when he returned his brother James came in with him and Warren Fellows behind him; heard John Swinton say to Warren Fellows that he should go away, that he didn't want anything to do with him; and Warren Fellows replied that he didn't ask any odds of any Swinton, nor ever did nor ever would; he then saw a revolver in the hands of Warren Fellows, who cocked it and pointed it at James Swinton; the first word he heard James Swinton say was that he did not want him to point a revolver at him; then James Swinton took hold of Fellows' hand and shoved it away from him; John Swinton went out of the back door to the storeroom; when he went out of the door the father of John Swinton stood leaning against the showcase looking on; he then told Warren Fellows that he did not want him there—he should go out doors; then Fellows said something, but witness did not recollect the words; at that time Mr. Swinton took him by the arm and shoved him; witness at that time saw Fellows point his revolver at the lower part of his body and shoot; after he shot, James Swinton took a hatchet and hit Fellows on the head twice; Fellows dropped; witness said to Charles Hurley "Come, let's go;" after he got out doors the boy hallooed to him and said the man was shot; witness believed he meant Mr. Swinton, and went back and saw Mr. James Swinton holding his father in his arms; Fellows had got up then and went out doors; witness asked James Swinton if he should go for the doctor, and was told to do so; he came back to Swinton's, and Mr. Alexander Swinton was then lying on the counter almost dead; didn't hear him say anything after he was shot; the witness and Mr. Correy then went up near where Squire Penny's office is for a policeman and met officer Tiobetts coming down; when they got back Mr. Swinton was dead; when Fellows shot Mr. Swinton didn't fall; heard but one report of a revolver.

A revolver was produced which witness said was like the one Fellows had, but he could not say positively that it is the same.

TESTIMONY OF THOMAS H. CAMPBELL.

Thomas H. Campbell testified:—Never knew Alexander Swinton until last night; was present last night when he was shot; went in Mr. Swinton's store about half-past eight; should think the occurrence took place about nine o'clock; went into Swinton & Son's store and inquired of Mr. Swinton, the man who was shot, for John Swinton; a gentleman stood by and asked him if he had any zinc; John Swinton then stepped back and got hold of a roll of zinc and unrolled it; the gentleman said he wanted a piece of zinc, and gave Mr. Swinton the size he wanted; Swinton said he would have to get shears to cut it; he went out and was gone not to exceed three or four minutes; about one minute before Mr. Swinton came in I saw a gentleman pass the door, on the stoop; Mr. Swinton having returned, requested the man to step away from the door, and told him he did not think it a very nice caper to step up and do his business before a man's door; Mr. Swinton then proceeded to unroll the zinc and cut it with shears; I saw a man step in the door, draw a revolver and cock it as he stood in the door; he stepped up to Mr. John Swinton and pointed it at him, saying, "He did not ask any odds of any damned Swinton he ever saw;" Mr. Swinton told him to get out doors, and further told him he didn't have any use for such instruments, as he did not carry them nor have anything to do with such things; Fellows said, "By God, he used them and he carried them;" Mr. John Swinton dropped the shears and zinc and went out of the back door; after he had gone out James Swinton asked Fellows to go out doors; he said "he would go out when he got ready;" the old gentleman, Alexander Swinton, then told him to go out; he then made a movement forward towards Mr. Alexander Swinton; Mr. Swinton then took hold of his right arm near the shoulder and stepped with him to the door; Fellows then turned around on Mr. Swinton; took hold of Mr. Swinton somewhere near the shoulder; he then instantly fired and shot Mr. Swinton somewhere in the lower part of the body; Mr. Swinton then stepped back against the counter; he then said "My God, I'm shot;" James Swinton then took a hatchet from off the counter and stepped forward to Fellows; Fellows then drew up his revolver at him; James Swinton snatched the revolver out of Fellows' hand and then struck Fellows twice on the head with the hatchet; he then fell down on his hands and knees; Swinton then kicked him with his boot; Fellows then got up and started for the street; the witness then went to the door to see which way he made his escape; Mr. Swinton said "I'm dying;" James Swinton then caught his arm around his father's neck and lifted him up; I told him we had better pick Mr. Swinton up and lay him on the counter; he then asked me to hold his father until he had followed up Fellows and had retaliation; I told him he had better let him go and take care of his father, as I thought he was hurt very bad; he then put the revolver in his pocket; we picked up the old gentleman and laid him on the counter; in picking Mr. Swinton up to lay him on the counter I discovered a large quantity of blood under his back; I told them we had better unloose his clothes and see where he was shot; myself and another party unbuttoned his clothes; at that time Dr. Jones came in and he said there was no help for him; we then carried him through the rear of the store into an adjoining house; got him in there and presently Dr. Van Etten came in; he said Mr. Swinton was dying; I then started to go home, but Dr. Van Etten said I must stay there; told him I would go home and come back immediately; when I came back Mr. Swinton was dead; did not see any disturbance between Mr. Swinton and Fellows previous to his entering the store; Fellows appeared to have whiskey enough in him to make him ugly; think the revolver shown to the jury was the one Fellows used in shooting Mr. Swinton; think Mr. Swinton did not live over twenty-five minutes after he was shot; don't think it exceeded ten minutes from the time Fellows entered the store until he shot Mr. Swinton.

TESTIMONY OF DR. VAN ETTEN.

Sol. Van Etten, M. D., sworn, says:—Knew Alexander Swinton; was present last night when he died; it was at the residence of John Swinton, his son; it occurred a few minutes before nine o'clock; have examined the body since he was dead; find a pistol ball had entered the groin on the left side, about half way between the pubes and the anterior superior spinous process of the ilium, passing downward and forward, wounding the femoral artery just beneath the Poupart ligament; the artery was cut about half off; this would have caused death; made dissections; exposed the bowels; found them in a normal condition; exposed lungs, heart, stomach, liver, and found all the viscera of the chest and abdomen in a normal condition; did not find the ball, but traced it through the vital parts until it reached the part which caused his death; the death of Mr. Swinton was caused by a pistol ball.

Drs. Jones and Hunt fully corroborated the previous testimony of Dr. Van Etten in every particular. Mr. James Swinton, son of the murdered man, gave substantially the same account of the affair. Other witnesses were examined, but nothing of importance elicited to change in any way the previous aspect of this tragic case.

THE VERDICT.

The jury, after an hour's deliberation, rendered a verdict that "The said Alexander Swinton came to his death at the store of Swinton & Sons, in Port Jervis, in the town of Deerpark, on the evening of August 5, 1869, from a pistol shot wound from the hands of Warren Fellows, and said shot was fired without any just cause or provocation."

THE CONDITION OF THE ASSASSIN.

A brother of Warren Fellows arrived here this afternoon, and is now attending him. The pistol used by Fellows is a Smith & Wesson seven-shooter, carrying a heavy ball. This afternoon Fellows disposed of all his property, devising it to his mother and child. His wife died last March. He is now perfectly rational, and understands his situation. Dr. C. M. Lawrence is his physician, and thinks that unless he is a man of almost superhuman endurance he cannot survive his wounds. There is a strong feeling against Fellows, and the village has been in a state of great excitement all day.

GREAT FIRE ON LONG ISLAND.

Destruction of an Oilcloth Manufactory at Columbusville, Queen's County—Loss Estimated at $100,000.

One of the most disastrous fires that have occurred for many years took place at Columbusville, Queen's county, L. I., last night, on the premises of Messrs. Allan, Sampson & Sons, oilcloth manufacturers, of that place. About half-past ten o'clock last evening the inhabitants of New York, Brooklyn and Jersey City were alarmed by a great glare which overspread the whole of the sky, and which proved that a tremendous conflagration was going on somewhere in the vicinity. The conjectures as to the vicinity of the fire were numerous and conflicting, the inhabitants of Jersey City believing it to be in New York, while the New York police, on being questioned, stated that it was somewhere in East New York or Brooklyn. The ferryboats on the East river were soon crowded with an anxious throng, and the streets of Williamsburg at midnight presented a very animated appearance, large crowds of people hastening rapidly through the streets in the direction of Columbusville.

From the information which our reporter was able to gather in the midst of the great excitement which prevailed it appears that the fire broke out about ten o'clock, in a four story frame building used for the purpose of a drying house. Before the engine which was kept on the premises could be got to work the flames caught another frame building, which was used as the storehouse of the works, and which contained a large quantity of turpentine and other inflammable oils. Within half an hour after the alarm had been given No. 8 hose carriage, of Williamsburg, with a large body of firemen was on the ground, and in the course of an hour the following engines and carriages arrived in rapid succession:—No. 7 steam engine; No. 2 steam engine; Nos. 7, 3 and 4, hose carriages; engines Nos. 1 and 2 of the new Department, Brooklyn, and No. 5 hose carriage. A large number of volunteer firemen were also soon on the spot, and Chief Engineer John W. Smith, of the paid department, Brooklyn, took charge, and every exertion was used to conquer the flames. It soon became evident that there was no chance of saving the two frame buildings. The large quantity of turpentine caught fire and the flames speedily shot up to an alarming height. The exertions of all present were then turned to saving the adjoining property, and we are very glad to say these efforts were very successful. A third small frame building, used as an office, caught fire from the intense heat and was soon consumed.

The estimated loss is $25,000 for buildings, $15,000 for machinery and $60,000 stock—total, $100,000. It is believed that a great portion of the loss is covered by insurance, but the names of the companies could not be ascertained last night. Fortunately there was a very large available supply of water in a store reservoir at the back of the works. Had this not been the case it is probable that the whole of the works, which cover nearly four acres of ground, would have been destroyed. The cause of the fire is unknown. The frame building where it first broke out was covered only yesterday with a fresh coating of tar and of tar and gravel on the roof. The workmen engaged in this work left about seven o'clock, and it is thought that they may have left some lights about, and thus, through their carelessness, caused this lamentable accident.

At one o'clock this morning, the time our reporter left the scene of the disaster, the fire was still burning, but all danger of it spreading had passed.

THE LABOR MOVEMENT.

The Tailors' Strike—The Cutters Join the Strikers—Another Arrest—Mass Meeting Yesterday—A Female Tailor on the Stump.

The Executive Committee and Central Body were in session all day at Germania Hall, 42 avenue A, and labored hard to reduce the art of setting watches, organizing committees and placing everything on a war footing to a science; and, as usual, several of the wives of the strikers volunteered as watchers. Only one disturbance took place during the day, resulting in the arrest of a man on watch at Hirschkind & Adler's store; but, on being taken to the Tombs, Judge Kelly immediately released him on parole.

The Committee on Agitation resolved on holding high festival on Monday next, when a grand demonstration will take place of all branches of the tailoring trade, and the Newark tailors, who intend participating in it, will be received with all due ceremony by the entire body at the depot. A committee was also appointed to visit the outlying districts and induce every tailor working there to declare in favor of the movement, and arrangements were made by which any man now on strike may receive immediate relief. The shop cutters have informed the Central Body of their intention of striking when called upon so to do, and this action on their part is imminent. The Newark men went on strike on Wednesday, and are well sustained.

The following is a list of the firms now struck against:—Desaer & Stern, Sonneborn, Ehlield & Levy, Mayer & Co., Chatterton & Co., August & Bing, Strauss & Sahlin, Seidenbach & Schwab, Braun Bros., Yung & Son, Strauss & Co., Trettwell & Germon, Strauss & Rauh, Blunn & Son, Peaugs & Co., Erdmann & Fox, Grenebaum & Adler, Davis & Co., A. Psernheimer, Hoffman & Grirman, Stadler, Glarier & Co.; Hirschkind & Adler, Martin & Co., Hornthal, Rindskopf, Gatham, Heimann & Co., Funk, Werner, Schaekmann, Levy Bros., Sudvon & Dayton, Haret, Heimanns & Helms, Jackson & Davis, Litthauer, Morris & Levy, Meisel, Neden & Metz, Vogler, Falk, Alexander, Baum & Schrier, Hall & Bruner, Cohn & Co., Sahlin, Jr., Weiss & Co., Newbruck, Friedlander & Stich, Wilde, Pearl street; Browning, Ratscher & Co., Runk & White, Wigal, Randolph, Leon & Arnold, Huerting & Harting, Longstreet, Hamerslough, Heidt & Hademann, Kahn, Metzer, Pinlion, Reinicke, White & Whitman, August, Bruck, Feroslowsky, Harlemer, Levy & Co., Wollenstein, Gross & Co., Turk & Co., Levison, Jones & Co., Warren street.

No returns from the manufacturers who have closed their establishments are forthcoming, but about 100 have as yet left off work, and the number of men employed by them exceeds 1,800.

The mass meeting was advertized for four P. M. at the Germania Assembly Rooms, but it was considerably later before business was commenced. At half-past four P. M. there were about 800 tailors present, and their behavior throughout the meeting was enthusiastic and orderly. Mr. Henry Lucker was unanimously voted to the chair and Mr. Starr was appointed secretary, and read the report, showing the following firms, who employ over 1,000 hands, to have complied with their employes' demands:—Coleman Bros., Carhart & Whitford, Peet & Co., Brokaw Bros., Devin & Co., Shaeffer Bros. and Steinhardt & Adler. Mr. Lucker then made a short speech, and the following resolution was unanimously adopted:—

Whereas the obstinacy of our employers in acceding to our just demands is palpable, and as our colleagues of the clothing department have taken sides with us, therefore, we resolve to stand as men to the last.

Mr. Lucker again spoke followed by Mr. Brand, of Union No. 1, Messrs. Braun, Greifenstein and also by a Mrs. Keiser, the latter a homely-looking dame, who spoke with great enthusiasm, but in a dialect totally incomprehensible even to the chairman, who, however, complimented her on her energy and proposed three cheers for the ladies, which were most vociferously complied with. Three cheers were also given for the Newark men, who were represented by a committee, and after exhorting the strikers to be firm and holding out a hope that by Monday next the strike would be virtually over the chairman adjourned the meeting.

Workingmen's Union.

A full representation of delegates of the Workingmen's Union, of this city, met last evening at No. 267 Bowery. Mr. Nelson W. Young, the President, on opening the proceedings, referred to the death of William H. Sylvis, late President of the National Labor Union and delivered a very feeling and eloquent eulogy on the life and services of the deceased in the cause of labor. Appropriate resolutions of condolence and regret at the loss they had suffered were passed by the meeting.

The tailors' strike received some attention, and the committee presented a report denouncing Brokaw Bros. as having acted dishonorably towards their men, declaring to pay them as per agreement. A report was made stating that the Journeymen Bricklayers' Union No. 2 would strike on next Monday morning. It was reported that the iron moulders on a strike in Harlem were being arrested under the Conspiracy act and held in bonds to keep the peace. The delegate from the Tailors' Union reported 4,000 shop tailors as having struck, and the movement as successful and on the increase. By the end of next week the number of strikers, it is expected, will be 20,000. A delegate here delivered a lengthy speech on the tailors' strike, at the close of which speech Mr. Jessup was elected delegate to the National Labor Convention at Philadelphia, and the meeting adjourned.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Almanac for New York—This Day.

Sun rises	5 02	Moon rises...morn	4 36
Sun sets	7 09	High water....eve	8 16

Weather Along the Coast.

AUGUST 6—9 A. M.

Port.	Wind.	Weather.	Thermometer.
Halifax	E	Raining	64 above
Portland	N	Clear	61 above
Boston	NW	Clear	63 above
New York	N	Clear	65 above
Philadelphia	N	Clear	58 above
Wilmington, Del.	N	Clear	62 above
Charleston	NE	Clear	86 above
New Orleans	W	Cloudy	84 above
Key West	—	Clear	85 above
Havana	—	Clear	84 above

PORT OF NEW YORK, AUGUST 6, 1869.

Herald Packages.

Captains and Pursers of Vessels arriving at this port will please deliver all packages intended for the HERALD to our regularly authorized agents who are attached to our Steam Yacht fleet. The New York Associated Press do not now collect marine reports nor attend to the delivery of packages, as will be seen by the following extract from the proceedings of the regular monthly meeting, held March 3, 1868:—

Resolved, That on and after April 1, 1868, the Associated Press will discontinue the collection of ship news in the harbor of New York. Passed unanimously.

☞ The office of the HERALD steam yachts JAMES and JEANNETTE is at Whitehall slip. All communications from owners and consignees to the masters of inward bound vessels will be forwarded free of charge.

CLEARED.

Steamship Europa (Br), McDonald, Glasgow—Henderson Bros.
Steamship City of Limerick (Br), Phillips, Antwerp—John G Dale.
Steamship Louisa Moore, Wallace, Newbern, NC—Murray, Ferris & Co.
Bark Eleanor (Br), Williams, Bristol—J C McArthur.
Bark G Franzen (Rus), Corcoran, Stettin—Wendt, Telens & Bockmann.
Bark Eliza Barss (Br), Smith, Hamilton (Bermuda)—J N Harvey.
Brig Lizzie Olsen (Br), Cameron, Cork for orders—S L Merchant & Co.
Brig Teresita (Br), Hill, Cienfuegos—Tucker & Lightbourne.
Brig A P L (Br), Landry, Cow Bay, CB—Hatton, Watson & Co.
Schr Jovan Rita (Port), Avelina, Figuera—B Guimaraes.
Schr Lizzie Troop (Br), Newell, Sidney, CB—Henry & Parker.
Schr C A Johnson, Willis, Washington, NC.
Schr L H Gibson, Crowell, Baltimore—Bentley, Miller & Thomas.
Schr Midnight, Hopkins, Boston—C L Hatch.
Sloop Exchange, Eaton, New Haven—G K Rackett & Bro.
Steamer Vineland, Bowen, Baltimore.
Steamer Concord, Norman, Philadelphia.

ARRIVALS.

REPORTED BY THE HERALD STEAM YACHTS.

Steamship City of Cork (Br), Allen, Liverpool July 17, and Queenstown 18th