EUROPE.

English Freights and Cargoes by the Cape as Influenced by the Suez Canal.

Should the Pope Die During the Session of the Council.

The Peabody Funeral Fleet and Its Course at Sea.

The Inman steamship City of Paris, Captain Mirehouse, which left Liverpool on the 25th and Queenstown on the 26th of November, arrived at this port yesterday afternoon, bringing our special correspondence from Europe and a mail report in detail of our cable telegrams dated to her day of sailing from Ireland.

The London *Post* of November 24 says the practical effect of the impending traversing of the Suez Canal by merchant ships has been to largely depreciate English freights to the East Indies and China by the Cape of Good Hope. Sailing ships on birth "find it difficult to obtain cargoes, and there has been a serious fall in rates; while screw steamers are securing from £3 12s. to £3 17s. 6d. per ton to the East Indies via the Mediterranean and Egyptian oversea route."

If a Turkish correspondent of the *Gazette de Cologne* is correct the Sultan was pleased with none of his royal guests so much as with the Crown Prince of Prussia. The manner of the Sultan is generally rather expressive of indolence and indifference. In the company of the Crown Prince, however, he was lively and spirited, and quite amazed his courtiers by an unusual flow of conversation. Once or twice he clapped the Prince on the shoulder, and exclaimed, "Maschalla! maschalla! mumnum im!" literally, "I am very happy!"

The Birmingham (England) *Post* says:—

Some surprise having been expressed at the omission of Dr. Newman's name from the list of expected visitors at Rome next month, it may be well to state that a special invitation from the Pope was addressed to the eminent oratorian a few months since, asking him to accept the office of Theologian to the Council; but, owing to his age and infirmity, Dr. Newman felt compelled to decline the proffered honor. The fact is instructive as to the estimation in which Dr. Newman's theological views are held at the Court of Rome.

A Paris letter of the 23d of November, in a London journal, says:—

The rush of people through Paris, who are literally "going over to Rome" in the flesh, as also I—not that it is any business of mine—they have before gone in the spirit, is a Catholic fact highly satisfactory to hotel keepers. They may be about to mortify their flesh in the Eternal City; but the only symptoms of mortification I have yet seen were when the head of a great Catholic family "went," like Sir Barrett Scottles, "so far as to —— a waiter at a cafe because the dinner was cold."

The Pope, it appears, has become possessed of the apprehension that the excitement of the Ecumenical Council may be greater than his health can endure. It is confidently stated in Rome that a Papal Bull will be issued ordaining that should his Holiness die during the meeting of the Council his successor is to be elected by all the assembled bishops, and not merely the conclave of cardinals.

Despatches from Paris, of the 24th of November, in London report:—

We have been having a good time at the Italiens. Sessi singing "Rigoletto," and Krauss the "Ballo in Maschera." The former will some day put in an appearance in London and possibly astonish you. There is a young lady also who plays the page in "Ballo in Maschera." Her name is Ricci. La Patti has had the most extraordinary success in the "Traviata," which she had never before sung in St. Petersburg. She was recalled twenty-three times. As to bouquets, which go from Paris and cost pounds sterling, Flora alone could give the "little addition."

The elevation of Colonel Greville Nugent to the British peerage causing a vacancy in the parliamentary representation of Longford, Mr. Reginald Greville Nugent asks the suffrages of the electors. On the Irish land question he says:—"I am prepared to support a measure calculated to secure the tenant in the permanent occupation of the holding on which he resides as long as he pays a fair rent." Mr. Nugent also declares himself in favor of the denominational system of education and an amnesty to the political prisoners.

The body of Kinck, the elder, murdered in the Pantin tragedy, was discovered at Belfort, France, on the 25th of November.

The suspension is announced of Messrs. Travis & Son, flannel manufacturers, Rochdale, England, with liabilities estimated at about £8,000.

As has been already reported briefly by cable telegram in the HERALD, Messrs. James Pim & Co., of Dublin, engaged in the grain trade, announced their inability to meet their engagements. The house was of long standing and stood among the best in the trade. The failure is attributed to large operations in corn for the "rise." It is stated that some parcels were held by them at about fifty-three shillings, while the value was about thirty-eight shillings; consequently the loss is very considerable.

The semi-official *Invalide Russe* reproduces a recent article of the London *Times* on the subject of the armament of the Russian military forces, and adds the following remarks:—

Russia is perfecting her military power in a degree befitting her dignity, and nobody can reproach Russia any longer with being backward when compared with the other European States. The quiet, systematic reforms of Russia's military power is, however, in glaring contrast with the feverish arming of a few other Powers.

Very few of the Paris journals comment on the result of the Paris elections.

ENGLAND.

The Peabody Funeral Fleet—Its Course When at Sea.

[From the London Times, Nov. 24.]

The sailing of her Majesty's ship Monarch from Portsmouth for the United States with the remains of the late distinguished philanthropist on board, has been deferred by orders from the Admiralty from the 27th inst. until a day yet to be fixed upon, according to circumstances, between the 2d and 6th proximo. This change in the date of sailing has been made to enable the United States ships of war, which have been ordered to accompany the Monarch across the Atlantic, to start with her at the commencement of the voyage from Spithead, and this they would have been unable to do had the original day fixed upon for the Monarch's departure been adhered to. The United States screw frigate Plymouth, which is one of the vessels ordered to accompany the Monarch, is now on her way to Spithead, from the Mediterranean, but is not expected to arrive earlier than the 1st proximo. She will afterwards have to fill up with coal, and it is just possible that some parts of her machinery may require a little readjustment in packing or other matters before she will be ready for the voyage. The screw corvette Kenosha is another of the vessels appointed to accompany the Monarch, but she will most probably arrive at Spithead some time in advance of the Plymouth.

The route taken by the Monarch and her convoy will be a southern one, and they will call at Madeira or Fayal to enable the ships to fill up their bunkers with coal for the remainder of the voyage to the American coast.

All the preparations on board the Monarch want but the finishing touches to render them complete. Captain Comerell's apartment on the aftermost part of the ship's main deck, in which will be deposited the case containing the coffin and remains of the late Mr. Peabody during the voyage between Spithead and the United States, has been inclosed and properly draped. The Monarch herself has been placed in full naval mourning, everything projecting above her upper decks, turrets, funnel, hurricane deck, lower masts and bowsprits, yards and blocks aloft, &c., all being painted a "French gray." A ribbon of the same color has also been painted round the outer sides of the bulwarks. Yesterday the Monarch was berthed alongside the railway jetty of the dockyard at Portsmouth, where she will receive the body on board on the day fixed upon for its embarkation. The train that will convey the friends of the late Mr. Peabody and his remains from London to Portsmouth will be run through the railway companies' joint station at the Portsmouth terminus, and over the Admiralty junction line of rails into the dockyard and on to the jetty, alongside which the Monarch is now lying.

A "Collins" Steamship as a Huge Cotton Ship.

[From the Cork Herald, Nov. 26.]

There is at present lying in the Birkenhead docks, England, one of the largest East Indiamen afloat, viz.: the Adriatic, whose history is a rather eventful one. The Adriatic originally formed one of the celebrated Collins line of steamships sailing between New York and the Mersey, and is a sister ship to the ill-fated Pacific, Arctic and Baltic. Ever since the collapse of the Collins line the Adriatic, we believe, was laid at Southampton until within the last few months, when she was purchased by Mr. Edward Bates and brought round to the Mersey to be transformed into a sailing vessel. The work is now being rapidly carried on, and in the course of a month or so the Adriatic will be one of the largest sailing vessels trading out of the port of Liverpool.

Mr. Bates owns several large vessels, one of them, the Bates Family, being capable of stowing away 11,000 bales of cotton; but when the alterations of the Adriatic are completed she will be able to carry about 20,000 bales of East India cotton.

An Italian Divorce Case in London.

[From the London Echo, Nov. 22.]

The case of Carriboni vs. Carriboni and Raddelit came on for hearing in this city this morning. The petitioner is an Italian, carrying on business as a jeweller at Gravesend, and he sought for a dissolution of his marriage on the ground of adultery with the correspondent, who is also an Italian. Both the respondent and co-respondent denied the allegation. The petitioner was stated to have been sixty years of age at the time of the marriage, while the respondent, who is of Irish extraction, is about eighteen. There were two children of the marriage. In December of last year the co-respondent was brought home to the house and introduced to the wife of the petitioner, who alleged that immediately afterwards an improper intimacy sprang up between them. Mrs. Carriboni was put into the witness box and denied the adultery. The co-respondent, Raddelit, was also sworn, and denied *in toto* that anything improper had ever taken place between himself and the plaintiff's wife. The petitioner was a suspicious old man, and had admitted afterwards that he was wrong in making such accusations, and had offered him a present for having made them.

Several witnesses were called on behalf of the co-respondent, and his Lordship held that the case for the petitioner had not been made out and dismissed the petition, with costs.

IRELAND.

Political Convicts for Parliament—Lessons from France.

[From the Cork Herald, Nov. 26.]

The Tipperary election terminated last evening in the return of O'Donovan Rossa by a majority of about 100 votes. This extraordinary occurrence will speak trumpet-tongued to the peoples, not alone of these countries, but of Europe, when they realize the fact that a poor forlorn convict, who is now pining amid burglars and murderers in an English prison, has been chosen as the Knight of one of the principal shires in Ireland, his sole merit being that he has suffered for what his countrymen believed to be her cause. It is quite possible that, according to the law of Parliament, he may be disqualified for the seat, but never can it be denied that the people who elected him regarded him as the true exponent of their feelings and their principles, and that they ignominiously rejected another candidate simply because he appealed to them as a supporter of the government which incarcerated and now tortures his "felon" rival. Let those who deal in deducing morals from political events draw any other inference. They are welcome to it. Certain it is the English press, which has lately taunted the Emperor of the French on account of the return of some of his "irreconcilables," must use all their available ingenuity to get rid of the ugly and damning fact of the impracticable and irreconcilable Rossa's election by "gallant Tipperary."

THE TELEGRAPHS.

Messages from India to London.

[From the London Times, Nov. 25.]

The following relates to the present state of the telegraphic service with India:—

OLD BROAD STREET, E. C., LONDON, Nov. 24, 1869.

I think you will agree that the East India merchants have just cause to complain of the condition of telegraphic communication with the East. For many weeks past messages have been coming with the most fitful irregularity, varying from nine to fifteen days and more, and, as long as we believed all were in the same boat, we have borne the inconvenience with only grumbling; but when we see that the Indian Council get messages through from Bombay in about thirty-six hours (vide the *Times* of to-day and the welcome telegram concerning Dr. Livingstone) we feel incline to do more than grumble and to inquire when matters are to improve. As an instance (one in many) of the present condition of the line, I may name that last Monday's mail from Bombay, with letters dated the 30th of October, brought my firm copy of a message of the 23d of October, the original of which has never reached us, and is probably "delayed in Turkey" or elsewhere. Meanwhile the officials at each end receive our messages and money, but the telegrams themselves constitute a living example of a leap in the dark, as there is no possibility of obtaining any assurance that they will reach their destination at all. Your obedient servant, A MERCHANT.

METEORS.

Falling of Two Meteoric Bodies in England.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE LONDON HERALD:—

As I have not seen in your paper any account of the falling of two meteors in this village I write to tell you that such is the fact. On Saturday, November 6, two meteors were seen to fall perpendicularly from the sky almost at the same time, within a few minutes of seven o'clock, and about a mile distant from each other. The first seen by six or seven persons at least (no doubt the same as seen by your correspondent at Highclere), fell near Blackfield chapel, and about sixty yards to the left of a man walking along the road towards that building. This all describe as being most magnificent and varying in color, leaving a long train of sparks behind, which were visible nearly ten minutes; after which, for full half an hour, a luminous vapor or cloud was seen assuming various shapes, crescent, sinuous, &c. (as seen from different places), and being gently carried along to the westward by the wind. It burst when near to the ground and a mass of flame shot out from it (the man says he should think two yards wide), but no heard no report. When he first saw it falling it was small, but before its bursting it seemed as large as his double fists and of the color of the moon. The light given out was very great. Another person says "it made it as light as day." I have since been searching in the field, but have not been successful in finding any fragments.

The second meteor was seen by, I know, four different people, who thought it fell in the rectory grounds. (It has since been found in the field beyond.) They compared it to a ball of fire, first of a bluish color, changing as it fell to a deep orange, but leaving no sparks behind. This also gave a brilliant light. It was picked up on the Wednesday following by Mr. Sugatam, who says it had then a strong sulphurous smell. It is an object of much interest to the people here.

I am afraid of making my communication too long, so I will simply say its outward appearance is similar to those generally known as meteoric stones; but the upper part (that is, as it lay on the ground) had a piece seemingly blown off, and this shows the interior to be a pure flint of a brownish tinge; lying on this is a fine powder in crystals, like silica; others more needle shaped; then also metallic grains are visible—nickel, I suppose. There is also a projection which has the appearance of a broken fossil shell of the mussel class; but this we wish to have examined, and to do that the stone must be broken or cut open more than it is at present; for, should it prove to be such, it would go a long way to establish the theory of meteoric stones being part of a dismembered world. In size it is less than a cricket ball, and weighs more than one pound avoirdupois. It must have been in a soft state when it reached the ground, for it had not penetrated more than half an inch, and that part is much flattened and smoother than the rest. I am, sir, yours respectfully, A. T. SMITH.

FAWLEY, NEAR SOUTHAMPTON, HANTS, Nov. 16.

PERSONAL MOVEMENTS.

Bismarck never swears.

Hon. Jere Black writes with his left hand.

General Terry is seriously ill at his home in Atlanta, Ga.

General Twiggs was once the richest general in the army.

Schenck has bought a $30,000 mansion in Washington.

General G. P. Ihrie is Congressional delegate from Alaska.

Prim, the Spanish general, is little and has a peaked nose.

Alexander Dumas is to write up the Ecumenical Council for *La Liberté*.

Two Irish girls of San Francisco have given Train a $500 emerald.

A daughter of Professor Agassiz is in the insane asylum at Somerville, Mass., a monomaniac.

Traupmann is the champion confessor. No two of his confessions agree, except in atrocity.

One of the heaviest speculators at the Paris Bourse is a coal black negro from Port au Prince.

The Princess de Metternich claims to have restored over fifty fallen women to their families and to respectability.

Miss Muhlbach has her hands full—a dozen historical novels on the United States, a five act drama, and a dropsy which is expected to carry her off.

The ex-King of Naples, who has just returned from a visit to Germany, says:—"I have brought back one conviction, and that is—there are no more kings."

The Earl of Zetland, during twenty-six years Grand Master of Freemasons in England, will retire in favor of Earl De Grey and Ripon, now Deputy Grand Master and a member of Gladstone's Ministry.

Belle Boyd, who has been confined in the California insane Asylum at Stockton for some time past, gave birth to a child last week and almost fully recovered her reason immediately after the occurrence.

Robert F. Burton, a leading Mormon, has been visiting his brother in Toledo. He joined Joe Smith at Nauvoo twenty-five years ago, and has now three wives and twenty-two children, all boys but three. He is Sheriff of Salt Lake, Collector of Internal Revenue, and runs a woollen factory.

Longfellow, while in Florence, recently purchased for presentation to the library of Bowdoin College, his alma mater, the works of Petrarch, Dante, Ariosto and Tasso, of the famous Pisa edition, and had them elegantly bound at Rome in vellum backs, gilt. He also obtained a volume of Greek poetry, Anacreon and Sappho, folio, bound in the same style, as a testimonial to his instructor, the venerable Professor Alpheus S. Packard.

THE ELECTION TO-DAY.

AN EXCITING CONTEST EXPECTED.

Important Election Orders from Police Headquarters.

LIST OF POLLING PLACES.

POLLS OPEN AT - - - 7:11 A. M.
POLLS CLOSE AT - - - - 4:31 P. M.

The charter election of police justices, civil justices, aldermen, assistant aldermen and public school trustees for New York city takes place to-day. The election will be an exciting one, owing to the extraordinary efforts put forth by all parties in the canvass and the existence of so many bitterly hostile factions. It was reported last night that large gangs of organized repeaters had been mustered for use in the Twelfth ward should there be a falling off in votes for some of the "regular" candidates, and the police will do well to keep a close watch upon the voting in that section.

The following important election orders have been issued by Superintendent Kennedy:—

GENERAL ORDER—NO. 591.

OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT METROPOLITAN POLICE, 300 MULBERRY STREET, NEW YORK, Dec. 1, 1869.

CAPTAIN ——, —— Precinct:—

You will, on Tuesday, December 7, order the whole of your command on duty at sunrise, except those detailed by the Superintendent for that day.

You will not excuse any member of your command on that day. You will take every precaution to preserve the peace around the polling places where the election is held and keep ingress and egress to them open, so that every citizen entitled to vote may have an opportunity to do so in safety.

You will see that your telegraph instrument is in charge of a sergeant fully competent to work it from sunrise to sunset. In case you require assistance while the election is going on, notify your adjoining precincts for their reserve, and if the difficulty assumes a serious aspect, telegraph to this office.

You will see that your ballot boxes are properly labelled and that they are distributed to the several polling places in your precinct before sunrise on the morning of election. And, under a resolution of the Board, adopted on the 24th inst., you are specially instructed to furnish wooden ballot boxes only, as no cartage for ballot boxes will be allowed for this election.

You will instruct the members of the force under your command to keep a sharp lookout for illegal voters; to arrest all persons whom they have good reason to believe have voted or attempted to vote illegally, and also instruct them to protect persons who may be placed at each poll as challengers, in the decorous performance of that duty.

JOHN A. KENNEDY, Superintendent,
GEORGE W. DILKS, Inspector.

GENERAL ORDER—NO. 593.

OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT METROPOLITAN POLICE, 300 MULBERRY STREET, NEW YORK, Dec. 3, 1869.

CAPTAIN ——, —— Precinct:—

The police telegraph instrument, after sundown on December 7 inst., will be used exclusively in transmitting election returns. The only exception will be in notifying the Central Office of any serious disturbance requiring aid, the locality of a fire or the detention of lost children. No communication whatever must be made between one station house and another during the period of transmitting the election returns, unless on an order from the Central Office.

You will so dispose of the members of your command as to insure the transmitting of the result of the canvass of each ticket at the several election districts in your precinct to your station house without delay, thence to be sent immediately, by election districts, to the Central Office. You will obtain the canvass of each election district in full, and as provided for by the blanks.

The Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Fourteenth, Fifteenth and Seventeenth precincts will send their returns forthwith by special messenger, as successively received. The remaining stations will transmit by telegraph in like manner.

Direct the men who are engaged in bringing the returns of the canvass to the station house to also bring with them the returns of the Associated Press, which you will deliver to the special messenger duly appointed to receive the same. Reporters will be furnished with returns at this office only.

No question relative to the progress of the canvass will be answered from the Central Office, but as soon as the canvass of each ticket is completed the result will, on alarm, be transmitted to every station house for the information of the residents in the vicinity.

Sergeant —— is specially detailed to operate the instrument at your station house from sundown to twelve o'clock midnight, and Sergeant —— from twelve o'clock until the canvass is ended.

On the morning of Wednesday, December 8, you will send to this office the full returns of each election district in your precinct as certified by the canvassers.

JOHN A. KENNEDY, Superintendent.
GEORGE W. DILKS, Inspector.

GENERAL ORDER—NO. 594.

OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT METROPOLITAN POLICE, 300 MULBERRY STREET, NEW YORK, Dec. 4, 1869.

CAPTAIN ——, —— Precinct:—

The law makes it the duty of the canvassers of election in the cities of New York and Brooklyn, immediately after being organized and after the inspectors of election shall have delivered to them the ballot boxes and the poll lists, "without any adjournment or recess and at the place of the polls, [to] publicly proceed to canvass and estimate the votes in the manner and with the powers [and] duties" heretofore prescribed for and enjoined upon the inspectors of election. "And all other persons are prohibited from engaging in and assisting in the canvass and estimate of votes as aforesaid, except the poll clerks of each district," who shall render such service as clerks as the district canvassers shall require. (Session Laws of 1857, chapter 294.)

You will, therefore, maintain in each "place of the poll," where alone the canvass can proceed, and until its completion, a sufficient force to preserve order and the public peace, and in no case allow any person to interfere with the canvassers in the performance of their duty; nor allow any person against his will to be removed from the room in which the canvass is proceeding except for disorderly conduct or undue interference with the canvassers.

The canvass must be conducted publicly, and good order must be preserved.

JOHN A. KENNEDY, Superintendent.
GEORGE W. DILKS, Inspector.

The Polling Places.

The following are the polling places selected by the Board of Police:—

FIRST WARD.

Dist.	Dist.
1—52 Greenwich street.	4—95 Greenwich street.
2—82 Greenwich street.	5—26 Exchange place.
3—127 Washington street.	6—106 Broad street.

SECOND WARD.

1—22 Ann street. 2—106 Beekman street.

THIRD WARD.

1—108 Washington street. 3—15 College place.
2—70 Barclay street. 4—3 Hudson street.

FOURTH WARD.

1—29 Frankfort street. 5—26 Madison street.
2—8 Ackerman place. 6—61 Cherry street.
3—30 Madison street. 7—46 Oak street.
4—81 Oliver street.

FIFTH WARD.

1—42 Leonard street. 5—69 Hudson street.
2—7 Walker street. 6—174 Franklin street.
3—166 Franklin street. 7—417 Greenwich street.
4—4 Beach street. 8—21 Desbrosses street.

SIXTH WARD.

1—4 Tryon row. 7—34 Mott street.
2—13 Elm street. 8—94½ Elm street.
3—38 Centre street. 9—44 Bayard street.
4—135 Leonard street. 10—132 Walker street.
5—96 Centre street. 11—56 Mott street.
6—67 Baxter street.

SEVENTH WARD.

1—68 East Broadway. 7—2 Montgomery street.
2—144 Cherry street. 8—37 Montgomery street.
3—164 East Broadway. 9—27 Scammell street.
4—62 Market street. 10—635 Water street.
5—38 Rutgers street. 11—60 Jackson street.
6—19 Canal street.

EIGHTH WARD.

Dist.	Dist.
1—53½ Greene street.	10—182 Varick street.
2—90 Greene street.	11—200 Varick street.
3—113 Prince street.	12—278 Spring street.
4—32 Grand street.	13—285 Spring street.
5—60½ Thompson street.	14—350 Hudson street.
6—13 Prince street.	15—46 Renwick street.
7—173 Prince street.	16—325 Spring street.
8—9 Clark street.	17—367 Hudson street.
9—145 Varick street.	

NINTH WARD.

1—409 Hudson street. 16—436 Hudson street.
2—39½ Carmine street. 17—78 Bank street.
3—429 Hudson street. 18—253 West Tenth street.
4—Morton and Bleecker sts. 19—673 Washington street.
5—273 Bleecker street. 14—729 Greenwich street.
6—1 Christopher street. 15—4 Bethune street.
7—271 West Fourth street. 16—517 Hudson street.
8—7 Seventh avenue. 17—25 Ninth avenue.
9—136 Greenwich avenue.

TENTH WARD.

1—157 Forsyth street. 7—30 Canal street.
2—151 Chrystie street. 8—40 Ludlow street.
3—120 Chrystie street. 9—69 Forsyth street.
4—137 Ludlow street. 10—109 Canal street.
5—101 Ludlow street. 11—122 Canal street.
6—86 Ludlow street. 12—13 Eldridge street.

ELEVENTH WARD.

1—511 East Houston street. 14—347 East Tenth street.
2—99 Pitt street. 15—417 East Eleventh street.
3—118 Pitt street. 16—433 East Twelfth street.
4—87 Columbia street. 17—40 avenue C.
5—451 East Houston street. 18—59 avenue D.
6—96 Lewis street. 19—118 avenue C.
7—350 East Houston street. 20—747 East Ninth street.
8—27 avenue B. 21—192 avenue C.
9—35 avenue C. 22—124 avenue C.
10—45 avenue C. 23—149 Lewis street.
11—238 East Eighth street. 24—44 avenue D.
12—139 avenue B. 25—104 avenue D.
13—645 East Ninth street.

TWELFTH WARD.

1—100th st., near Broadway. 11—2d av., 110th and 111th sts.
2—West side 4th av., 23th st. 12—2,118 Third avenue.
3—1,698 3d av., 80th & 90th st. 13—S.W. cor. 4th av. & 125th st.
4—1,465 Third avenue. 14—4th av., 125th & 127th sts.
5—1,315 Third avenue. 15—125th st., 5th & 6th ave.
6—1,915 Third avenue. 16—Lawrence st., Broadway and Tenth avenue.
7—2,049 Third avenue.
8—3d av., 115th and 120th sts. 17—10th av., near 152d st.
9—2,291 Third avenue. 18—S. W. corner 130th st. and 10th av.
10—2,323 Third avenue.

THIRTEENTH WARD.

1—6 Suffolk street. 6—109 Delancey street.
2—21 Attorney street. 7—258 Delancey street.
3—7 Pitt street. 8—43 Lewis street.
4—113 Clinton street. 9—588 Grand street.
5—102 Clinton street.

FOURTEENTH WARD.

1—276 Mulberry street. 7—532 Broome street.
2—21 Prince street. 8—315 Grand street.
3—215 Mott street. 9—150 Mulberry street.
4—97 Spring street. 10—152 Baxter street.
5—200 Elm street. 11—147 Grand street.
6—68 Spring street.

FIFTEENTH WARD.

1—90 Amity street. 7—244 Mercer street.
2—4 Amity place. 8—143 Crosby street.
3—224 Mercer street. 9—73 Fourth avenue.
4—190 Waverley place. 10—57 West Thirteenth street.
5—132 West Eleventh street. 11—115 Macdougal street.
6—21 West Eleventh street.

SIXTEENTH WARD.

1—72 Seventh avenue. 10—360 West Seventeenth st.
2—103 West Sixteenth street. 11—115 Ninth avenue.
3—122 Seventh avenue. 12—155 Ninth avenue.
4—142 Seventh avenue. 13—157 Ninth avenue.
5—156 Seventh avenue. 14—221 Ninth avenue.
6—194 Seventh avenue. 15—237 Ninth avenue.
7—230 Seventh avenue. 16—255 Ninth avenue.
8—250 Seventh avenue. 17—520 West Twentieth street.
9—83 Ninth avenue. 18—535 W. Twenty-second st.

SEVENTEENTH WARD.

1—88 Rivington street. 19—149 First avenue.
2—111 Stanton street. 20—443 Sixth street.
3—182 Essex street. 21—83 avenue A.
4—31 Clinton street. 22—60 avenue A.
5—168 Essex street. 23—56 First avenue.
6—167 East Houston street. 24—36 avenue A.
7—83 Second avenue. 25—12 First avenue.
8—17 Third street. 26—105 Second street.
9—347 Fifth street. 27—34 avenue A.
10—78 East Tenth street. 28—135 Third street.
11—112 Third avenue. 29—70 avenue A.
12—350 East 13th street. 30—403 Sixth street.
13—183 First avenue. 31—98 avenue A.
14—137 First avenue. 32—161 avenue A.
15—199 First avenue. 33—176 avenue A.
16—226 First avenue. 34—404 East 13th street.
17—186 First avenue. 35—272 avenue A.
18—156 First avenue.

EIGHTEENTH WARD.

1—S. w. corner 18th st. and 4th avenue. 13—436 Second avenue.
2—38 East Nineteenth st. 14—246 First avenue.
3—4 East Twenty-third st. 15—366 First avenue.
4—140 Third avenue. 16—280 First avenue.
5—508 Third avenue. 17—296 First avenue.
6—456 Second avenue. 18—320 First avenue.
7—243 East 24th street. 19—338 First avenue.
8—324 East 23d street. 20—634 First avenue.
9—157 Third avenue. 21—540 East Fifteenth street.
10—351 East Eighteenth st. 22—296 avenue A.
11—833 First avenue. 23—302 avenue A.
12—371 First avenue. 24—239 avenue B.

NINETEENTH WARD.

1—639 Fourth avenue. 19—b. w. cor. 67th st. and 3d av.
2—681 Third avenue. 20—N. side of 51st st., bet. 2d and 3d avs.
3—529 Fifth avenue.
4—591 Third avenue. 21—Third avenue, between 70th and 71st streets.
5—778 Sixth avenue.
6—705 Third avenue. 22—Second avenue, between 65th and 66th streets.
7—750 Third avenue.
8—867 Second avenue. 23—1,852 Third avenue.
9—882 Sixth avenue. 24—1,227 Third avenue.
10—807 Third avenue. 25—1,433 Third avenue, between 51st and 52d sts.
11—520 Third avenue.
12—827 Third avenue. 26—1,545 Third avenue.
13—864 Third avenue. 27—1,478 Third avenue.
14—988 Second avenue. 28—1,291 Third avenue.
15—157 East Fifty-seventh st. 29—1,408 Third avenue.
16—949 Third avenue. 30—1,615 Third avenue.
17—906 Third avenue. 31—722 Fifth avenue.
18—1,144 Second avenue.

TWENTIETH WARD.

1—295 Tenth avenue. 12—396 Ninth avenue.
2—265 Tenth avenue. 13—350 Eighth avenue.
3—339 Ninth avenue. 14—142 West 28th street.
4—385 Ninth avenue. 15—108 West 30th street.
5—413 Ninth avenue. 16—259 West 29th street.
6—430 West 35th street. 17—107 West 31st street.
7—477 Ninth avenue. 18—442 Eighth avenue.
8—369 Ninth avenue. 19—548 Sixth avenue.
9—307 West 38th street. 20—1,369 Broadway.
10—578 West 38th street. 21—271 West 36th street.
11—384 Ninth avenue. 22—1,523 Broadway.

TWENTY-FIRST WARD.

1—242 East 26th street. 12—563 Third avenue.
2—213 East 28th street. 13—582 Third avenue.
3—425 Third avenue. 14—148 East 39th street.
4—554 Second avenue. 15—532 Third avenue.
5—568 Second avenue. 16—472 Third avenue.
6—567 Second avenue. 17—463 Fourth avenue.
7—589 Second avenue. 18—411 Fourth avenue.
8—530 Second avenue. 19—73 West 35th street.
9—614 Second avenue. 20—52 West 33d street.
10—629 Second avenue. 21—13 East 27th street.
11—655 Second avenue.

TWENTY-SECOND WARD.

1—644 Eighth avenue. 10—432 West 42d street.
2—571 Ninth avenue. 11—1,356 Broadway.
3—634 Eighth avenue. 12—791 Ninth avenue.
4—589 Ninth avenue. 13—1,406 Broadway.
5—1,453 Broadway. 14—791 Ninth avenue.
6—639 Ninth avenue. 15—574 Eighth avenue.
7—682 Seventh avenue. 16—Broadway, 65th and 66th streets.
8—667 Ninth avenue.
9—1,586 Broadway. 17—79th st. and 10th avenue

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

Married.

CRANE—HALLOCK.—On Sunday, December 5, by the Rev. A. McLean, THEODORE F. CRANE, of Nyack, to KATE A., daughter of David F. Hallock, of this city.

STONE—WOOD.—On Tuesday, June 8, 1869, by the Rev. Dr. Dowling, CHARLES H. STONE, of New York, to IDA L., daughter of George Wood, Esq., of Tarrytown.

Died.

BAILEY.—On Sunday morning, December 5, of pneumonia of the lungs, ELVIRA A., second daughter of William and Elvira A. Bailey, aged 30 years.

The relatives and friends of the family, those of her brothers, William H. and Dexter B. Bailey, and of her brothers-in-law, George Stump and Joseph W. Howe, and of Alfred D. Butterworth; also the members of Putnam Lodge, No. 338, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from No. 534 Broome street, on Wednesday afternoon, at one o'clock.

Boston and Fall River (Mass.) papers please copy.

BENNETT.—On Monday morning, December 6, AMANDA L., wife of H. N. Bennett and youngest daughter of the late Robert B. Tremper.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, 153 West Thirty-first street, on Wednesday afternoon, at one o'clock.

BERGEN.—On Sunday afternoon, December 5, JOHN BERGEN.

The body will be taken from his late residence, No. 600 Greenwich street, this (Tuesday) morning, to St. Joseph's church, where a solemn requiem mass will be celebrated at half-past ten o'clock. The friends of the deceased and of his family are invited to attend.

BRADY.—On Sunday, December 5, MARY ELIZABETH, eldest daughter of James and Mary Ann Brady, aged 7 years, 8 months and 4 days.

The relatives and friends are requested to attend the funeral, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at one o'clock, from the residence of her parents, No. 319 East Fifty-sixth street.

BROWN.—On Sunday morning, December 5, at his residence in Chatham, N. Y., WILLIAM BROWN, aged 78 years and 6 months, brother of the late Ira Harvey and Hori Brown, of New York city.

Husband and father, fare thee well;
Our God, who knoweth best,
Hath called thy willing spirit home
To an eternal rest.

And as we take the last fond gaze
On thee we loved so dear,
We'll look above, with firm resolve
To strive to meet thee there.

Funeral this (Tuesday).

CARROLL.—On Monday, December 6, at his late residence, No. 104 Grand street, Williamsburg, JOHN CARROLL, aged 42 years, native of Birr, Kings county, Ireland.

Notice of funeral in to-morrow's papers.

CARLETON.—On Monday, December 6, SARAH M. CARLETON, wife of Thomas J. Carleton, aged 25 years, 2 months and 13 days.

Relatives and friends of the family, also members of Putnam Lodge, No. 338, F. and A. M., are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from her late residence, No. 275 Stanton street, corner of Columbia, on Wednesday afternoon, at one o'clock.

Philadelphia papers please copy.

CLARK.—On Sunday, December 5, Mrs. SUSAN CLARK, aged 77 years and 7 days.

Relatives and friends of the family, and those of her son, James J. A. Bruce, and her sons-in-law, Jacob Hyatt, Samuel L. Caverly and John W. Ritch, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the First Baptist church, corner South Fifth and Fifth streets, Williamsburg, on Wednesday morning, at eleven o'clock.

COFFEE.—At Keyport, N. J., on Sunday, December 5, after a lingering illness, JOSEPH E. COFFEE, Sr., aged 58 years, 11 months and 8 days.

Notice of the funeral in to-morrow's papers.

COLLIER.—At Aiken, S. C., Rev. EZRA W. COLLIER, late of Coxsackie, N. Y.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

DE VEAU.—On Monday, December 6, DANIEL DE VEAU, aged 65 years, 10 months and 1 day.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services, at his late residence, 130 Allen street, on Wednesday afternoon, at half-past two o'clock. The remains will be taken to New Rochelle for interment on Thursday morning. Train leaves corner Twenty-seventh street and Fourth avenue at nine A. M.

DOUGLASS.—On Monday, December 6, Mr. WILLIAM DOUGLASS, in the 69th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, Fort Lee, N. J., on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock.

ECKEL.—On Saturday, December 4, JOHN J. ECKEL, aged 47 years.

The relatives and friends are requested to attend the funeral, at the Presbyterian church corner Madison avenue and Twenty-ninth street, to-day (Tuesday), at twelve o'clock.

FARNHAM.—At Oriskany, N. Y., on Friday, December 3, of heart disease, GEORGE F. FARNHAM, formerly of Roxbury, Mass.

FOX.—On Sunday, December 5, after a short illness, JAMES FOX, a native of the parish of Lorbadony, county Tyrone, Ireland, aged 36 years.

His remains will be taken for interment to Calvary Cemetery, on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock, from his late residence, No. 34 Hudson avenue, Brooklyn. The friends and relatives of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

GANNON.—On Monday, December 6, MARY GANNON, aged 55 years.

The funeral will take place, from the residence of Isaac Marks, 218 Bowery, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at two o'clock.

Ballinasloe (county Galway, Ireland) papers please copy.

HAYS.—At Mott Haven, on Saturday afternoon, December 4, after a long and painful illness, DAVID L. HAYS, in the 41st year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, this (Tuesday) morning, at eleven o'clock. Train leaves Twenty-sixth street station at ten o'clock.

HERLEY.—On Sunday, December 5, MARY E. FELTER, wife of Michael Herley and daughter of Ebenezer Felter.

The relatives and friends are requested to attend the funeral, from 153 Elizabeth street, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at one o'clock. The remains will be taken to Calvary Cemetery.

Detroit papers please copy.

HOLMES.—At Harlem, on Sunday, December 5, after a short illness, SAMUEL E. HOLMES, aged 38 years.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the Reformed Dutch church, Third avenue, corner 121st street, on Wednesday afternoon, at two o'clock.

KINE.—On Monday morning, December 6, HENRY A. KINE, in the 40th year of his age.

Funeral on Wednesday morning, at eleven o'clock, from the residence of his mother, 257 West Twelfth street.

MARSHALL.—At Sing Sing, on Monday, December 6, STEPHEN MARSHALL, in the 75th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from the Methodist Episcopal church, Sing Sing, on Wednesday afternoon, at half-past one o'clock. Express train leaves Thirtieth street depot at 10:30 A. M.

MOORE.—At Hempstead, L. I., on Sunday, December 5, ANN ELOISA, daughter of the late Rev. Thomas Lambert Moore, formerly rector of St. George's church, Hempstead, in the 82d year of her age.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral, this (Tuesday) afternoon, at half-past one o'clock, from St. George's church, Hempstead. Trains leave Hunter's Point at eleven A. M.; return at 3:40 P. M.

PEYROT.—At Tremont, on Sunday, December 5, AMEDEE A., youngest son of Amedee and Louisa A. Peyrot, aged 9 years, 3 months and 4 days.

The relatives and friends of the family