CUBA.

Valmaseda an Aspirant for the Captain Generalship.

Intrigues in His Favor—De Rodas Growing Weary of Them—His Reported Defeat—Latest from the Camaguey—Bloody Encounter in Trinidad—Insurgents in Cienfuegos—Council of War—Insurgents in Sagua la Grande.

HAVANA, April 23, 1870.

For a considerable time intrigues have been carried on here having for their purpose the elevation of the Count Valmaseda to the position of Captain General. Originally an Isabellino and sent out here by the unfortunate Queen he has seemed to realize that his only hope of being retained in position or for advancement was in remaining constantly in the field. Since his departure from here in November, 1868, he has visited the capital but once, and then but for a few hours and in order to confer with his superior. His operations in the field and particularly the sanguinary disposition he has shown in the Jiguani massacre and on other occasions, has made him very popular, particularly in the eastern end of the island, where he has been *fêted* and feasted *ad infinitum* and *ad nauseam*. Indeed, there and elsewhere in the island his name has come to excite the utmost enthusiasm. As it is known that De Rodas is the right hand man of Prim and is very popular with the army, his recall has been expected in order to assist Prim in maintaining his supremacy at home, and great efforts have been made by the friends of Valmaseda to accomplish his succession. During his absence in the country his wife has remained here, and has used such influence as she could wield to win over the more prominent officials to the cause of her husband. In this, however, she has not been successful, as Valmaseda, independent of his connection with the old *regime*, is not regarded as possessing either the judgment or capabilities for the position. The Countess recently left for Spain, doubtless in her husband's interest, after an interview with him at Manzanillo.

While little is positively known, it has long been whispered that the feeling between the Captain General and the Count was never very good, and there is good authority for saying that the former has become weary of the plots and intrigues concerning his succession. As the result of this it is stated in the streets and generally repeated among the Spaniards that Valmaseda has been relieved and ordered home. Connected with this story is news concerning the recent defeat of the troops under his command near the Cauto. The details of the engagement, in so far as they have reached us, are already familiar to the readers of the HERALD. It is evident they had nothing to do with his belief, as the order, if issued at all, must have come from Spain, as in the present condition of affairs here the Captain General would hardly assume the responsibility of relieving him from his command.

It is now known that his Excellency, the "First Authority," will not return from Puerto Principe as soon as he anticipated. Evidently the work of suppressing the insurrection does not go on as bravely forward as was hoped, necessitating a probable stay of from four to six weeks. Meanwhile and during his absence everything remains very peaceful and well ordered here, rendering his presence not at all requisite.

The government officials in the cities bordering on the insurrectionary districts are much disturbed on account of the large number of women and children either coming voluntarily or brought in, and who have to be fed. A great moral effect has been attempted from these *presentados* who were only a burden to the insurgents in arms, and now the government finds itself very much in the position of the man who drew the elephant. Rations are necessarily dealt out to satisfy immediate want, and in the vicinity of Puerto Principe the lands which have been embargoed or abandoned are to be let to the use of those who will cultivate them, the first year for no rent, and thence forward for one-tenth of the products paid to the government or proprietor. Similar or other means are being adopted in several localities to bring the land again under cultivation, and as no change of season intervenes here this can be very quickly done.

The latest piece of information to which his Excellency, the Captain General, has treated us, is through a telegram of date the 21st, which says:—"The column of Colonel Aguilar has caused the enemy fifteen deaths and thirty prisoners, among them Prefecto, who will be shot to-day; 550 head of cattle were brought in. Manati has been occupied, and there have gone from here the materials and effects to establish the place and warehouses. Weather magnific; health good." Manati is a small seaport east of Nuevitas, which was some time since abandoned by the Spaniards.

By the arrival of a coasting steamer at Batabano we have dates from Trinidad to the 20th. According to the *Imparcial* a bloody encounter had taken place between the contra guerillas "Guias de Rodas" and the insurgents on the high ground near the estate "Caballan." The former had been in pursuit of the rebels for several days without success, but finally captured a runaway negro, who guided them to their hidden locality. Extravagant accounts of the number of dead are given. The bodies were collected and laid in rows, but were not buried, as it was necessary to continue pursuit, which, however, was not continued. A woman was found who was charged to advise the insurgents to bury the dead. Another was seen running through the woods, holding up her dress, and was not fired at, which is wonderful. The names of the dead were not known, though it was thought, from papers discovered, one was a certain Fortun, from Pce to Principe, and another a man named Gomez. Later in the account it is stated that fifteen were killed and five seen to be wounded.

The same journal states that in the environs of the city and estates are living concealed a number of insurrectionists, who are employed in obtaining cattle, salt and other necessaries. Another force had made a reconnoissance in the hills with favorable results, but the details are not given.

Dates from Cienfuegos are to the 20th. The estate "Cometa," belonging to Señors D. Manuel Rodriguez Somoate and D. José Vives, has been totally destroyed by insurgents. The small garrison upon it, consisting of seven mobilized volunteers and some of the employes of the estate, defended it for an hour, but could resist no longer, as the buildings contiguous to the small fort containing them were on fire. The same party carried off sixteen negroes from the estate "Flora," in the vicinity. On the 14th four of the Havana "bomberos," now stationed at "Las Lajas," not far from Cienfuegos, with an officer, started for this city to obtain some sick, and on their return were attacked by insurgents, who killed the officer and three men; the others escaped. Forces were sent out from Las Lajas, but the rebels had disappeared. On the 17th, as says the journal mentioned, at six in the evening, the horizon was illuminated so brightly as to cause a belief that it proceeded from the aurora borealis—a phenomenon seldom witnessed in this country. The Governor sent out twenty men to discover if any estates were on fire, who returned with the information that two cane fields on the estate "Josefa" were burning, causing the brilliant light.

The United States man-of-war Yantic had arrived at Cienfuegos, in furtherance of her mission of taking deep sea soundings between Santiago de Cuba and Batabano. Sir Charles Bright had also arrived there. It is understood there will be a station at Cienfuegos. The company desires little land line on this island as possible, and would avoid it altogether were it practicable, owing to the imperfinent and vexatious interference with the business of the company in which Spain, with her antiquated notions, is constantly indulging. A council of war was sitting for the trial of seven persons from Las Lajas, among them one lady and two boys of ten and twelve years old.

The guns at Contramaestre has of late been guarding the coast on the south side, between Cape Cruz and the port of Santiago de Cuba. The mountains are in close proximity to the shore in that locality, and it is very favorable to landings, one or two of which have taken place there. A detachment was sent out at the points called Boca de Calio, Guamon and Paosyto, and dragged a few old men, women and children from their homes.

A band of insurgents appeared near Alvarez, in Sagua la Grande, on the night of the 19th. This place is near the boundary of the jurisdiction mentioned and Cienfuegos, and not far from Macagua, the terminus of the railroad from Havana. The Governor of Cienfuegos sent out a detachment of the chapelgorris in pursuit.

A council of war sits in Havana to-day for the trial of D. Antonio Sirventy Duran, charged with infidencia.

Jordan at Nassau—Reported Capture of a Spanish Frigate.

HAVANA, April 23, 1870.

The British gunboat Lapwing has just arrived here from Nassau. Her officers state that General Jordan, of the Cuban army, had arrived there.

A rumor is current here that the Spanish frigate Blanca has been captured in the harbor of Montevideo by rebel sympathizers, and it is said the Gerona will sail immediately for that port.

Rumors of a determination on the part of Spain to give up the contest in this island are current.

ST. DOMINGO.

All Quiet at St. Domingo City—Hatch's Imprisonment—Consul Perry's Activity—Health of the United States Squadron—Arrival of General Jordan at Nassau in Fine Spirits—Colonel Ashby Alive—Golcouria's Cavalry Expedition Landed Safely in Cuba.

KEY WEST, April 19, 1870.

The United States steamer Bibb, Captain Robert Platt, bearing despatches to Admiral Poor, has just retured to this port, bringing reliable information from St. Domingo.

It seems that Hatch's confinement was prolonged through selfish motives, by persons in the good graces of President Baez, as they wanted to get possession of a claim held by Hatch, of the Salt Mountains &c. Our Consul was prompted that he would be released, but was not until the matter was referred to Admiral Poor. Soon as the Admiral endorsed the Consul's demand Mr. Hatch was released.

Consul Perry is at St. Domingo working hard and doing his utmost for the interest of the country which he represents. Too much praise cannot be awarded him for his indefatigable efforts in protecting American citizen in and about St. Domingo.

The health of the squadron, consisting of the Severn, Nantucket, Dictator and Swatara, is excellent.

The flagship Severn left St. Domingo April 4 for Santiago de Cuba, with Consul Phillips on board.

Information from Nassau this morning reports General Jordan, accompanied by Colonel F. Castillo and G. Betancour, arrived in that city from Cayo Lobos, bringing dispatches with them from headquarters up to the 21st March. They report affairs in Cuba satisfactorily progressing, the seat of government not having been removed and Congress holding its session uninterrupted. General Jordan and staff left Cuba with the entire approval of the Cuban Congress, and have in no way lost the confidence and esteem in which they were held. Colonel Ashby, who was reported killed, is alive and well and in command of cavalry. Golcouria's expedition has safely landed.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

WALL STREET,
THURSDAY, April 28—6 P. M.

The speculative activity of the gold, stock and government markets showed no abatement to-day, and under increased purchases prices advanced to the highest figures attained in the present upward turn of values.

GOLD STRONG AND ACTIVE.

The closing quotation of gold—115¼ a 115½—is the briefest way of indicating the change which has occurred in the course of the price of the precious metal. The excitement in the Gold Room at times reached fever heat, and the transactions were again on an enormous scale. As will be seen by the table below the clearances for yesterday's business exceed even the large figure then estimated, and reached nearly $95,000,000. The earliest price was 115, from which the "bears" hammered it to 114¾; but the firmness of exchange rallied the market to 115¼, from which point it again drooped to 115, but eventually closed at 115¼ on the receipt of intelligence from Paris that the bullion in the Bank of France had fallen off 8,500,000 francs, while the specie in the Bank of England had gained only £50,000. The "bulls" have taken hold of the market with great confidence in the belief that with a decreasing scale of exports for the rest of the spring and summer, and with the extravagant importations exhibited in the receipts of foreign goods last week, the government alone can defeat their plans of advancing the market to higher figures. It is impossible to export bonds at present prices. Indeed, there were reports on the street this evening that some of the foreign bankers had sold governments at the top of to-day's prices, buying simultaneously in Europe. The borrowing demand for governments was active to-day on previous speculative sales. The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $600,000 to-day in payment of the May coupons. The course of the gold market is shown in the table:—

10 A. M.	115	2 P. M.	115¾
11 A. M.	114¾	3 P. M.	115¾
11:49 A. M.	115¼	3:30 P. M.	115¼
12 M.	114¾	4 P. M.	115¾
1 P. M.	115¼	5:30 P. M.	115¾ a 115¼
1:39 P. M.	115¼		

Holders of gold paid from three to seven per cent to have their balances carried over. Exceptional transactions occurred at flat for borrowing. The operations of the Gold Exchange Bank were as follows:—

Gold cleared	$94,524,000
Gold balances	1,617,075
Currency balances	1,904,831

FOREIGN EXCHANGE FIRM.

The foreign exchange market was firm on the basis of 109¾ for prime bankers' sixty day and 109¾ for sight sterling bills, and the leading houses were indisposed to draw large amounts at these rates. The street is quite bare of commercial bills despite the rise in gold, while the enhancement in the home price of government securities prevents the shipments of bonds and the formation of a supply of bond bills. Should the receipts of cotton this week show a further decrease, and should holders retain their stocks of cotton for higher gold, the future of exchange promises additional firmness.

GOVERNMENTS STRONG AND ACTIVE.

The excitement in the government market suggested the days of last year, when, under the revival of the European demand and with advancing gold quotations, the market moved up a half to one per cent a day. This rapid movement has been fully equalled the present week at the government board, as a comparison of prices will readily show. The upward turn in gold stimulated the movement to day, and the 67's led the way to 113¾. Here the market encountered sales supposed to be on foreign account and reacted with the general reaction at the close of the day. The following were the latest street prices:—United States currency sixes, 112¼ a 112½; do., 1881, registered, 116½ a 116¾; do. do., coupon, 116¾ a 116⅞; do. five-twenties, registered, May and November, 110¼ a 110¾; do., 1862, coupon, do., 115¾ a 115¾; do. do., 1864, do. do., 114¼ a 114¾; do. do., 1865, do. do., 114¾ a 114⅞; do. do., 1865, coupon, January and July, 113 a 113½; do. do., 1867, do. do., 113¾ a 113½; do. do., 1868, do. do., 113¼ a 113½; do. ten-forties, registered, 107½ a 108; do. do., coupon, 108⅜ a 108¾.

AN EASY MONEY MARKET.

The supply of money in Wall street to borrowers on call continues unusually abundant, despite the absorption of a vast amount by the expansion of business and the advance in prices at the Stock Exchange. Loans on stock collaterals were made as low as four per cent, but the prevailing rate was five. Borrowers on government securities were very freely accommodated at four to five per cent. Commercial paper was in demand under a diversion to this investment of capital seeking higher rates of interest than those prevailing in the open money market, and the various grades of prime double name acceptances were current at six to seven and a half per cent discount.

STOCKS ACTIVE AND STRONG.

The stock market was again strongly active and prices took a further surge to higher quotations. The "bulls" were in ecstacies and have been jubilant all day. The earliest buoyancy was assisted by advices from Washington that the Ways and Means Committee had paused in wonder at the great revulsion in Wall street, consequent upon the anticipated rejection of the Funding bill, although the formal disagreement with the Senate measure had not as yet taken place. The popular objection to the scheme seemed to impress them (according to the tenor of these advices) with the propriety of not disregarding the interests of the public in any new bill. Later in the day it was announced that the Banking and Currency Committee, also impressed with the lesson taught by the Funding bill, would not introduce any measure looking to a contraction of the currency—a statement, by the way, which assisted the final rally in gold referred to above. The stock market was swimmingly buoyant at the last board, on this news, and prices touched the highest of the day. The temptation to realize was too strong to overcome, and a great many of the "bulls" sold their stocks, creating a general downward movement, which was more marked in Ohio and Mississippi than in the other shares. Here the market rallied on the second rise in gold to 115¾, and the news of the anti-contraction policy of the Banking and Currency Committee; but the "bulls" who had not sold at the previous high range of prices were now tempted to sell, while the impatient "bears," remembering the recent "drop," thought it a good time to put out a line of short sales, the market closing barely steady at the prices recorded in the table of latest street quotations.

THE RAILWAY MORTGAGES.

The following were the bids for the railway mortgage bonds:—

New York Cen 6's, 1883	95⅝	T, W & W con, s f	81
New York Cen 6's, 1887	96	Gt West 1st m, 1888	101
New York Cen 6's, r e	92	Gt West 1st m, 1888	88
New York Cen 6's, sub	89	Gt West 2d m, 1893	81⅜
Erie, 1st m, extended	100	Gal & Chic extended	99
Erie 7's, 2d m, '79	96¾	Gal & Chic 2d m	94
Erie 7's, 2d m, 1883	98	Ch & R I 1st m	103
Erie 7's, 4th m, '80	84	Chic, R I & Pac	98¾
Erie 7's, 5th m, '85	81¾	Mor & Essex 1st m	106⅜
Buf, N Y & E 1st m, '77	90	Mor & Essex 2d m	96¾
Hud R 7's, 2d m, a f, '85	101	Clev & Tol sink fund	100
Harlem 1st m	103	N J Cen, 2d m	103
Harlem con mtg & s f	96	Pitts, F W & Chic 1st m	102
Mich Cen 1st m 8's, '82	121	Pitts, F W & Chi 2d m	93½
Chic, Bur & Q 8 p c, 1st m	113	Pitts, F W & Chic 3d m	84
Mich So 7 p c 2d m	97¾	Clev & P 2d m	96
Mich S & N I s f 7 p c	101	Clev & P 3d m	93
Pac RR 7's, guar by No. 28	100	Clev & P 4th m	77
Cent Pac bds	92¾	Chi & Alt s fund	100
Union Pac 1st bonds	86¼	Chi & Alt income	88
Pi Cen, 7 p c, 1860	101	Ohio & Miss 1st m	91¾
Alt & T H 1st m	80½	Ohio & Miss consol	89
Alt & T H 2d m pref	84	Dub & Sioux C 1st m	97
Alt & T H 2d m, inc	81	Peninsula RR bonds	89
Chic & N W s fund	95½	St Louis & Iron M bonds	85¼
Chic & N W 1st bds	92	Mil & St P 1st m, s'k	109¼
Chi & N W ext bds	87	Mil & St P 1st m, 1 3-40	92
Chic & N W 1st m	94	Mil & St P 1st m	93
Consol 7 p c conv	88	Mil & St P 2d m	84
Han & St J land grants	104	Mar & Cin 1st m	91½
Lac & W bonds	98½	Chic & Mil 1st m	91½
Del, Lac & West, 1st m	97	Col, Chi & Ind, 1st m	81½
Del, Lac & W 2d m	97½	Col, Chi & Ind, 2d m	62¾
Tol & W, 1st m ext	92½	Boston, H & Erie gtd	85
Tol & W, 2d m	85¼	Tol, Peo & W, E D	83
Tol & W, equip bds	80	Tol, Peo & W, W D	79½

THE HIGHEST AND LOWEST PRICES.

The quotations given below will show the extreme range of quotations. The column of highest figures will tell the story of the day's activity, the advance being based on very heavy transactions, with business well distributed over the list. The weak spot in the whole campaign was Erie, which again declined to 23½, in sympathy with a fall in London to 18⅝. The following were the highest and lowest prices:—

	Highest.	Lowest.
New York Cen. & Hud. consolidated	97	95⅝
New York Central & Hudson scrip	94½	92⅞
Harlem	147	146⅜
Erie	24	23½
Reading	102½	101⅞
Lake Shore	97½	95¼
Wabash	55½	53⅝
Pittsburg	106¼	105⅜
Northwestern	79	77½
Northwestern preferred	89	88
Rock Island	121⅞	121
Fort Wayne	93½	93
Milwaukee and St. Paul	65¼	63⅝
Milwaukee and St. Paul preferred	79	77½
Ohio and Mississippi	36⅜	34½
New Jersey Central	108½	107⅜
Boston, Hartford and Erie	5	4½
Western Union Telegraph	34⅜	33½
Cumberland	32½	31⅞
Mariposa preferred	15½	15
Pacific Mail	44	42⅞

SOUTHERN SECURITIES FIRM.

The Southern State bonds have not as yet participated in the active speculation in the other departments of the Stock Exchange, but prices by sympathy are very strong and generally steady. The Tennessees are again in the hands of the clique and have advanced to the highest prices made since the panic. The Virginias improved on light dealings and closed very firm. The North Carolina special tax bonds and the Alabama eight per cents were lower, the latter on sales to realize the recent sharp advance. Old South Carolinas were strong and the new bonds steady. The following were the final street prices of the Southern list:—Tennessee, ex coupon, 59½ a 60; do., new, 57 a 57¼; do., five per cent, 47 a 50; Virginia, ex coupon, 69½ a 70; do., new, 70 a 70¼; do., registered stock, 56½ a 57; do., registered, 1866, 66 a 68; do. do., 1867, 61½ a 63; Georgia sixes, 88 a 90; do. sevens, 94 a 95; do. do., interest payable in Georgia, 89 a 92; North Carolina, ex coupon, 47 a 47¼; do., special tax, 23¾ a 24; Missouri sixes, 92¾ a 93; do. Hannibal and St. Joseph, 93 a 93½; Louisiana sixes, 75 a 76; do. sevens, 78 a 80; do. eights, 85 a 87; do. levee sixes, 75 a 77; do. do. eights, 91½ a 92; Alabama eights, 104 a 108; do. fives, 75 a 80; do. sixes, sterling, 90 a 95; South Carolina sixes, 90 a 92; do., new, 81½ a 82½; do., registered stock, 80 a 83; City of Memphis sixes, 51½ a 53; do. Atalanta eights, 82 a 85; do. Savannah sevens, 89 a 92; do. New Orleans consols, 76 a 77; do. do., railroad issues, 75 a 75; Mobile Ohio sterling, 77 a 79; do. eights, 71 a 72; Mississippi Central Railroad first mortgage, 78 a 80; do. second mortgage, 60 a 62; Memphis and Charleston first mortgage, 87 a 89; do. second mortgage, 78 a 80; do. stock, 43 a 45; Greenville and Columbia Railroad, guaranteed, 71 a 72; Macon and Brunswick, guaranteed by Georgia, 82 a 83; Arkansas sevens, 75 a 75½.

THE SUB-TREASURY REPORT.

The following was to-day's business at the office of the Assistant United States Treasurer:—

General balance yesterday	$87,879,317
Gold receipts	590,480
Gold payments	476,663
Gold balance	$84,625,193
Currency receipts	783,604
Currency payments	1,556,114
Currency balance	2,023,081
General balance	88,142,534
Customs	550,000

SALES AT THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Thursday, April 28—10:15 A. M.

$30000 US 6's, '81, c	116⅛	100 sha Wells-Fargo Ex	21¼
70000 do	117	100 do	21½
40000 US 5-20, c, '65	115⅛	100 do	20⅞
20000 US 5-20, c, '65	114¾	100 do	20⅝
21000 US 5-20, c, '65, n	115⅛	300 do	20½
25000 do	115¼	10 do	20
16000 US 5-20, c, '67	115⅛	300 N Y C & H RR	98
5000 US 6's, cur'cy	112½	1000 do	98⅛
190000 US 5-20, c, '67	115⅛	500 do	98⅛
50,000 do	115⅛	25 do	98⅛
5000 do	115⅛	1100 do	98
10000 do	115⅛	20000 N Y C & H RR c	98
20000 do	115⅛	10000 do	98
70000 do	115⅛	10000 do	98⅛
20000 US 5-20, c, '68	115⅛	20000 do	98⅛
11500 US 5's, 10-40, c	108⅛	10000 do	98
10000 do	108⅛	60000 do	97⅞
10000 do	108⅛	400 Erie RR	24
18000 do	108⅛	100 Erie pref b c	46⅛
4000 Tenn 6's, ex c	68⅛	1200 Harlem RR	146⅛
25000 Tenn 6's, n	66⅞	700 do	146⅞
5000 Va 6's, new	70⅞	200 do b c	146⅞
30000 N Car 6's, new	23¾	1000 Reading RR	102⅛
16000 S Car, Jan & July	8	1000 do	102⅛
6000 Missouri 6's	92¾	2000 do	102⅛
30000 do	92⅛	50 do b c	102
21000 do b call	93	200 do	102⅛
1000 La 6's, l b	92	33 Mich Cen RR	125
5000 N Y 6's, '73	105	100 do	125⅛
3000 N Y Cent 6's, '83	93½	20 do b c	124⅞
2000 Erie 2d mtge, '78	87⅞	1000 L S & M S RR	95⅛
1000 Erie 3d m	88⅛	500 do	95⅛
1800 Buf, N Y & E 1st m	90	20 do	96
15000 Mich So 2d mtge	88	600 do b c	95⅛
1000 Hud R 2d s f bds	104	800 do	95⅛
1000 Pac 7's, gd by Mo	98	1000 do	95⅛
10000 Cen Pac 6's g bds	92⅛	500 do	95⅛
2000 do	92⅛	10 Pacific RR	115
1000 U Pac RR 1st m	86⅞	200 Illinois Central	140¼
5000 Alt & T H 2d m pf	81⅛	21 do	140
7000 Alt & Terre H income	81⅛	500 Cleve & Pitts RR	106
2000 Chic & N W int b	92	200 Chic & N W RR	77⅛
4000 Chic & N W c bds	88⅛	200 do	77⅛
2000 Chic & N W 1st m	94	200 do b c	77⅛
13000 Mich S & N I bonds	102	200 do	77⅛
1000 Del, Lack & W 1st	96⅛	600 Chi & N W RR pf	88⅛
2000 do	97	17 do	88
1000 Tol & Wab 2d m	85	200 do bt call	88½
2000 T & W cap bds	80⅛	100 do	88⅛
1000 Great West 2d m	81⅛	200 do	88⅛
2000 C & R I & P R 7's	98⅛	100 C, C, Cin & In RR	79
5000 do	98⅛	20 do	79⅛
1500 Mor & Ess 2d m	97	700 N J Central RR	108⅛
4000 Dub & Sioux C 1st	97	200 do	108⅛
7000 M & St P 7 3-10 con	93	100 do	108⅛
55000 St L & M 1st m bs	94⅛	200 do bt call	108⅛
8000 do	88⅛	16 Chic & R I RR	121⅛
2000 Chic & Alt 1st	101	600 do	121⅛
1000 Chic & N W s f bs	96	400 do	121⅛
1000 Mil & St P 8's 1st m	105⅛	200 do b c	121⅛
1000 Peninsular RR 1st	90	200 do	121⅛
1000 Mil & St P 1st m	93	200 Mil & St Paul RR	63⅞
20000 Col, Chi & I C 1st m	81	200 do	63⅞
20000 do	81⅛	200 do	63⅞
10000 do	81⅛	100 do b5	63⅞
25000 do	81½	15 do	63⅞
10000 do	81⅞	100 do b c	63⅞
10000 do	81⅞	300 Mil & St Paul pf	77⅛
2000 C, C & I C 2d m	93⅛	400 Tol, Wab & W RR	54¼
1000 Tol, P & W 1st, s f	79⅛	100 do	54⅛
12000 Lake Shore div bs	91	200 do	53⅞
2000 Am D & Im C, 7's	95	500 do	53⅞
9 shs Bk of New York	140	400 P, Ft W & C RR gtd	93
20 Continental Bank	57⅛	100 Alt & Ter H RR	81⅛
50 Ocean Bank	39	100 Alt & Terre H pref	64
8 Cen Nat Bank	119	220 Chic & Alton	135⅛
5 Del & H C Co	123	138 do	135
100 Cumb Coal pf	32	1100 Ohio & Miss RR	28⅛
400 do	28⅛	100 do b c	28⅛
75 do b c	28⅛	700 do	28⅛
100 West U Tel	38	200 Del, Lack & W	107⅛
200 do b c	38⅛	200 do	107⅛
100 do bet call	38	100 do	107⅛
200 Qu'ksilver Min Co	9	100 do	108
100 Mar M Co	7⅛	20 Morris & Ess RR	93⅛
500 Mariposa pref	15	100 do	93⅛
100 Penn Coal Co	225	100 N Y & N H RR	147
1000 Pac M SS Co	43⅛	100 do	148
25 do	43⅛	1400 Bost, Hart & Erie	4⅛
10 Adams Ex	65⅛	50 do	4⅛
50 do	63	100 Han & St Jos	112⅛
100 do	63⅛	100 H & St Jo RR pf	111⅛
100 do b call	63⅛	70 Dub & S C RR	108
10 do	63⅛	10 do	108⅛
320 U S Express Co	40	1000 C, C & I C RR	20⅛
50 do	41⅛	100 do	20⅞
10 Am Mer U RR	26⅛	700 do	20⅞

12 o'Clock M. and 2:15 P. M.

$3000 US 6's, '81, r	116⅛	$5000 US 5-20, c, '65	114⅛
1000 do	116⅛	6000 US 5-20, c, '65, n	113⅛
12000 US 6's, '81, coup	116⅞	1000 do	113
10000 US 5-20, c, '62	115⅛	6000 do	113
1000 U S 5-20, r, '61	110⅛	100 do	113⅛
15000 US 5-20, c, '64	114⅛	32500 US 5-20, c, '67	113⅛
20000 do	114	100000 do	113⅛
10000 US 5-20, r, '64	114⅛	20000 do	113⅛
35000 US 5's, 10-40, c	108⅛	60000 do	113⅛
6000 do	108⅛		

One o'Clock P. M.

$15000 Tenn 6's, n	67	200 shs Chic & NW RR	79
10000 do	67⅛	100 do b c	78⅞
1000 N Car 6's	47¼	200 do	78⅞
3000 Ala 8's, bonds	103	200 Chic & N W pref	88⅞
20000 C, C & I C 1st	81⅛	100 do	88⅞
100 Mariposa Min b c	7⅛	200 do b call	88⅞
100 Mar pref	15	200 do	88⅞
50 W U Tel	33⅛	200 Rost, Har & Erie RR	4⅛
100 U S Express Co	40	1000 do b c	5
800 N Y C & H RR b c	98⅛	300 Ohio & Miss RR	28⅛
10000 N Y C & H R b c	98⅛	100 N J Central RR	108⅛
20000 do	98⅛	200 do	108⅛
40000 do	98⅛	100 Mil & St P RR	64⅞
10000 do	94	100 do s15	64⅞
900 Harlem RR	147	100 Mil & St P pref	76⅛
800 Reading RR	102⅛	100 do	76⅛
2000 do	102⅛	50 do	78⅛
500 do b c	102⅛	500 do	79
200 L S & M S RR	97⅞	100 Del, Lack & W	108⅛
200 do b c	97⅞	200 do	109
300 do	97⅞	100 Tol, Wab & W	54⅛
1100 do	97	100 do	54⅛
100 do	97⅛	100 do	54⅛
700 do	97⅛	100 Chicago & Alt pref	114⅛
10 Illinois Cen RR	140	100 do	116
100 do	141	100 H & St Jo RR	112⅛
200 do b c	143	100 do	112⅛
200 Cleve & Pitts	106⅛	200 Col, C & I C RR	21
100 Chic & N W RR	78⅞	100 do	20⅞
100 do	78⅞	100 Dub & S C RR	108
100 do b5	78⅞	100 do	108
1000 do s30	78	100 do	108⅛

STREET QUOTATIONS.

Half-past Five o'Clock P. M.

West Un Tel	38⅛ a 38⅛	Chic & N W pref	88⅛ a 88⅛
Pacific Mail	42 a 43	Rock Island	121⅛ a 122
N Y Central con	96⅛ a 96⅛	St Paul	64⅛ a 64⅛
N Y Cen scrip	93⅛ a 93⅞	St Paul pf	78⅛ a 78⅛
Erie	23 a 24	Tol & Wabash	53 a 54
Reading	101⅛ a 101⅞	Ohio & Miss	28 a 28⅛
Lake Shore	96⅛ a 96⅛	N J Central	108⅛ a 108⅛
Clev & Pitts	106⅛ a 106⅛	C, C & I Cent	21 a 20⅞
Chic & NW	78 a 78⅛		

COMMERCIAL REPORT.

THURSDAY, April 28—6 P. M.

COTTON.—The amount of business consummated in this staple was only moderate, but prices were more steady, the market closing steady at our quotations below. The offerings were only moderate. There were sold 1,098 bales, of which 913 were for export, 072 for spinning, 121 on speculation and 293 were in transit. For future delivery the market was more active, and the following were the sales:—300 bales basis low middling for May at 22c. a 22½c., 100 do. for April at 22½c., 300 do. for June at 22c., 100 do. for June at 19c., gold, 300 do. for May 1 to June 30 at 22½c., 200 do. for 15th May to 30 June at 21½c., buyer's option; 100 do. for July and 100 do. for August, both at 22c. We quote:—

	Orleans and Florida.	Mobile and Memphis.	N. Orleans.	Texas.
Ordinary	18¼	18⅛	18¼	19
Good ordinary	20⅛	20⅛	21	21¼
Low middling	22¼	22⅛	22¾	23
Middling	23¼	22⅞	23⅝	24
Good middling	24⅛	24⅛	25	25¼

COFFEE.—The market for Rio was very firm at the quotations appended, with a small supply and a fair demand from the trade. There were sold 2,500 bags, to arrive, per Jens Wulf, on private terms. For other kinds the market was quiet, but firm. We quote:—Rio, ordinary cargoes, 14c. a 15½c.; fair do., 16c. a 16½c.; good do., 17c. a 17½c.; prime do., 18c. a 18½c.; extremes for lots, 13c. a 13c.; Java, 26c. a 28c.; Singapore, 18c. a 19c.; Ceylon, 17½c. a 19c.; Maracaibo, 16½c. a 19c.; Laguayra, 16½c. a 18½c.; Jamaica, 15c. a 16½c.; Costa Rica, 16c. a 20c.; Manila, 16c. a 17c.; Mexican, 15c. a 18c., and Savanilla, 16c. a 17½c., all gold, duty paid.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.—Receipts, 8,475 bbls. flour, 625 bags corn meal, 34,800 bushels wheat, 2,450 do. corn, 3,300 do. oats, 11,000 do. barley and 9,900 do. malt. The flour market ruled firmer for all grades under an improved demand for export and prices were generally higher. The sales were about 12,000 bbls., including about 5,000 for export, mainly at $5 a $5 25 for extra. For Southern flour there was a fair demand at full prices, the sales being fully 1,000 bbls. Rye flour was scarce and firm at our quotations. Sales 200 bbls. Corn meal, though quiet, was firm at our quotation. Sales 100 bbls. Brandywine at $5 75. We quote:—

No. 2 State	$4 40 a $4 65
Superfine State	4 65 a 4 85
Extra State	5 00 a 5 25
Choice do	5 25 a 5 50
Superfine Western	4 60 a 4 85
Extra do	4 90 a 5 25
Extra Minnesota	5 25 a 6 50
Round hoop Ohio, shipping brands	5 60 a 5 50
Round hoop Ohio, trade brands	5 50 a 7 00
St. Louis low extra	5 25 a 6 00
St. Louis straight extra	6 00 a 6 50
St. Louis choice double extra	7 00 a 7 50
St. Louis choice family	7 50 a 9 00
Southern choice and family	6 00 a 9 25
Southern superfine	4 60 a 8 00
Rye flour	4 25 a 5 50
Corn meal, city	4 75 a —
Corn meal, Jersey	4 75 a —
Corn meal, Brandywine	5 75 a 5 85

—Wheat was in good demand, and fully 2c. higher, closing firm at the advance. The sales (part last evening) were about 125,000 bushels at $1