TELEGRAPHIC NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

The Paris Barricades, Movements of the Troops and General Agitation in the City.

Muster of the People in the Suburbs of Paris and Fatal Charge of the Military.

The Approaches to Belleville, near Paris, Impassable This Morning.

Civic and National Returns of the French Plebiscitum Vote.

An English Remedy for the Condition and Misfortunes of Greece.

FRANCE.

The Paris Barricades—Operations of the Troops Against the Insurgents.

PARIS, May 10—2 A. M.

The barricades in the Rue du Temple were quickly carried and there has been no further attempt to erect them.

At this hour the city is as quiet as usual.

The Barricades Carried by the Troops—Paris Quiet.

PARIS, May 11—3 o'clock A. M.

All the barricades were taken by the troops about midnight, and by one o'clock this morning the Faubourg du Temple and Belleville were occupied by the military.

Tranquility now prevails throughout the city.

The Barricade Fight at Belleville—Several Rioters Killed by the Troops—Approach to the Place Impossible.

PARIS, May 11—A. M.

The insurrection at Belleville, near this city, is still serious.

In the attack on the barricades thrown up by the people a captain of infantry was wounded.

Several of the rioters were killed by the troops in charging the barricades.

A number of the insurgents were arrested by the soldiers and police.

The approaches to Belleville from Paris are still impassable, in consequence of the crowds, the muster of troops and the débris of the barricades.

How the Night Passed in Paris—An Angry, Rather Ominous Dawn—Barricades Again.

PARIS, May 10—1 P. M.

Several riots occurred late last night. They were not serious.

Three or four barricades were erected in the Belleville district, but they were feebly defended.

The troops carried them easily without firing a shot.

Shots were fired, but not by the soldiers.

There was great excitement throughout the night, and, indeed, is now; but owing to the large display of troops the crowds are more noisy than dangerous.

The City Still Agitated and in Alarm.

PARIS, May 10—8 P. M.

It is feared that the disturbances of last night will be renewed this evening; but ample measures have been taken by the government to maintain order.

Great crowds of people are gathered in the Faubourg du Temple.

The People Entrenched at Belleville.

PARIS, May 10—10 P. M.

Barricades have again been thrown up in the Faubourg du Temple, and also in Belleville, and the troops are now operating against them.

An Army Officer Reported Wounded.

PARIS, May 10—10 P. M.

It is reported that Captain Lafontaine, in command of one of the attacking columns, was wounded by a pistol shot.

The Plebiscitum Vote—Returns from the Great City Centres.

PARIS, May 10—P. M.

The official returns of the votes cast during the *plebiscitum* in the various important city centres of France give the following returns from the undernamed towns:—

	Yes.	*No.*
Paris	111,363	156,376
Nantes	32,916	12,833
Marseilles	18,412	34,829
Lille	65,367	13,803
Bordeaux	10,127	18,469
Toulouse	912	12,534

Totals received to evening:—"Yes," 3,065,656; "No," 706,156.

The Returns of the Nation.

PARIS, May 10—8 P. M.

The returns of the vote on the *plebiscitum* received from all parts of the country except Algeria foot up:—

Yes	7,210,296
No	1,530,610

The Army Vote Complete.

PARIS, May 10—P. M.

The returns of the army vote are all in. They show the following result:—

Yes	227,336
No	29,354

The Returns for the Empire Not Complete.

PARIS, May 10—P. M.

The result throughout the empire cannot yet be given exactly.

Secure and Generous.

PARIS, May 10—P. M.

La Liberté says the Emperor intends to abrogate the decree banishing the members of the Bourbon and Orleans families.

Can the Press be Freed?

PARIS, May 10—P. M.

La Liberté asks for complete freedom of the press as the result of the adoption of the *plebiscitum*, and proves that after years of experience all efforts against the opposition press are powerless.

Death of an Academician.

PARIS, May 10, 1870.

Abel François Villemain, the Perpetual Secretary of the French Academy, died to-day.

GREECE.

British Ministerial Inquisition.

LONDON, May 10, 1870.

The Under Secretary of Foreign Affairs, Mr. Otway, informed the House of Commons to-night that orders had been sent to Athens which would insure a thorough investigation of the Marathon massacre.

English National Police Job—A Temporary Abdication Spoken Of.

VIENNA, May 10, 1870.

The *Wien Presse* says England undertakes to clear Greece of brigands on the conditions that King George temporarily withdraw, a regent be appointed, the Ministry dismissed and the habeas corpus act suspended.

ENGLAND.

Parliamentary Progress.

LONDON, May 10, 1870.

The House of Lords passed the bill making changes in the War Office and adjourned.

In the House of Commons Mr. Lefevre explained the proposed reduction of lighthouse dues, which is chiefly in favor of coastwise shipping.

Mr. Childers, First Lord of the Admiralty, said 1,300 emigrants were booked for passage to Canada in the troop ships.

Mr. Dawson moved a resolve that the House condemns the raising of a large portion of the India revenue from opium.

Mr. Fowler seconded the motion.

Mr. Wingfield opposed the resolve, arguing that opium was less harmful than alcohol.

Mr. MacArthur spoke in favor and Mr. Dennison against the resolution, the latter hoping that mere sentiment would not be suffered to interfere with the prosperity of India.

Mr. Grant Duff showed that the loss by the opium traffic was equal to a yearly deficit of £7,000,000.

Mr. Henly closed the debate with remarks in favor of the resolve.

The House divided and the resolve was lost by a majority of 104.

Mr. Gladstone moved that the following gentlemen constitute the select committee to inquire by what tenure convents and monasteries, including Anglican institutions, hold property in England:—Messrs. Villiers, Newdegate, Gessel, Thomas Chambers, Matthews, Howes, Pemberton, the O'Connor Don and seven others.

The motion was agreed to.

The Turf—Chester Races Events.

LONDON, May 10, 1870.

The Chester races commenced to-day. The Grosvenor Stakes of five sovereigns each, with 100 added, the winner to be sold if demanded for 600 sovereigns, one mile and a quarter, twelve subscribers, was won by Mr. J. Johnstone's b. f. Performer, by Adventurer, out of Eveline, by King Tom; beating Mr. Mortimer's ch. c. Robespierre, by Stockwell, out of Marseillaise, second, and Mr. Merry's ch. c. Sunlight, by Stockwell, out of Sunflower, third.

The Chesterfield Stakes of five sovereigns each, with 100 added, for three year olds, 1,540 yards, fifteen subscribers, was won by Captain Atkin's ch. c. The Boy, by Kettledrum, out of Scar let Runner; Mr. J. Radcliff's b. c. Etruscan, by Trumpeter, out of Nutbush, second, and Mr. W. H. Scott's br. f. Nilsoon by Kettledrum, out of Nightingale, third.

The Palatine Stakes, one mile 220 yards, the winner to be sold if demanded for 400 sovereigns, was won by Mr. Johnstone's br. f. Sweet Sound, by Rataplan, out of Hybla, beating Mr. J. G. Raworth's ch. f. Emily, by Cape Flyaway, out of Sister to Stafford, second, and Mr. Spark's ch. f. Syren, by Sandal or Neptune, out of Delusion, third.

The Belgrave Cup of 300 sovereigns (specie), by subscription of 10 sovs. each, and 100 added, for three year olds and upwards, three-quarters of a mile, twenty-four subscribers, was won by Mr. Ray's b. c. Green Riband, by Knight of St. Patrick, out of Beechnut; beating Mr. Elyott Bowers' ch. m. Witchcraft, by St. Albans, out of Heate, second, and Mr. Bishop's ch. c. Consternation, by Blair Athol, out of Rosabel, third.

The betting for the Chester Cup is 5 to 2 against Sabinus, 5 to 1 against Munster and 7 to 1 against Cherie.

The Winchester races also commenced to-day with the first year of the Sixth Winchester Biennial Stakes of 10 sovs. each, with 50 added, the second horse to save his stake, 1,100 yards (21 subscribers), which was won by Lord Anglesey's blk. f. Steppe, by Saunterer, out of Seclusion; beating Mr. H. Goater's b. c. Noisy, by Thunderbolt, out of Blanca, second, and Mr. Ruff's ch. f. Worthy, by Knowsley, out of Woodside, by Prime Minister, third.

The Citizens' Plate (a handicap) of fifty sovereigns, for all ages, half a mile, was won by Mr. H. Wright's b. f. Willful, by Rataplan, out of Palm Leaf's dam; Lord Pawlett's br. c. Challenger, by Cramond, out of Medina, second; Mr. J. Jones' b. c. Conrad, by Buccaneer, out of Viscountess, third.

Cricket.

LONDON, May 10, 1870.

The cricket match between the right-handed and left-handed professionals terminated to-day at Lord's Cricket Grounds in favor of the right-handed players by eight runs.

IRELAND.

Discharged from Custody.

QUEENSTOWN, May 10, 1870.

Phillips, the alleged defaulter, has been discharged from custody, and the gold found in his possession at the time of his arrest has been restored to him.

SPAIN.

Ministerial Conferences.

MADRID, May 10, 1870.

Señor Olozaga returned immediately to Paris. There is much speculation as to the reasons of the government for summoning him to Madrid, and the mystification is not lessened by the fact that the Ministers to Italy, Austria and Portugal are also expected to arrive here.

Rumor has it that these conferences bear on the question of a candidate for the throne.

Espartero's Chances.

MADRID, May 10, 1870.

The chances of the elevation of Espartero are improving, especially since the proposition has been coupled with the suggestion that Prim be declared his successor on the throne.

The French Constitution System.

MADRID, May 10, 1870.

The Spanish press comment unfavorably on the French *plebiscitum*.

BELGIUM.

Fatal Railroad Disaster.

BRUSSELS, May 10, 1870.

A terrible accident occurred on a railroad near Luxemburg yesterday. It is reported that twenty persons were killed.

The particulars of the disaster have not yet come to hand.

INDIA.

"Indignation" Meetings in Bombay.

LONDON, May 10, 1870.

There is growing discontent at the income tax in Bombay, and several "indignation meetings" have been held.

ITALY.

The Southern Insurgents Dispersed.

FLORENCE, May 10, 1870.

The insurrection which lately broke out at Fidelfia, in the southern part of Italy, was confined to that immediate locality, and was by no means formidable.

The latest news announces the dispersion of the insurgents by the government arms without serious difficulty.

CUBA.

Bids for Spanish Favor.

HAVANA, May 10, 1870.

Private individuals throughout the island of Cuba are sending presents of money and other articles to the soldiers who captured the late rebel general, Goicouria.

Departure of the Lloyd, Aspinwall—Smallpox in the City.

HAVANA, May 10, 1870.

The steamer Lloyd Aspinwall, which was recently released by the Spanish authorities, sailed to-day for Key West.

Smallpox of a very malignant form is prevailing in the city of Havana and in many of the interior towns of the island.

VERMONT.

Election for Delegates to the State Constitutional Convention—Woman Suffrage in Bad Odor.

MONTPELIER, May 10, 1870.

The election to-day for delegates to the Constitutional Convention called out but a very light vote. Hardly any interest was excited except upon the proposition to incorporate woman suffrage into the constitution. The Convention will be composed of the ablest men in the State, and will be very strongly, if not unanimously, opposed to woman suffrage. Of the other amendments proposed by the Council it is thought that all, with the possible exception of the one abolishing the Council of Censors, will be rejected by the Convention.

THE METHODISTS.

General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South—Separate Organization for Colored Churches—Discussion on Infant Baptism.

MEMPHIS, May 10, 1870.

The Methodist General Conference met this morning at the Second Street Methodist church and was called to order by Bishop Doggett.

Under the call of standing committees Dr. Hamilton, from the Committee on Revisals, recommended adhesion to the present system of discipline.

The Committee on the Interests of Colored People recommended the adoption of the action of the last conference for separate church organization, as provided in the discipline, which under the rule goes over, but will undoubtedly pass.

Under the call of conferences a large number of resolutions and petitions were received and referred, including one from Mootie urging the re-enactment of the original prohibition in Code 58, prohibiting such amusements as theatres, circuses, dancing, &c., and one from St. Louis asking the formation of a new conference in Kansas.

Resolutions were also submitted allowing the Pacific conference to subdivide itself within the next four years, and for changes in discipline in regard to infant baptism, relieving the present discipline from its ambiguities. The latter resolution caused a lengthy discussion. The other proceedings were unimportant.

Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church in Baltimore—Committees from Other Conferences Introduced—Addresses in Favor of Union—Fourth Day's Business Proceedings.

BALTIMORE, May 10, 1870.

The fourth day of the General Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church assembled at the usual hour. After some preliminary business the report of the Executive Committee was considered. The recommendations relative to the certification of preachers' licenses, the admission of probationers to a full membership and the adoption of a form of church register were considered and adopted.

Rev. Dr. George Brown and Rev. Alexander Clarke, fraternal messengers from Pittsburg Conference, of the Methodist Church, were introduced to the Convention by the Committee Ecclesiastical Visitors. The same committee presented on behalf of Rev. Drs. Thomas M. Eddy and John Lanahan, deputed by the General Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, to bear a fraternal letter to this Conference, the official communication brought by these gentlemen. The letter is signed Bishops Janes, Scott, Simpson, Ames, Clark and Thompson, and Rev. Drs. Luke Hitchcock, Daniel Curry, John McClintock, John Lanahan, John G. Bruce, Thomas H. Eddy, James Pike and William L. Harris.

The letter states that they were appointed a commission to treat with a similar commission from any other Methodist Church desirous of union with their Church, and expresses a desire to meet such a commission from the Methodist Protestant Church and the pleasure it will afford them to lay before their General Conference any communication from this body touching this important subject.

The venerable George Brown, D. D., then addressed the Conference, expressing the fraternal regards of the Pittsburg Conference, and the conferences of the North and West of the Methodist Church for their Methodist Protestant brethren, assuring them of the earnest desire of the Pittsburg Conference that the old union might be retained, and stating their willingness to do anything that did not require a sacrifice of principle to consummate reunion.

Drs. Eddy and Lanahan, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, were then introduced, and spoke in behalf of their commission. Their addresses were marked by Christian love and fellowship, and were received with brotherly regard.

Rev. J. G. Whitfield, President of the Conference, then responded to the gentlemen of the respective delegations, reciprocating their fraternal sentiments, and assuring them that the subjects presented would receive from the Conference proper consideration.

The communication from the Methodist Episcopal Conference was then referred to the Committee on Ecclesiastical Visitors and Communications.

The report of the Committee on the Ritual was taken up for consideration, and postponed until Thursday.

The report of the Judiciary Committee was taken up, and the following items adopted:—

First—To insert in the discipline the following rubric, namely:—No minister of this Church shall celebrate matrimony contrary to our Lord's decision in Matthew, chapter nineteen, ninth verse.

Second—Disapproving the proposition to modify the regulation concerning the electoral college.

The third item, disapproving of rebaptism, was discussed until the hour of adjournment. Adjourned.

RACING IN TENNESSEE.

Spring Meeting of the Blood Horse Association—Bad Weather and a Worse Track—Good Attendance of Visitors.

NASHVILLE, May 10, 1870.

The spring meeting of the Blood Horse Association commenced to-day. The weather was cold and rainy and the track heavy, notwithstanding which there was a good attendance.

The first race was for the Merchants' Exchange Stake, for green three year olds (that did not appear in public prior to the 1st day of January), mile heats, $25 entrance, play or pay, the Merchants' Exchange adding $300, which was won by the ch. f. Vidette. The following is a summary:—

W. G. Harding's ch. f. Vidette, by Vandal, dam Nannie G., by imp. Margrave	1	1
Chatham & Darden's c. c. Banquet, by Brown Dick, dam Duchess de Berri, by imp. Sovereign	3	2
W. G. Lewis' blk. f., by Blacklocke, dam Alboni, by imp. Albion	4	3
H. G. Ward's b. f., by Bonnie Scotland, dam by Austerlitz	2	dis.

Time—1:52; 1:54. Vidette was the favorite in the betting.

The Association Purse of $300—mile heats—was won by the ch. c. Defender, taking the first and third heats. The following is a summary of this race, in which Defender was the favorite:—

W. Jenning's ch. c. Defender, by John Morgan, dam Cincona, by imp. Herald	1	2	1
Franklin's ch. f. by Lexington	5	1	3
Baille	3	3	2
Lulu Conlan	4	4	4
Mary Edith	2	dis.	

Time—1:52½; 1:54; 1:57.

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—LONDON, May 10—5 P. M.—Consols closed at 94¼ for money and 94¼ for the account. American securities closed quiet. United States five-twenty bonds, 1862, 88⅝; 1865, old, 88; 1867, 90; ten-forties, 85½. Stocks quiet and steady. Erie Railway shares, 18; Illinois Centrals, 113; Atlantic and Great Western, 28.

PARIS BOURSE.—PARIS, May 10.—The Bourse closed dull. Rentes, 74f. 92c.

FRANKFORT BOURSE.—FRANKFORT, May 10.—United States five-twenty bonds closed active.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, May 10—5 P. M.—The cotton market closed buoyant; middling uplands, 10¾d.; middling Orleans, 11¼d. a 11⅜d. The sales of the day have been 14,000 bales, including 4,000 for export and speculation.

MANCHESTER MARKET.—MANCHESTER, May 10.—The market for yarns and fabrics is quiet but firm.

HAVRE COTTON MARKET.—HAVRE, May 10.—Cotton closed firm, both on spot and afloat; tres ordinaire on the spot 132½f. per cwt.; low middling afloat 130½f.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, May 10—2 P. M.—Wheat, 9s. 9d. per cental for California white; 8s. 4d. for No. 2 red Western and 9s. for red winter. The receipts of wheat at this port for the past three days have been 7,500 quarters—all American. Flour, 20s. 6d. per bbl. for Western canal. Corn, 30s. per quarter for European.

LIVERPOOL PROVISIONS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, May 10—2 P. M.—Pork, 103s. per bbl. for extra prime mess.

LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.—LONDON, May 10.—Linseed cakes quiet and steady. Tallow firmer. Linseed oil, £32 a £32 5s. per ton.

PETROLEUM MARKET.—BREMEN, May 9—Evening.—Petroleum closed firm, but quiet.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS ITEMS.

The contributions to the Richmond sufferers in Philadelphia amount to over $9,000.

Benjamin Fleming, the last of Commodore Perry's men, died at Erie, Pa., on Monday, aged eighty-eight years.

The Albany division of the Erie Canal commenced operations yesterday, and twenty-one light boats cleared for the West.

Madison Hawkins and James Harris, colored, were nominated in the Fourth district of North Carolina yesterday for Congress.

The *Red River* newspaper announces the expulsion of Colonel Rankin, of Canada, from Winnipeg, on account of his Fenian proclivities.

Deacon Jonathan Cowley, aged eighty-two years, a wealthy citizen of Sanborntown, N. H., hung himself on Monday night in his woodshed in Concord, N. H.

The Grand Lodge of Odd Fellows held a meeting in Columbus, Ohio, yesterday, and dedicated a new temple. The ceremonies were quite interesting. Governor Hayes presided.

The "Confederate Memorial Day" was celebrated in Wilmington, N. C., yesterday. A procession marched to the cemetery, where an address was delivered and the graves of the dead decorated. Everything passed off quietly.

Three young ladies, two daughters of Robert Wallace and the other a daughter of Charles Wallace, were drowned in White river, near Wheatland, Ind., on Monday. They were rowing on the mill pond and were carried over the dam.

The minority report of the Committee on State Aid to the Boston, Hartford and Erie Railway was presented to the Massachusetts Legislature yesterday. It dissents from the majority report and takes the ground that it is better for the road to go into bankruptcy now rather than expend more millions and then fail.

Governor Haight, of California, has published two letters, in which he declares his belief that the law passed by the Legislature of that State at the last session authorizing the people of San Francisco to vote $1,000,000 in aid of the Southern Pacific Railroad is unconstitutional, and the indications are that the subsidy project will be defeated.

NEW YORK CITY.

Local and Police Paragraphs and Minor Items of Metropolitan News.

The following record will show the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours in comparison with the corresponding day of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's Pharmacy, HERALD Building, Broadway, corner of Ann street:—

	1869.	1870.		1869.	1870.
3 A. M.	59	55	3 P. M.	75	53
6 A. M.	56	57	6 P. M.	68	53
9 A. M.	62	54	9 P. M.	62	52
12 M.	67	52	12 P. M.	60	50

Average temperature yesterday 53½
Average temperature for corresponding date last year 63½

Senator Revels will lecture this evening at Cooper Institute, on "The Tendency of Our Age."

The Board of Police Justices did not hold their regular monthly session yesterday.

The laborers on the Harlem Railroad deport stopped work yesterday, in consequence of an anticipated reduction of wages.

An unknown man, aged about thirty-two years, was yesterday found corner of Canal and Forsyth streets, bleeding from a cut on the head, inflicted by an unknown party. He was sent to Bellevue Hospital.

The remains of an unknown woman were yesterday found floating in the dock, foot of Broome street, East river, and taken to the Morgue. Deceased wore a light check dress, but the remainder of her clothing was not described.

John McNamara, a man about forty-seven years of age, yesterday morning, while engaged in painting in the Manhattan Bank, No. 40 Wall street, was seized with a fit and falling down two or three steps expired in a few minutes afterwards.

In an altercation Sunday night, between John Cooney and Charles Corcoday, sailors, at the boarding house, No. 11 Hamilton street, Corcoday cut Cooney severely in the breast. Cooney went home and his assailant escaped.

Judge Ingraham delivered his opinion in the Supervisor election case yesterday, in which he acknowledged that John Foley was entitled to his seat, his claims being just, but considers it "unexpedient" to grant his application.

Charles Hebernicht, a German, died yesterday at his residence, 785 Ninth avenue, from the effects of injuries received by having been run over on Monday by a horse and wagon driven by Peter Bogert. The latter was arrested by the Twenty-second precinct police.

A meeting of ex-officers of the United States colored troops was held at Delmonico's yesterday, Colonel S. W. Higginson in the chair. Major G. B. Halsted was appointed secretary. Resolutions were adopted declaring that it was expedient to form an association "which shall perpetuate the ties and continue the work of those colored troops which served during the war." A committee was appointed to draft constitution and bylaws, after which the meeting adjourned.

The following additional subscriptions have been received for the benefit of the sufferers at Richmond to Henry Clews, treasurer of the fund:—

Livingston, Fox & Co.	$100
Jonathan Sturges	250
Anthony & Hall	100
Wm. Watson & Co.	100
	$550
Previously reported	5,295
Total	$5,845

The execution of the Cuban General Goicouria has created a deep feeling of indignation in this city, where he had a host of friends, and from present indications it would seem that the Spaniards are likely to reap the reward of their inhuman conduct. Rumors of warlike expeditions being ready to leave this port for Cuba are again rife, and a call is issued by Colonel Drake DeKay, late of the Forty-fourth infantry, United States Army, which is causing considerable stir among our filibustering population. News of a speedy movement by Americans against the Spanish in Cuba may be expected.

Gustav Frederick Charles Bierd, alias Carl Frederick Bierdompfel, who is charged with taking unto himself more wives than is allowed by the statutes of this State, and eloping with another man's wife and $5,000 of his money, the facts of which have already appeared in the HERALD, was yesterday morning arraigned at Jefferson Market and committed for examination. The prisoner was released from the Island on Monday afternoon, where he had served a sentence of six months, for abandoning and failing to contribute to the support of wife No. 2. Wife No. 1 very reluctantly appeared against her husband, as it is rumored she has been living with another man since her desertion.

The Medical Board of the Eastern Dispensary held its regular monthly meeting at the rooms of the Dispensary yesterday, Dr. O'Sullivan, president, in the chair. Notwithstanding the unfavorable character of the weather, the attendance and the exercises were of an unusually interesting character. The principal feature of the business was a lengthy and very elaborate paper on "Vaccination," by Dr. J. P. Loines. He thought that if physicians generally fully understood the complete development of the vaccine disease, as illustrated in the different cases exhibited, they would be perfectly satisfied with the cow pock as at present used from arm to arm. He showed that his cases presented no deviation from the rules laid down by Dr. Jenner as necessary to the successful progress and result of vaccination, viz: its purity, its harmlessness and its complete prophylactic against smallpox. The discussion which ensued was very animated and participated in by Drs. Garrish, O'Sullivan, Griscom, Stein, Mulraney and others.

ALMOST A CATASTROPHE.

Perilous Position of a Woman and Child.

While a number of persons were awaiting the arrival of a city bound train on the Hudson River Railroad, at Sing Sing station, yesterday afternoon, a long, hearse whistle told the approach of a down express train, running at a speed of perhaps forty miles an hour. As the ponderous locomotive came thundering within 300 yards of the station the spectators were appalled at seeing a woman attired in mourning, and bearing an infant in her arms, deliberat ly attempt to cross the rails in front of the approaching train. An involuntary shout was raised to warn the crazed woman of the imminent danger, but she unheedingly tripped forward, arriving on the centre of the down track not more than six feet in front of the flying cowcatcher. A shriek of horror went up from some of the female spectators, when, almost incredible to state, the fortunate woman had cleared the track, escaping by a hair's breadth, as the engine literally brushed her garments. The almost miraculous escape of the mother and child from being dashed to atoms blanched the faces of the men and women who witnessed it.

SUICIDE OF AN OLD LADY IN BROOKLYN.

Coroner Whitehill held an inquest yesterday on the body of an aged widow lady, a Mrs. Isabella Bulger, who resided at 324 East Warren street, with her son, James Bulger and his family for several years. Deceased had been in very delicate health for a long time past and was subject to protracted fits of despondency consequent upon her physical condition. Yesterday morning she visited her son and gave him some coffee, after which she retired to her apartment in the upper part of the house. As she failed to make her appearance at the usual hour subsequently her son repaired to her room, where he was shocked beyond expression at beholding his mother hanging by the neck from a clothes line. One end of the latter she had secured to the outer knob of the door of the room, and throwing the other end over the door made the line fast around her neck. She was found with her knees touching the floor and life extinct. A verdict of death by suicide while laboring under temporary aberration of the mind was rendered. Mrs. Bulger was sixty-six years of age.

INTERESTING NATIONAL BANK QUESTION.

In the Supreme Court yesterday, before Judge Brady, the case of Pitt Cooke vs. the State National Bank of Boston came up for hearing. The plaintiff alleges that he is the owner and holder of a check which was drawn about the 2d of March, 1867, for the sum of $125,000; that it was drawn by Mellen Ward, on the State National Bank of Boston, payable to the Second National Bank of Boston. A man by the name of Smith was cashier of the State National Bank of Boston. He certified the check, and it was held for two or three days, when $120,000 in gold was drawn out. The defendants say that they are not liable, for the reason that the cashier never had any authority to certify checks, and they put three witnesses on the stand who proved this fact. Case still on.

FISK AND GOULD FOUR THOUSAND DOLLARS OUT.

In the Paterson Courts yesterday Jay Gould, James Fisk, Jr., and the Kasson Brothers were called for to answer a charge of conspiracy (in illegal freight charges). The famous Moguls of Erie failed to answer, and the Court forthwith ordered their recognizances forfeited, which were for $1,000 each.

DOCTORS' DRUGS.

A Mysterious Case—Alleged Malpractice and Murder—Scandal in the Eighteenth Ward—A Prominent Physician Implicated—Is It Another Gardner-Burke Swindle?—A Herald Detective's Experience.

At ten minutes after five o'clock yesterday evening a HERALD detective was walking down Broadway, *en route* to the office, on the corner of Ann street and Broadway. When opposite the Coleman House a sergeant of police who was going up on the opposite side of the street, called him over and confidentially confided to him some details of a case in the Eighteenth (Captain John Cameron's) ward that was worthy of investigation. The Sergeant is a gentleman well known to our detective as one whose statements can be relied upon, and memorandum of the case was made. The HERALD detective reported at once to this office, and received his instructions to follow up the case.

Having obtained the clue from the Sergeant he proceeded to the block bounded by the Second and Third avenues and Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh streets to ascertain the particulars.

From the residents of the neighborhood he learned that for some years a druggist named Robert Galway, aged thirty-seven years, has been doing business at No. 468 Second avenue. Galway had a wife, but no children. On the 27 h of March his wife Mary, who was treated by a physician residing in Twenty-sixth street, between First and Second avenues, died and was buried by Galway in imposing style. The physician who treated the wife during her illness, after her death, continued to prescribe for her husband, who was in a delicate state of health. Robert Galway died on Friday last, early in the morning, and the neighbors, who were last night interviewed by the HERALD detective, assert that the next morning his remains were interred in Calvary Cemetery, without any unusual display. The wife, who died before Galway, is said to be about nineteen years of age, and left no children, leaving, as the only occupant of the house besides her husband, a sister, aged about thirteen years.

It is alleged by the community that, before the body of poor Galway was laid away to rest, the physician referred to took possession of Galway's drug store, opened it before and after the funeral and dispensed his drugs.

This general opening of the store created considerable comment in the block, but scandal did not reach its height until Mrs. Parigoni, of City Island, on the Hudson, who claims to be a relative, appeared in the city on Sunday and found the physician who attended her relatives in full possession of the drug store. She immediately applied to her lawyers, Beach & Carpenter, of 15 Nassau street, and, it is alleged, yesterday her lawyers took depositions of neighbors familiar with the circumstances.

After listening to the statements of the gossips of the neighborhood the HERALD detective proceeded to the drug store and inquired for Dr. J——. A young clerk behind the counter stated that he would be in in a moment. Fifteen seconds after Dr. J—— appeared, when the detective cross-examined the doctor as to Galway's property, and was informed that he was in possession by virtue of an order of the executors, who, he declares, are Charles Friel, of No. 318 East Twenty-seventh street, and Mr. —— Deacon, of No. 536 Second avenue.

Without making himself known to the physician, who is under suspicion, the detective requested the doctor to take a walk with him. Proceeding down Second avenue the doctor detailed the circumstances of Galway's death. At the corner of Second avenue and Twenty-sixth street the detective encountered an officer; touched him politely on the back, and the policeman took the "cue." At the corner of Twenty-fifth street and Second avenue they halted, and were in conversation, when a lady came up, who is supposed to be the wife of the doctor, and informed him that he was wanted at his residence. Our detective bade the accused good night and left.

There remains but little more to be said. It is certain that the facts detailed above have been sworn to before the firm in Nassau street, and it is believed that a warrant has been issued by somebody for the arrest of the doctor; but at ten o'clock last night nothing was known of the case at the station house of Captain John Cameron, in East Twenty-second street. For the credit of the city it is hoped that the above case may prove as insignificant as the Gardner-Burke case recently before the courts.

A WALL STREET BOND ROBBER CAPTURED.

On the 12th ult. Gilbert W. Thomas, a broker at No. 42 Exchange place, entered the office of Dabney, Morgan & Co., No. 52 Exchange place, and negotiated for the purchase of $60,000 worth of Kansas and Southern Railway bonds. By a clever deception practised upon the messenger and porter, Thomas beat Dabney, Morgan & Co. out of the amount and disappeared. The victimized firm advertised their loss in the HERALD advertising columns. Thomas has been at large ever since until yesterday when he was captured at Croton Lake by a Central Office detective, who found him rusticating in the company of female friends. He was locked up at the Central Office to answer. The detective who made the arrest could not be found, and the HERALD reporter did not desire to intrude upon the privacy of the Superintendent of Police for further details.

EARTHQUAKE AMONG THE POLICE.

The Central Office has been thronged for days by reputable and disreputable politicians who have axes to grind; first, to get their friends made inspectors of election; second, to get rid of police officials who cannot be manipulated in the interest of the keeper of the "whiskey mill around the corner" from the station houses.

Yesterday the following transfers of sergeants were made. The transfers of captains last week were the first fruits. These are the second fruits:—Ferris, Twenty-eighth to Twenty-first precinct; A. Miller, Second to First; J. B. Wilson, Ninth to Second; M. L. Allen, Twenty-seventh to Ninth; Thomas Cherry, First to Twenty-seventh; H. H. Waters, Twenty-seventh to Sixth; Thomas Byrnes, Sixth to Third; H. A. Hudson, Third to Twenty-seventh; William H. McConnell, Twenty-first to Twenty-eighth. Four roundsmen were transferred and a large number of patrolmen. In some cases the transfers were made at the request of the parties affected.

A THIEF "COLLARED."

Officer Loughran, of the Eighth precinct, yesterday afternoon arraigned a young man named Charles R. Thomas, claiming to be a pawnbroker, before Justice Cox at Jefferson Market, upon complaint of an errand boy in the employ of James McNeill, No. 87 Prince street, charged with stealing twenty-seven dozen lace collars, valued at $142, from him. The boy stated that while passing along Broadway he met the prisoner, who asked him to deliver a letter in one of the stores near by, offering to hold his bundle until he returned. The boy gave him the bundle, and was about entering the store when he discovered the prisoner clearing out with his bundle, and, pursuing him, informed officer Loughran, who arrested him. He denied the charge, but was committed in default of $1,600 bail.

EMEUTE IN JERSEY STATE PRISON.

A Refractory Convict Fired at by the Keeper.

On Saturday night two convicts confined in the New Jersey State Prison, at Trenton, quarrelled in their cell, and a desperate fight followed. The affair being carefully investigated before the keeper, a deputy was sent on Sunday morning to remove the aggressor to the dungeon, and, upon the latter refusing to leave his cell, some angry words followed, during which the deputy drew his revolver and fired, the ball passing through the convict's pantaloons. Seeing that continued resistance would be likely to prove dangerous to himself, the refractory individual quietly submitted to be removed.

THE QUARANTINE COMMISSION.

The Quarantine Commissioners had a meeting yesterday at No. 155 Broadway. Commissioner Bell reported the result of his interview with Quartermaster General Meigs in relation to steamer Illinois. A memorial was ordered to be presented to the Governor to obtain this steamer as a gift to the Commission. Meetings were ordered to be held daily at half-past one o'clock, except on Tuesday, and then at three o'clock. Repairs on steamer Fletcher were referred to Commissioner Bell. Arrangements about Seguin's Point were discussed. Wilson G. Hunt was in the chair.

PROBABLE MURDER IN PATERSON, N. J.

Between twelve and one o'clock yesterday morning a party of ruffians assaulted a man named John Dunn as he was walking through Spruce street, Paterson. They dealt him a blow on the head with a stone, which knocked him senseless, in which condition he was subsequently found. The wound is a severe one, extending from the eye across the forehead. The attending surgeon yesterday said there was little hope of his recovery. The ruffians made their escape, and no trace of their whereabouts has been discovered.

FORGERY OF A TRADE MARK.

George W. Boyd, a respectably attired man, was brought before Justice Dowling yesterday in custody, charged by Messrs. John Osborne, Son & Co., who has the exclusive right of selling brandy of the Vinegrowers' Company, with using their trade marks, lables, caps and brands, and which are employed to designate that brandy. They charge that on the 16th of April the defendant sold fifty cases of brandy with the trade marks of the above firm upon them. The examination was fixed for to-morrow (Wednesday), and the prisoner, in default of $200 bail, was committed to the Tombs.

OBITUARY.

Abel Francois Villemain.

A cable telegram from Paris reports the death in that city yesterday of Abel François Villemain, the celebrated French author and statesman and perpetual secretary of the French Academy. It will probably be remembered that his death was reported in April, 1867, and as no denial of the report was ever made we were somewhat surprised at the intelligence conveyed in the despatch published this morning.

M. Villemain was born in Paris on the 11th of June, 1790, and was consequently in the eightieth year of his age. He received a brilliant education, studying at the Lycée Imperial, then known as the Lycée Louis-le-Grand, distinguishing himself at an early age by his ability and aptitude. In 1810, before he had reached the age of twenty years, he became Assistant Professor of Rhetoric in the Lycée Charlemagne. One year later he was appointed to deliver the Latin discourse, which he did, receiving the applause of all who were present. Soon after he contested for and won the prize offered by the Academy for the best eulogy on Montaigne. In 1814 he won the Academic prize for his discourse on the "Advantages and Inconveniency of Criticism." At this time Paris was occupied by the allied armies, and, in addition to the *élite* of royalist society, the King of Prussia, Emperor of Russia and numerous other distinguished foreigners were present. Villemain, in a prelude to his lecture, pronounced a eulogy on his august auditors, for which he was sharply denounced in after years. He was then Professor of Eloquence to the faculty of letters. Subsequently he entered the Ministry as chief of the department of printing and publishing, and was afterwards named *maître des requêtes* to the Council of State. His opposition to the government led to his retirement in 1827, and devoted his time wholly to his literary labors. After the revolution of July he again entered actively into political life as a supporter of Louis Philippe. In 1830 he was elected a member of the Chamber of Deputies for the department of the Eure, and in 1832 was promoted to the dignity of peer of France. During the last named year he was chosen perpetual secretary of the French Academy, and about the same time became Vice President of the Royal Council of Public Instruction. From 1839 to 1844 M. Villemain served as Minister of Public Instruction. Since the re-establishment of the empire he had taken no part whatever in politics. He was a zealous advocate for the liberty of the press and a consistent supporter of the Orleans dynasty. The principal works of M. Villemain are his "Vie de Cromwell," "Cours de Littérature