NOVEMBER ELECTIONS.

CONTINUED FROM THIRD PAGE.

41,096, Adams 21,986, Phillips 11,826. The same town last year gave Claflin 35,411, Adams 20,632, Chamberlain 7,710. Claflin will have as large a majority as last year on an increased total vote. His majority last year was 9,800.

All the republican Congressmen are re-elected; Twitchell, in the Third district, by about 300 plurality, and Hooper, in the Fourth, by over 2,000 plurality.

Both branches of the Legislature will be strongly republican.

Wendell Phillips has received fewer votes than his opponents conceded him. John Quincy Adams is elected to the Legislature.

STATE TICKET ELECTED—ALL REPUBLICANS.

Governor	William Claflin.
Lieutenant Governor	Joseph Tucker.
Secretary of State	Oliver Warner.
Attorney General	Charles Allen.
Auditor	Charles Endicott.
Treasurer	Charles Adams, Jr.

CONGRESSIONAL.

Dist.	Dist.
1. James Buffinton.	6. Nathaniel P. Banks.
2. Oakes Ames.	7. George M. Brooks.
3. Gilbert Twichell.	8. George D. Hoar.
4. Samuel Hooper.	9. Wm. B. Washburn.
5. Benjamin F. Butler.	10. Henry L. Dawes.

All members of the present Congress.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 8, 1870.

The first seven wards of this city, comprised in the Second Congressional district, give the following majorities:—For Stevenson Archer, democrat, First ward, 924; Second ward, 628; Third ward, 526; Fourth ward, 521; Fifth ward, 294; Sixth ward, 408; Seventh ward, 915. Total majority for Archer, 4,028. The Third district, composed of the thirteen upper wards, give the following majorities for Thomas Swann, dem.:—Eighth ward, 988; Ninth ward, 346; Tenth ward, 378; Eleventh ward, 266; Twelfth ward, 368; Thirteenth ward, 380; Fourteenth ward, 398; Fifteenth ward, 23; Sixteenth ward, 17; Seventeenth ward, 740; Eighteenth ward, 277; Nineteenth ward, 336; Twentieth ward, 304. Swann carries all the wards of his district, and his majority over Booth is 4,603.

Congressmen Elected.

Samuel Hambleton, D. John Ritchie, D.
Stevenson Archer, D. William M. Merrick, D.
Thomas Swann, D.

NEW JERSEY.

The Vote in Jersey City.

Wards.	For Congress. Halsey, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.	For Sheriff. Mount, Rep.	Gaffney, Dem.
1	485	400	423	438
2	294	199	291	297
3	634	358	635	353
4	608	348	656	327
5	420	358	441	313
6	258	525	276	516
7	193	418	107	251
8	89	319	92	232
9	156	105	174	76
10	145	199	157	168
11	143	98	166	67
12	39	60	41	55
13	407	204	414	192
14	248	184	252	178
15	235	150	245	127
16	252	168	251	160
Totals	4,608	4,039	4,670	3,640
Majority for Halsey				567
Majority for Mount				1,030

The returns from the Second, Ninth, Tenth, Eleventh and Twelfth wards are incomplete. For Assembly in the First district, Fielder (republican) is elected over Whelan (democrat) by about sixty majority; in the Second district, Annes (republican) over Sheeran (democrat) by 176 majority; in the Third district, Warrin (republican) over Hayden (nominee of the flint-lock democracy) by 750 majority, and over Murphy (candidate of the Young Democracy) by 421 majority; in the Sixth district, Hornblower (republican) over Wakeman (democrat) by 453 majority, being a republican gain in every district. The returns from the Fourth and Fifth districts are not complete, but Busch, the heavy weight of Hoboken, is the only democrat elected for Assembly according to the latest returns. Æneas Fitzpatrick, the candidate of the Young Democracy for Congress, received about 540 votes, and Harrington, for Sheriff, nearly 1,000. Murphy, the candidate of the Young Democracy for Assembly in the Third district, received 997 votes, being a majority of 329 over the regular democratic candidate.

Greenville gives 53 majority for Halsey, 113 for Mount and 56 for Hornblower—all republican. Harrison gives a majority of 195 for Cleveland and 177 for Gaffney, both democrats. Kearney gives 29 majority for Halsey.

Altogether the republican wave has swept over Hudson county like a tornado. The most sanguine republican never dreamed of such an overwhelming success. The result is altogether attributable to the movement of the Young Democracy which clutched the flint-lock faction with a remorseless grasp. The notoriously unfit men put forward by the old democracy could not be accepted by the people. But the most satisfactory of the results is that the "ring" is broken in Hudson county. As the HERALD anticipated all along the Legislature will be republican and all those holding office under the commissions in Jersey City will have to take up their beds and walk.

The Vote in Newark—Nearly 3,300 Majority for Halsey—Almost a Clean Republican Sweep.

Again yesterday, contrary to all expectation, the republicans of Newark made almost a clean sweep, giving George A. Halsey, the republican candidate for Congress, a majority of nearly 3,300 over Orestes Cleaveland, democrat, and electing every member of Assembly but one—eight out of nine. The election passed off without any disturbance. Only two persons, both colored, were arrested for illegal voting, and one of these—Judge Bradley's coachman—was discharged, and the other will probably be similarly disposed of to-day. At one of the polling districts a quarrel took place between two men, one of whom had an ear bitten off. Along towards ten o'clock, when the returns began to pour in with astounding majorities for Halsey, the delight of the republicans knew no bounds. An immense crowd gathered at Apollo Hall, where a band of music and Judge Mills and a colored preacher named Sweres amused and edified them. The democrats, including Governor Randolph and Jake Vanatta, who were both in town, felt correspondingly down in the mouth, as the most reliable reports from all parts of the State indicated that the republicans had carried both branches of the Legislature, thereby securing a United States Senator in place of Mr. Cattell. In Newark George B. Halsted, the republican "bolter," received four votes, while Mr. Fitzpatrick was beaten by him a solitary vote. The Teutonic element, headed by the Schalks and the Brewers' Association, went solid for the republican nominees.

The Essex county Assemblymen elect are Joseph P. Sanxay, A. P. Condit, Farrand Kitchell, E. L. Joy, Theodore Horn, Rochus Heinisch, Jr.; H. W. Wilson, W. A. Ripley, republicans; James G. Irwin, democrat. Andrew Teed, Sheriff, was, of course, re-elected, there being no opposition. The following is the complete

VOTE OF NEWARK CITY.

Ward.	Dist.	For Congress. Halsey, Rep.	Cleveland, Dem.
1	1	471	242
	2	346	204
2	1	495	222
	2	415	277
3	1	512	209
	2	667	149
4	1	329	280
	2	448	168
5	1	483	332
	2	288	530
6	1	409	250
	2	maj. 280	—
7	1	274	568
	2	167	259
	3	462	219
8	1	266	296
	2	342	255
9	1	545	153
	2	504	102
10	1	534	293
	2	325	364
11	1	509	268
12	1	225	384
13	1	455	273
	2	459	324
	3	532	111
Totals		10,600	6,722
Halsey's majority			3,278

L. D. Jarrard is elected State Senator from Middlesex county, a republican gain.

First district—Hammonton gives Hazelton (republican) 185 majority. Mullica township gives Hazelton 62 majority.

Cape May county gives Hazelton (republican), for Congress, 281 majority; Beesley (republican), for State Senator, 396 majority; Leaning (republican), for Assembly, 393 majority.

Second district—Willingborough township gives Parker (democrat) 37 majority. Bordentown gives him 300 majority.

Third district—Phillipsburg gives Bird (democrat) 336 majority, a democratic gain of 260. Further returns indicate Bird's election by 4,500 majority, a democratic gain of 500.

Fourth district—Passaic county gives Hill (republican) 500 majority. The entire republican county ticket is elected.

The democrats lose everything in Passaic county except Sheriff and member of Assembly from the First district, showing an immense republican gain.

John Hill (republican), is undoubtedly elected to Congress in the Fourth district.

TRENTON, N. J., Nov. 8, 1870.

In the Second district the whole republican ticket has been elected. Newell, for Congress, has about 400, and Barton, for Assembly, has 600 majority.

MORRISTOWN, N. J., Nov. 8, 1870.

The whole republican ticket was elected in Morris township. For Congress, John Hill, by 230 majority; for State Senator, Columbus Beach, by 174 majority; for State Legislature, Nathaniel Niles, by 214 majority, and for Sheriff, James Vanderveer, by 259 jority.

Congressmen Elected.

First district—John W. Hazelton, republican.
Second district—William A. Newell, republican (gain).
Third district—John T. Bird, democrat, re-elected.
Fourth district—John Hill, republican, re-elected.
Fifth district—George A. Halsey, republican (gain).

RHODE ISLAND.

PROVIDENCE, Nov. 8, 1870.

The Congressional election in this State took place to-day. In the Western district the vote was very light. James M. Pendleton, republican, has 387 majority, with two towns to hear from. The vote stands—Pendleton, 1,467; Samuel Rodman, democrat, 941; scattering, 129.

In the Eastern district no regular republican nomination was made. Benjamin T. Eames, republican, has 4,952; Thomas A. Jenckes, republican, 1,977; Thomas Davis, republican, 1,005; N. Van Slyck, democrat, 1,492; Benjamin Mumford, temperance, 365; scattering, 19. Eames has 166 majority.

Several arrests were made for bribery, and it is understood that the election will be contested for this cause.

Congressmen Elect.

First district—Benjamin T. Eames, rep.
Second district—James M. Pendleton, rep.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

The Decision of the State Canvassers—The Republican Majority Thirty-Four Thousand—Three Colored Congressmen Elected.

COLUMBIA, Nov. 8, 1870.

The State Board of Canvassers have not yet finished casting the vote, but have reached the following as the result of the late election in this State:—R. B. Scott for Governor, H. Ranster (mulatto) for Lieutenant Governor, both republicans, are elected by about thirty-four thousand majority. In the First Congressional district Rainey (mulatto), in the Second Delarge (mulatto), in the Third Elliott (negro) and in the Fourth Wallace (white), all republicans, are elected. As to the complexion of the State Legislature, in the Senate are twenty-five republicans and six reformers, eleven of the whole being colored. In the House of Representatives, 102 are republicans and twenty-two are reformers, about eighty of all being colored. This result will be declared to-morrow officially.

CONGRESSMEN ELECTED.

First district	Rainey,
Second district	Delarge, } all colored.
Third district	Elliott,
Fourth district	Wallace, white.

TENNESSEE.

MEMPHIS, Nov. 8, 1870.

The election to-day passed off remarkably quiet. There was a light vote and very little interest was taken.

Governor—Brown (democrat), 4,921; Wisener (republican), 1,774.

Congress—Vaughan, democrat, 4,895; Smith, republican, 1,635; Shaw, colored republican, 167. The Legislature is elected by about the same vote as Brown.

BOLIVAR, Nov. 8, 1870.

For Governor Brown has 159, and Wiseman 13. For Congress Vaughan has 155. Election returns are meagre. Vaughan, democrat, is elected to Congress from this district by probably 5,000. Prairie county gives 300 democratic majority.

Congressmen Elected.

R. R. Butler, R. (prob.)	Ballie Peyton, D.
H. Maynard, R. (prob.)	W. C. Whittlsone, D.
A. E. Garrett, D.	W. W. Vaughan, D.
Edward J. Golliday, D.	

* By the enfranchisement of the ex-Confederates Tennesseee has been made an overwhelmingly democratic State, and it may happen that the entire delegation is democratic. The first two districts are given to the republicans, those being the only ones which they are likely to carry.

VIRGINIA.

The Election—A Quiet and Orderly Day—The Result—Probable Election of Six Democrats and Two Republicans—Many Negroes Voting the Conservative Ticket.

RICHMOND, Nov. 8, 1870.

The general election in this State for members of the Forty-second Congress and for county officers occurred to-day, and so far as the telegraphic reports have come in they show that it has been conducted with the utmost harmony and quiet, not the slightest disturbance being reported in any part of the State. The chief interest of course centres in the Congressional election. The candidates are in the First district—Dr. W. W. Douglass, republican nominee, and John Cretcher, conservative. While it is thought many votes are cast for Dr. Norton, colored independent republican. This district embraces the tide water and peninsular section of the State, lying between the Rappahanock and York rivers, and east of Richmond and the line of the Richmond, Fredericksburg and Potomac Railroad. It has neither telegraph nor railroad, and even mail facilities are meagre, hence no returns have been received from it. If, however, Dr. Horton should carry any considerable portion of the republican vote it is probable Judge Crutcher will be returned. At this hour (midnight) a despatch just received from Fortress Monroe, in the extreme end of this district shows that Dr. Norton, colored, is running far ahead of Douglass, the regular republican nominee, and makes it almost certain that Crutcher carries the district.

In the Second district, which embraces the cities of Norfolk, Portsmouth and Petersburg, the candidates are Hon. J. H. Platt, republican nominee, and R. P. Bolling, conservative with some votes cast for Cohen and Jones, independent republicans. Despatches received from various parts of the district, embracing every section, indicate Platt's return by a large majority.

In the Third district, embracing this city, the candidates are Hon. Charles H. Parter, republican, and Colonel Albert Ordway, conservative. In this city the vote is not yet counted, owing to the fact that we have here a special municipal election, which, with a multiplicity of offices to be filled, makes the process of counting necessarily slow. The indications are that the contest here will be exceedingly close, with the chances in favor of Ordway's carrying the city and the conservatives electing their municipal ticket. No returns have yet been received from the counties of the district, but there is a large republican majority in the district which it will be very difficult for the conservatives to overcome, even with the admitted unpopularity of Mr. Porter in his own party.

In the Fourth (Danville) district the candidates are W. H. H. Stowell, republican, and w. L. Owen, conservative. Despatches received from this district show republican gains. The large county of Halifax, which gave a majority for Walker in the gubernatorial election last year, and elected conservatives to the Legislature, now gives a republican majority. The returns, however, are too scattering to indicate the result in the district.

In the Fifth—Lynchburg—district, the candidates are Judge Alexander Rives, republican, and R. T. W. Duke, conservative. Here there are a sort of double election, both for the Forty-second Congress and for the unexpired term of the Hon. R. Ridgway, recently deceased, in the Forty-first Congress, but the candidates are the same for both terms. I have partial despatches from Prince Edward, Campbell, Appomatox, Buckingham, Bedford, and Albemarle. They are altogether unsatisfactory, but indicate the election of Duke.

In the Sixth (Staunton) district there is a triangle fight. The republicans made no nomination as the district is largely conservative, but Douglas Gray declared himself an independent republican candidate and Carbin Reynolds an independent conservative candidate, the regular conservative nominee being Judge John T. Harris. My despatches from this district show more apathy and greater lack of interest than any other portion of the State, and a consequent small vote polled. So far as heard Reynolds leads Harris, and unless the lower valley counties—Rockingham, Shenandoan, Page, &c.—with which there is no telegraphic communication, rally strongly to the support of Harris he is no doubt defeated by Reynolds.

At several precincts in this district not a single republican vote was polled. In the Seventh Alexandria district the Hon. Lewis McKenzie, republican member of the present Congress, is opposed by Elliott M. Braxton, conservative nominee. I have despatches from Alexandria and the line of the Orange and Chesapeake and Ohio roads, which give majorities for McKenzie, and from Fredericksburg and vicinity, giving majorities for Braxton. The intervening portions of the district are not heard from. The contest is thought to be close, with the chances in favor of Braxton.

In the Eighth, Abingdon, district there is also a triangular contest. General William Tevoy, conservative nominee, is opposed by Fayette McMullen, for many years pior to the war the representative of that district and at one time Governor of Washington Territory, who is an independent democrat, and by Colonel R. O. W. Hughes, independent republican. My last despatches from this district show that McMullen has no strength, and, as the district is largely conservative, there is little doubt of the election of General Terry by a large majority.

Throughout the entire State the election of county officers seems to have been made a party question, and in some localities the Congressional election has been made subsidiary to the local, thus seriously affecting the former. I have returns from almost every section of the State, but they are too meagre to furnish any ground for a conclusion as to the general result on the State vote. It will probably be a day or two before it can be ascertained, with any degree of certainty, whether Virginia is republican or conservative.

There are cheering indications as to the colored people. It it averred in my despatches that in many places they have voted *en masse* for the conservative candidates.

NORFOLK, Nov. 8, 1870.

The election passed off very quietly. A company of marines was held in readiness during the day at the Custom House to repair to any part of the city where their services might be required to maintain order.

STAUNTON, Nov. 8, 1870.

Reynolds, the independent conservative candidate, carries the city by six majority. In the county the vote between Harris, the conservative nominee, and Reynolds will be close and the result will not be ascertained before to-morrow night. The vote has been small.

NORFOLK, Nov. 8, 1870.

Platt's majority in this city is about 200, in Portsmouth 292 and in Judo 15; Zuni gives Bolling (democrat) 43 majority and Windsor gives Bolling 80 majority.

ALEXANDRIA, Nov. 8, 1870.

The election passed off quietly. A small vote was polled, being 600 or 700 short of that of May last. Three wards give Braxton, conservative, forty majority, but the city will give McKenzie, republican, 150 majority. Manasses gives McKenzie seven majority, and Fredericksburg gives Braxton 200 majority.

PETERSBURG, Nov. 8, 1870.

The returns received here indicate that Platt has swept his district by a largely increased majority.

Congressmen Elected.

John Critcher, D. (prob.)	R. T. W. Duke, D.
James H. Platt, R.	C. Reynolds, Ind. D. (prob.)
Albert Ordway, D. (prob.)	Eliot M. Braxton, D.
W. H. H. Stowell, R. (prob.)	William Terry, D.

INCIDENTS OF THE ELECTIONS.

Serious Riots in New Jersey—Two Colored Men Shot—Four White Men Injured.

CAMDEN, Nov. 8, 1870.

A fight occurred to-day at the polls in Newton township, Camden county. Two colored men were shot, and four white men, named Long, Henry, Forman and Stinsman, were badly injured. The riot was suppressed by Major Dare, United States Deputy Marshal.

Riot in Louisiana—Two Negroes Killed in Baton Rouge.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 8, 1870.

A row occurred at Baton Rouge last night. Two negroes were killed and several whites and negroes were wounded.

The Richland parish democratic majority is 586.

A Lively Election in Delaware—A Little Unpleasantness in Wilmington—Negroes Prevented from Voting in Smyrna.

WILMINGTON, Nov. 8, 1870.

There has been more or less rioting in two wards of this city during the afternoon between crowds of white and colored men. At five o'clock a sharp encounter took place in which a large number of shots were fired. It is reported that a number of persons have been shot.

There are rumors of serious riots by white men at Odessa and Smyrna. It is stated that the deputy United States marshals at those places have been driven from the ground, the colored men prevented from voting and the ballot boxes seized.

Row in Troy, N. Y.—Arrest of a Repeater.

TROY, Nov. 8, 1870.

The only row occurred in the Fourth ward, where a deputy United States marshal was assaulted.

One man was arrested in the Second ward for repeating and another is in custody for attempted bribery.

ARREST OF POLICE JUSTICE COX.

Sent to Ludlow Street Jail—No Bail Allowed Him.

Police Justice Cox, of the Jefferson Police Court, was arrested at ten o'clock last night on a warrant issued by Commissioner Davenport, charging him with having entered, with several others, whose names did not transpire, into a conspiracy for the purpose of defeating the operations of the new election laws. He was taken into the United States Commissioner's Court, in Chambers street, by Deputy Marshals Crowley, Allen and Dowley, who were also followed by a great crowd, hooting and threatening to rescue the prisoner. At this hour there was no one in the building to attend to the case but Marshal Sharpe and a few officials. Judge Davis and the Assistant District Attorney had gone for the night, and consequently there was no one present to fix the amount of bail or to take any measures for preventing the Justice from having a night's gratuitous lodgings. Marshal Sharpe did not deliberate long upon the matter, and after conferring for a short time with the marshals to guard against any attempt at rescue he ordered them to take their prisoner to Ludlow Street Jail until to morrow morning, when he will again be brought up and further particulars adduced.

This arrest has been in contemplation for more than a week past, and special officers from the federal building had been set to watch every movement on the part of the Justice in his official and private capacities. It was intended to issue a warrant for him at the same time that "Tony" Hartman was arrested; but it was supposed that sufficient cause had not been found for the purpose of attaching him then. On the first day of the registration in October it was rumored that "Tony" Hartman and several other of the magistrates of this city were marked. "Tony" was the first "big alderman" caged, and it was conveyed in a knowing manner by one of those in authority in the federal building that the "whole lot would come under the thumbscrew of the authorities or be put into the hopper and ground up together."

It was observable that no time was allowed Justice Cox to make preparation for bail last night, nor was any one despatched for the District Attorney, which might easily have been done had there been any disposition to prevent his going to prison. As may naturally be supposed, the Justice was greatly annoyed at being taken at such an unreasonable hour when he might easily have been found at any time during the day, but he said he was certain the "job had been put up" at such a time in order that every one might be out of the way and thus place him in the derogatory position of going to prison. But he had to bend to inexorable fate and suffer imprisonment, as Marshal Sharpe intimated, simply as a matter of necessity.

ARREST OF A SUPERVISOR.

He is Released in Compliance with a Telegram from Superintendent Kelso.

Joseph Hartlet, a letter carrier and United States Supervisor of Elections, residing at 365 First avenue, was arrested by officer Young, of the Eighteenth precinct, at the polls of the Eleventh district of the Eighteenth ward at about three o'clock yesterday afternoon. The charge was that he was drunk and disorderly, and he was relieved from office by one of the marshals, George P. Edgar. At seven o'clock he was discharged from custody by order of Superintendent Kelso.

A MARSHAL NEARLY MURDERED.

A Man Made Red with Blood.

At half-past eleven o'clock last night a cry of a fight was raised in Twenty-second street, and officers were despatched from the station house by Captain Cameron to arrest the parties. A quarter of an hour later an officer brought in a prisoner, who was horribly cut about the head and face, and whose entire person was litterally bathed in blood. There was not a single inch of the surface of his face but was running red with the crimson fluid, and his appearance was perfectly frightful. Captain Cammeron ordered the officer who had him in custody to state how he received his injuries and received an insulting supply from the officer, who was drunk and furious. Captain Cameron then ordered the officer to release his hold of the prisoner (who was extraordinarily quiet and collected under the circumstances), and received a second insulting and evasive reply. The wounded man, whose name was James McCormick, a Deputy United States Marshal, was taken to the rear of the building and washed, but the blood poured out upon his face again and covered it completely. The captain at last ordered the officer to his room, and the drunken vagabond replied with additional abuse, and finally was forced to retire.

In the meantime a German presented himself, who had sustained slight injuries, and stated he was the complainant in the case, giving his name as Ed. Dorrer, of 225 East Twenty-second street. He was told to appear to-morrow, and the victim of his and the drunken officer's assault was allowed to await the arrival of the doctor, who was called by Captain Cameron, to dress his wounds.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD

ITALY AND ROME.

The Pope and the People—Church Festivals Very Dull—Pontifical Assurance of Triumph—Practical Piety and Plenty of Cash.

LONDON, Nov. 8, 1870.

The special correspondent of the HERALD in Rome writes from the Holy City under date of the 4th instant the following interesting communication, which you will receive by cable telegram:—

He says:—The festival of Saint Carlo, which has hitherto been celebrated with brilliant magnificence, fell flat on the public mind, as did that of All Saints' Day last Tuesday. The cremonies of the church, which it was customary to have performed with great splendor on such occasions, were offered up without pomp or show.

His Holiness, the Pope, celebrated mass and subsequently addressed a few words to the congregation. He assured his hearers that the order of civil and worldly affairs at present existing in the city would soon come to an end. "The conclusion is not far distant, and New Year's Day will signalize the triumph of the apostolic cause."

PRACTICAL PIETY.

A very large amount of money reaches the Holy Father daily from foreign countries. The Catholic contributors wish to create such a fund for his support and that of his household as will enable him to refuse to accept the second monthly stipend of 250,000 lires offered by the Italian government for the sustentation of the Papal civil list.

A foreign lady of great distinction has just arrived in Rome bringing her fortune or marriage portion, which she laid at the feet of the Pontiff.

A sum amounting to 20,000 French francs in gold has just been received from a committee of English Catholics, who receive subscriptions for the Church from their brethren.

An address, which was prepared by the Signore Lucheci Polli and signed by 2,000 other ladies, has just been presented to the Pope, accompanied by a large donation of money.

Another address, which is signed more numerously by ladies and accompanied by a really princely gift of treasure, has been received. This last paper reads as follows:—

MOST BLESSED FATHER—Now, at a moment when your Holiness is imitating the very Son of God himself in the moments of His dolorous passion, allow us to imitate the pious women mentioned in the Scripture by presenting ourselves at your feet and offering you what little support we can. We fervently wish that our tears, our prayers and our slender gifts may permit us to enjoy the Christian, Catholic hope that, inasmuch as these same pious women were the first to rejoice over Jesus risen from the dead, so may we soon be the first to rejoice and show forth our joy in the day of your triumph. Holy Father, we implore that you let your apostolic benediction be to us a pledge of this hope.

M. Thiers to the Pope—The King and the Elections.

FLORENCE, Nov. 8, 1870.

M. Thiers has written to his Holiness assuring him that the great Powers of Europe will consider his case at the coming congress. "A position worthy of God's Vicegerent will be provided him."

The King will officially enter Rome after the national elections.

Preparations are actively making in all the provinces for the elections which will occur on the 30th inst.

Italian Reaction.

FLORENCE, Nov. 8, 1870.

Signor Brioglie, chairman of the special committee on the subject, has made a report to the Senate recommending that Rome be not made the capital of Italy until after the decease of the present Pope.

ENGLAND.

French Consular Representation.

LONDON, Nov. 8, 1870.

Vicomte de Abzac, formerly French Consul at Philadelphia, has been appointed Consul General of France at London.

DENMARK.

The United States Mission and Minister.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 8, 1870.

Mr. Andrews, the retiring American Minister, had audience of leave to-day. Mr. Kramer, the new American Minister, presented his credentials. The customary speeches were made.

SYMPATHY FOR THE POPE.

New York Bishops Protesting Against Italian Injustice to the Pope.

ROCHESTER, Nov. 8, 1870.

The Archbishop and Bishops of the Province of New York availed themselves of their assembling in Rochester, for the dedication of the cathedral, to address a letter to the Pope expressive of their sympathy in his troubles, and protesting against the injustice of depriving him of his temporal power.

INDIANA.

Disastrous Fire in Lafayette—Loss One Hundred Thousand Dollars.

LAFAYETTE, Nov. 8, 1870.

This morning a fire broke out in the buildings occupied by O. W. Pierce & Co. as a wholesale grocery and are almost a total loss. A large quantity of coffee, tobacco and tea was saved in a damaged condition. The books and accounts were all saved. The loss on the buildings and contents is estimated at $100,000. Messrs. Pierce & Co. are insured as follows:—Manhattan, of New York, $5,000; North American, of New York, $5,000; Imperial, of London, $12,500; Andes, of Cincinnati, $5,000; Commerce, of Albany, $5,000; Underwriters, $15,000; Etna, $15,000; Home, of New York, $15,000; Home, of New Haven, $10,000; Phœnix, of Hartford, $10,000; International, of New York, $7,000; North American, of Hartford, $500; Lorillard, of New York, $5,000; Springfield Fire and Marine, $2,500; Putnam, $20,000.

The insurance on the building is about $10,000, mostly in Chicago companies. The origin of the fire is unknown.

MURDER IN THE TWENTY-SECOND WARD.

A Street Fight and a Man's Throat Cut.

About ten o'clock last evening, while a number of boys were collecting material for a bonfire, corner of Tenth avenue and Fifty-second street, a quarrel occurred between Philip Donohue, living at the corner of Fifty-second street and Ninth avenue, and an unknown man, resulting in the fatal stabbing of Donohue by the ruffian. It appears that the man was abusing the boys for stealing barrels, when Donohue took their part. High words ensued. Some one in the crowd handed the man a knife and he plunged it into the neck of his adversary, Donohue, and ran away.

The knife severed the jugular vein, and Dr. Roburg, Police Surgeon, has no hopes of his recovery. He was sent to Bellevue Hospital. Donohue is married, and has two children. He was formerly a conductor on the Eighth avenue line, but recently has been a pavement layer. The detectives are after the murderer, with fair prospects of securing him.

SHOT BY A WOMAN.

Stones Thrown at a Window—A Husband Loads a Gun and His Wife Fires It at Parties in the Street, Dangerously Wounding an Outsider.

At about half-past ten o'clock last night it is alleged a party congregated in front of the house No. 325 Eighth street, between avenues C and D, began throwing pebbles and stones at a window in the second story. In a little while the parties living there became so incensed that a shot was fired from the window, dangerously wounding a man in the street named Michael Farrel. The gun was loaded with slugs, and was said to be in the hands of Caroline Wingleman. The husband of Caroline states that he loaded the gun and gave it to her to discharge, and she now admits that such was the case. Caroline is only twenty years of age, and but slightly the junior of her cowardly husband. The wounded man was sent to Bellevue Hospital and it is believed he will not recover.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS ITEMS.

A severe snow storm prevailed at Salt Lake City yesterday.

The machine shop of Messrs. Knapp & Co., in St. Louis, was burned yesterday. Loss $35,000.

A fire occurred at Winona, Miss., Monday night, which destroyed the dry goods stores of Messrs. Townsend & Brothers and Messrs. Morelly & Townsend, the confectionery and drug store of Messrs. Ward & Dixon and the livery stables of Messrs. Eskedge & Townsend. Suspicion rests on a party of fiends, who murdered General Bradley yesterday, of having fired the town.

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

LONDON MONEY MARKET.—LONDON, Nov. 8—5 P. M.—Consols closed at 93¼ a 93⅝ for both money and the account. American securities quiet. United States five-twenty bonds, 1862, 89¾; do. 1865, old, 88¼; do. 1867, 90¼; ten-forties, 87¼. Stocks steady. Erie Railway shares, 19¾; Illinois Centrals, 113; Atlantic and Great Western, 23.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, Nov. 8—4:30 P. M.—The cotton market closed flat. Middling uplands, 9 a 9¼d; Orleans, 9¼ a 9½d. Sales only 8,000 bales, of which 1,000 were for speculation and export.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, Nov. 8.—Corn, 29s. 6d. a 29s. 9d. per quarter for new. The receipts of wheat for the past three days have been 11,000 quarters, all of which were American. The market closed without any change.

LIVERPOOL PROVISIONS MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, Nov. 8.—Beef declined to 105s. per tierce of 304 lbs. for extra prime mess. Lard declining.

LIVERPOOL PRODUCE MARKET.—LIVERPOOL, Nov. 8, P. M.—Tallow, 42s. 9d. per cwt. Spirits petroleum, 9s. per gallon, and refined, 1s. 6d. per gallon.

LONDON PRODUCE MARKET.—LONDON, Nov. 8.—Tallow flat at 42s. per cwt.

PETROLEUM MARKET.—LONDON, Nov. 8, 5 P. M.—Refined petroleum active at 1s. 6d. per gallon. Linseed oil flat.

SHIPPING NEWS.

Almanac for New York—This Day.

Sun rises	6 40	Moon rises....eve	5 53
Sun sets	4 48	High water.morn	8 46

OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATE OF DEPARTURES FROM NEW YORK FOR THE MONTH OF NOVEMBER.

Steamer.	Sails	Destination.	Office.
Columbia	Nov 9	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Idano	Nov 9	Liverpool	29 Broadway.
Lafayette	Nov 12	Havre	55 Broadway.
Queen	Nov 12	Liverpool	69 Broadway.
City of Paris	Nov 12	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
Europa	Nov 12	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Pennsylvania	Nov 12	Liverpool	69 Broadway.
Deutschland	Nov 12	Bremen	68 Broad street.
City of Cork	Nov 15	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
Acadia	Nov 16	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Nevada	Nov 16	Liverpool	29 Broadway.
Donau	Nov 19	Bremen	68 Broad street.
City of London	Nov 19	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
Caledonia	Nov 19	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Colorado	Nov 23	Liverpool	29 Broadway.
Ville de Paris	Nov 26	Havre	55 Broadway.
City of Brook'n	Nov 26	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
Anglia	Nov 26	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green

PORT OF NEW YORK, NOVEMBER 8, 1870.

CLEARED.

Steamship Virgo, Bulkley, Savannah, Ga—Murray, Ferris & Co.
Steamship James Adger, Lockwood, Charleston—H R Morgan & Co.
Steamship Fairbanks, Howe, Wilmington, NC—Lorillard Steamship Co.
Steamship Ellen S Terry, Bearse, Newbern, NC—Murray, Ferris & Co.
Steamship Albemarle, Blackwood, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond—Old Dominion Steamship Co.
Steamship Fanita, Freeman, Philadelphia—Lorillard Steamship Co.
Steamship Nereus, Bearse, Boston—W P Clyde.
Ship Sovereign of the Seas, Johnson, San Francisco—Sutton & Co.
Ship Italia, Whitmore, London—E E Morgan's Sons.
Ship Arlington (Br), Newcombe, Antwerp—Boyd & Hincken.
Ship Asa Eldridge, Baker, Boston—Fred Baker.
Bark Mary Pratt, Kilburn, Antwerp—Brett, Son & Co.
Bark Julia (Br), Jennings, Venice—Fabbri & Chauncey.
Bark Pallas, Biddle, Belize—Josiah Jex.
Brig Catharina (Dutch), Mulder, Minatitlan—Moss & Ward.
Brig Flora (NG), Hanson, Rio Grande—Oelrichs & Co.
Brig Isabel (Br), Morgan, Aspinwall—Ribon, Munoz & Co.
Brig Robert Mowe, Young, Demerara—H Trowbridge's Sons.
Brig Mary E Ladd (Br), Wyman, Kingston, Ja.
Schr P Blake (Br), O'Brien, St John, NB—Jed Frye & Co.
Schr J C Thompson, Slosson, Key West—Van Brunt & Slaght.
Schr Lucy M Collins, Collins, Savannah—Evans, Ball & Co.
Schr A C Lyon, Lyon, Baltimore—Baker & Dayton.
Schr Canary Mitchell, Brown Boston—O L Hatch.
Schr Robert B Smith, Nickerson, Wood's Hole—Ferguson & Wood.
Schr S B & F L Haskell, Providence—H W Loud & Co.
Schr Kate Gordon, Smedley, New Haven—J A Coddingham.
Sloop Report, Hart, New Haven—Rackett & Bro.
Steamer S C Walker, Sherrin, Philadelphia.
Steamer Mayflower, Fults, Philadelphia.
Steamer Tacony, Nichols, Philadelphia.

ARRIVALS.

REPORTED BY THE HERALD STEAM YACHTS.

Steamship Nevada (Br), Green, Liverpool Oct 26, via Queenstown 27th, with merchandise and 380 passengers, to C J Francklyn. 3d inst, lat 47 16, lon 45 45, signalized steamship Italy, hence for Liverpool; 5th, lat 44 18, lon 55 58, steamship Europa (Br), from Glasgow for New York; same day, lat 44 08, lon 57 30, steamship Minnesota, hence for Liverpool; 6th, lat 42 12, lon 62 40, ship Graham's Polley, from Newport for New York.

Steamship Europa (Br), McDonald, Glasgow Oct 29 via Moville 24th, with mdse and 350 passengers, to Henderson Bros. Experienced a succession of strong gales from the westward almost the entire passage. Nov 3, lat 45 55, lon 45 68, passed an Inman steamer, bound E; same day, lat 45 55, lon 46, bark Champion, do; 5th, lat 44 04, lon 57 43, steamship Minnesota, hence for Liverpool; 7th, lat 41 18, lon 67, a National Company's steamer, bound S; same day, lat 41 13, lon 67, an Anchor line steamer, do.

Steamship Thuringia (NG), Ehlers, Hamburg, Oct 27, with mdse and 874 passengers, to Kunhardt & Co. Had very strong westerly winds increasing to