

FRANCE.

Herald Special Report from Versailles.

The Proposed Bombardment Not Yet Begun.

German Wrath at the Continued Inactivity.

Not Enough Big Guns to Damage Paris.

Impending Tremendous Effort to Capture Some of the Forts.

Paris Depressed by the Evacuation of Mont Avron.

MEZIERES OCCUPIED BY THE PRUSSIANS

Continued Success of the French Advance Towards the Rhine.

German and French Soldiers Frozen to Death.

THE BESIEGED CAPITAL.

Nothing Doing—Army Disaffection—Not Enough Big Guns—Obstacles Before the Germans—Their Chances—Prince Frederick Charles on the Defensive—Low Work.

I have received later despatches from the New York Herald correspondent at Versailles, dated December 28 and 29, from which I extract the following intelligence of the military situation before Paris:

Nothing Doing. Your correspondent writes:—The German troops surrounding Paris are daily becoming more disaffected. Nothing has yet been done to hasten the siege, although I am disposed to believe from information of a trustworthy character furnished me that the military authorities have resolved to begin active operations without delay.

NOT ENOUGH BIG GUNS. I know that the Germans have got at hand guns and projectiles heavy enough to send the latter clear into Paris, but the difficulty is that they are too few to be employed with any effect. Within the past few days all the guns of heavy calibre have been brought to a particular point and mounted in the investing works. The object of this is to concentrate their fire and endeavor to destroy one or two of the forts. It is also certain that a tremendous effort will be made to capture these forts.

OBSTACLES BEFORE THE GERMANS. I have already told you in previous letters of the difficult nature of the country about Meudon and Clamart and between Forts Vanves and Montrouge, although the Germans are closer to Paris at this part of the line than at any other. These obstacles have been made really insurmountable by the French force, which recently tried to cut its way through the investing army. In addition Fort Mont Valerien has been greatly strengthened by formidable advanced works, and the same must be said of forts Issy, Ivry and Bicetre, the latter three of which are on the south side of Paris.

THE GERMAN CHANCES. I do not exaggerate the situation when I state that to keep these forts from doing a great deal of damage to the besiegers full employment will be afforded the German batteries; even the small guns will have to be brought to bear upon them. At the same time it is probable that the effectiveness of the French artillery has been overrated. Knowing, as every person familiar with the manufacture of cannon must know, the difficulty experienced in casting big guns sound and safe, it is hardly to be expected that those recently cast in Paris can be of the very best. Hence it is possible that by concentrating their fire the Germans may succeed in capturing or silencing one or more of the forts.

NO BOMBARDMENT YET. Writing under date of the 29th your correspondent says:—Notwithstanding that the programme of yesterday was for the bombardment to begin forthwith, it has not come off as soon as was expected, nor do I think it likely to begin to-day.

PRINCE FREDERICK CHARLES ON THE DEFENSIVE. The Grand Duke of Mecklenburg, commanding the right wing of Prince Frederick Charles' army, has been here, and Prince Albrecht, commanding the cavalry, is expected. The object of these visits was and is to have consultations with General von Moltke. Thus far the result of the deliberations appears to be that the army of Prince Frederick Charles will content itself with simply keeping the French from advancing on Paris. All the German troops outside the investing camp are to remain on the defensive till reinforcements, now on the way, arrive from Germany.

SLOW WORK. The siege guns and ammunition arrive slowly, notwithstanding the almost superhuman energy displayed by the military authorities to forward them.

Paris to be Bombarded Till Peace or Capitulation. LONDON, Jan. 2, 1871. The NEW YORK HERALD correspondent at Berlin telegraphs this evening (January 2) that it has been determined at Versailles to continue the bombardment until peace has been declared or Paris capitulates.

Paris Depressed—The Forts Silent—Malmation Destroyed—A Political Fizzle. LONDON, Jan. 2, 1871. The evacuation of the plateau before Avron by the French causes much depression in Paris.

THE PARIS FORTS SILENT. The French have evacuated their advanced posts northeast of Paris since the reduction of Fort Avron, and the forts around Paris are silent.

MALMATION DESTROYED. It is reported that the palace of Malmation was set on fire by the guns of Mont Valerien and totally destroyed.

A POLITICAL FEZZLE. A meeting of the Mayors of Paris was held last

week to ensure the government for inactivity, but it proved a failure.

MISCELLANEOUS REPORTS.

TELEGRAMS TO THE NEW YORK HERALD. Mezieres Occupied—French Repulse Near Vendome—Captures Near Arras—Naval Matters. LONDON, Jan. 2, 1871. Mezieres has been occupied by the Germans.

A CONTEST NEAR ORLEANS. A despatch from Darmstadt dated to-day states that Prince Louis of Hesse telegraphs to the government that two regiments of Hessians, with a battery, fought on Saturday with a superior force of the enemy southeast of Orleans. The Germans lost fifty men.

FRENCH REPULSE NEAR VENDOME. The Twentieth Prussian division repulsed a superior French force in the rear of Vendome, capturing some guns.

CAPTURES NEAR ARRAS. In an engagement near Arras 175 French infantry were taken prisoners.

NAVAL MATTERS. The French iron-clad Guyenne has been ordered to leave Queenstown. A Prussian corvette is hovering off Dunbarrow.

Cold Weather—Soldiers Frozen to Death—Prussians Driven Out of Gray—Gambetta on Freedom of Speech—Prussian Inhumanity. BORDEAUX, Jan. 2, 1871. The weather is extremely cold. The rivers are frozen. The troops suffer terribly. Many Prussian and French soldiers have frozen to death.

THE PRUSSIANS DRIVEN OUT OF GRAY. A despatch from Besancon, dated January 1, states that the Germans evacuated the town of Gray after a severe combat with the French, under Colonel Borras. The Prussian losses were heavy; ours were small.

GAMBETTA ON FREEDOM OF SPEECH. Minister Gambetta, in his address yesterday at the Prefecture, said the government was bound to the defence of the country, but it was mortal. He must not confound the republic with persons who had been forced by events to assume power. These men, when invasion had been repelled, would resign, and submit their actions to the judgment of the nation. The largest liberty would be accorded to the expression of opinion. All speech must be as free as thought, but language engendering action hostile to the government would be repressed with energy.

GERMAN INHUMANITY. Accounts from the invaded districts show that the most inhuman atrocities are committed by the enemy without provocation.

THE EUROPEAN CONGRESS. Will or Can the Assemblage Meet—What is Said in the Clubs. LONDON, Jan. 2, 1871. As you have already been informed briefly by cable telegram from this city the plan of holding a European Conference on the subject of the revision of the Treaty of Paris, so far as it relates to the navigation of the Black Sea, has been postponed.

It is said that this action has been taken with the view of permitting time for M. Jules Favre's messengers, bringing instructions from France, and also for some of the other plenipotentiaries, to arrive. I must repeat again that very many probabilities of difficulties in the way of an assemblage present already, and that the possibility is that the Congress will never be held.

THE BRITISH CABINET. Ministerial Reconstruction Under Premier Gladstone. LONDON, Jan. 2, 1871. Premier Gladstone's Cabinet has been reconstructed, or, as it is termed in some of the city clubs, reformed, just as I have predicted in my late despatches to the HERALD.

The Right Honorable Chichester Fortescue takes the Presidency of the Board of Trade; the Marquis of Hartington goes to Ireland as Chief Secretary; the Postmaster General, in place of the Marquis of Hartington, has not been named yet. The last named officer will have a seat in the Cabinet in future.

Ministerial Declaration and National Protection. LONDON, Jan. 2, 1871. The Right Hon. Mr. Cardwell, Minister of War, in a speech at Oxford to-day, eulogized Mr. Bright for his services to the country. He refuted the reports of the inefficiency of the army, and contrasted the armaments of England, Prussia and the United States. The present government, he declared, "was resolved to transmit to its successors an unsullied inheritance and to uphold the honor of England and her Queen."

Premier Gladstone and His Constituents. LONDON, Jan. 2, 1871. A petition has been numerously signed at Greenwich calling upon Mr. Gladstone to resign his representation of the borough. The address gives as reasons why he should resign "the destruction of trade through a parsimonious economy, the silence in the dockyards—a fact which Russia seems cognizant—and his suicidal apathy amidst the terrible complication of European questions and the aggressions of Prussia."

EGYPT. The Sultan of Turkey and the Viceroy of Egypt in Difficulty. LONDON, Jan. 2, 1871. Telegraphic advices from Constantinople, which have just been received here, represent that his feeling prevails again between his imperial Majesty the sultan of Turkey and his Highness the Viceroy of Egypt with reference to the old point of dispute—the claim of allegiance by the one and the position and duty, or independence, of the other.

RUSSIA. Military Movements and Army Concentration. LONDON, Jan. 2, 1871. The activity which has been observable in the War Department of St. Petersburg for some time past is maintained.

Troops are marching and countermarching. To-day large bodies of soldiers are concentrating in Squawstera Russia.

PRIM'S MURDER.

The Death of the Marshal Announced to the People in Madrid.

Intense Excitement—Amputation of H's Wounded Arm of No Avail—The Soldier Calm and Resigned—His Latest Words and Loyalist Anxiety.

I received special telegram despatches from Madrid, for the HERALD, at an early hour this morning. I forward the contents of the advices to New York by the cable thus:—The fact of the death of Marshal Prim in consequence of the effects of the wounds which he received at the hands of a band of assassins has intensified the excitement which prevailed in the Spanish capital from the moment after the news of the commission of the fearful deed was made known.

AMPUTATION AND MORTIFICATION. As I have already stated, violent inflammation set in around the wounds almost immediately after their infliction. Gangrene was threatened. The surgeons took decisive action; but even the amputation of the General's arm, which was performed, could not save his life.

CONSCIOUS, RESIGNED AND LOYAL. Marshal Prim retained his consciousness and the complete possession of his mental faculties almost to the very latest moment of his life.

When he was solemnly informed and made aware of the rapid approach of the termination of his life he received the intelligence calmly and with resignation. He bade adieu to the friends who stood around his bed, and in his very last utterances expressed, as he himself said, "much anxiety for the safety of the King of the Spaniards."

VIOLATION OF THE EXECUTIVE. The government authorities still entertain great apprehension of a popular outbreak, particularly in Madrid. The officials are active in their endeavors to allay the existing excitement.

In Memoriam—"Deserved Well of His Country." MADRID, Dec. 31, 1870. The Spanish Cortes assembled in session this evening. It was a solemn, serious occasion. Party violence was laid aside for the moment.

Prim's death was officially announced to the alarmed legislators. The fact was received in solemn silence. Immediately afterwards the Cortes adopted a resolution "in honor of the memory of General Prim," it declares "that the deceased deserved well of his country," and places his family under the protection of the nation.

The Centre of Order. MADRID, Dec. 31, 1870. The Cortes during its session to-day, after its action in memoriam honor of General Prim, passed also a vote of confidence in the government.

AMERICAN DESPATCHES. Official Reports from Madrid to Washington. The official despatch announcing the death of General Prim is dated Madrid yesterday and was received here yesterday afternoon.

It mentioned that General Prim died at eleven o'clock Saturday morning. A second despatch to the Spanish Minister of the same date mentions that the Cortes had passed a resolution of confidence in the new government, and that it has been decided to inscribe the name of General Prim in the Hall of the Cortes and that the State shall provide for his wife and children.

The death of Prim creates a profound impression throughout the kingdom. The same official advices report that the new King is meeting with great enthusiasm on his route.

ENGLAND. The North American Fisheries Question—Explanation on Prussia—Ice in the Thames. LONDON, Jan. 2, 1871. The report which has been circulated here and telegraphed by cable to America, to the effect that Her Majesty's government was about to appoint a royal commission to journey to Washington, in order to inquire into and settle the North American fisheries dispute with the United States, is pronounced to be untrue in very well informed circles.

The Prussian government explains the sinking of the British colliers in the Seine by stating they were fired at to bring them to.

The navigation of the Thames is obstructed by ice. New Year's Reception of the Empress Eugenie—Her Majesty's Guests. LONDON, Jan. 2, 1871. The Empress Eugenie gave a reception on New Year's Day to the French exiles.

Among the guests were the Duke de Ferniguy, the Marquis de la Valette, M. Rouher and many other distinguished men of the empire.

Safety of the Steamship Virginia—Signalled Off Coast. LONDON, Jan. 2, 1871. The steamship Virginia, some time over due from New York, has been signalled off the Irish coast.

AUSTRIA. Death of a Field Marshal. VIENNA, Jan. 2, 1871. Field Marshal Moering, of the Austrian army, died to-day.

SOUTH AMERICA. Change in the Brazilian Cabinet. LONDON, Jan. 2, 1871. Advices from Rio Janeiro to the 7th ult. have been received. The Brazilian Minister of Agriculture had resigned and his portfolio entrusted, pro tem, to the Minister of State.

Capture of Montevideo by the Insurgents. LONDON, Jan. 2, 1871. The insurgents in Uruguay had taken the city of Montevideo by surprise.

HAVANA. Return of an Ex-President to Mexico. HAVANA, Jan. 2, 1871. Zuloaga, the ex-President of Mexico, and for many years banished from that country, and retreating here, returns to Mexico in a few days under the benefit of the recent amnesty.

EUROPEAN MARKETS. A HOLIDAY ON "CRANES"—LONDON, Jan. 2-5 P. M.—THE EUROPEAN MARKETS WERE CALM TO-DAY. FRANKFURT BOHMER, FRANKFURT, Jan. 2.—United States Securities, 94. LIVERPOOL, COTTON MARKET, LIVERPOOL, Jan. 2.—5 P. M.—No cotton market to-day. LIVERPOOL, PRODUCE MARKET, LIVERPOOL, Jan. 2.—5 P. M.—Red Western wool spring wheat, No. 3 to No. 1, 10s. 3d. to 10s. 7d.; No. 2 dried new corn, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 1, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 2, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 3, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 4, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 5, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 6, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 7, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 8, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 9, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 10, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 11, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 12, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 13, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 14, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 15, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 16, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 17, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 18, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 19, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 20, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 21, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 22, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 23, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 24, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 25, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 26, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 27, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 28, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 29, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 30, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 31, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 32, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 33, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 34, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 35, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 36, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 37, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 38, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 39, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 40, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 41, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 42, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 43, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 44, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 45, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 46, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 47, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 48, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 49, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 50, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 51, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 52, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 53, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 54, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 55, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 56, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 57, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 58, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 59, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 60, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 61, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 62, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 63, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 64, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 65, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 66, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 67, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 68, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 69, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 70, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 71, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 72, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 73, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 74, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 75, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 76, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 77, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 78, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 79, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 80, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 81, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 82, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 83, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 84, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 85, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 86, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 87, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 88, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 89, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 90, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 91, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 92, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 93, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 94, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 95, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 96, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 97, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 98, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 99, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 100, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 101, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 102, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 103, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 104, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 105, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 106, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 107, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 108, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 109, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 110, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 111, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 112, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 113, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 114, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 115, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 116, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 117, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 118, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 119, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 120, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 121, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 122, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 123, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 124, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 125, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 126, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 127, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 128, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 129, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 130, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 131, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 132, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 133, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 134, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 135, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 136, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 137, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 138, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 139, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 140, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 141, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 142, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 143, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 144, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 145, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 146, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 147, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 148, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 149, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 150, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 151, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 152, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 153, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 154, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 155, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 156, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 157, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 158, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 159, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 160, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 161, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 162, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 163, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 164, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 165, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 166, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 167, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 168, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 169, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 170, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 171, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 172, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 173, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 174, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 175, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 176, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 177, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 178, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 179, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 180, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 181, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 182, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 183, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 184, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 185, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 186, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 187, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 188, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 189, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 190, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 191, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 192, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 193, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 194, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 195, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 196, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 197, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 198, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 199, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 200, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 201, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 202, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 203, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 204, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 205, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 206, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 207, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 208, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 209, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 210, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 211, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 212, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 213, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 214, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 215, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 216, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 217, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 218, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 219, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 220, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 221, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 222, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 223, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 224, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 225, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 226, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 227, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 228, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 229, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 230, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 231, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 232, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 233, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 234, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 235, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 236, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 237, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 238, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 239, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 240, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 241, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 242, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 243, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 244, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 245, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 246, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 247, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 248, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 249, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 250, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 251, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 252, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 253, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 254, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 255, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 256, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 257, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 258, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 259, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 260, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 261, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 262, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 263, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 264, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 265, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 266, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 267, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 268, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 269, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 270, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 271, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 272, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 273, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 274, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 275, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 276, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 277, 8s. 3d. to 8s. 7d.; No. 278, 8s. 3