

FRANCE.

The Press Nearly Unanimous for a Republic.

Lefranc's Appointment Unfavorable to the Orleansists.

The Law Exiling the Bourbons to be Abrogated.

SEARCH FOR CONCEALED ARMS

German Radicals Concerned in the Paris Revolt.

VICTOR HUGO IN LONDON.

Henri Rochefort to be Tried by a Military Commission.

PARIS ACCOUNTS.

TELEGRAMS TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

The Appointment of M. Lefranc to the Ministry of the Interior—How the Securities of the Bank of France Were Saved.

PARIS, June 2, 1871.

THE PARIS PRESS ON THE NEW MINISTERIAL APPOINTMENTS.

The Paris Journal considers the appointment of M. Lefranc to the Ministry of the Interior and of M. Ferry to be Minister of the Seine to be the reply of M. Thiers to the intrigues of the Orleansists.

A LETTER FROM THE SUB-GOVERNOR OF THE BANK OF FRANCE.

A letter from the Sub-Governor of the Bank of France states that he was forced to advance various sums of money to the Commune.

COMMUNISTS TO BE IMPRISONED AT CHERBOURG.

Two thousand Communists will be imprisoned in the hulks at Cherbourg.

DECENTRALIZATION ADVOCATED.

The St. Louis advocates extensive decentralization of the administration.

ASTONISHMENT AT THE ASSEMBLY REMAINING AWAY FROM PARIS.

The Journal des Debats expresses its astonishment at the persistency of the Assembly in holding aloof from Paris.

By Whom the Commune Was Led—The Arrangements for the Destruction of Paris—Other Schemes Being Planned—Their Place of Concurrence.

PARIS, June 2, 1871.

It has been discovered that the real leaders of the Commune were Karl Marx, Jacob, Blanqui, Tonatchin and Diebneck.

THE PLAN FOR DESTROYING THE CITY.

The idea of burning Paris originated with Jacob and Tonatchin.

NEW SCHEMES OF DESTRUCTION.

Papers have been seized which show that these men are in London, and are now planning these schemes, designed to make Lyons, Marseilles, Madrid, Turin, Rome, Naples, Vienna, Moscow and Berlin scenes of conflagration.

WHEREABOUTS OF ROSSER AND AUREL.

Rosser and Aurel are both concealed in London. Assassinations continue.

VERSAILLES REPORTS.

TELEGRAMS TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

The Validity of the French Princes Before the Assembly—Rochefort to be Tried—The Issue for Concealed Arms—The Future Government of France.

VERSAILLES, June 2, 1871.

The question of the validity of the election of the Prince de Joinville and Duc d'Aumale will be discussed on Monday next in the Assembly, when it is probable the fusion of the two branches of the House of Bourbon will be announced.

ROCHEFORT TO BE TRIED BY MILITARY COMMISSION.

Henri Rochefort is to be tried by military commission to-morrow on the charge of inciting civil war and pillage.

SEARCH FOR CONCEALED ARMS.

The search for concealed arms continues in Paris, and is of the strictest character.

THE FRENCH PRESS ON THE FUTURE GOVERNMENT OF FRANCE.

The French press still discusses the question of the future character of the government, and are nearly unanimous for a republic.

ABROGATION OF THE LAWS OF PROSCRIPTION MOVED.

In the Assembly to-day M. Brunet moved the abrogation of laws of proscription incompatible with republicanism and subservient only to dynastic passions and hatreds. Urgency for the motion was voted.

ABROGATION MOVED OF THE LAWS SPECIALLY DIRECTED AGAINST THE BOURBONS.

Several members of the right moved the abrogation of the laws specially directed against the Bourbons. One of the deputies, speaking in support of the motion, confirmed the report of the fusion of the two branches of the house of Bourbon. A resolution of urgency was adopted.

The Money Paid to Germany for the Support of the Army Near Paris—Movement of Rebel Prisoners—Victor Hugo.

LONDON, June 2, 1871.

A despatch from Havre yesterday says 8,000,000 francs have been paid to the Germans for the maintenance of the army in the vicinity of Paris.

INSURGENT PRISONERS AT ROUEN.

Insurgent prisoners are arriving at Rouen.

VICTOR HUGO IN LONDON.

M. Victor Hugo is in London.

GERMANY.

Thanksgiving Day on June 18.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

BERLIN, June 2, 1871.

An imperial decree orders that the 18th of June be observed throughout Germany as a day of thanksgiving.

ITALY.

Preparations for the Removal of the Capital to Rome—Revolution of the Chamber.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

FLORENCE, June 2, 1871.

Preparations are being made for the removal of the capital to Rome, which will take place about the middle of August.

The Chamber of Deputies in to-day's sitting resolved that all urgent bills should be passed prior to the removal of the capital to Rome.

ROME.

The Pope's Gift to the Sufferers of Paris—Relief for the Churches.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

ROME, June 2, 1871.

The Pope has sent 60,000 francs in cash to the distressed Parisians, and also several chests of consecrated objects for the churches destroyed during the siege and fighting in Paris.

TURKEY.

The Sublime Porte Borrowing Money.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 2, 1871.

A Turkish loan of six million pounds sterling has been concluded, the payment of which is guaranteed by the Egyptian tribute.

PORTUGAL.

The Cortes Dissolved for Not Supporting the Ministry.

TELEGRAM TO THE NEW YORK HERALD.

LISBON, June 2, 1871.

The discussions in the Cortes have shown that the Ministry is in a minority upon marine affairs. A dissolution has consequently been ordered and the new elections will be held in July.

DOMINION OF CANADA.

Opinion of a Government Organ Upon the Treaty—The Dominion Government Not Committed to its Ratification.

OTTAWA, June 2, 1871.

The Times, a government organ, speaking of the Washington treaty and the explanations expected from Sir John A. MacDonald, says:

The Premier considers the time for explanations not yet arrived. He says until the treaty is ratified by her Majesty the Commission still continues to exist. Meanwhile the people of Canada may rest satisfied with the assurance that the reservation of the fisheries articles for the approbation of our Legislature is not a mere formal one; that it is quite open to the Parliament of the Dominion to deal with the matter as it thinks most likely to be advantageous to the people of this country.

Neither the government of Canada as a whole, nor Sir John A. MacDonald, First Minister, are committed to the treaty. They have taken care to reserve to themselves most complete freedom of action in the matter.

Arrival of the British Squadron at Halifax.

HALIFAX, June 2, 1871.

The British frigates Narcissus, Pythias and Immortalite, of the North American squadron, arrived to-day.

Besides the flagship there are now eight war steamers and gunboats on this station. The fleet remains here ten days, to revictual, and then sail for the Baltic.

AFFAIRS IN CALIFORNIA.

A Chinaman Murdered by Boys in San Francisco—Miners' Strike—Assassination of a Young Girl.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 2, 1871.

The steamer Japan, for China and Japan, carried \$354,000 and \$10,000 in merchandise. Governor To a gang of boys stoned to death an inoffensive Chinaman on Fourth street, yesterday afternoon.

Dozens of people witnessed the assault, but did not interfere until the murder was complete.

A mob of strikers yesterday drove out all the miners at work in the gold quartz mines at Sutter Creek and Amador, some of the most productive mines in California. They demand an advance from two dollars per day, which they have been receiving for twelve years, to \$2.50. They have taken possession of all the mines and machinery, except the Auador.

At Cherokee Flat on yesterday morning, as a party were returning on foot from the mines, a man known as Austrian George sprang out of a place of concealment, seized Miss Susie McDaniel, cut her throat and stabbed her to the heart and then made his escape.

At Mendocino a mob has notified all the Chinese in the town to leave within ten days, on peril of their lives.

SUICIDE IN SYRACUSE.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., June 2, 1871.

A man named Lewis J. Gilet committed suicide in the Taboot House in this city this afternoon by taking arsenic. He left a letter, in which he stated that he was unable to obtain work of any kind and did not want to be a burden on his friends.

He was a man of respectability and held the position of Deputy Clerk in this county for nine years. He was also clerk in the Secretary of State's office in Albany two years. He was unmarried and had a mother and sister living in Michigan, and an adopted daughter living in Jamestown, in this county.

CANADIAN STEAMER BURNED.

CORNWALL, Ont., June 2, 1871.

The steamer Huron, of Jaynes, Tracy & Co.'s line, loaded with copper, iron and highwines, took fire at one o'clock this morning and burned to the water's edge. The vessel and cargo are a total loss.

All on board escaped except one deck hand, John Knight, who is supposed to have perished.

DEATH IN THE MINES.

ASHLAND, Pa., June 2, 1871.

An accident occurred in the mine of G. S. Reppel & Co., at Locust Run, this morning, resulting in the death of a man named Benjamin Lovell and severe injury to four or five others, several of whom are not expected to live. The cause of the accident was explosion of gas.

Edward Boyle and Michael Camford were killed and one boy seriously injured. The explosion was a fire in the Burky Mines, at Minersville, Pa., to-day.

A HEAVY LAND CLAIM COMPROMISED.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 2, 1871.

H. W. Caldwell, of this city, great-grandson of John Cosine, who leased eight acres of land in New York, adjoining the Trinity church property, in 1773, for ninety-nine years, has recovered the original papers establishing the claim, and has transferred his individual interests for \$1,000,000, cash.

CHICAGO AND NORTHWESTERN RAILROAD.

CHICAGO, June 2, 1871.

The directors of the Chicago and Northwestern Railroad have re-elected the following officers: John F. Tracy, President; M. L. Sykes, Vice-President; R. L. Pritchard, Secretary and Treasurer; J. B. Redford, Assistant Secretary. George C. Danlop remains general manager and John L. Gault general superintendent. Danlop had been re-elected director and resigned. B. F. Allen, of Des Moines, was elected in place of William H. Ferry, of Chicago, who was chosen director in place of John B. Farmer, deceased.

FOREIGN PERSONAL GOSSIP.

Von Motke is engaged in reorganizing the German army on the regular peace footing of 700,000 men. This is nearly twice its former strength.

August Honhor, the brother of Rosa, after an interview with his mother, has been transported to Belle Isle.

M. Thiers was in such demand in Paris shortly before the late Commune that a Parisian gentleman offered 200,000 francs for the veteran statesman—money to be paid in Paris on delivery of the article.

Count de Motke Hrifved was recently appointed by the Danish government to represent Denmark at the French republic.

The Khedive of Egypt recently laid the first stone of the new port of Alexandria, which when completed will be the finest in the Mediterranean.

The Prince of Wales, with Prince John of Glinburg, visited Napoleon and Eugene at Chislehurst recently.

The German bankers, Gutentrock, Levitz, St. Paul and others convicted of treason for subscribing to the French loan, it is thought, will receive a royal pardon.

Belles and heroines belonging to the Comtesse de Derwentwater, including pictures alleged to be by Rubens, Titian and Kneller, were sold recently by order of the trustees in bankruptcy at Newcastle.

THE PITTSBON DISASTER.

Meeting of Miners—Organized Effort for the Amelioration of the Sufferers by the Disaster—The Course of Blake & Co. Endorsed—Contributions to the Relief Fund.

PITTSBON, Pa., June 2, 1871.

The first meeting of the miners employed at the West Pittston shaft was held this afternoon in the Luzzane House. The object of the meeting was to discuss the propriety of instituting a legal proceeding against Blake & Co., on behalf of the sufferers of the late horrible calamity.

Mr. W. W. Kendrick, superintendent of the mine, was called to the chair, and Mr. Phillips secretary. Upon assuming the chair the President availed himself of the opportunity to counsel the miners upon the issue presented for their consideration. In a few terse remarks he stated that the feelings of the country were aroused in sympathy with them, and himself and his employers, Blake & Co., were in

DEEP MOURNING OVER THE DISASTER that had afflicted this community so severely; that an organized effort for the alleviation of the sufferers was being made with every prospect of success; that Blake & Co. were doing whatever was possible to lessen the suffering of the survivors; and that the immediate wants of the families in distress were being attended to as far as provisions and clothing would extend, and that it was his conscientious belief that the most judicious step would be the acceptance of the donations now being contributed as a satisfactory consideration of all that money could avail them. To the suggestion of the superintendent of the mine, however, the many present I observed the sorrow-stricken father of the little boy, Martin Crain, who would not leave his child in the mines without a warning, and in retracing his steps along the dark passages of the mine lost all his chances for life and limb.

An address was presented and cordially approved, expressing the thanks of the miners of West Pittston to the citizens of Luzerne county for the great and timely aid rendered at the late disaster. The following resolution was then offered and discussed:

RESOLVED, That we, the miners and other employed at West Pittston mine, assembled here in meeting, express our deep and sincere sympathy for the families of the survivors, and in doing so, we hereby certify to the public that the course of Blake & Co. is entirely just and proper, and that we will willingly receive on behalf of the sufferers the funds which may be collected in their behalf in full and complete satisfaction of our claims, and in return we will accept and oppose any policy and action which may be taken by any one, in violation of the laws of this State.

A number of the employes commended the spirit of the resolution, and upon concluding the meeting, the resolution passed without a dissenting vote.

Upon the suggestion of a miner, Mr. Kendrick, the superintendent, vacated the chair and left the room, allowing a full and unobstructed discussion of the resolution; but the result, if anything different, than that which we have just recorded, is not present voting in the affirmative. One of the voters, a survivor of the catastrophe, became so exhausted that he had to be conveyed home in the carriage of the HERALD reporter.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE RELIEF FUND.

This action of the West Pittston miners cannot fail to be indicative of the noble and patriotic spirit of your contributions and will apply the funds to the wants of the sufferers. There shall be no large lawyers' fees to be settled, and the proceeds of the benevolent appeal shall be used in the cause of humanity.

WORK TO BE RESUMED AT ONCE.

Blake & Co. will once commence the erection of a new breaker, and the men will be employed upon the work in a few days. The general agent, S. H. Rogers, of the mine, has been authorized to accept of the mine on the part of the company, and to prosecute suits for damages Blake & Co. should not have commenced the work until that agent had been authorized to do so, which would probably have lasted for years on the dollar. At the end of a lawsuit they would have been fortunate if they got twenty cents on the dollar.

THE COMMITTEE FOR RECEIVING SUBSCRIPTIONS TO THE RELIEF FUND.

The committee for receiving subscriptions to the relief fund, which was organized by the citizens of West Pittston, reports to-day that the amount received at the First National Bank, Pittston, amounts to \$1,000. The committee is also indebted to the citizens of Pittston and \$59 in other places.

THE FOLLOWING RECORD WILL SHOW THE CHANGE IN THE TEMPERATURE FOR THE PAST TWENTY-FOUR HOURS IN COMPARISON WITH THE CORRESPONDING DAY OF LAST YEAR, AS INDICATED BY THE THERMOMETER AT HADNUT'S PHARMACY, HERALD BUILDING, CORNER OF ANN STREET:

Table with 4 columns: Date, 1870, 1871, 1870, 1871. Rows for 5 A.M., 6 A.M., 9 A.M., 12 M., Average temperature yesterday, Average temperature for corresponding date last year.

THE FURTHER EXAMINATION OF WITNESSES IN THE CASE OF KILLY, the School Trustee, was continued yesterday. Killy himself was put upon the stand and denied all the statements of previous witnesses that he had received money for obtaining appointments. He flatly stated that Quinn never paid him a dollar, and continually answered "No" to all the questions giving the sums and times and places at which it was paid. He acknowledged having been arrested by the police, and that he had been taken to the Police Station at Michael Kelly. The committee adjourned at five o'clock to-day.

JUVENILE DEPRAVITY IN WESTCHESTER.

A chubby and unusually precocious boy named Valentine Wagner, aged eleven years, and who resides with his parents on the Bloomingdale road, near 100th street, was brought before Justice Paul, on Morrisania, Westchester county, yesterday, to answer a charge of having attempted to commit a nameless outrage on the person of a child five years old named Caroline Hudson. From the evidence it appeared that the juvenile scoundrel had been on a visit to his aunt, who lives in the village above named, and while there cast lascivious eyes upon the child, who was then in the arms of the aunt. The child was then taken to the adjoining house. Maddened with his shocking depraved desires, the accused, during the afternoon, threw the child into the water, and while on the back stoop of her father's abode, he was first thrown her down, proceeded to perpetrate the outrage, and then, until the grandmother came, he was pursued by three officers, and by jumping from the second story window of a house succeeded in evading capture for several hours. It was subsequently ascertained that his little victim had been seriously injured. As the evidence of guilt was conclusive the Court sent Wagner to the House of Refuge.

FIRE IN TWENTY-FIFTH STREET—DAMAGE \$5,000.

A fire occurred in the two story brick building Nos. 515, 517 and 519 West Twenty-fifth street, yesterday afternoon, occupied by Woodward & Swift, as an iron foundry and machine shop, and damaged the stock and machinery to the extent of \$5,000; insured for \$10,000. The fire broke out in the building occupied by Edward Merrill, a steel spring maker, whose stock was damaged \$1,000; insured in the Williamsburg fire office. The fire was caused by a fire in the roof of the building, which was a number of floors above. The fire spread to the building occupied by Edward Merrill, and the fire spread to the building occupied by Woodward & Swift. The fire was extinguished by the fire department. The fire was caused by a fire in the roof of the building, which was a number of floors above. The fire spread to the building occupied by Edward Merrill, and the fire spread to the building occupied by Woodward & Swift. The fire was extinguished by the fire department. 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