THE STATE CAPITAL.

A Deadlock on the Dolly Varden Charter.

PASSAGE OF THE REGISTRY LAW.

A Resolution to Remove Superintendent Miller Defeated.

AN EFFORT FOR ADJOURNMENT.

Defeat of the Local Option Bill.

Ten Dollar Hawkins in the Midst of Sinners.

CARDOZO SAVED FROM IMPEACHMENT.

ALBANY, May 7, 1872.

The near approach of the day fixed for the assembling of the Democratic and Republican State Conventions is giving new impetus to legislation in both houses, and the members who expect to go to Rochester or Elmira are doing their level best to whip up the drones so that the final adjournment will take place by Friday or Saturday next. The Assembly in particular is putting forth the most strenuous endeavors to accomplish the desired result, and, although the odds are against the toilers, it may be that success will finally crown their efforts. The greatest obstacle in the way just now is the Senate, whose members seem determined, regardless of consequences, to do as much useless talking as they possibly can. The resolution to adjourn on Friday, which passed the Assembly to-day and was at once sent to the Senate after its passage, was passed for the purpose of spurring the Senate on more than anything else. Up to the present time the Senate has kept ahead of the Lower House in the transaction of its business, but during the past few days the buncombists have ruled the roast, and the consequence is that the situation has been entirely changed for the worse. The adjournment cannot, however, it is believed, take place before Wednesday week.

In pursuance of the resolution of the Assembly last evening the New York city charter was made the special order to-day. The chairman of the Committee on Cities, Mr. Judd, stated that no material amendments had been made to it, and that the few amendments that had been made were merely to improve the phraseology of some of the sections. Mr. Cayuga Brown then offered his hobby amendment, prohibiting donations of money to sectarian schools. This brought Mr. Tilden to his feet. He denounced the amendment as mischievous, and as a firebrand that would kindle a partisan strife, which all patriotic men should studiously work to avert. Mr. Alvord felt convinced that the Governor would veto the charter if the amendment was made part of it. Mr. Pell, who, like his friend Cayuga Brown, prides himself on his devotion to the sectarian idea, declared that the amendment should be inserted, and he for one would vote to carry the bill over the Governor's veto if he dared to veto it because of the amendment; and, when Mr. Pell announced the fierce determination, he sat down and looked about him as though he expected the galleries to come down handsomely, but he was disappointed, and the only man in the lobby who looked as though he felt particularly jubilant was

MR. DEXTER A. HAWKINS,

who came here bright and early this morning to push the amendment along and help Mr. Pell to make a hit. Mr. Brown, not to be outdone by Mr. Pell, again got the floor, and, as usual, by way of preface, for a minute or two busily engaged himself in

SCRATCHING HIS HEAD

before gathering his scattered senses. Turning towards Mr. Alvord he screeched that he had as good ground for stating that the Governor would sign the bill with the amendment in it as Old Salt had for stating that he would not sign it. He then, in his usual clawfish way, drifted into a talk about Alvord's

GROUND AND LOFTY TUMBLING

in the sectarian business, and wound up by declaring that the people demanded that the sectarian question should be settled now and for all time. Mr. Alvord did not condescend to answer these remarks, and of course Brown looked very unhappy. Mr. Pell then offered his substitute prohibiting the donation of moneys to any institution under the Comptroller's management of any sectarian or denominational society, or the selling of any property to any sectarian or denominational society, unless sold at public auction to the highest bidder. Mr. Husted declared that this amendment would certainly doom the charter. Mr. Pell's motion was declared out of order, when the Speaker and Mr. Judd make an appeal to the House not to embarrass the charter. Mr. Brown's amendment was then adopted, 49 to 41, when the committee rose. Mr. Judd, in the House, endeavored to have the amendment stricken out, but as Mr. Alvord had previously moved that the bill be put upon its final passage, and on that had moved the previous question, the motion could not be entertained. The bill was then passed as amended, by the following vote:—

THE VOTE ON THE CHARTER.

YEAS—Messrs. Abbott, Alberger, Alvord, D. L. Babcock, I. H. Babcock, Badeau, Beckwith, Bennett, Berri, E. E. Brown, I. D. Brown, Burns, Burritt, Crandall, Eastman, Enos, Flammer, Foley, Ford, Fort, Fowler, Gelb, Goring, Gess, Green, Gregory, Haight, Hart, L. L. Hayes, Herrick, Holdridge, Hollister, Houghton, Hungerford, Husted, Judd, Kennedy, Kilian, Kingsland, Knapp, Knettles, Lewis, Lincoln, Lippitt, G. P. Lord, Lott, Lynde, Mackay, Marcy, Moore, Morton, Moulton, Murdock, Niles, Osgood, Paige, Pell, Pierce, Preston, Prince, Rice, Rose, Sage, Shepardson, Simson, Smiley, Smith, Smyth, Sniper, Snyder, Speaker, Springsted, Squires, Stehan, Swain, Tobey, Tucker, A. L. Van Dusen, Vedder, Wells, West, White, Woodward, Wyman, Yeomans—85.

NAYS—Messrs. Aitken, Blair, Buckley, Buell, Campbell, Carroll, Chamberlain, Chambers, Cook, Couchman, Dunphy, Dykeman, Fields, Griffin, Haughton, J. Hayes, Healy, A. Hill, B. Hill, Jacobs, G. D. Lord, Moseley, Mosher, Rath, Roche, Tilden, Twombly, W. J. Van Dusen, Whitbeck, Wiley, Woolsey—31.

The bill, after the vote was taken, was sent up to the Senate, which refused to concur in the amendment made by the Assembly by a vote of 19 to 4, and on motion of Mr. Palmer a conference committee was appointed, the President designating Senators Palmer, Murphy and Woodin.

THE REGISTRY BILL,

which was amended so as to conform to the provisions of the charter, was taken up in the Assembly after the former had been disposed of, and was passed under the whip and spur of the previous question by a vote of 86 to 28. The Assembly occupied the entire afternoon and evening sessions in the consideration of

THE MILLER CASE.

It will be borne in mind that the case was last night ordered to be reopened to-day, in order that the testimony of Southwick, the clerk, who, it was said, had been the go-between between Wood, Parsons & Co. and Miller, might be examined. However, when the committee met to take his evidence this morning, it was learned that he had precipitately left town shortly after midnight. Of course this threw the committee into consternation and confusion, and so the chairman, when he came into the House, at once explained the situation and asked that the case be made the special order during the evening. This motion was adopted, and at half-past three o'clock the discussion on the report of the committee and the concurrent resolution to remove Mr. Miller was begun. It is useless to detail arguments *pro* and *con*, as almost every member seemed anxious to have a say about the matter. Mr. Tobey opened the ball, and spoke at great length in advocacy of the resolution. He was followed by Mr. Hart against it, and then the Speaker consumed considerable time in denouncing Miller and the wealthy presidents and vice presidents of the insurance companies, who, he contended, were growing fat and hale and hearty on the funds of the orphans and widows, and upon men who trusted their money to them. Mr. Twombly opened the night session in a speech against the adoption of the resolution, in view of the fact, as he believed, that the testimony in the case did not justify it. Mr. Smythe then followed in advocacy of the resolution, and he was followed by Mr. Husted, who offered as a substitute for Mr. Tobey's resolution another providing for the transmission of the charges against Mr. Miller, and the evidence taken in the case to the Governor, he to transmit it to the Senate, with the recommendation that he should be removed, if in his opinion the evidence justified such a course. Mr. Vedder then arose and delivered one of the most vigorous speeches that have been delivered this session on any question. He declared that he was

NOT AT THE BECK OF ANY MAN,

and that the crack of the party whip had no terrors for him. He denounced the attempts that had been made to drive members to vote against their convictions, and said that he took the course he did regardless of all the hewings that might be made against him. He then argued to show that the evidence did not justify the resolution. The debate was then closed by Mr. Alvord. The committee rose at eleven o'clock and the Husted amendment was put and lost. The vote on the original resolution was then put and lost. The galleries and lobbies were crowded during the discussion of the resolution, and when the vote was being taken the greatest excitement prevailed on all sides, the friends of Mr. Miller and his opponents running about with division lists in their hands, anxiously tallying the name of every member as he announced his vote. When the result was finally announced the excitement became intense, and the House adjourned amid general confusion.

NEW YORK LEGISLATURE.

SENATE.

ALBANY, May 7, 1872.

BILLS PASSED.

In relation to the Marine Court in the city of New York.

To prevent frauds in the sale of patent rights.

In relation to the Board of Trustees of the General Convention of Universalists of the United States.

The bill to authorize the towns of the State to determine whether liquor shall or shall not be sold came up for a third reading, and was lost, ayes 16, noes 10, as follows:—

YEAS—Messrs. Adams, Allen, Benedict, Bowen, Chatfield, Dickinson, Foster, Graham, Harrower, McGowan, Palmer, Robertson, Winslow, D. R. Wood, J. Wood and Woodin—16.

NAYS—Messrs. Cock, Johnson, Lewis, Lord, Lowery, Murphy, O'Brien, Perry, Tiemann and Weismann—10.

A motion to reconsider was laid on the table.

The bill was finally progressed and made the special order of this evening.

The Assembly amendments to the New York charter were non-concurred in and a conference committee appointed.

The Assembly resolution to adjourn on Friday was laid on the table.

A bill was introduced in relation to the Commissioner of Jurors in the city of New York. It fixes the time and manner of appointment.

The Senate then went into Committee of the Whole on the supply bill, and devoted the remainder of the session to its consideration.

The Senate then took a recess until half-past seven P. M.

Evening Session.

Most of the evening was occupied discussing the bill providing for the extraordinary repairs of the canals. The bill was ordered to a third reading and passed.

The vote rejecting the bill to authorize towns to vote upon

THE QUESTION OF SELLING LIQUOR

was reconsidered and the bill was passed—ayes 17, noes 11, as follows:—

YEAS—Adams, Allen, Baker, Benedict, Bowen, Chatfield, Dickinson, Foster, Harrower, McGowan, Palmer, Robertson, Wagner, Winslow, D. R. Wood, J. Wood, Woodin.

NAYS—Cock, Johnson, Lewis, Lord, Lowery, Madden, Murphy, O'Brien, Perry, Tiemann, Weismann.

The bill relating to wharves, piers and bulkheads in the city of New York was reported. Adjourned.

ASSEMBLY.

ALBANY, May 7, 1872.

The House went into Committee of the Whole and took up as the special order the New York charter.

Mr. ALVORD moved, before any action was taken, that the committee report progress with a view to moving in the House that the bill be ordered to a third reading.

Several members objected to this summary proceeding, and the motion was negatived by 42 to 43.

Mr. IRA D. BROWN moved to add a clause to section 43, prohibiting appropriations to sectarian schools.

Mr. TILDEN hoped this amendment, which he regarded as inappropriate to the bill, would be voted down. The principle which it involved was fitted for a general law. To introduce it here was simply

INTRODUCING A FIRE BRAND.

Mr. ALVORD said it was essential to pass this bill in such a shape that it would not encounter the Executive veto, but with this clause in it there was no doubt of its being vetoed.

Mr. PELL regarded the amendment as one of the most important which had been brought before the House, and if the bill was vetoed on account of it he would vote for passing it over the veto.

Mr. HUSTED moved that when the committee rose it report progress. Lost—42 to 50.

Mr. PELL moved the following to be added to section 7:—Nor shall any appropriation of any money, property or credit of the city be given or loaned to any institution that is under the management or control of any sectarian or denominational society. Neither shall any property be sold to any sectarian or denominational society, unless sold at public auction to the highest bidder after due and proper notice having been given.

This was declared out of order at this time, as section 43 was under consideration.

Mr. JUDD called attention to the fact that a new charter for the city of New York was expected at the hands of this Legislature, and said it was certain the Governor would veto the bill again if it contained this clause. He therefore urged that the bill should be passed without it.

Speaker SMITH said there was no power or authority in the city of New York or any other city to make the appropriation sought to be prohibited by this amendment. Then why, he asked, embarrass this bill by inserting it?

Mr. PELL thought it more important to have this prohibition against the city authorities than to have a new charter even.

The question was taken on Mr. Brown's amendment, and it was carried—49 to 41.

The amendment is as follows:—It shall not be lawful to make any appropriation of public money, or property, or to loan the credit of the city of New York, in aid of any private, sectarian or denominational school that is not under the control and management of the Board of Public Instruction and subject to the general laws of the State relative to Public Schools.

Mr. CAMPBELL moved to amend by having the charter election take place at the same time with the general election in November. Lost.

On motion of Mr. HUSTED progress was reported.

The same committee then took up the Registry law for New York, and, on motion of Mr. HUSTED, progress was reported immediately.

In the House, on motion of Mr. HUSTED, the bill was ordered to a third reading, and read and passed—85 to 32.

Mr. ALVORD then moved that

THE REGISTRY BILL

also be put on its final passage immediately.

Mr. FIELDS raised the point of order that this bill could not be read out of its order, as it had been introduced since the 15th of March.

The CHAIR stated that it was not possible for him to say when the bill was introduced.

Mr. FIELDS asked that the bill be then laid aside until the Clerk can ascertain when it was introduced.

The CHAIR ruled that the point was not good, as it was impossible to tell when the bill was introduced, it being a Senate bill.

Mr. JACOBS said he did not think there was any disposition to violate the rules, therefore he would move to lay the bill on the table until the information sought, as to when the bill was introduced, was obtained. Lost.

The previous question on the passage of the bill was then ordered.

Mr. D. B. HILL raised the point of order that the bill not having upon it the date when introduced it could not be read.

The CHAIR ruled that the point of order was not well taken.

Mr. FIELDS tendered the Journal of the Senate for evidence as to when the bill was introduced.

The CHAIR asked to what page the gentleman referred.

Mr. FIELDS responded that he did not know on what page the record was.

The CHAIR then said it could not be accepted.

Mr. FIELDS then appealed from the decision of the Chair against the point of order raised by Mr. D. B. Hill.

The decision of the Chair was sustained—73 to 25.

The bill was then ordered to be read.

Mr. JACOBS objected to reading the bill at the time, on the ground that it was introduced in the Senate on the 30 of May.

The CHAIR—Can the gentleman give the record of this fact?

Mr. JACOBS said he had examined the matter and made this statement of fact on his personal honor.

The CHAIR decided that he could not take cognizance of the question.

The bill was then read and passed by 86 to 28.

On the passage of the charter Messrs. Foley and Osgood (democrats) voted in the affirmative, and Messrs. Dykman, Griffin, Loughran, Twombly, W. J. Van Dusen, Whitbeck and Woolsey (republicans) voted in the negative.

On the Registry bill Mr. Osgood (democrat) voted in the affirmative.

Mr. ALVORD, from the Ways and Means Committee, reported the annual TAX bill for the support of the government; also

THE CANAL DEFICIENCY BILL.

Both of the bills were made special orders for this afternoon.

A communication was received from the New York Street Cleaning Commissioner asking that the bill in relation to street cleaning in that city be acted upon, and on motion of Mr. LOUGHRAN the bill was put upon its passage and passed.

On motion of Mr. LIPPITT the motion by which the bill fixing the compensation of county judges and surrogates was passed was reconsidered, as it was found that the compensation of the judges had been by mistake reduced instead of increased.

The bill was recommitted for amendment.

Mr. VEDDER offered a resolution that the Judiciary Committee inquire and report whether impeachment proceedings can be taken against Albert Cardozo, he having resigned.

Mr. PRINCE moved a resolution as a substitute that Albert Cardozo, having resigned, impeachment proceedings in his case are inexpedient, which was adopted.

On motion of Mr. SMILEY the resolution to adjourn *sine die* April 26 was called up, amended by inserting May 10, and adopted.

Mr. VEDDER, from the Judiciary Committee, submitted a report on the investigation of the charges against Charles Daniels, George Barker and John Talcott, justices of the Supreme Court, in which they say none of the various charges, in their opinion, are proved or in the least degree sustained; but, on the contrary, the evidence proves the honesty of purpose of these Justices, and is a perfect vindication of their purity of character. The committee also deprecate the conduct of William D. White, on whose petition and charges the investigation was made, which they say doubtless had their origin either in malice or in the vitiated fancy of an unbalanced mind. The report concludes with a resolution to discharge the committee from further consideration of the subject, which was adopted.

BILLS PASSED.

To extend the distribution of Croton water in New York and to lay the mains at a higher elevation.

Amending the act regulating the sale of intoxicating liquors. It simply defines who shall constitute a board of excise and who shall preside.

Amending the act to regulate the sale of intoxicating liquors, passed April 11, 1870. It makes provision for the appointment of boards of excise. Lost—52 to 52.

Recess until half-past three P. M.

Afternoon Session.

Mr. ALBERGER reported a bill to incorporate the Nassau Bridge Company for the purpose of building a bridge across the East River, from New York to Queens county.

Mr. MORTON reported a bill to amend the charter of the city of Brooklyn, which fixes the duties of the Treasurer, and provides for the appointment of ten assessors in place of the present Board. The bill to provide ways and means for the support of government. It provides for a tax of five and three-eighths of a mill.

Mr. LIPPITT, from the Insurance Committee, reported that they had subpœnaed Henry C. Southwick, Jr., to appear before them, but that he had failed to appear. They had also learned from Mr. Southwick's wife that her husband last night left the city. This is the witness whose testimony was wanted in the matter of the investigation of the charges against Superintendent Miller, but who absented himself last January when the investigation commenced and returned to the city only a few days since.

Mr. AITKEN stated that he had refused to sign this report for the reason that he did not know Southwick was in the city until he was informed that he had been seen in the company of Messrs. Barnes, Parsons and Dawson at a late hour last night.

SUPERINTENDENT MILLER.

On the motion of Mr. TOBEY the House went into committee on the resolutions offered by him to remove George W. Miller, Superintendent of the Insurance Department; also directing the Attorney General if, in his opinion, the Superintendent is not entitled to it, to institute proceedings against him to recover the fee of one-fifth of one per cent on the amount of transferred securities taken by him.

Mr. TOBEY then took the floor and read a long speech in advocacy of the resolutions.

He was followed by Mr. HART, who took the ground that there was nothing in the evidence that would warrant the adoption of the resolutions. He reviewed all the salient points made by the committee, and contended that they were unwarranted by the testimony taken. He referred to the fact that Mr. Miller, as Superintendent, had received the endorsement of presidents, vice presidents and other officers of insurance companies to the number of 180. He closed by saying that though a republican, and though he would like to see one of his party in the position, yet he could not, by an act of injustice, remove Mr. Miller and make a place for a republican.

Speaker SMITH next addressed the House, insisting that this trial should be upon the evidence—the facts in the case. He then proceeded to review the case, and held that the officer was not entitled to the sums he had appropriated to himself. The law was explicit on this point. He then called attention to the charges for examinations. The law allows him to charge actual expenses, but we see this has not been the case, and in answer we are told that no one complained of the excessive charges. Is this a fitting answer? Is it an answer—a justifiable answer—at all? As to the printing percentage, he maintained that if there was no positive testimony connecting Miller with it, there was a suspicion of his connection, and it was his duty to remove this suspicion. He said it was known that the insurance companies were anxious for the acquittal of Mr. Miller, and why? He believed the people's money was wrongfully used by these companies in all sorts of extravagance, paying, he said, in one case, at least $70,000 per year to a president of one of them. The committee then rose, reported progress, and the House took a recess till half-past seven P. M.

Evening Session.

On the motion of Mr. JACOBS, the State Engineer was directed to survey and estimate the number of cubic yards of crib work, stone and other materials used in the construction of the buildings on Quarantine Island, No. 2, in the lower bay of New York, in the contract with Francis Swift, and to report to the Assembly.

On the motion of Mr. HUSTED, the New York city Rapid Transit Company's bill was made the special order for to-morrow morning. The House then went into committee and resumed consideration of the resolution in the Miller case.

Mr. TWOMBLY took the floor in defence of Mr. Miller, reviewing, criticising and explaining portions of the testimony which the committee had sought to turn against him. He concluded by saying that in the light of the examination of the testimony he had since made, he would never have signed the report.

CHARGED WITH BLACKMAILING.

An Unfortunate Woman the Victim—Singular Action of the Police.

Yesterday morning a man named James D. Bard, or James Barr, or something else of a similar sound, prevailed upon Ward Detective Noble to arrest a poor unfortunate woman named Josie Torp on a charge of blackmail. The prisoner, complainant, Ward Detective Noble and Sergeant Rourke yesterday morning put in an appearance before Justice Cox at Jefferson Market and desired a private hearing in the case, and requested the Justice to allow them the use of his private room, as they did not wish the case made public. Justice Cox informed them he could not and would not grant their request, as the court room was the place set apart for such business, and he should demand their presence before him in open Court.

Baffled in this Ward Detective Noble and Bard, or Barr, next visited the HERALD representative and desired the case to be left out of the papers, as the complainant was a married man, also a man of family; and the facts that would necessarily come out would tend to degrade both them and himself. They were informed that the HERALD representative did not have the power to do as they desired. Upon receiving this information Ward Detective Noble and the complainant felt very nervous and excited. In a subsequent conversation with Sergeant Rourke, the latter stated to the reporter that the name of the complainant was Bard, residing in Twenty-second street somewhere, but at what number or what business he was engaged in he did not know.

The case being called before Justice Cox the complainant stepped forward and related how the woman had wronged him, threatening to shoot him, and in case he refused to advance her money said she would expose him to his family. He also charged that the woman met him on the street Monday night and demanded money, but upon his threatening to have her arrested she left him, only to return yesterday morning and repeat the demand, when he caused her arrest.

The woman who stood before the prisoner's railing was called in front of the bench by Justice Cox and stated, with tears in her eyes, that the complainant had hired apartments for her about seven months ago, and visited her nearly every day, staying away at night; that she was now in a delicate condition, and that the complainant had abandoned her and taken up with another woman. She claimed on Monday night she was hungry, and not having a cent of money in her pocket to purchase a meal with, visited him in hopes to procure sufficient means to alleviate her hunger.

Ward Detective Noble acted as counsel in the case, and being an expert in the business, said the case was one of pure blackmail, as he had followed the parties several blocks on Monday night and listened to the demand for money, and accused her of having money in her pocket at that present moment. The woman declared her statement was true and Justice Cox, determined to satisfy himself, despatched Officer Ferguson to accompany the woman to the Commissioners of Charities and Correction and have her examined by a physician. The officer shortly afterwards returned with the information that the prisoner's statement as to her delicate condition was correct.

As the complainant was rather uneasy he stated he had no desire to prosecute the case any farther if the prisoner would promise not to molest him. This she promised, and upon Mr. Goldey, the Clerk of the Court, asking the complainant his name, he gave it as James Barr. The woman was accordingly discharged on her promise to give the complainant no further annoyance. The representatives of the press attempted to obtain some information from Ward Detective Noble, but that individual refused to give any, and, haughtily striding out of the court room, remarked, "It's an ill wind that blows nobody good."

BROOKLYN WOMAN'S CLUB.

The Brooklyn Woman's Club gave a reception at their rooms last evening, the entertainment being enlivened by a lecture delivered by Miss E. Ida Williams, the subject being, "A Great Author," which was listened to with deep interest by a highly attentive and critical audience. Miss Williams' manner during her reading seemed characteristically modest, yet self-possessed and graceful, and with her clear, distinct enunciation and expressive face, she seemed to have gained the sympathy and admiration of her audience.

REAL ESTATE MATTERS.

The real estate market yesterday was devoid of special interest, and only a portion of the property offered was disposed of. On Monday Mr. Jeremiah Johnson, Jr., sold on the premises, by order of the trustees, a part of the Curtis estate, at Richmond Hill, L. I. Nine carloads of people, accompanied by Grafula's Band, were in attendance. About three hundred lots were disposed of, at an average figure of $350 each. The sale of Mr. A. D. Mellick, Jr., at Roselle, was very successful, and a large number of people went out on the eleven o'clock special train. The prices realized were considered unusually good, and 280 lots were sold at an average price of $90 each. The following were the transactions at the Exchange Salesrooms yesterday:—

BY JOSEPH M'GUIRE.

3 story brick building and lot c. s. Attorney st., 225 ft. in Stanton st., lot 24.9x100. Frank Keibach	$23,000
Building and lot s. w. cor. Fifth st. and avenue C, lot 24x80. John Risse	19,300
4 story brick tenement h. & l., 625 W. 42d st., 300 ft. e. 11th av., lot 25x100.5. M. A. J. Lynch	14,350
BY MULLER, WILKINS & CO.	
2 lots s. s. 80th st., 90 ft. w., 3d av., each 22x102.2. M. Phillips	11,000
1 lot n. s. 79th st., 90 ft. w., 3d av., 22x102.2. M. Phillips	7,500
2 three story bk. houses and 2 lots 28 and 30 Greene st., 125 ft. s. Grand st., lots together, 49.3x100. Mr. Dupagot	58,400
Bk. factory, buildings and plot of ground n. s. King st., 100 ft. e. Conover st., plot 190x100. A. W. Hyde	10,500
BY HOFFMAN & COBURN.	
3 story b. s. h. and l. 427 E 58th st., 303.11 ft. west avenue A, lot 18.1x100.4. W. Ellingwood	12,500

SHIPPING NEWS.

Almanac for New York—This Day.

Sun rises	4 50	Moon sets....eve	8 22
Sun sets	7 03	High water...eve	9 09

OCEAN STEAMERS.

DATES OF DEPARTURE FROM NEW YORK FOR THE MONTH OF MAY.

Steamers.	*Sails.*	*Destination.*	*Office.*
Minnesota	May 8	Liverpool	29 Broadway.
City of Washing'n	May 9	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
City of Brooklyn	May 11	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
Anglia	May 11	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
Baltic	May 11	Liverpool	19 Broadway.
Rhein	May 11	Bremen	2 Bowling Green
Hansa	May 14	Bremen	2 Bowling Green
Idaho	May 15	Liverpool	29 Broadway.
City of Bristol	May 16	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
Republic	May 18	Liverpool	19 Broadway.
Ville de Paris	May 18	Havre	58 Broadway.
India	May 18	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green
City of Montreal	May 18	Liverpool	15 Broadway.
Deutschland	May 18	Bremen	2 Bowling Green
Oceanic	May 25	Liverpool	19 Broadway.
Trinacria	May 25	Glasgow	7 Bowling Green

PORT OF NEW YORK, MAY 7, 1872.

CLEARED.

Steamship Scotia (Br), Lott, Liverpool and Queenstown—C G Francklyn.

Steamship New York (NG), Klugkist, Bremen via Southampton—Oelrichs & Co.

Steamship W P Clyde, Scott, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond—R & H Chamberlaine.

Steamship Wyanoke, Couch, Norfolk, City Point and Richmond—Old Dominion Steamship Co.

Steamship Fanita, Doane, Philadelphia—Lorillard Steamship Co.

Steamship Nereus, Bearse, Boston—H F Dimock.

Bark John Wooster, Power, Zanzibar—Vernon H Brown.

Bark Pitfour (Br), King, Cork or Falmouth—G F Bulley.

Bark Grace (Br), Reynolds, Cork via Darien—Heney & Parker.

Bark Abby Bacon, Merrill, Santander—Borland, Dearborn & Co.

Bark Marathon, Donwell, Sagua—Vernon H Brown & Co.

Bark Almoner, Averill, Caibarien—J S Ingraham & Co.

Bark Young Eagle (Br), Dick, Sorelli (Canada)—Geo E Cook & Co.

Bark Mary C Packer, Holloway, San Francisco—C Comstock & Co.

Brig Atlas, Hodsdon, Marseilles—Jas Henry.

Brig Avance (Nor), Peterson, Cronstadt—Eunch, Edye & Co.

Brig Lydia H Cole, Law, St Jago—Waydell & Co.

Brig Peter Roberts (Br), Hunter, Windsor, NS—Crandall, Berteaux & Co.

Schr Royal Arch (Br), Smith, Pernambuco—G F Bulley.

Schr Atlantic (Br), Davidson, Windsor—Crandall, Berteaux & Co.

Schr M E Woodhull, Davis, Corpus Christi—J H Brower & Co.

Schr Sarah Cullen, Aris, Ceday Keys—Evans, Ball & Co.

Schr W R Beebe, Lozier, Savannah—Evans, Ball & Co.

Schr Mary A Witham, Kelley, Norfolk—C E Staples.

Schr J S Moulton, Crowley, Boston—Jas Murray & Co.

Schr J C Nash, Crowley, Boston—Jas Murray & Co.

Schr Emeline G Sawyer, Hall, Boston—Simpson, Clapp & Co.

Schr Henry, Dobbin, East Weymouth—Simpson, Clapp & So.

Schr R B Smith, Nickerson, New Bedford—Ferguson & Wood.

Schr Geo Washington, Peck, Stamford.

Steamer Frank, Pierce, Philadelphia.

Steamer Black Diamond, Meredith, Philadelphia.

ARRIVALS.

REPORTED BY THE HERALD STEAM YACHTS.

Steamship Canada (Br), Webster, Liverpool April 24, via Queenstown 26th, with mdse and passengers to P W J Hurst. May 6, 5 AM, passed a White Star line steamer (Atlantic), bound E.

Steamship Montgomery, Faircloth, Savannah, May 4, with mdse and passengers, to R Lowden.

Steamship San Salvador, Nickerson, Savannah May 4, with mdse and passengers, to W R Garrison.

Steamship Manhattan, Woodhull, Charleston May 5, with mdse and passengers, to H R Morgan & Co.

Bark Alaska (Br), Guy, Glasgow 82 days, with old railway iron, to Wm Nelson, Jr. Had strong NW and westerly gales the entire passage; on April 17, while laying to under bare poles, lower maintopsail was blown from the yard; April 6, John Blair, carpenter, fell from maintopsail yard overboard and was drowned—native of Scotland; April 12, Wm Moffat, a native of Shetland Island, fell overboard and was drowned.

Bark Evelyn (Br), Kolln, Messina March 7, with fruit to J C Witham.

Bark Paramount (of Boston), Wiswell, Montevideo Feb 22, with mdse to Robt McCormack—vessel to master. Crossed the Equator April 9, in lon 41; had light winds and calms the entire passage; March 2, lat 29 23 S, lon 45 W, passed whaling brig Rosa Baker, of Boston, clean.

Bark Palo Alto, Berry, Cardenas 13 days, with sugar to order—vessel to H D & J U Brookman. Has been 6 days north of Hatteras, with light N and NW winds.

Brig Amy (Br), Pinkham, Turks Island, 62 days, with fruit to P & C Chamberlain—vessel to G F Bulley. March 17, in gale from WNW, carried away foretopgallant mast and topsailyard; put into Gibraltar for repairs, and proceeded on voyage March 28; was 21 days west of the Banks.

Brig James Ratchford (Br), George, Barbados, 22 days, with sugar and molasses to Dana Bros; vessel to Crandall, Berteaux & Co. Has been 5 days north of Hatteras with light winds and calms.

Brig Ceres (Br), Wimers, Cardenas, 12 days, with sugar and molasses to Moses Taylor & Co—vessel to Winchester & Towne. Been 3 days north of Hatteras with light northerly winds.

Brig David Bugbee, Stowers, Cardenas 9 days, with sugar to order, vessel to Carver & Barnes. Had fine weather; was 3 days north of Hatteras; sailed in company with brig Liberty, from Cardenas for Philadelphia.

Brig Lima, Hill, Glenfuegos, 8 days, with sugar to Tucker & Lightbourne; was 5 days north of Hatteras with heavy NE gales; April 5, 80 miles southeast of Cape May, passed a large canboy, painted black and marked No. 1.

Schr Edward Burnett (of Newburyport), Pender, Para 22 days, with rubber, &c, to F G Demerest—vessel to B J Wenberg. Had fine weather up to Hatteras; from thence 7 days, with heavy N and NW winds.

Schr Carrie Douglas (Br), Ludlow, Port au Prince, 14 days, with coffee and cotton to H Becker & Co; vessel to Brett, Son & Co. Had fine weather; 5th inst, lat 39 48, lon 72 29, passed a can buoy adrift, painted red with No 48 on it.

Sch Mary W Hupper, Gilman, Matanzas 13 days, with molasses to Morrell & Finley—vessel to T C Loud & Co; had fine weather, and was 5 days north of Hatteras.

Schr M A Harmon (of New Bedford), Parker, Zaza 18 days, with sugar to order—vessel to Jed Prye & Co. Sailed in company with schr David Ames, for New York. Had fine weather; April 21, lat 21 10, lon 83 15, spoke schr Crown Point, from New Orleans, 8 days out; has been 5 days north of Hatteras.

Schr S E Jayne, Hankin, Virginia.

Schr L H Hopkins, Predmore, Virginia.

Schr M G Leonard, Lyman, Virginia.

Schr Sarah Quint, Reed, Virginia.

Schr M A Irving, Boland, Virginia.

Schr G F Wright, Cropper, Virginia.

Schr J L Leach, Johnson, Virginia.

Schr John Tway, Hazleton, Virginia.

Schr C White, Chambers, Virginia.

Schr Enoch Moore, Chambers, Georgetown, DC.

The Cargo of the bark Forsoget (Nor), from Bordeaux, arrived 6th, is consigned to D St Amant & Son.

Passed Through Hell Gate.

BOUND SOUTH.

Schr Wellington (Br), Spearwater, 8 days from Cornwallis, NS, for New York, with potatoes to W E Duryea—vessel to D R DeWolf.

Schr Allan A Browne, Pierce, Somerset for New York.

Schr D R French, Childs, Boston for New York.

Schr Ada Herbert, Allen, Gloucester for New York, with fish to E Crowell & Son.

Schr E P Church, Church, Millstone for New York, with fish to order.

Schr Caroline, Poole, Providence for Albany.

Schr Ida, Hearn, Providence for Elizabethport.

Schr Jane, Harrison, Stonington for Harlem, with stone to order.

Schr J R Blecker, Robinson, Stonington for Port Johnson.

Schr Senator, Mott, Roslyn for New York.

Schr Josephine, Browne, Providence for New York.

Schr Neptune, Clarke, Bridgeport for Elizabethport.

Schr Lafayette, McKenna, City Island for New York.

Schr Talma, McRoberts, Oyster Bay for Jersey City.

Schr Nelson, Ferris, Cow Bay for New York.

Schr Eagle, Chase, Providence for New York.

Schr Sallie Burton, Palmer, Stamford for New York.

Schr Fair Wind, Bowman, Wareham for New York, with nails to Parker Mills Co.

Schr Alida, Knowles, Providence for New York.

Schr Gen Sheridan, Wood, New Haven for New York.

Schr M R Carlisle, Cook, Boston for New York.

Schr J R Mitchell, Morris, Stamford for New York.

Schr Mary A Lovell, Murray, Hartford for New York.

Schr Joseph Ellen, Hubbard, Glenwood for Virginia.

Schr Ella Townsend, Nash, Providence for Elizabethport.

Schr H V Duryea, Ferris, Glen Cove for New York.

Schr John Lancaster, Williams, Portland for New York.

Schr John Lozier, Lincoln, Taunton for New York.

Schr Julia Swan, Carroll, Oyster Bay for New York.

Schr Fakir, Knowles, Providence for Elizabethport.

Schr H S Burden, Porter, Port Chester for New York.

Steamer Galatea, Nye, Providence for New York, with mdse and passengers.

BOUND EAST.

Steamship Nereus, Bearse, New York for Boston.

Brig Ariolo (Br), Ellis, New York for Windsor, NS.

Brig Annie Collins (Br), Cochran, New York for Windsor, NS.

Brig Peter Roberts, Strout, New York for Windsor, NS.

Brig Atlas, Hodgson, New York for Malanta.

Schr Ivanhoe, Sparks, New York for Oyster Bay.

Schr Lizzie, Scull, Virginia for New Haven.

Schr J H Gould, Parker, Kingston for Bridgeport.

Schr Amos Falkenburg, Ruckett, Elizabethport for Providence.

Schr Black Diamond, Goldsmith, Philadelphia for Lynn.

Schr Julia R Browne, Verger, Elizabethport for Providence.

Schr Lewis Cass, Layton, New Brunswick for New London.

Schr Delphia, Allen, South Amboy for Hartford.

Schr F Merwin, Bunce, Hoboken for Providence.

Schr Justice, Hall, Elizabethport for Providence.

Schr Fly, Dow, Hoboken for Salem.

Schr Montrose, Allen, Hoboken for East Boston.

Schr D C Berry, Caldwell, Hoboken for Providence.

Schr John Warren, Megarr, Hoboken for Providence.

Schr Boston, Nickerson, Philadelphia for Lynn.

Schr Hazleton, Gardner, Port Johnson for Dighton.

Schr Geo R Conover, New York for Hartford.

Schr H S Howe, Stanley, New York for Boston.

Schr Minerva L Wedmore, Terry, New York for New Haven.

Schr Atlantic, Davison, New York for Windsor, NS.

Schr Lottie, Jones, New York for Portland.

Schr Herald, Hall, New York for Boston.

Schr Samuel Davis, Curry, Gowanus for Cow Bay.

Schr D S Miller, Hill, Virginia for New Haven.

Schr Circle, Pettis, New York for Port Jefferson.

Schr Liberty, Johnson, Elizabethport for Norwalk.

Schr Mary E Stapies, Godfrey, Port Johnson for Portland.

Schr Charlotte E Kingsland, Cole, New York for New Bedford.

Schr A J Chapman, Huntley, New York for New London.

Schr G Downing, Holt, New York for Roslyn.

Schr R P King, Bliven, Elizabethport for Providence.

Schr Alaska, Strout, New York for Boston.

Schr Hester, Davis, Port Johnson for Pawtucket.

Schr Casco Lodge, Eldridge, Elizabethport for Portland.

Schr Helen Mar, Ward, Hoboken for Providence.

Schr O F Hawley, Bayles, Hoboken for Salem.

Schr Nelson Harvey, Bearse, Elizabethport for Plymouth.

Schr W W Brainard, Conkling, Elizabethport for Providence.

Schr Daniel Morris, Hanson, Elizabethport for Pawtucket.

Schr J M Freeman, Eldridge, South Amboy for