

CABLE NEWS

From All Parts of the Old World.

SPECIE FROM THE SCHILLER.

Cambridge University Oarsmen Likely to Contest in America.

WINSLOW REMANDED

Continued Opposition to the Title of Empress.

THE LENNIE MUTINEERS ON TRIAL.

Parliamentary Anxiety Concerning Treaty Rights.

THE KHEDEVE'S DEBTS TROUBLE.

THE WRECK OF THE SCHILLER.

DISCOVERY OF TREASURE AT THE SCENE OF THE GREAT DISASTER.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

THE CAMBRIDGE UNIVERSITY BOAT CLUB MEETING—A CREW TO GO TO AMERICA IF ONE CAN BE ORGANIZED—ENERGETIC ACTION—AMERICAN PLUCK SHOULD BE PERSONALLY ACKNOWLEDGED—WHAT IS NOW WANTED.

THE WRECK OF THE SCHILLER.

DISCOVERY OF TREASURE AT THE SCENE OF THE GREAT DISASTER.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A meeting of the Cambridge University Boat Club was held to-night for the consideration of the proposal to send a crew to America to contest in the Centennial regattas.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A CREW TO GO TO AMERICA IF ONE CAN BE ORGANIZED—ENERGETIC ACTION—AMERICAN PLUCK SHOULD BE PERSONALLY ACKNOWLEDGED—WHAT IS NOW WANTED.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A meeting of the Cambridge University Boat Club was held to-night for the consideration of the proposal to send a crew to America to contest in the Centennial regattas.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A CREW TO GO TO AMERICA IF ONE CAN BE ORGANIZED—ENERGETIC ACTION—AMERICAN PLUCK SHOULD BE PERSONALLY ACKNOWLEDGED—WHAT IS NOW WANTED.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A meeting of the Cambridge University Boat Club was held to-night for the consideration of the proposal to send a crew to America to contest in the Centennial regattas.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A meeting of the Cambridge University Boat Club was held to-night for the consideration of the proposal to send a crew to America to contest in the Centennial regattas.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A meeting of the Cambridge University Boat Club was held to-night for the consideration of the proposal to send a crew to America to contest in the Centennial regattas.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A meeting of the Cambridge University Boat Club was held to-night for the consideration of the proposal to send a crew to America to contest in the Centennial regattas.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A meeting of the Cambridge University Boat Club was held to-night for the consideration of the proposal to send a crew to America to contest in the Centennial regattas.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A meeting of the Cambridge University Boat Club was held to-night for the consideration of the proposal to send a crew to America to contest in the Centennial regattas.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A meeting of the Cambridge University Boat Club was held to-night for the consideration of the proposal to send a crew to America to contest in the Centennial regattas.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A meeting of the Cambridge University Boat Club was held to-night for the consideration of the proposal to send a crew to America to contest in the Centennial regattas.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A meeting of the Cambridge University Boat Club was held to-night for the consideration of the proposal to send a crew to America to contest in the Centennial regattas.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A meeting of the Cambridge University Boat Club was held to-night for the consideration of the proposal to send a crew to America to contest in the Centennial regattas.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A meeting of the Cambridge University Boat Club was held to-night for the consideration of the proposal to send a crew to America to contest in the Centennial regattas.

THE CENTENNIAL REGATTAS.

A meeting of the Cambridge University Boat Club was held to-night for the consideration of the proposal to send a crew to America to contest in the Centennial regattas.

the constitution rejected by the Congress yesterday by a vote of 225 to 29 was that in favor of religious unity, which was supported by Señor Alvarez.

FRANCE.

SENTENCED UNDER THE PRESS LAW—M. ROCHER'S POLITICAL PERSONALITIES.

PARIS, May 3, 1876. The manager of the *Droits de l'Homme* (newspaper) has been sentenced to two months' imprisonment and a fine of \$600 for publishing the speech delivered by Dr. Robinet at the amnesty meeting of April 21.

THE PERSONALITIES OF BONAPARTE. M. Rocher has addressed a letter to the electors of Ajaccio, thanking them for their support.

He states that the Prince Imperial, having already protected his rights from a vulgar attack by the letter which was published before the first election, he (Rocher) will not interfere in the forthcoming election, but will merely treat Prince Jerome Napoleon, should he again accept the candidacy, with indifference and forgiveness.

TURKEY.

NICISIC REVICTUALLED FOR A SHORT PERIOD—AUSTRIAN PRECAUTION AGAINST WAR RUMORS.

LONDON, May 4, 1876. The Russian Telegraphic Agency reports that Nicisic has been revictualled for only three weeks. The insurgents prevented Moutchur Pacha from completing the work of throwing provisions into the town.

AUSTRIAN PRECAUTION AGAINST A WAR EXERCISE. The *Times*' Berlin despatch says that the Austrian government has forbidden the transmission of telegrams, concerning the concentration of troops in Croatia and Dalmatia.

EGYPT.

THE KHEDEVE'S PRIVATE ESTATE LIABLE TO EXECUTION—THE FRENCH PROJECT FOR TREASURY RELIEF THOUGHT TO HAVE BEEN ACCEPTED.

LONDON, May 3, 1876. A special despatch to the *Evening Standard* from Alexandria says:—"The Court of Appeal has adjudged that the Daira property, which is the Khedive's private estate, is liable to execution."

THE FRENCH PLAN FOR THE RELIEF OF THE TREASURY. The same despatch states that Mr. Rivers Wilson returns to England, but does not give any reason therefor.

If this statement be correct the cause undoubtedly is the acceptance by Egypt of the French financial scheme, against some details of which, as it has been previously reported, Mr. Wilson protested.

CABLE TELEGRAPHS INTERRUPTED.

The cable lines between Nova Scotia and Newfoundland connecting with the Atlantic cables at Heart's Content are broken, and consequently communication with Europe by the Anglo-American line is temporarily interrupted.

Unfortunately a fault was discovered in the French cable 300 miles from Brest some time ago which has not yet been repaired.

It is stated that the cable is working and is now the only line open to the public; but measures will be immediately taken to repair the cable between Nova Scotia and Newfoundland, and it is hoped that the interruption of communication with Heart's Content will not be of long continuance.

THE PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND CABLE BROKEN.

HALIFAX, May 3, 1876. The Prince Edward Island telegraph cable is broken, and all communication is suspended.

THE GEORGIA REPUBLICANS.

ATLANTA, May 3, 1876. The Convention met this morning, with a clear majority of colored delegates in the hall. A great many of the white republicans, especially from the lower part of the State, represented various counties by proxy, and thus partially reduced the majority of colored delegates.

The latter almost unanimously favored Morton. The morning passed in skirmishing and the Convention adjourned for three hours to await the report of the Committee on Credentials. No light was made over the temporary organization. A strong speech favoring the pledging of the delegation to Morton was made by ex-Congressman Wimpy during the recess, and was received rapturously by the delegates, and showed that an open fight for the day.

The afternoon session was passed in waiting for the Committee on Credentials, and various negro orators made picturesque speeches. Of the white republicans were jeered at and considerably angry feeling shown. The Convention then adjourned till eight, the negroes holding themselves aloof and unbending.

Committee on Credentials reported promptly upon the reassembling of the Convention. The committee had compromised most of the contested cases by declining to allow either delegation to vote. The colored members voted out of two Atlanta politics who had proxies for Southern counties, and the report of the committee was received with applause.

Ex-Congressman Prince, a Blaine man, was put in the chair. Ex-Congressman Bryant, a strong Blaine man, introduced a cut and dried resolution, authorizing the chairman to appoint committees on business. It was met sharply and a terrible hubbub ensued, during which a white republican moved to adjourn. The colored delegates voted this adjournment, and the Convention adjourned for the night.

Ex-Congressman Prince, a Blaine man, was put in the chair. Ex-Congressman Bryant, a strong Blaine man, introduced a cut and dried resolution, authorizing the chairman to appoint committees on business. It was met sharply and a terrible hubbub ensued, during which a white republican moved to adjourn. The colored delegates voted this adjournment, and the Convention adjourned for the night.

Ex-Congressman Prince, a Blaine man, was put in the chair. Ex-Congressman Bryant, a strong Blaine man, introduced a cut and dried resolution, authorizing the chairman to appoint committees on business. It was met sharply and a terrible hubbub ensued, during which a white republican moved to adjourn. The colored delegates voted this adjournment, and the Convention adjourned for the night.

OREGON REPUBLICAN CONVENTION.

PORTLAND, May 3, 1876. The Republican State Convention to-day made the following nominations:—For Congressman, Richard Williams. For Presidential Electors, W. H. Odell, J. W. Bates, J. C. Garretts and Judge R. P. Boise. For Delegate, J. C. Soiman.

JUDGE BLACK NOT A CANDIDATE.

PITTSBURG, Pa., May 3, 1876. Judge Jeremiah S. Black has written a letter to the Post declining to be considered as a candidate for the Presidency.

THE COOLIE QUESTION.

TROUBLE THREATENING IN SAN FRANCISCO—TALK OF ARMS AND AMMUNITION—INVESTIGATIONS OF THE SENATE COMMISSION—STARTLING EXPOSURES.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 3, 1876. The South San Francisco Anti-Coolie Club and the Young Men's Universal Reform Society held meetings last night and passed resolutions indorsing the destruction of the Chinese quarters in the town of Antioch and advocating a similar course in this city, unless the federal government should take immediate steps to abate the evil of Chinese immigration. Highly incendiary speeches were made and letters read from societies in the interior of the State regarding the co-operation of San Francisco anti-coolie organizations. The sergeant-at-arms of the Young Men's Universal Reform Society announced that he had received a telegram from New York saying that 2,000 stand of arms could be delivered here at ten days' notice.

While such talk and action are universally reprobated by the great mass of thinking people in this city there can be no doubt that it meets the approval of a large and dangerous class in the community, and that, in the event of no action being taken in the matter by the general government, there is grave reason to fear serious disturbances here at no distant day.

The Senate Commission, appointed to investigate the Chinese question, now sitting in Sacramento, C. P. O'Neil, a policeman, yesterday testified to having been a witness to the sale of a Chinese woman for \$450. The woman soon after committed suicide, not liking the man to whom she had been sold. He also testified that he had been informed by Chinese that they attempted to employ a man in the city, and that he was general government, there is grave reason to fear serious disturbances here at no distant day.

Charles T. Jones, District Attorney of Sacramento, gave his experience as to how the Chinese compromise their consciences. He testified that the object of securing a recaptulation of similar evidence given before the commission when sitting in San Francisco.

THE PRINCIPLE OF RELIGIOUS TOLERATION SUSTAINED.

LONDON, May 4, 1876. The Congress to-day, by a vote of 225 to 23, rejected the amendments proposed by the Methodists against the religious toleration clause of the constitution.

THE QUESTION OF RELIGIOUS GOVERNMENT.

LONDON, May 4, 1876. The *Times*' Madrid despatch says the amendment to

THE TWO THOUSAND GUINEAS.

Decision of the "Great Derby Trial Race."

PETRARCH THE WINNER.

Great Losses by the Professional Betting Fraternity.

[SPECIAL BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.] LONDON, May 3, 1876.

The second of the Newmarket meetings was commenced yesterday, and to-day the "Great Derby trial race," as the Two Thousand Guineas may be termed, was decided.

THE ATTENDANCE.

An immense crowd was present, and among the thousands were noticed Princes Soltykoff and Bathynay, Dukes Hamilton and St. Albans, Lords Huntley, Dupplin, Lonsdale and Hardwicke. Many of the French nobility were anxious spectators, full of hope that Comte Lagrange's popular colors on the French bred M. de Fligny would win the race.

Mr. M. H. Sanford, owner of the American stable of horses at Newmarket, was also present and greatly interested in the preliminaries and decision of the event.

INCREASED ACCOMMODATIONS.

Within the last few months a very large and commodious Grand Stand has been erected on Newmarket Heath, much to the disgust of the old school of racing men, who hated to see a crowd of people present. In their opinion no one ought to visit the heath who was not prepared to view the races from his back. By the general public the Grand Stand was much appreciated to-day. Admiral Ross says it will get back its cost in less than three years, and also enable the Jockey Club to give more money to the various events than they have hitherto done, which announcement was delightfully received by owners generally.

THE CANDIDATES.

Of seventy-four subscribers for the Guineas half of them or more have been in active training for the race. Throughout the winter months it was considered to be at the mercy of Petrarch, who beat all the best two-year-olds in England last year. Skylark, who was also a very high class youngster, was not engaged in the Newmarket race, in which, however, Lord Falmouth, who owns him, was considered to have a very good candidate in Peterlock. As time wore on his lordship discovered that he had a still better horse in Great Tom, a half brother to Kingcraft, who won the Derby. Great Tom is, as his name implies, built on a large scale, and as he is by Baron Rothschild's old horse King Tom he is very happily named. About a fortnight ago Great Tom was tried over the course on which the Two Thousand Guineas is run, and after a rather close finish he beat Skylark. When it became known in London that Great Tom had won his trial there was a perfect panic in the betting market. One large bookmaker received about a hundred telegrams in less than half an hour in answer to commissions that he had sent out to back the horse, and, being the first in the "swim," he got on at good odds to win nearly £10,000 for the Two Thousand Guineas and double that sum for the Derby.

HIGH RANK OF THE OWNERS.

Though so many horses are owned in England by professional betting men it very rarely happens that they have anything good enough to compete for such races as the Two Thousand or Derby with any chance of success. All the favorites for the great race decided to-day belong to men of the very highest rank in society. Lord Dupplin, who is heir to the earldom of Kinross, is the owner of Petrarch and Kaleidoscope. This young nobleman is one of the finest card players in Europe, and last year he won upward of £20,000. Play generally takes place at the Park Club, a very small but select affair in St. James', where there are no fewer than six dukes on the committee. Lord Falmouth was the nominator of Great Tom and Peterlock. The Duke of Westminster lays claim to Julius Cesar, and Mr. Houldsworth, a very wealthy Scotch commoner, is identified with Coltness. Count Lagrange had no fewer than nine horses in the race, two of which started. Perhaps the most singular feature in connection with it was that MacIntosh, who was very much fancied some time back, belongs to a Quaker. At one time it was thought that Lord Rosebery would be very dangerous with Father Claret, but he was soon discovered to be inferior to his Lordship's Derby horses.

It frequently happens that the spring handicaps disclose hidden treasures in the shape of first class three-year-olds, of whose merits people were in ignorance, but this year so far the youngsters have by no means done well when meeting the older horses. Consequently, so far as the Two Thousand Guineas was concerned, the betting public had to fall back on the performers of last season or trust to what is often very unreliable—private trials.

THE EXCITEMENT.

Not for years had there been so much excitement at Newmarket before a race as was apparent on all sides to-day. As the competitors began to assemble at the starting point interest was intense, and continued until the result was known.

THE BETTING.

Just before the race the betting ruled as follows:—8 to 1 against Kaleidoscope, 12 to 1 against Julius Cesar and 20 to 1 against Petrarch.

THE RACE.

Fourteen came to the post, a much larger field than was anticipated would compete. These were Lord Dupplin's Petrarch and Kaleidoscope, Lord Falmouth's Great Tom and Peterlock, Count Lagrange's M. de Fligny and Camembert, Lord Wilton's Charon, Lord Lonsdale's King Death, Mr. H. Balthaz's Rosinante, Sir J. Astley's The Rose, Mr. W. S. Crawford's Glacia, Lord Rosebery's Father Claret, Mr. R. Peck's Julius Cesar and Mr. J. H. Houldsworth's Coltness. Lord Dupplin's Petrarch proved the winner. His Lordship in March last gave £12,000 for him, that he might not be in the way of Kaleidoscope, with whom he had backed to win £40,000. It was intended that Kaleidoscope should be the victor, but Julius Cesar proved to have speed enough to beat him, so Petrarch had to come to the rescue and go to the front. Petrarch won the race easily, being three lengths ahead of Julius Cesar, who was second, Kaleidoscope third, some distance away. Then followed Coltness, fourth, Great Tom fifth, M. de Fligny sixth, Camembert seventh, Peterlock eighth, The Rose ninth, Glacia tenth, King Death eleventh, Charon twelfth, Father Claret thirteenth and Rosinante

fourteenth and last. Time, 1:52—six seconds slower than the Guineas was run last year.

GREAT LOSSES.

The professional book makers are fearful losers on the race, and if all keep their engagements it will be fortunate for the winning betters.

THE DERBY. So little exertion did it require for Petrarch to win the Guineas that he became a great favorite for the Derby. Lord Rosebery, on the course at Newmarket, took £2,000 to £1,000 that he would win it.

NEWMARKET, Eng., May 3, 1876.—The sixty-seventh renewal of the Two Thousand Guineas had a subscription of 100 new subscribers; for three earls; colts, 122 lbs.; fillies, 117 lbs.; the second horse to receive 200 sovs. out of the stakes, and the third to save his stake; Rowley mile—one mile and seventeen yards; closed with seventy-four subscribers.

Lord Dupplin's Petrarch, by Lord Clifden, out of Laura, by Orlando, 122 lbs. (white; red sleeves, white cap) Luke..... 1

Mr. R. Peck's Julius Cesar, by St. Albans, out of Julie, 122 lbs. (blue and orange)..... 2

Lord Dupplin's Kaleidoscope, by Speculum, out of Rosalee, 122 lbs. (white; red sleeves)..... 3

Mr. J. H. Houldsworth's Coltness, by King Tom, out of Crocus, 122 lbs. (green and gold)..... 4

Lord Falmouth's Charon, by King Tom, out of Woodcraft, 122 lbs. (black; white sleeves, red cap)..... 5

Count F. de Lagrange's M. de Fligny, by Le Sarrazin, out of Mlle. de Fligny (bred in France), 122 lbs. (blue; red sleeves and cap)..... 6

Count F. de Lagrange's Camembert, by Le Sarrazin, out of Contempt, 122 lbs. (blue; red sleeves, blue cap)..... 7

Lord Falmouth's ch. c. Fetterlock, by Parmesan, out of Silverhair, 122 lbs. (white; black sleeves, red cap)..... 8

Sir J. Astley's ch. c. The Rose, by Lotterer, or Bromfield, out of Christmas Pie, 122 lbs. (drab, blue cap)..... 9

Mr. W. S. Crawford's ch. c. Glacia, by Adventurer, out of Stockade, 122 lbs. (scarlet)..... 10

Lord Lonsdale's ch. c. King Death, by King Tom, out of Hatchment, 122 lbs. (purple, yellow and red)..... 11

Lord Falmouth's ch. c. Charon, by Hermit, out of Barchanetta, 122 lbs. (mazarine blue; black cap)..... 12

Lord Rosebery's ch. c. Father Claret, by D'Estourmel, out of Defamation, 122 lbs. (grey and rose hoops)..... 13

Mr. H. Balthaz's ch. c. Rosinante, by Rosinante, out of Kalyrge, 122 lbs. (light blue; black cap)..... 14

Time, 1:52.

THE WINNER—PETRARCH. An interesting tabulated pedigree of the winner will be found as follows:—

Whalebone, by Waxy, (Selin mare.)

Master Henry, by Orville, (Bodicea, by Alexander, (Pavonot, (Beninglow's mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Master Henry, (Bodicea, by Alexander, (Pavonot, (Beninglow's mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

Androssan, (Ly Elias, by Whitworth, (Comus, (Clinkerina, by Clinker, (Cervantes, (Dr. of Colompa, (Blacklock, (Dr. of Phanton, (Melatio, by Caston, (Lea, by Fillo de Puta, (Whalebone, (Selin mare.)

MEXICO.

AN ACTIVE CAMPAIGN AGAINST THE REVOLUTIONISTS—RAILWAY INTERRUPTED—DIAZ'S VICTORY NOT IMPORTANT—ESCOBEDO IN THE FIELD.

HAVANA, May 3, 1876. The steamer City of Havana brings news from Vera Cruz to April 23, as follows:— General Alatorre is at Tehuacan, directing the campaign in the State of Puebla.

Regular troops, to the number of 18,000, are operating in the States of Vera Cruz and Puebla and the Valley of Mexico.

The policy of the revolutionists is to avoid a fight. Fifteen thousand are roaming in detached bands through the States of Oaxaca, Vera Cruz, Puebla and Morelia.

THE RAILWAY. The railway between Vera Cruz and the City of Mexico continues interrupted. Four thousand *pronunciados* are scattered along the line of the road, and they have destroyed thirteen of its bridges.

DIAZ'S VICTORY. The capture of Matamoros by Diaz is not considered important. The *Two Republics* says while the interior States remain faithful the movement of Diaz will have no influence on the revolution.

GENERAL ESCOBEDO MARCHING AGAINST DIAZ. General Escobedo, at the head of 6,000 veteran troops, is marching against Diaz, who is at Monterrey. The defeat of the latter is expected, and the government has arranged to prevent him from crossing the Rio Grande at any point between New Laredo and the mouth of the river.

PRISONERS IN REVOLT. The prisoners in the Castle of San Juan d'Ulloa, Vera Cruz, revolted on the night of April 17. The small garrison was nearly overpowered, but the revolt was finally subdued, and that of its leaders were shot.

AMERICAN AND OTHER FOREIGN RESIDENTS FEAR REVOLUTION, HOPING THAT SOME LUCKY OCCURRENCE MAY RESULT IN ANNEXTION TO THE UNITED STATES. They say there are strong signs of a dissolution of the government. Its best interests are dissatisfied. The campaign thus far has been a failure. The Minister of War blames the President for meddling with military affairs.