

mentary Cabinet. The Deputies of the Left have issued a similar declaration.

Several journals state that M. Dulacq has undertaken to lead into the left and the cabinet to frame a political program in which a cabinet can be formed. Should the President accept the program M. Dulacq will be charged with the formation of a cabinet. He has conferred with MM. Mareil and Waddington and Pothou.

UNPARLIMENTARY PETITIONS. The Cabinet Council yesterday discussed the petition movement, which is being organized among persons engaged in trade throughout France. The government appears resolved to prevent by all means this manifestation, which it considers hostile to itself. The sale in the streets of the issue of the journal Le Bien Public, containing extracts from the petition, has been stopped.

NEW LIFE SENATOR. The Senate yesterday elected M. de Larcy (leftist) and M. Barot (Bonapartist) life Senators. MR. DE LARCY TOOK THE ASSEMBLY. M. Emile de Girardin has been nominated by the Republicans for Deputy for the Ninth Paris arrondissement.

FIRE AT MOUNT STUART HOUSE. Mount Stuart House, the Marquis de Bute's seat, near Rothsay, caught fire on Monday and was considerably damaged, but accounts of the extent of the damage are very conflicting.

THE TYROL MURDER. A despatch from Vienna says the death sentence passed upon Descurville, for murdering his wife in the Tyrol, was commuted to one of eighteen years' imprisonment, not for life, as previously reported.

AMERICAN NAVAL INTELLIGENCE. A special despatch from Lisbon says the United States ship Guard has arrived there to determine the latitude and longitude before making a hydrographic survey of the South American coast. She will remain there about a month.

THE WEATHER BELL. The weather in London yesterday was dull.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

CONSUL DEADFOOT TO BE FURTHER INDICTED.—DIPLOMATIC AND NAVAL INTELLIGENCE.—JAPANESE TREATIES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 4, 1877. The steamship Oceanic, which arrived here to-day, brings the following news from China and Japan:—

THE CONVICTED CONSUL. The Chinese advisers are to November 8, from Hong Kong, and November 9, from Shanghai. It was announced that on the expiration of O. B. Bradford's sentence (previously announced) for opening letters which United States Consul and postmaster he will be released on charges of embezzlement, extortion, perjury and misdemeanors in office.

DIPLOMATIC AND NAVAL. Vice Admiral Hillyar had arrived at Hong Kong to take command of the British squadron. Admiral Ryder had been relieved and had returned home.

THE CHINESE CONSUL GENERAL FOR THE UNITED STATES was preparing to start for San Francisco. Rear Admiral Lafont had arrived at Saigon as Governor of French Cochinchina and commander of the French fleet in Asiatic waters. Rear Admiral Duperré recently returned from a tour of duty in the Pacific. A Chinese Minister to France has been appointed.

REJOICINGS IN JAPAN. The latest Japanese date is Yokohama, November 18. There had been an outbreak of hostilities since the Emperor's birthday, November 3. Many of these festivities were natural to the season, but a large proportion of them were the result of rejoicings over the conclusion of the civil war.

REVISION OF TREATIES. The foreign Ministers have been notified by a circular letter that the Japanese government desires a revision of existing treaties, with a view to regulating the dependencies and territories of the Empire. Japan is now so hampered that the collection of less than four per cent on original values is the highest that can possibly be levied.

DECORATIONS. Numbers of army and navy officers have been especially decorated and promoted for services in the civil war, as have also the entire staff of the Imperial Council.

GENERAL INFORMATION. Admiral Stockbridge has arrived from San Francisco to take command of the Russian squadron in Asiatic waters. The National Exposition in Tokio closes November 30.

The Minister of Holland returns home on leave of absence, during which the British Minister represents him.

SOUTH AMERICA.

PERU WANTS TO FIGHT GREAT BRITAIN.—THE USUAL REBELLION IN ECUADOR.—AMERICAN NAVAL NEWS.—REAR ADMIRAL IN CHIEF.

PANAMA, Nov. 25, 1877. Great preparations are making at Panama for the celebration of the independence of the isthmus on the 27th, 28th, 29th and 30th of November, and the 1st of December.

PANAMA RAILWAY. From April to September of this year 78,261 tons of freight were transported over the Panama Railway, against 57,029 tons for the same period last year, showing an increase of 21,232 tons.

PERU HOSTILE TO ENGLAND. Much feeling has been shown by the Peruvian people against the British navy since the Huascar affair. A gentleman who arrived in Panama from Callao says that the Captain of Her Majesty's sloop-of-war Osprey, in full uniform, had been stoned in the public streets by a mob of Peruvians.

REAR ADMIRAL IN CHIEF. The following intelligence comes from Guayaquil under date of the 16th inst.—"The terrorist revolution in the north of Ecuador has been suppressed. General Yezar, the revolutionary leader, and his allies were in the vicinity of Quito, which was defended by General Bermejo with a force of a thousand men and as many more who had arrived as a reinforcement from Ambato. The coast remains tranquil and in a manner indifferent, but the Government has concentrated the capital will remain public sentiment and it will be easy to organize a responsible force sufficient to quell the revolution.

AMERICAN NAVAL NEWS. The United States Sloop-of-war Adams, Rear Admiral Preble, was at Callao when the last steamer left that port on the 13th inst. The Adams has not yet returned on the coast yet. As soon as she does the Omaha will leave for Panama, unless sooner ordered there or elsewhere. The Omaha came from Valparaiso to Callao under sail in ten days, arriving November 6. All well on board.

CHILL. The failure of Cross & Co. of Valparaiso, has been followed by the stoppage of the well-known Thomas Bank, with liabilities to the extent of \$5,000,000. There is no doubt the consequences of this failure will be most disastrous on account of the immense number of deposit accounts and the great confidence the house has inspired for many years past. The failure, however, does not in any way affect the position of the other banks, because it has simply been a deposit bank and not a bank. It is supposed twenty-five per cent of the assets can be realized upon, although some persons assert that the estate cannot pay more than sixty per cent.

EARTHQUAKE IN BERMUDA. About five o'clock on the morning of the 18th inst. a shock of earthquake was felt throughout these islands, resulting, however, in no damage.

FISHERY PROTECTION. OTTAWA, Ont., Dec. 4, 1877. The government has taken measures to prevent the American fishermen from driving the fish from the Canadian to the opposite side of the Detroit River by the "shingling" process. Hundreds of small pieces of boards were scattered about the surface, and being towed by the current, frightened the fish. The shingling interfered with the catch on the Canadian side.

A WRECKED TRAIN. FORTVILLE, Pa., Dec. 4, 1877. At Last Creek station, on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad, this afternoon, a coal train ran off the track and badly wrecked twenty cars and demolished the passenger station. Several persons were injured, but none seriously so.

WATCHES STOLEN. BOSTON, Dec. 4, 1877. The store of John Federber, No. 54 Tremont street, was entered by burglars last night and watches and jewelry to the value of \$2,000 carried off. There is no clue to the thieves.

# THE WAR.

## Another Assault on the Grivitzza Redoubt by the Roumanians.

## BOMBARDMENT OF ERZEROUH.

## Suleiman and Mehmet Trying to Break the Russian Lines.

## WHERE ENGLAND STANDS.

Constantinople, Dec. 5, 1877. A Constantinople despatch says it is rumored that the bombardment of Erzerouh has commenced.

ROUMANIANS GOING TO THEIR GRAVES. A special despatch from Bucharest says it is thought that the Roumanians are about to make another attempt to capture the second Grivitzza redoubt.

SULEIMAN'S LAST HOPE. Concerning Suleiman Pacha's movements reported from Constantinople when it was stated that he was believed to be engaged in a strong effort near Osman Basar, the Daily Telegraph's Shumla special despatch dated Sunday night, says:—"No official news has been received here since Thursday. Important movements are imminent, if not already progressing."

ANXIETY IN SUEZ. "Great anxiety prevails, and many rumors are circulating, among them that heavy fighting occurred on Friday in the direction of Tirnova, upon which place the Russians were ultimately driven back, losing over three thousand men, and that the Turks are now bombarding Tirnova. All available surgeons and dressers are going hence to Osman Basar."

DOUBTS AS TO ITS TRUTH. These rumors at Shumla and the correspondent's impressions seem to confirm the report that Suleiman Pacha is endeavoring to effect an important diversion by cutting Russian communication along the northern slope of the Balkans. The movement may be wholly imaginary, but is very feasible, and the fact that the Russians say nothing about it, must not be taken as contradictory. They would be likely to receive a report, until the movement was completed.

MEHMET TO TAKE THE OFFENSIVE. Mehmet telegraphs to Constantinople from Karaman, under date of yesterday, as follows:—"To-day, after violently condemning our position at Karaman from the heights of Erzerouh and Orchanik, the Russians intently attacked our left wing. The battle continued until evening. We retained our positions. The enemy retreated with considerable loss. Pursuit was prevented by the thickly wooded country. We shall take the offensive to-morrow. The Russian Imperial Guard was engaged."

A special despatch to the Vienna Political Correspondence from Belgrade contains the following:—"Prince Milan, addressing the departing troops, dwelt upon the certain prospect of a better issue of the new campaign which Serbia was obliged to undertake, for this time she was better armed and had a powerful ally. The British Consul has presented a note deprecating war on the part of Serbia, showing the disloyalty of such a course, and threatening the withdrawal of England's guarantee of Serbia's autonomy. It is said Prime Minister Ristic will leave the city to-morrow."

A Belgrade correspondent telegraphs as follows:—"Important despatches were received here on Monday. Their contents have not transpired, but a Cabinet Council was immediately convoked, and orders were sent to all the militia to arrest their march until further notice. The departure of the artillery and military train for the frontier has been postponed. It is rumored that a change of Ministry is impending. Four important Russian officers have arrived to confer with the Minister of War."

WHAT ENGLAND MEANS. The Berlin North German Gazette says Lord Derby's recent speech indicates that England is now resolved to abstain from intervention and not raise obstacles to peace which may presumably be brought about under the aegis of the alliance of the three Emperors. The points which Lord Derby reserves as involving British interests will not be touched by such a peace as that for which the war is being waged.

TURKEY'S PARLIAMENT. A quorum of the Turkish Chamber of Deputies having arrived in Constantinople, an imperial decree has been issued convoking the Parliament for December 11.

PANIC IN A CHURCH. The Evening Bulletin says:—"It is not believed that the government will be able to sustain its case against the cargoes of the Mississippi and Manitow. There is not a man connected with the trade in Baltimore who has any knowledge of the facts who believes the importation of opium is warranted in any manner by the government. Collector Thomas and others in the Custom House are apparently convinced that the seizures were wrongfully made."

THE OHIO CANALS. The Board of Public Works met with Attorney General Little and Governor Young to-day, both of whom strongly advised the Board not to forfeit the lease of the canals. A motion to forfeit the lease was then voted down unanimously, and the Board will take no further action in the matter of the canal lease. If damage should occur to the State property in the meantime the lease will be held responsible.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT. WAR DEPARTMENT. OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER. WASHINGTON, Dec. 5-11 A. M. Indications.

For New England, the Middle and South Atlantic States, falling barometer, increasing southwest to southeast winds, warmer, threatening and rainy weather are probable.

For the East Gulf States, Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, falling barometer, southerly winds, warmer threatening and rainy weather, followed by rising barometer, north to west winds and colder, partly cloudy weather, except in the last district rain, turning to light snow.

For the West Gulf States, rising and high barometer, north to high northwesterly winds, decidedly colder clear or partly cloudy weather and a norther, excepting rain areas in the eastern portion.

For the lower lake region, falling barometer, increasing southeast to southwest winds, warmer threatening and rainy weather, followed over Lake Erie by rising barometer and colder westerly winds.

For the upper lake region, the storm center will move northwesterly into Canada, followed by rising barometer, colder, north to west winds, stormy and rainy weather generally, turning into snow.

For the Upper Mississippi and Lower Missouri valleys, rising barometer, brisk and high north to west winds, colder, cloudy weather and snow, followed in the latter by partly cloudy weather.

For the canal regions of Indiana and Ohio temperature will probably fall below freezing Wednesday night, but generally continue above in the Middle States.

Cautionary signals continue at Indianola, Galveston, New Orleans, Mobile and all the lake stations.

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY. The following record will show the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding date of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudson's pharmacy, Nassau Building:—

Table with 4 columns: Date, Time, Temperature (1877), Temperature (1876).

Average temperature yesterday: 39. Average temperature for corresponding dates last year: 40.

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# RAILROAD ELECTION.

## United States Troops Ordered to the Black Hills.

## INDIAN OUTRAGES.

## Killing Defenceless Men and Women.

Orders were received to-day at Fort Lincoln for Companies L, E, L and M, of the Seventh cavalry, to move at once to Deadwood on forced marches. The battalion will only muster 184 men, followed by thirty-two wagons and their teamsters. The troops are in no condition to move, and will be worse of when they strike the Indians. A courier has been despatched to Standing Rock ordering the infantry now stationed there to the seat of war.

Companies from Fort Sully and Sisseton are expected here via lightning trails.

DEADWOOD SURROUNDED BY INDIANS. Important messages have been lying in every direction from Deadwood to-day, and the air is heavy with rumors of bloody times between here and Deadwood. The report is that Deadwood is completely invested. A heavy wagon train on Custer Road has been captured, and Bismarck's Josephs are banqueting upon the blood of defenceless men and women. The weather is cold, windy and very blizzard like. There will be a hard time for the troops if a campaign is the issue of the trouble.

The Seventh cavalry battalion will not be able to leave until to-morrow night or Thursday morning.

LATER. The Deadwood party, which arrived to-night, reports a train of eight wagons, loaded with provisions, captured by Sioux Indians near Sulphur Springs. Four horses were killed and six driven off. The provisions were all taken. The Indians, estimated at 600, passed north. The stage and its passengers were unharmed. Captain Edgerly's company of the Seventh cavalry, recently posted at Sulphur Springs, is marching in, not having heard of Deadwood's troubles. Edgerly himself arrived by to-day's stage.

SAVAGES RAIDING ON TRAINS AND RANCHES. DEADWOOD, D. T., Dec. 3, 1877. Many rumors are in circulation about Indian depredations on the northern route, but few can be traced to reliable sources. On Saturday last six men reached Crook City suffering from exposure and want of food. They report that their camp on the Belle Fourche River, about forty miles from this city, was attacked by a band of more than two hundred Indians. Their party kept the Indians at bay for some time, but were finally forced to abandon the camp, leaving their horses and baggage in the hands of the Indians. Three Indians were killed but no whites were injured.

A report from another source states that a band of Indians visited Madden's ranch, at the Cheyenne crossing of the Fort Pierre route, and drove off all the stock.

A heavy trail was discovered last week leading across the Bismarck road. At the intersection of the trail with the road the Indians had made a crude sketch of an Indian and a white man frantically struggling by three stars.

A ranch on the Sidney road, six miles from Crook City, was attacked recently, but the people escaped into the woods. The Indians ransacked the house and destroyed all the property they could find.

The County Commissioners were informed by General Sheridan to-day by telegraph that General Crook, in his report to the War Department, and also to the settlements in the Black Hills.

## A STAGE ATTACKED.

SAN ANTONIO, TEXAS, Dec. 4, 1877. A telegraph despatch from Fort Stockton has just received here to the effect that on the 20th inst. two of the five Indians making the Western stage eight miles, the driver barely escaping with his life. The stage was attacked at Flat Rock, about fourteen miles from the Pecos River, where a stage driver was killed five weeks ago.

## CAPTAIN PERRY EXONERATED.

PORTLAND, Oregon, Dec. 4, 1877. General Howard approved the findings of the Court of Inquiry in the case of Captain David Perry, who was charged by the citizens of Idaho with neglecting to succor the band of volunteers when pressed by Indians at the Cottonwood fight. The findings are to the effect that Captain Perry could not know the character of the volunteers until they were attacked; that a delay of about ten minutes occurred after the attack before sending troops to their relief; that the volunteers received no additional injury on account of the delay. No testimony was elicited reflecting on the courage of Captain Perry, and the finding, exonerate Perry from all charges of neglect or dereliction of duty.

## A JUDGE ELECTED.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec. 4, 1877. Hon. Henry Melver was to-day re-elected Associate Justice of the Supreme Court by the unanimous vote of the Legislature—democrats and republicans. There will be an election to-morrow for Associate Justice in place of Wright (colored), who resigned. The impeachment proceedings against Wright were dismissed this morning.

## POUGHKEEPSIE ELECTION.

POTSDAM, N. Y., Dec. 4, 1877. At the charter election to-day the republicans elected all the Aldermen, the City Attorney and all other officers, except City Treasurer. For the latter office Frank George (dem.) defeated Abraham Willese (rep.) by 50 votes.

## VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.

RICHMOND, Va., Dec. 4, 1877. Judge Henry C. Allen, of Shenandoas county, was nominated for speaker of the House of Delegates to-night by a caucus of conservatives and independents. Judge Allen represents the element for forcibly re-asserting the State debt. The fight in the caucus was between Allen and Marshall Hanger, of Augusta, a former speaker, who represents the debt payers of those who are for an equitable adjustment. The vote stood Allen 52, Hanger 40. A number of Hanger's friends say they will not stand by the nomination on account of Hanger's admitted indebtedness. The forcible reasserters assert that they intend to make a clean sweep in the further organization of the House, and it is thought they will carry the war into the offices of the State Capitol.

## FIVE MEN DROWNED.

NEW ORLEANS, Dec. 4, 1877. Last night at Myrtle Grove plantation, below this city, seven negroes, named Sam Owen, Gumey Casp, John Weston, Gustave Bell, Bernard Marshall, Charles Thornton and Lewis Hamilton, attempted to cross the river at that point in an old skiff. When about midway over the plank of the skiff parted and the men were thrown into the sinking water and were picked up by a jagged raft to their relief. All five were drowned.

## BOSTON BANKS.

BOSTON, Dec. 4, 1877. The following is a statement of the Boston National Bank as returned to the Clearing House, Monday, December 3, 1877:—

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount.

Total: \$902,569

Receipts: \$971,016

Disbursements: \$68,447

Total: \$902,569

# DEADWOOD INVESTED.

## THE WRECKED HURON.

## MR. BOWLER'S CONDITION.

## BOLD HIGHWAY ROBBERS.

## A LOUD WEDDING.

## BROOKLYN REPUBLICANS.

## DEATH IN THE MINES.

## HOTEL ARRIVALS.

## MAILS FOR EUROPE.

## NO TIME TO ATTEND TO YOUR GOLD. DO YOU ASK WHY?—PIPER-HEIDSIECK HAS STOOD THE TEST SINCE 1874.

## FAMILIAR IN EVERY HOUSEHOLD.—DR. R. V. PIERCE, THE GREAT "MEDICINE MAN" OF BUFFALO, IS RUNNING FOR THE OFFICE OF SANITARIAN FOR THE CITY OF NEW YORK.

## BUY YOUR HATS FROM BURKE, 26 BROADWAY.

## BROWN'S HOUSEHOLD PANACEA AND FAMILY LINIMENT.

## FROM WHAT I HAVE SEEN I AM THOROUGHLY CONVINCED OF THE VIRTUE OF HUMAN LIVES AND AGON PAIN.

## H. W. JOHNS MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

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## TWO SINGLE BULLOCK PERFECTING PRESSSES.

## ALSO ALL THE STEREOTYPE MACHINERY BELONGING TO THE HERALD.

## THE FURNITURE OF THE DAY.

## AUSTRIAN BENT WOOD FURNITURE.

## PRINCIPAL DEPT. FOR UNITED STATES.

## THE THIRD AND FOURTH FLOORS OF THE HERALD BUILDING TO LET.

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