LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Significant Language Between Austria and Italy.

ITALIA IRREDENTA.

Italy Biding Her Time for Claiming the Lost Provinces.

CETYWAYO STILL DEFIES.

Burial of Sir Rowland Hill at Westminster Abbey.

THE NEW FRENCH CABLE.

[BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.]

LONDON, Sept. 5, 1879.

There is good reason to believe that Count Von Moltke has visited the Czar at Warsaw.

The Bishop of Namur, Belgium, has resigned his see on account of the new Educational law.

The *Sportsman* says that on pulling up after a gallop at Newmarket yesterday Wheel of Fortune was found to be lame.

The correspondent of the *Times* at Cleveland says:—"The miners here are considering a scheme for promoting emigration."

Lurgan, Ireland, and several of the surrounding districts have been declared to be under the provisions of the Peace Preservation act.

A despatch to the *Daily News* from Pesth reports that the inhabitants of Novi-Bazar are determined to resist Austrian occupation.

Lieutenant Colonel Henry Charles Fletcher who was the Military Secretary to Lord Dufferin during his Canadian vice-royalty, is dead.

The Paris *République Française* announces that the Bishop of Grenoble has been summoned before the Council of State for exceeding his powers.

The *Times'* Berlin correspondent says:—"A well known architect here has laid before the Emperor designs for the building for the Exhibition of 1885."

A Paris despatch to the *Daily News* announces that it has been finally decided that the ex-Queen Isabella will be present at the wedding of King Alfonso.

The Alexandria correspondent of the *Standard* reports that the decree appointing Messrs. Baring and De Blégnieres comptrollers was signed yesterday (Thursday).

A despatch to the *Times* from Bucharest says the crops in Bulgaria having failed the government has forbidden the exportation of cereals. Important demolitions of fortifications around Ruschuk have taken place.

The steamer Indus reports that she passed the steamer Rheolay, Captain Horlor, from Cardiff August 23 for New York, on the 29th of August, with her mainmast gone. She signalled that her damage was serious.

The special correspondents of the London papers at Alexandrowo indicate that the precautionary measures of the police at the meeting of the Emperors were absurdly rigid. The two Emperors parted at noon yesterday.

The lateness of the English harvest is demonstrated by the fact that during the first week of the new season 71,000 quarters of home-grown wheat were sold in the United Kingdom, against 133,000 quarters during the same period in 1878.

The *Standard's* Lisbon correspondent states that the Oporto newspaper *Commercio do Minho* is about to be prosecuted by the Portuguese government at the request of the Spanish Ambassador for using offensive language toward King Alfonso.

A despatch from Madrid says:—"The government intends that the Cortes shall discuss the projected reforms in Cuba after the royal marriage. A Ministerial bill on the subject will be introduced in case none is brought forward by the Committee on Cuban Questions."

The Paris correspondent of the *Times* reports that the French crew of the ship Chandernagor quitted her at Flushing, she becoming American property, and her disarming commenced. The men on board were principally Germans. They drilled daily, and had arms on an American system, allowing seventeen shots to be fired in succession.

The *Times'* Geneva correspondent telegraphs:—"A Savoy newspaper states that M. Chardon, Senator from the Department of Haute Savoie, has been informed by M. Freycinet, French Minister of Public Works, that the Engineer-in-Chief of the Department of Public Works has been instructed to make a preliminary study of a project for tunnelling Mont Blanc."

AN INTERNATIONAL COMPLICATION.

The *Times'* Berlin correspondent says an Odessa newspaper, the *Pravda*, accuses the Porte of violating treaty obligations in allowing an armed vessel, the United States steamer Wyoming, to cruise in the Black Sea with the American Ambassador to Turkey on board. The American Consul at Odessa admits that the Porte at first refused permission, but yielded on the landing by the Wyoming of part of her armament.

BURIAL OF SIR ROWLAND HILL.

The body of the late Sir Rowland Hill was buried in Westminster Abbey yesterday morning. The funeral procession, which merely consisted of several carriages, was witnessed by thousands of people. The United States Post Office Department was represented at the funeral by Mr. Charles F. Macdonald, Superintendent of the Money Order Office at Washington. He was present at the invitation of the British Post Office Department. Sir George Biddell Airy, the Astronomer Royal, was one of the pallbearers. Lord Granville, the Duke of Argyll and other notabilities were present at the ceremony.

HISSING THE QUEEN.

It is stated in Dublin that the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, the Duke of Marlborough, has requested the police authorities of Limerick to make a special report of the circumstances under which Mr. Charles Stewart Parnell, member of the House of Commons for Meath, at a recent banquet suffered the hissing which greeted the toast "The Queen" to pass unnoticed, though he is a magistrate and a member of Parliament.

THE NEW FRENCH CABLE.

The *Financier* announces that the steamer Faraday, which eight or ten days ago lost the new French cable in 2,400 fathoms of water, has just held direct communication with Messrs. Siemens Brothers, the cable constructors. The substance of the communication merely was to the effect that the steamer Germanic, which sailed from Queenstown August 29 for New York, had passed her, and that all was well aboard the latter vessel. As the communication from the Faraday makes no direct reference to her own situation, the inference is drawn that she has retraced her course and picked up the cable at the shallower end.

CETYWAYO STILL DEFIANT.

A despatch to the *Times* from Durban says that a cavalry reconnoissance has blown up King Cetywayo's powder magazine, ten miles from his new kraal. Messengers from Cetywayo met Sir Garnet Wolseley on the 12th of August, saying that the King was willing to submit and pay taxes, but that the country must be cleared of British soldiers. The messengers were informed that Cetywayo was no longer king and that he must surrender unconditionally.

THE TROUBLESOME EAST.

It is reported that the Servian Skuptschina, which was to meet to settle the Jewish emancipation question, will not be summoned. It is probable, therefore, that the Powers will bring a pressure to bear on the Servian Cabinet with a view to a prompt solution of the matter. It is announced from Belgrade that the Albanian question has been settled by the announcement that all Albanians who apply to the commandant on the Albanian frontier will receive permission to return to their homes.

THE FERRY EDUCATIONAL BILL.

A Paris despatch to the *Standard* says:—"The government having been beaten in the Councils General on the Ferry bill, M. Lepere, Minister of the Interior, has ordered the prefects to forbid the Arrondissement Councils, which are about to meet, from discussing the bill, in order to prevent a further expression of public opinion."

THE LABOR QUESTION.

Notices of a reduction of wages, affecting 3,000 more cotton operatives, have been posted in the mills at Glossop, in Derbyshire. The masters in reply to a remonstrance by the operatives refused either to reconsider their determination to reduce the wages, or, while maintaining the reduction to work the mills on full time, saying that they were indifferent whether the mills are stopped or not. The Manchester *Guardian* says that the strike of the chainmakers, now in its fifth week, promises to be one of the severest ever experienced. There are still 2,000 hands on strike around Cradley.

CARLOTTA PATTI'S MARRIAGE.

THE PRIMA DONNA WEDDED TO ERNEST DE MUNCK—DEPARTURE FOR NEW YORK TOMORROW.

[BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.]

PARIS, Sept. 4, 1879.

The marriage of Carlotta Patti and Ernest De Munck was solemnized on Wednesday at the Mairie du Neuvième arrondissement and at Trinity Church. The witnesses for Mlle. Patti were the Marquis de Caux (Adelina Patti's late husband) and Signor Gardoni; for M. De Munck the witnesses were M. Chizzola and M. Bourdillon. Only relatives and a few personal friends were present. After the ceremony a splendid luncheon was served at the bride's house.

COMING TO AMERICA.

The newly married couple, Mr. Henry Ketten, Signores Ciampi and Cellni, accompanied by Manager Chizzola, will sail from Havre on Saturday in the steamship Periere. Salvini and Ristori have been engaged by Chizzola to play together in a tour through the United States.

ITALIA IRREDENTA.

AN AUSTRIAN SEMI-OFFICIAL COMPLAINT ABOUT THE ITALIAN HANKERING FOR AUSTRIAN PROVINCES—A ROMAN JOURNAL USES DEFIANT LANGUAGE.

[BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.]

ROME, Sept. 4, 1879.

The *Italia irredenta* question is exciting renewed attention at Rome in consequence of a recent pamphlet issued by Colonel Haymerle, brother of Count Andrassy's probable successor as Austro-Hungarian Premier, stating that it is fomented by unscrupulous men who are actuated by lust of conquest, and that the hatred of Austria is encouraged in Italy because it is thought that a province could be more easily filched from Austria than from any other Power. The *Liberta*, of Rome, a conservative organ, and therefore having more moderate views on foreign politics than the newspapers of the Left, replying to the pamphlet, says:—"Austria cannot expect that Italy should declare that Italian provinces still under Austrian sway belong to Austria by full right and shall continue to do so indefinitely. On the other hand, Italy cannot claim that Austria should, merely to please her, restore valuable provinces. As Italy cannot think of making war in her present condition and Austria cannot attack Italy merely for having certain aspirations, both parties should stop making insincere and stereotyped declarations, leaving the question of the possession of the *irredenta* provinces for the distant future, it being understood that when Italy wants the provinces she will take them by force, while Austria will defend them inch by inch."

THE ST. LEGER BETTING.

[BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.]

LONDON, Sept. 4, 1879.

The betting against Lord Falmouth's three-year-old bay filly Wheel of Fortune, for the race for the St. Leger Stakes, which is to take place at the Doncaster meeting on the 10th inst., is 100 to 1. It is reported that she has been scratched.

SPAIN AND THE UNITED STATES.

[FROM OUR REGULAR CORRESPONDENT.]

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4, 1879.

The despatch from Madrid to the effect that the Cabinet has decided to instruct the Spanish Minister at Washington to insist upon Cuban refugees and filibusters being compelled to respect neutral obligations is an enigma to the officials in Washington. The record of this administration and the administration of President Grant, it is claimed, is one of unceasing vigilance on the part of our government in fulfilling, with due diligence, every obligation resting upon a friendly nation. What new demands the Spanish government will make cannot even be conjectured. It is said that it refers to the Cuban organization in New York and that the desperation of the Spanish government is such that it will not hesitate to ask our government to prevent the holding of public meetings or parades having for their object the creation of sympathy for the insurgents in Cuba.

A TICKET AGENT ABSCONDS.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

RICHMOND, Ind., Sept. 4, 1879.

P. B. Sylvis, ticket agent for the Pan Handle road at the Union Depot in Richmond, has absconded, taking with him, as it is alleged, $2,000 of the company's money. He was going toward Canada when last heard from. Speculation in Chicago wheat caused his ruin.

THREE MEN HANGED BY A MOB.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4, 1879.

A despatch from Ukiah, Mendocino county, says Elijah Frost, Bige Gibson and Tom McCracken were taken from the constable at Willets last night and hanged by the mob. These men were under arrest for the larceny of a saddle and some harness. Rumor has it that many things have been missing lately, and these parties have been suspected. Elijah Frost was son of the Elijah Frost who was killed some years ago in a shooting scrape with the Coats boys. He has been out of State Prison about eight months, having been sent there from Red Bluff for horse stealing.

THE CALIFORNIA ELECTION.

A QUIET DAY AND A FULL VOTE—THE WORKINGMEN'S EFFORT—PROSPECTS OF A REPUBLICAN VICTORY.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4, 1879.

Notwithstanding the intense violence and partisan strife before election during the voting yesterday the utmost quiet everywhere prevailed. Not an incident occurred worthy of note or from which could an indication be gathered of how the election was going. The three candidates for Governor had something of a fair race, Perkins being the candidate of the republicans, Glenn of the democrats and "honorable bilks" and White of the workingmen. For the eighty-six other offices it was to all intents and purposes a fight between "bilks," democrats and republicans on one side and workingmen on the other.

FEAR OF THE WORKINGMEN.

The swapping of men and combination of parties within the forty-eight hours preceding the opening of the polls exhibited unmistakably that the workingmen's strength was feared on all sides. The battle cry was "Anything to beat Kalloch." The workingmen voted almost unanimously a clean ticket, but the other tickets were frightfully scratched, showing great demoralization in the old parties. The republican party had the strength and organization to command respect; the democracy had nothing. To-day there has been an intense excitement on the principal streets where bulletins were posted showing the count of ballots.

THE INDICATIONS.

There seems little doubt of the republican State ticket being elected with only few exceptions. The democracy may have the courts, and the workingmen the Mayoralty and a majority of city officials. This morning Kalloch's friends seemed preparing for defeat, but from noon to eight this evening his prospects greatly improved, and he is over seven hundred ahead of the republican nominee. The actual results will not be known for some days, but the best sources of information sustain the foregoing.

THE RESULT STILL IN DOUBT—INDICATIONS OF A REPUBLICAN VICTORY IN THE STATE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4, 1879.

The reports from the interior are too meagre and scattering to afford a basis for a conclusion as to the result. Generally speaking, in comparing the returns with the one on the constitution, the outlook is favorable to the success of the republican ticket. Where White, the workingmen's candidate, and Glenn, the democrat and new constitution candidate for Governor, run well together, Perkens, republican, is generally ahead; and where either Glenn or White has a decided lead, Perkins is second, and running more evenly than the others. It seems probable that Perkins will have a plurality. Few returns have, however, been received from the populous precincts. In the Second, Third and Fourth Congressional districts, Page, McKenna and Pacheco, republicans, seem to be doing better than the balance of the ticket. Indications point to a full vote in the interior. Probably little will be known of the result before this evening.

12:50 A. M.—Scattering returns from the interior foot up in round numbers:—Perkins, 1,900; Glenn, 1,100; White, 1,000.

8:30 A. M.—Scattering returns from all the counties, except a few not in telegraphic connection, give Perkins (rep.), for Governor, 4,675; Glenn (dem.), 3,688; White (Workingmen's Candidate), 2,537. These returns are mostly from small country precincts and include but very few votes in the large interior towns.

It is generally admitted that Perkins will be elected by a decided plurality. The workingmen have probably elected Morrison Chief Justice, he being indorsed by the democrats. They are also likely to elect McKinstry, McKee and Ross Associate Justices and Thornton Supreme Court Clerk, who are also indorsed by the democrats, and have also probably received many republican votes. Stoneman, who is on all the tickets except the republican for Railroad Commissioner, is elected.

The republicans probably elect Cone and Phelps Railroad Commissioners from the northern and city districts.

With the above exceptions the republicans have undoubtedly elected their whole State ticket, and probably four Congressmen, though the Third district is doubtful.

In the city the vote for Mayor, so far as counted, stands:—Kalloch (workingmen), 1,611; Flint (rep.), 1,570; Griswold (dem.), 65. Kalloch's election is generally conceded, though not assured.

It is expected, too, that the workingmen have elected their Sheriff and District Attorney; probably their Auditor and City and County Attorney. Otherwise it is believed the republicans have a clean sweep of the city ticket.

Twenty-five minutes to eleven A. M.—Additional returns, mainly from minor interior precincts, give Perkins 7,127; Glenn, 6,005, and White, 3,752. The incomplete returns received indicate still further republican gains.

THE SAN FRANCISCO VOTE.

12 M.—Returns from the city vote as far as counted give the following results:—Perkins, 4,591; Glenn, 1,004; White, 4,674; Flint, 4,740; Kalloch, 5,007; Griswold, 222. At this rate Glenn will have a total vote in the city of about 4,000, and Griswold 1,000.

At two o'clock P. M. nearly one-third of the city vote had been counted, with the following result:—White, 6,277; Glenn, 1,232; Perkins, 6,078; Kalloch, 6,769; Griswold, 250; Flint, 6,247. This represents probably a fair average of the whole vote.

ADDITIONAL RETURNS.

Up to six o'clock this evening the returns from precincts in the interior in which the count is complete stand as follows:—Perkins, 18,616; Glenn, 15,728; White, 10,138. These figures, include the returns from all counties except half a dozen small outlying ones and comprise two-fifths of the total vote outside of the city. The large towns of Oakland, Sacramento, Stockton, Los Angeles, San José and many others are not included, the count there being still incomplete. From most of these places, however, reports to the following effect have been received:—San José goes 250 plurality for Perkins; Oakland over 1,000 plurality and Sacramento 1,500 plurality. In Los Angeles White is leading, Perkins and Glenn about even and not far behind. All returns seem to emphasize previous reports that the republicans have elected their entire State ticket by a plurality of probably not less than 15,000.

CONGRESSMEN.

Page and Pacheco are elected to Congress, and probably McKenna. The contest is doubtful between Davis and Barbour.

Kalloch, for Mayor, still retains a slight lead of Flint, and the probabilities as to the remainder of the city ticket are unchanged from previous advices. It is possible that the workingmen may elect some of the supervisors and school directors, but nothing definite can be stated on that point.

Advices regarding the Legislative ticket are very meagre, but seem to indicate that the republicans will have a majority in the Legislature.

8 P. M.—The latest city returns foot up the following:—White, 7,445; Glenn, 1,531; Perkins, 7,468; Kalloch, 8,386; Griswold, 369; Flint, 7,689.

THE QUEBEC DEADLOCK.

QUEBEC, Sept. 4, 1879.

The Legislative Council adjourned this afternoon until eleven o'clock next Thursday morning, without transacting any business.

THE CHISHOLM MASSACRE.

HENRY GULLY'S TRIAL TO BEGIN TO-DAY.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

DEKALB, Miss., Sept. 4, 1879.

The trial of Henry J. Gully for the murder of Cornelia Chisholm, daughter of Judge Chisholm, will surely begin to-morrow. People are pouring into town and the deepest interest is manifested. Thirty or forty ladies of the county have requested seats in the court room. Henry J. Gully is the brother of John W. Gully, the man who was assassinated on the 26th of April, 1877, by the negro, Walter Reilly, since hanged. It was deemed at first by prisoner's counsel that it would be impossible to obtain a jury. Now this is dissipated, although the empanelling of a jury is expected to be a very tedious affair. Henry J. Gully was the head and front of the mob that massacred Judge Chisholm, his son and daughter, John P. Gilmer and Angus McLellan. He is the uncle of the other indicted parties. His case will be a test one. If he is convicted all the others are expected also to be found guilty, and vice versa. Well grounded fears are entertained that in case of his conviction a riot will ensue, although Judge Hamm and Sheriff Welsh have taken the necessary precautions to have the laws respected and enforced. The utmost reticence is maintained by the Gullys and their friends respecting their opinions about the results of the trials. Some of the friends of the Chisholms are hopeful of a conviction. Looking at the entire matter from an intelligent standpoint your correspondent, knowing the springs and sources of public opinion in the South as only a Southern man can know them, predicts an acquittal or mistrial. A conviction would be phenomenal.

TELEGRAPHIC NOTES.

Charles Cook killed himself at Theresa, N. Y., yesterday.

Pittsburg's Industrial Exhibition opened yesterday with large attendance and a fair show.

Robert Hunter, of Livingston, Ala., was killed in Providence, R. I., yesterday by a falling telegraph pole

THE RELENTLESS SCOURGE.

Twenty-Seven New Fever Cases in Memphis.

A HEROIC MAGDALEN.

The Howards Appealing to the Country at Large.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Sept. 4, 1879.

Your correspondent has just returned from Elmwood Cemetery, where he witnessed two very affecting scenes. The first was the burial of Mattie Reno, a woman who has been more sinned against than sinning. When the fever made its appearance here she was left alone. Her "friend," one Myron D. Dean, thinking only of himself, basely deserted her, leaving her, as it has been proven, to die. She was not unattended, however, for when she sickened of the fever her case was brought to the notice of the Howards, and she received every care that was in their power to bestow. Her illness was but of short duration. Stricken last Sunday morning, she died this afternoon at five o'clock.

A NEW MAGDALEN.

While belonging to that order known as the demimonde, the acts of this woman since the epidemic justify the classing of her with the heroines of the present plague. Her ministering cares have been among the most lowly who had been attacked in her neighborhood. Although never having had the fever, she went around giving her attention to the sick and distressed. Unmindful of herself, she seemed to care only for the afflicted. When she died some of the young men of this city, having heard of her kindly deeds, gave her a respectable burying in Elmwood. At the grave were Rev. W. T. Dalzell, of Grace Episcopal Church, and Rev. W. E. Boggs, of the Second Presbyterian Church. Dr. Dalzell, in a most impressive manner, read the funeral services. The two ministers and four young men acted as pall bearers.

GENERAL SKIFFINGTON'S FUNERAL.

The mantle of darkness had fallen ere the coffin was laid within the silent tomb. The party were returning from this funeral when they met the hearse containing the remains of General John S. Skillington. But three friends were following the hearse, and so those who had laid Mattie Reno in the ground returned and assisted in the interment of the General. Rev. Dr. Boggs read the services, and it was past eight o'clock before the mourners at the two funerals returned to the city.

NEW CASES.

Twenty-seven cases were reported to the Board of Health to-day, fifteen of which were those of colored persons. The following are the names of the whites:—

Rosa Falkenberg, aged 21, No. 32 Jackson street.
William Reisser, aged 6, No. 410 Shelby street.
Jennie Phillips, aged 7, No. 71 Beale street.
William Merriwitt, aged 23, No. 71 Beale street.
Bettie Falkenberg, aged 11, No. 32 Jackson street.
Archie Wills, aged 5, No. 7 Main street.
Annie Kemff, aged 22, No. 295 Poplar street.
Miss Van Willis, aged 20, No. 26 Promenade street.
Constantine Hamner, aged 19, No. 265 Union street.
Willie Creevy, aged 3, No. 211 Hernando street.
James T. Lee, aged 50, No. 85 Third street.
Joseph W. Lee, aged 23, No. 85 Third street.

THE DEATH LIST.

The names of the dead are as follows:—

THOMAS REILLY, aged 50, City Hospital.
MIKE SCULLY, aged 49, City Hospital.
LIZZIE SCHWARTZ, aged 15, No. 295 Poplar street.
Miss VAN WILLIS, aged 20, No. 26 Promenade street.
MATTIE RENO, aged 25, No. 328 Union street.
JOHN S. SKIFFINGTON, aged 50, No. 65 Union street.
OTTILLA RINGERT, aged 6, Randolph road.
J. S. HOUCK, aged 50, Buntyn station.

In addition to these, two negroes died last night of the fever in the neighborhood of Springdale, six miles northeast of this city.

The "Can't Get Away Club," of Mobile, Ala., have authorized the Howard Association to draw on them for $500.

A REFUGEE OVERTAKEN BY THE FEVER.

The wife of Mr. W. B. Glisson, who left Memphis last Sunday by private conveyance, thus evading the inspecting officers on the railroad train, is down with the yellow fever at North Withe depot, a station twenty-five miles distant from this city, on the Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

A son of the late Dr. Robert E. Richardson applied yesterday for a pass to go to Nashville, but was refused. This morning he was severely stricken with the fever.

A quarantine of the environs of the city will go into effect to-day. Fifty mounted men will be employed as a patrol guard.

AN APPEAL FROM THE HOWARDS.

The Howards have issued the following appeal for assistance:—

The Howard Association of Memphis, after having battled for the past two months with the dread destroyer in their midst, find every dollar in their treasury exhausted, several hundred sick and convalescents to be provided for, and a large number of nurses to be paid. We were hopeful in the beginning that with the fund then on hand we would be able to provide and care for the sick that would be thrown upon our hands, but the fever has continued to spread, and with two long months of danger yet before us we are left no alternative but to appeal to the charity of the nation for substantial aid. The generous people throughout the Union will not fail to respond to the call for help. We feel that we are performing a sacred duty to the impoverished and distressed people among whom our lot is cast. The bounty of a common people was showered upon us in 1878, and to those same willing givers we now appeal. If help is not speedily furnished we will be compelled to abandon the work we have been engaged in and leave hundreds to suffer and die for want of a Howard's helping hand. W. J. SMITH,

Acting President Howard Association.

T. ROANE WARING, Secretary Howard Association.

John B. Easton, son of Dr. Thomas S. Easton, died to-night at eight o'clock.

THE FUND FOR THE CHILDREN OF THE LATE GENERAL HOOD.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 4, 1879.

The Louisiana division of the Association of the Army of Northern Virginia and the Army of the Tennessee have appointed a committee, of which W. R. Lyman is chairman, to receive contributions for the benefit of the children of the late Lieutenant General J. B. Hood. All funds will be invested in United States bonds. There are ten children under nine years of age to be provided for.

RAISING ASSISTANCE IN THE WEST.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 4, 1879.

Mr. A. D. Langstaff, president of the Memphis Howard Association, to-day conferred with the business men and others of this city in regard to raising funds to assist in the relief of sufferers at Memphis. He reports a disposition on all sides to assist the needy as cheerfully as it was done last year. Mr. Langstaff will leave for St. Louis to-morrow morning.

QUARANTINE CLEAR OF YELLOW FEVER.

The only case of sickness admitted to the Quarantine Hospital yesterday was that of Charles Brown, a seaman on board the bark Joaquin, from Jamaica. It was at first supposed that the patient was suffering from yellow fever, but his illness finally proved to be simply malarial fever contracted on the coast. There is no other case of sickness at the hospital.

The Health Officer yesterday gave no permits to vessels in quarantine to come up and load.

SMALLPOX IN PERU.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4, 1879.

The United States Consul at Callao, Peru, has informed the United States Marine Hospital Bureau of the Treasury Department that for the week ending August 2 there were twenty-three cases and ten deaths from smallpox and for the week ending August 9 there were thirty-six cases and fifteen deaths. The official returns for the month of July give the total deaths from smallpox in Lima as 400, and in Callao for the same month 190. The deaths are largely in cases of unvaccinated children.

RAILROAD FORCE REDUCED.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

BALTIMORE, Md., Sept. 4, 1879.

The Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company reduced its force of mechanics at the Mount Clare shops to-day by discharging nearly three hundred men. Large accessions were made to the force last spring in order to meet the requirements of increased equipment, and the company now finds that it has a full supply of cars and engines; hence the reduction.

DAMAGE BY THE STORM.

VESSELS ON THE LAKES STRIPPED OF THEIR RIGGING AND SAILS—A PROPELLER ASHORE AND A SCHOONER SUNK.

[BY TELEGRAPH TO THE HERALD.]

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 4, 1879.

A gale has been blowing here since twelve o'clock last night, and several disasters have occurred upon the lakes. In none, so far as has been learned, however, have any lives been lost.

The schooner Rising Star, bound from Oswego to Chicago with a cargo of coal, was struck by the gale last night, causing her to lose her masthead, mainsail, gaff and boom, all the rigging and her small boat. The crew only by the utmost exertions were enabled to keep from going overboard. The vessel reached this port at six o'clock this A. M.

The schooner W. H. Rounds went ashore at Black River, Lake Huron, and the propeller Avon, of the Union line, struck on the reef at the Lime Kilns, near Malden, and sunk. She had on 26,000 bushels of wheat and 24,000 bushels of rye. Lighters are now at work at her and will undoubtedly have her raised some time to-morrow. The boat is one of the finest freight boats of the line and is but three years old.

At six o'clock the wind had so far abated as to permit of the movement of vessels, and large numbers arrived and departed.

BLOWN ON THE ROCKS—DISASTER ON LAKE HURON.

DETROIT, Mich., Sept. 4, 1879.

The steamer Bertschy, bound from Saginaw to Detroit, sprang aleak off Port Austin Reef, Lake Huron, during the heavy northwest gale last night. The engine fires were put out and the steamer was blown on the rocks near Grindstone City, where she now lies a total wreck. The passengers and crew, numbering forty-six persons, were all saved by the crew of the life-saving station. The steamer and cargo will prove a total loss.

CYCLONE AT GETTYSBURG.

GETTYSBURG, Pa., Sept. 4, 1879.

Hunterstown, a village five miles northeast of this place, has been visited by a cyclone which totally demolished the Methodist Church, badly damaged the school buildings and unroofed a number of dwelling houses and other buildings in the town and vicinity. The path of the storm was only about sixty feet wide, and ran in an irregular direction between north and south. The cloud was funnel shaped.

THE DAMAGE VERY GREAT AT BATON ROUGE.

BATON ROUGE, La., Sept. 4, 1879.

The *Advocate* says:—"Monday's storm lasted from noon until nearly ten o'clock at night. It did great damage to property in the town, and the loss on buildings, fencing and crops in the country is incalculable. From every section of the parish comes a sad tale of great destruction of cotton and corn crops. Cane is levelled with the ground, and will hardly be able to recover from the terrible damage done to it. The losses in the town, independent of coal and ferry boats, is estimated at $25,000 to $50,000. The roof of Henry Von Phul's sugar house fell in and killed twenty of the twenty-eight mules placed in there for safety. Fifty yards of the wall around the Penitentiary was demolished and part of the building unroofed and the machinery damaged."

A STEAMSHIP ASHORE ON PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND—TWO PERSONS STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 4, 1879.

Reports continue to arrive of the serious nature of the thunder storm in the eastern portion of the Province yesterday. In some sections the storm continued from two o'clock in the morning until five in the afternoon. The crops suffered considerably.

At Economy, Colchester county, Mr. Austen's house was struck by lightning and both he and his wife were seriously injured, the latter, it is feared, fatally.

A STEAMSHIP WRECKED.

Her Majesty's steamer Griffin arrived at Pictou last night with sixty-three passengers of the steamer Quebec, of the Dominion line, which left here Monday night for Quebec and Montreal, and went ashore at East Point, P. E. I., at nine o'clock Tuesday night. The Bellerophon and Griffin, on their way to Halifax from Quebec, sighted the stranded ship at nine o'clock yesterday morning; but there being too little water the Bellerophon was unable to get near enough to tow her off. The Griffin got a hawser to her and tugged for some hours, but could not start her. The Griffin then took the passengers to Pictou. There were only twelve feet of water under the forward part of the ship, but she was deep in the water aft. The cargo was being shifted to the after hold so as to raise her bow. Hopes were entertained that she would float at high water last night or this morning.

The passengers and luggage are to be forwarded by the Intercolonial Railroad to Quebec and Montreal. The Quebec arrived here on Monday morning from Liverpool. Twenty-two thousand dollars' worth of sugar, which was shipped here for Montreal, was fully insured in Halifax offices. The Halifax Company's steamtug Dongon left for the scene of the disaster at midnight.

The passengers speak with the highest praise of the conduct of the Admiral and the crews of both ships, who rendered all possible assistance.

MIDNIGHT WEATHER REPORT.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER,
WASHINGTON, Sept. 5—1 A. M.

Indications.

For the Middle Atlantic States clear or partly cloudy weather, northwesterly winds, stationary or lower temperature, rising barometer.

For the South Atlantic and East Gulf States, clear or partly cloudy weather, winds mostly northwesterly, stationary temperature, stationary or higher barometer.

For Tennessee and the Ohio Valley, clear or partly cloudy weather, westerly winds, becoming variable; nearly stationary temperature and in the east portions higher barometer.

For the lower lake region, clear or partly cloudy weather, winds mostly from northwest to southwest, stationary or lower temperature, higher barometer.

For the West Gulf States, clear or partly cloudy weather, variable winds, mostly southeasterly, nearly stationary temperature, with stationary or falling barometer.

For the upper lake region and Upper Mississippi Valley, clear or partly cloudy weather, westerly winds generally backing to southeasterly, stationary or higher temperature and falling barometer.

For the Lower Missouri Valley, clear weather, followed by increasing cloudiness and occasional rain, warm southeasterly winds, falling barometer, generally followed by rising barometer and colder northwest winds.

For the Pacific coast regions, clear or partly cloudy weather.

The Ohio below Louisville will rise.

Cautionary signals continue at Boston and Section 8, Portland and Section 7 and Eastport.

THE WEATHER YESTERDAY.

The following record will show the changes in the temperature for the past twenty-four hours, in comparison with the corresponding date of last year, as indicated by the thermometer at Hudnut's pharmacy, HERALD Building, No. 218 Broadway:—

	1878.	1879.		1878.	1879.
3 A. M.	76	71	3:30 P. M.	74	84
6 A. M.	75	71	6 P. M.	71	80
9 A. M.	74	74	9 P. M.	70	74
12 M.	73	80	12 P. M.	68	69

Average temperature yesterday 75¾
Average temperature for corresponding date last year 72⅝

CALIFORNIA MINING STOCKS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 4, 1879.

The following were the official closing quotations of mining stocks to-day:—

Alpha	24½	Justice	2⅞
Alta	6½	Mexican	34½
Belcher	4½	Northern Belle	3¾
Best & Belcher	18½	Ophir	36½
Bullion	7⅞	Overman	9
California	4⅞	Raymond & Ely	21-32
Chollar	6¾	Savage	15
Con. Virginia	4½	Sierra Nevada	43
Crown Point	3¾	Union Con	61¾
Eureka Con	16¼	Yellow Jacket	17½
Exchequer	6⅞	Bodie	10½
Gould & Curry	11½	Potosi	5½
Grand Prize	3	Imperial	1⅝
Hale & Norcross	14⅝	Mono	6⅝
Julia Con	4¼		

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

George Jacob Holyoake, of London; Surgeon General Joseph K. Barnes, United States Army, and Lieutenant Commander F. W. Dickins, United States Navy, are at the Hoffman. Ex-Congressman George M. Beebe, of Monticello, N. Y., is at the Fifth Avenue. Ex-Senator S. B. Conover, of Florida, is at the Gilsey. Lyman K. Bass of Buffalo, is at the Buckingham. General A. A. Humphreys, United States Army, is at the Clarendon. Daniel Magone, of Ogdensburg, N. Y., is at the Everett. Judge Pacificus Ord, of California, is at the New York. Henry C. Kelsey, of New Jersey, is at the Metropolitan. George Stephen, of Montreal, and Charles Ellis, of London, are at the Windsor. Judge James M. Baker, of Florida, is at the Park Avenue. Commissioner of Customs H. C. Johnson is at the St. Nicholas.

VOLUMES OF TESTIMONY IN FAVOR OF HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR as a specific for throat and lung diseases are pouring in from all parts of the country.

W. W. Quackenbush, Penn Yan, Yates county, N. Y., writes:—"Am selling HALE'S HONEY OF HOREHOUND AND TAR and PIKE'S TOOTHACHE DROPS, with good results."

A.—KNOX, "THE" HATTER, WILL ISSUE ON Saturday, September 6, his fall shapes of Gentlemen's HATS, embracing his elegant silk and picturesque felt HATS, in great and attractive variety, at No. 212 Broadway and Fifth Avenue Hotel. An invitation is extended to all to inspect these beautiful fabrics.

A.—RUPTURE CURED—BY DR. MARSH'S TREATment. Only safe, reliable cure. 40 years' practical experience. Office, 2 Vesey st., opposite St. Paul's church. No branches.

FOR RHEUMATISM OR NEURALGIA TRY THE GARRETT PATENT ELECTRIC DISK. Sold by druggists everywhere for $2 50. Manufactured only by ELECTRIC DISK AND BELT COMPANY, 7 Exchange place, Boston, Mass.

GREENFIELD'S CANDIES ARE THE RAGE AT 939 Broadway.

SURF HOTEL, FIRE ISLAND.—OPEN ALL SEPtember. Hay fever, chills and fever and catarrh cured.

THE FATAL MISTAKE.

"Only a shower," says the good housewife, perceiving the cloud, "no bigger than a man's hand," above the horizon. But the shower may prove to be a tempest, destroying life and property. "Only a cold," said my friend, Mrs. Simpkins, when I mentioned her apparent indisposition. A week later she appeared unusually well; "Never better in my life," she declared in answer to my congratulations upon her recovery. A month later she again complained of a severe cold, although completely at a loss to account for the manner in which she contracted it. But in a few days the cough left her and she pronounced herself quite well. After one of these repeated attacks of indisposition the cough continued, and only then did she learn from the physician she consulted, that the "colds" she had considered of so little consequence were the symptoms of the early stages of consumption, and that the disease had already become so settled in her system as to be almost intractable to treatment. This is the fatal mistake of thousands who each year sink into consumptives' graves. It is the most insidious of diseases—developing without arousing a suspicion of its presence, and even after discovery flattering the patient into the belief that he has not consumption. Under proper medical and hygienic treatment consumption is curable, as has been proved in thousands of cases. Dr. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY cures consumption in its early stages, but no remedy can arrest the disease when it has advanced to the second stage. The Invalids' Hotel, at Buffalo, N. Y., affords special and unsurpassed advantages for the successful treatment of this disease. The locality proved by the government statistics of 1876 to be especially free from this disease, agreeable surroundings, luxurious accommodations, together with its unequalled facilities for treatment, both medical and hygienic, render it, without exaggeration, the consumptives' paradise.

WINCHESTER'S HYPOPHOSPHITES WILL CURE Consumption, Coughs, Bronchitis, &c. 36 John st., N. Y.

WIGS, TOUPEES.—HIGHEST AWARD AT PARIS Exposition, 1878.
G. RAUCHFUSS, 44 East 12th st., New York.

$5 SILK HATS, $3 20 EACH.—LATEST STYLE Derbys, $1 90; worth $3. 15 New Church st., up stairs.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

APPLETONS'