

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

English Cavalry Mounting for Service in Ireland.

PRUSSIA'S NEW PARLIAMENT.

French Ministers Refuse a Plenary Amnesty to the Communists.

ITALY'S KNIGHTS OF THE ROAD.

Lancashire Spindles and Shuttles Are Busy Again.

RICKETTY RACE STANDS IN ALGERIA

[BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.]

LONDON, Oct. 8, 1879.

The Gales, of St. Petersburg, reports that China is actively preparing for war with Japan.

A despatch dated Khat-I-Ghizal, October 4, announces that General Hughes has marched in the direction of Gruzul.

A special despatch from St. Petersburg states that the revenue of the present fiscal year exceeds the estimates by 40,000,000 roubles.

The Frankfurter Zeitung says the report of the coming issue of Russian consolidated bonds to the amount of £15,000,000 is semi-officially confirmed.

Among the successful candidates for the Diet are Herr Richter, leader of the free traders; Herr Von Putt-Kammer, Minister of Ecclesiastical Affairs, and Herr Achenbach.

A despatch to the Times from Belgrade says:—"The Porte has notified Serbia that it intends replacing the regulars on the frontier by Albanians. This proposition has been unfavorably received here."

The Correspondencia and Cronista deny the reports of a crisis in the Spanish Cabinet, and state that Premier Campos and Señor Silvea, Minister of the Interior, consider that there is no sufficient ground for proclaiming a state of siege in certain provinces.

PRUSSIAN ELECTIONS. The returns so far received show that of 405 members of the Prussian Diet known to have been elected yesterday by the direct electors 154 are conservatives, 92 ultramontanes, 101 liberals, 34 progressists, 19 Poles, 4 particularists and 1 democrat.

At the French Cabinet Council held yesterday a unanimous determination was expressed to uphold M. Ferry's Educational bill in the Senate.

BRITAIN IN BURMAH. The British Resident at Mandalay, with his clerks and the Madras Guards, walked yesterday morning from the Residency through the main street to a steamer unmolested.

BRITISH LABOR REVIVING. The Times' correspondent at Preston reports that two mills which have been closed some time have recommenced operations, though the depression is still keenly felt.

A Paris despatch to the Times says:—"A party of five brigands attempted to seize a railway station between Rome and Naples on a train before a train with the Italian Minister of Public Works upon it was expected to pass. The attempt was frustrated."

THE GERMAN ARMY. The Post's Berlin correspondent announces that if the Russian army is further increased it is considered that a proportionate increase of the German army will be absolutely and immediately necessary.

BRITISH SALVE FOR IRISH SORES. CAVALRY AT LIVERPOOL ORDERED TO BE READY FOR ACTIVE SERVICE—ENGLAND FEARS AN ENEMY NEARER HOME THAN THE AFGHANS.

THE LIVERPOOL DAILY POST SAYS:—"We hear with some concern that the cavalry now stationed at Liverpool are under orders to be ready to proceed to Ireland at any moment within the present week, if it should be thought desirable that they should do so."

HOW TO DEAL WITH THE DISCONTENT AND DEPAIR OF A STARVING NATION—RECLAIMING WASTE LANDS ON A BASIS OF PEASANT PROPRIETORSHIP.

FROM THE OFFICE OF THE DISSENTED, where Irish feeling is strongest against England, the following exposition of the situation has been written to the London Spectator:—"Ireland is being now moved as it never was within living memory by a vast and earnest agrarian agitation (which it is vainly to call an anti-rent movement), which has so deeply affected the public mind that unless some

popular, pressing wants as to more equitable conditions of tenure are satisfied the consequences of the refusal or neglect are likely to be socially demoralizing, if not politically serious. At present, despite many provoking restrictions, the greatest possible disposition to good order and lawfulness obtains; but it would be rash to forecast the results if the curb of restraint had to relax before the fierce grasp of a not distant famine. A starving people do not usually pay much respect to considerations of prudence and safety. In every quarter discontent now prevails. Landlords are grumbling because they do not now are likely to receive their rents from an impoverished tenantry. Tenants, on their part, are disaffected because their crops are being ruined by bad weather, and many are beginning to think that it is highly problematical if even the reduced rent, in some instances wisely allowed, can be paid. Graziers are uneasy at the absence of a demand for stock, and fair after fair, market after market, all tell the same dismal, despairing tale. Banks are chary of their now carefully distributed credit, and this scrow of restraint presses most severely upon the farming community, who, failing to sell their cattle and sheep, and not having yet harvested their deficient, ill-saved crops, have often no ready money to meet current demands. Laborers—a large proportion of the population—may happen now to obtain some precarious employment, but the uncertainties heighten with the advancing depression and hold out compulsory illness and the porchouse as the inevitable prospect. In such a general gloom, in the midst of this tale of distress, to there, one could naturally ask, no scheme proposed by practical politicians to remedy this sad state of affairs? The most intelligent of the nationalist politicians recommended the reclamation of the waste lands of this country—lands that are so increasingly plentiful in every Province—and form 4,651,227 acres of the whole area of the island. This beneficial work, it is asked, to be carried out on the broad basis of a peasant proprietorship. It is advised that these now idle, useless tracts of barren moor, bog and mountain be parcelled out in twenty acre holdings, and handed over to the peasantry, who will undertake to reclaim them. A small supplemental aid, in the shape of a money grant, for the buying of implements, seed and the building of a dwelling would be also necessary. These lands can, on an average, be rented at five shillings an acre per annum; so that at twenty years' purchase of their marketable value the amount, with interest, would not be much to the occupier. Thirty annuities of sixty half yearly payments of about £15, or where not practicable, sixty annual and one hundred and twenty half yearly payments of about £9 (in rough numbers) would enable him to clear off the original loan and acquire a freehold. Many landlords who find it difficult to obtain diminished rents for fertile lowlands need hardly object to a handsome compensation for waste and unprofitable acres. This modest reform would do an incalculable amount of good and calm a seething mass of almost chronic agrarian agitation in this country. Such a judicious measure should, by its reasonableness and feasibility, recommend itself to intelligent politicians and enlightened journalists in England and command their sympathies and support. By carrying out the scheme a great and enduring good would be effected and a problem of a very difficult nature averted, which, if things continue their downward course, may present itself for solution—the terrible problem, not yet satisfactorily solved, either in India or in Ireland—the fearful task of how to deal with the discontent and despair of a starving nation.

THE RATES OBTAINABLE JUST BEFORE THE START WERE 10 TO 3 AGAINST ADAMITE, 6 TO 1 AGAINST WESTBOURNE, 9 TO 1 AGAINST BAY ARCHER, 10 TO 1 AGAINST PAROLE, 10 TO 1 AGAINST THE BEAR, 100 TO 9 AGAINST BREADFINDER, 100 TO 8 AGAINST DRESDEN CHINA, 20 TO 1 AGAINST DISCORD, 20 TO 1 AGAINST CHIPPENDALE, 22 TO 1 AGAINST CHOCOLATE, 25 TO 1 AGAINST PRINCE GEORGE, 40 TO 1 AGAINST ISONOMY, 50 TO 1 AGAINST THURIO, 50 TO 1 AGAINST ADVANCE, 50 TO 1 AGAINST NUBIENNE, 66 TO 1 AGAINST BARLEY SUGAR, and 100 TO 1 AGAINST CHESTERTON. The odds quoted against Parole were not very firm. At a late hour last night, at Newmarket, 450 to 50 was accepted against the American.

THE "SPORTSMAN'S" ADVICE. The Sportsman says:—"Parole has had good preparation and is thoroughly fit. Speculators should not hold his chance too cheaply. Parole did a mile and a quarter gallop on Monday."

THE RACE. Adamite held a clear lead to the Bushes, where he was headed by Bay Archer, with Quits and Chippendale in attendance to the Abingdon Mile Dip, where Bay Archer was beaten. Chippendale then drew away, and Westbourne took second place, half way up the hill. Chippendale won the race by a length and a half, Westbourne second, one length in front of Dresden China, third. Isonomy finished fourth. Parole was with the leading horses until half a mile from home, when he quit their company and finished ninth.

SUMMARY. The Cesarewitch Stakes, a handicap of 25 svs, each, 15 svs. for 12 horses, 12 lbs. each, if not accepted, with 300 svs. added by the Jockey Club, for three years old and upward; the winner of the Doncaster St. Leger to carry 116 lbs.; the winner of a handicap of 200 svs. by the publication of the weights to carry 10 lbs.; if any other handicap 5 lbs. extra; the owner of the second horse to be 100 svs., and the third 100 svs., out of the stakes; entrance 3 svs., the only forfeit for horses struck out on or before the 9th of September, at noon. Cesarewitch course—2 miles, 2 lengths, 28 yards. (142 svs., 41 of whom declared forfeit.)

Lord Bradford's br. c. Chippendale, 3 years, by Bocco, out of Advancement; 100 svs. (W. McDonald) 1 Mr. F. Grettton's b. c. Westbourne, 3 years, by Oxford, out of the Duke, out of Whispur; 100 svs. (S. J. G. G.) 2 Mr. Perkins' ch. f. Dresden China, 3 years, by Highborn, out of Fortness, by Citadel; 90 svs. (S. J. G.) 3 Mr. F. Grettton's b. c. Isonomy, 4 years, by Sterling, out of Isola Bella; 136 svs. (Cannon) 4 Prince Soltykoff's br. c. Thurio, 4 years, by Tibbott, out of Grenouille, out of Verona; 122 svs. (Hostler) 5 Captain Macchell's b. g. Advance, 6 years, by Speculation, out of Progress; 121 svs. (E. Archer) 6 Mr. Crawford's b. h. Prince George, 6 years, by Topshill, out of Royal George's dam, by T. Moxham; 119 svs. (F. G.) 7 Mr. C. G. G.'s b. h. Chesterton, 3 years, by New Saw, out of Antlion; 102 svs. (S. J. G.) 8 Mr. Crawford's b. c. Bay Archer, 3 years, by Topshill, out of Belle Image; 90 svs. (S. J. G.) 9 Duke of Hamilton's b. c. The Bear, 3 years, by Pace, or Vancesson, out of Berthe; 100 svs. (Booby) 10 Lord Hastings' b. f. Breadfinder, 3 years, by Brown Broad, out of Ethel, dam Lord; 98 svs. (Barker) 11 Lord Rosebery's b. f. Chocolate, 3 years, by New Admiral, out of Camelia; 91 svs. (Lilke) 12 Mr. J. B. Cooke's br. g. Adamite, 5 years, by Brown Broad, out of Belle Image; 90 svs. (Collins) 13 Colonel Forrester's br. c. Barley Sugar, 3 years, by Brown Broad, out of Honey, by Melbourne, or the Cossack; 80 svs. (Greaves) 14 Lord Rosebery's c. h. Hisscock, 3 years, by New Saw, out of Peshan; 106 svs. (Cooke) 15 Mr. J. Houldsworth's b. c. Attalus, 4 years, by Lady, out of Belle Image; 90 svs. (Hux) 16 Mr. Leopold de Rothschild's b. c. Topaz, 4 years, by Duke of Hamilton's b. c. Exmouth, 3 years, by Exminster, out of Lady Portland; 99 svs. (Lemaitre) 17 Mr. Bovee's b. h. Jagellon, 5 years, by Adventurer, out of Klariska; 90 svs. (Covey) 18 Mr. R. S. Evans' Iron Duke, 5 years, 90 lbs. (W. G.) 19 Mr. T. T. Drake's b. h. Quits, 3 years, 90 lbs. (Bell) 20 Count F. de Lagrange's b. c. Barde, 3 years, by Revigny, out of Belle Image; 90 lbs. (Sherratt) 21 Lord Ellesmere's b. c. Alpha, 3 years, by The Arrow, out of Hestrop; 94 lbs. (Tinsley) 22 Mr. Leopold de Rothschild's b. c. Topaz, 4 years, by Lecturer, out of Tourmalin; 104 lbs. (Lemaitre) 23 Mr. T. T. Drake's br. h. Quits, 3 years, by Revigny, out of Worthless; 92 lbs. (Bell) 24 Mr. S. Davis' ch. c. Sunburn, 3 years, by Martyrdom, out of Lady Seagrave; 98 lbs. (Lemaitre) 25

RACING IN ENGLAND.

THE NEWMARKET SECOND OCTOBER MEETING.—LORD BRADFORD'S CHIPPENDALE THE WINNER OF THE CESAREWITCH STAKES—THE AMERICAN BRED COLT ARISTOCRAT WINS A TWO-YEAR-OLD RACE.

[BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.]

LONDON, Oct. 7, 1879.

The second day of the Newmarket second October meeting was particularly interesting on account of the race for the Cesarewitch Stakes, the great autumn handicap. The American bred, colt Aristocrat won a two-year-old race.

THE SECOND DAY OF THE NEWMARKET SECOND OCTOBER MEETING WAS PARTICULARLY INTERESTING ON ACCOUNT OF THE RACE FOR THE CESAREWITCH STAKES, THE GREAT AUTUMN HANDICAP. THE AMERICAN BRED, COLT ARISTOCRAT WINS A TWO-YEAR-OLD RACE.

for a mile and three-quarters he was in a good position in the leading division, he became hopelessly troubled at the critical moment and finished ninth. The weather was fine and cool, without wind, and light clouds obscured the sun. Of the eighty-one subscribers not declared out, twenty-seven took part in the contest. These were Lord Bradford's Chippendale, 3 years, 103 lbs.; Mr. F. Grettton's Westbourne, 3 years, 98 lbs.; Mr. Perkins' Dresden China, 3 years, 89 lbs.; Mr. F. Grettton's Isonomy, 4 years, 136 lbs. (the top weight); Prince Soltykoff's Thurio, 4 years, 123 lbs.; Captain Macchell's Advance, 6 years, 121 lbs.; Mr. Crawford's Prince George, 6 years, 119 lbs.; Mr. J. Core's Chesterton, 5 years, 108 lbs.; Mr. P. Lorillard's Parole, 6 years, 118 lbs.; M. Blanc's Nubienne, 3 years, 107 lbs.; Mr. R. K. Christopher's Discord, 3 years, 102 lbs.; Mr. Crawford's Bay Archer, 3 years, 100 lbs.; Duke of Hamilton's The Bear, 6 years, 100 lbs.; Lord Hastings' Breadfinder, 3 years, 98 lbs.; Lord Rosebery's Chocolate, 3 years, 91 lbs.; Mr. J. B. Cooke's Adamite, 5 years, 80 lbs.; Colonel Forrester's Barley Sugar, 3 years, 86 lbs.; Lord Rosebery's Hisscock, 3 years, 106 lbs.; Mr. F. Davis' Sunburn, 3 years, 98 lbs.; Mr. J. Houldsworth's Attalus, 4 years, 104 lbs.; Duke of Hamilton's Exmouth, 3 years, 90 lbs.; Mr. Bovee's Jagellon, 5 years, 95 lbs.; Mr. R. S. Evans' Iron Duke, 5 years, 90 lbs.; Count LaGrange's Barde, 3 years, 90 lbs.; Lord Ellesmere's Alpha, 3 years, 84 lbs.; Mr. T. T. Drake's Quits, 3 years, 92 lbs.; and Mr. Leopold de Rothschild's Topaz, 4 years, 104 lbs. Chippendale won the race, with considerable hand, Westbourne being second, Dresden China third and Isonomy fourth.

THE MIDDLE PARK PLATE. [BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.] LONDON, Oct. 8, 1879. Mr. P. Lorillard's Pappoose and Cherokee had been scratched for the Middle Park Plate at Newmarket to-day.

CHINA.

REMOVAL OF A CATASTROPHE IN THE PEKIN PALACE—POPULAR REPORT THAT THE EMPEROR IS DEAD.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 7, 1879. The Hong Kong Mail says a report prevails among the Chinese that some great catastrophe has happened within the walls of the Imperial Palace at Pekin. Some say that the Emperor and others that one of the Empresses is dead.

A great fire has occurred in the French concession at Shanghai. Nine hundred and ninety houses have been burned. No lives were lost.

REMOVAL OF A PAINFUL REMOR TOUCHING THE BROTHER OF THE SUN AND MOON—HOW HIS REIGN OFFENDS RELIGIOUS SCRIPLES AT PEKIN.

It is possible that some difficulties have occurred in the Palace at Pekin. In July last suggestions appeared in the Pekin Gazette pointing to the possible abdication of the youthful Emperor, and the enthronement of some other member of the family. This was said to be owing to criticisms upon the unprecedented circumstance that the present Emperor, son of Tzongchi, who should have been his predecessor instead of a later son, so that the Chinese cannot follow the time honored custom of worshipping his ancestor. Trifling as the difficulty appears to foreign eyes it is considered a most difficult problem in Pekin.

On the death of the Emperor, after a short personal reign of two years, the two old ladies, wives of the imbecile voluptuary Hsien Feng, who died in 1861, were summoned from their retirement to serve the State by fixing on the member of the imperial family who was entitled to succeed to the throne. What they actually did do was so to order the succession as to renege themselves in the position of regents by placing on the throne an infant of the same generation as the late Emperor and by getting the various leading men of the government to take part in a constitutional juggle by which this innovation was justified. Shortly after the accession of Hsuanong, the title of the reign of the present infant, the girl Empress, wife of Tzongchi, who should have been his predecessor instead of a later son, so that the Chinese cannot follow the time honored custom of worshipping his ancestor. Trifling as the difficulty appears to foreign eyes it is considered a most difficult problem in Pekin.

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Mr. T. E. Walker's b. f. Antyeora, by George Frederick, out of Lady Salisbury; 90 lbs. (Bell) 26 Lord Rosebery's b. c. Sir Reginald, by Wild Outs, out of Reginald; 98 lbs. (Lemaitre) 27

THE WINNERS.

Chippendale, the winner of the Cesarewitch Stakes, is a very wiry, shapely colt, his dark coat being ticked with gray. He is credited with six races the present season previous to the above, four of which were victories. At the Liverpool spring meeting he landed the Prince's Park Plate after a driving race with Mr. Trotter's Palmbarbar and three others. The Epsom Summer Handicap Plate was his next victory, beating a field of seven. The Manchester Cup was his third essay, in which race he was badly beaten, there being almost the entire field in front of him at the finish. The Ascot Derby Stakes and the Hardwicke Stakes were his winnings at Ascot. The latter race produced a superb contest, Chippendale beating a field, among them being Lord Palmouth's Silvio, who he rallied on the post in the last stride and won by a head. He was defeated in the St. George's Stakes at the Liverpool July meeting.

Aristocrat, the winner of the plate of 100 sovereigns' value, was bred by his owner, Mr. Sanford, at his Kentucky farm. The above is the colt's maiden effort. He is engaged in the Dewhurst Plate at the Newmarket Houghton meeting the present month, and as a three-year-old in the Craven Stakes, at the Newmarket Craven meeting; the Payne Stakes, Newmarket second spring meeting, and in the Hardwicke Stakes at Ascot.

THE MIDDLE PARK PLATE. [BY CABLE TO THE HERALD.] LONDON, Oct. 8, 1879. Mr. P. Lorillard's Pappoose and Cherokee had been scratched for the Middle Park Plate at Newmarket to-day.

CHINA.

REMOVAL OF A CATASTROPHE IN THE PEKIN PALACE—POPULAR REPORT THAT THE EMPEROR IS DEAD.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 7, 1879. The Hong Kong Mail says a report prevails among the Chinese that some great catastrophe has happened within the walls of the Imperial Palace at Pekin. Some say that the Emperor and others that one of the Empresses is dead.

A great fire has occurred in the French concession at Shanghai. Nine hundred and ninety houses have been burned. No lives were lost.

REMOVAL OF A PAINFUL REMOR TOUCHING THE BROTHER OF THE SUN AND MOON—HOW HIS REIGN OFFENDS RELIGIOUS SCRIPLES AT PEKIN.

It is possible that some difficulties have occurred in the Palace at Pekin. In July last suggestions appeared in the Pekin Gazette pointing to the possible abdication of the youthful Emperor, and the enthronement of some other member of the family. This was said to be owing to criticisms upon the unprecedented circumstance that the present Emperor, son of Tzongchi, who should have been his predecessor instead of a later son, so that the Chinese cannot follow the time honored custom of worshipping his ancestor. Trifling as the difficulty appears to foreign eyes it is considered a most difficult problem in Pekin.

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